MEAN STACK

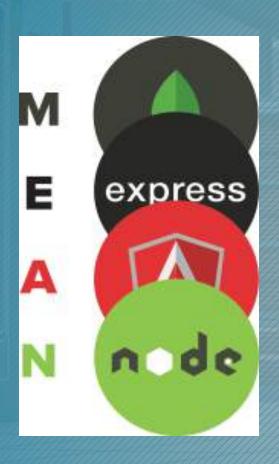
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INTRODUCTION



- MongoDB : Database used.
- Express.js : Back-end framework.
- Angular.js: Front-end framework.
- Node.js: Back-end platform.



TRADITIONAL WAY

FRONT-END

- HTML
- CSS
- JAVASCRIPT
- JQUERY
- CODEIGNITER
- XML
- VBSCRIPT

BACK-END

- PHP
- PYTHON
- RUBY
- PERL
- SQL
- .NET(C#, VB)

DIFFERENT LANGUAGE FOR EACH FRAMEWORK!





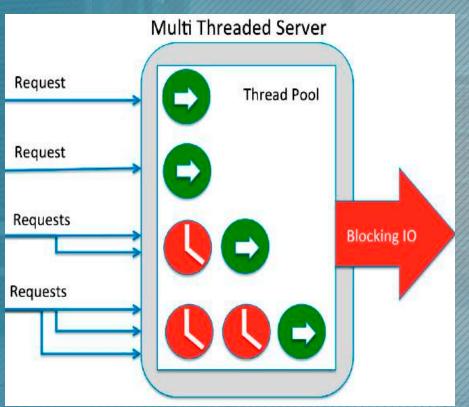
- Foundation of stack : Platform.
- JavaScript : single language throughout stack.
- Creates your own web server and build web application on top of it. (environment)
- Built-in HTTP server library no need to run separate web server program eg : Apache, IIS.
- SINGLE THREADED APPROACH!
- Scalable, fast, efficient use of server resources.
- Less resources, low cost.

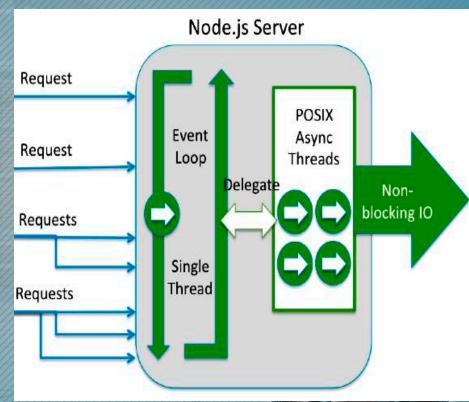


SINGLE THREAD APPROACH!

Multi threaded approach

Single threaded approach







(Node.js Package Manager)

- Installed with node.js.
- Downloads packages to extend functionality.
- 46,000 packages.
- Easy to create, acquire, modify package.
- Example of packages :

a) colors: text color, background color etc.

b)mocha: testing JavaScript framework.

Microsoft, Google, PayPal, E-Bay, Linked etc.

express

(Node.js framework)

There are a few common tasks that need doing every time while creating a web applications.

Express.js does this in well tested and easier way.

- Easing server setup :
 - a) Setting up web server to listen to requests and return relevant response.
 - b) Directory structure. Thus, no blocking or waiting for response

express

- Routing URLs to response :
 - a) Directing incoming URLs to certain piece of code.
 - b) Easier than node.js to maintain.
- Supports template engine :
 - a) Templates makes it easier to build HTML pages.
- Remembers visitors with session support
 - a) Comes with ability to use "sessions".
 - b) Sessions identify visitors bases on multiple requests and pages.

MySpace, LearnBoost, Storify, Klout etc

mongoDB

MongoDB is a NoSQL document database where each row is a document and multiple documents together form a collection.

- Data now stored in unstructured way.
- Holds data in key-value pair i.e describing the data and defining data.
- Stores document as BSON Binary JSON
- JSON: JavaScript object notation JavaScript's way of holding data.

The NewYork Times, GitHub, BuzzFeed

mongoose

elegant mongodb object modeling for node.js

Mongoose is an object modeling package for node.js that allows us to add structure to the application and have access to the CRUD commands.

- Mongoose translates data in the database to JavaScript objects for use in your application. (BSON->JSON)
- Data validation : only valid data can be saved
- Adds extra layer of features on top of MongoDB



Angular.js is the JavaScript front-end framework that gets most of the processing task and logic in the browser(instead of the server)

- MVC : (Model View Controller)
 - M responsible for maintaining data.
 - V responsible for displaying required data.
 - C controls interaction between model and view.
- No need to split application and then link them together. Angular.js does this for you by serving as the pipeline that connects them.



JavaScript front-end framework :

It is a distributed as a JavaScript file, and can be added to a web page with a <script> tag.

- Extends HTML : (ng-directives)
 - a) ng-app: defines an AngularJS application.
 - b) **ng-model**: directive binds the value of HTML controls to application data.
 - c) **ng-bind**: directive binds application data to the HTML view.



TWO-WAY BINDING

ONE-WAY BINDING

- Node.js gets data from MongoDB
- Express.js uses template to compile it into HTML and sends it to browser.

HARDWORK BY SERVER,
BROWSER ONLY
RUNS JAVASCRIPT!

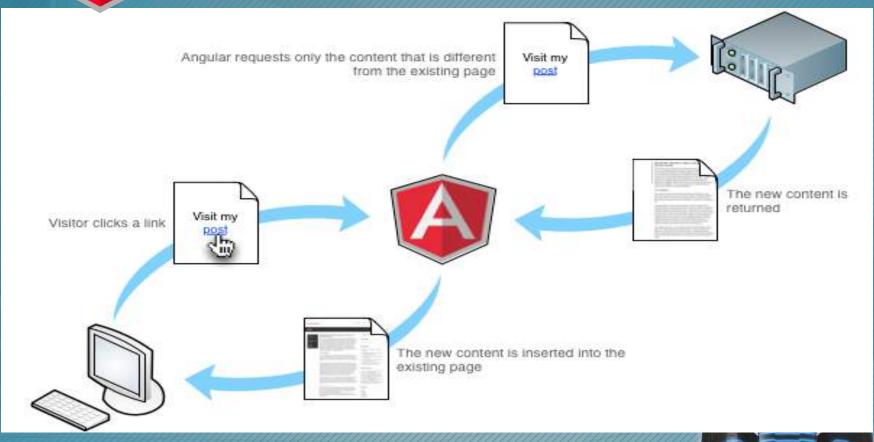
TWO-WAY BINDING

- Template and data sent separately.
- View is live.

SERVER ONLY SENDS DATA!



ASINGLE PAGE APP!

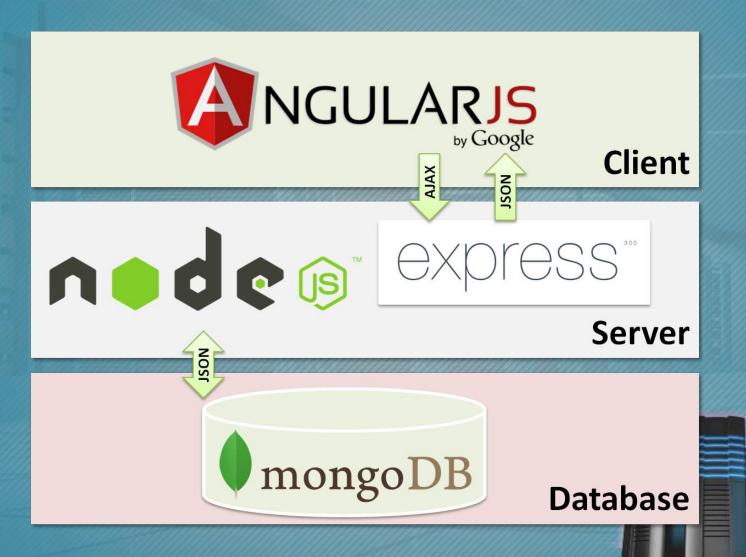


NO FULL PAGE RELOAD!

Eg. Google, NetFlix, YouTube etc.



ARCHITECTURE



WHY NOT TRADITIONAL STACK?

LAMP STACK:

- Linux: Can be used only with one OS.
- Apache : Back-end server without plugin feature.
- MySQL: Relational DB with less efficiency to create, read, update, delete data.
- PHP or Python : Scripting language
- Various data formats.

.NET STACK:

- **OS**: Microsoft Windows.
- ASP.NET Web API,
 is still heavier than
 NodeJS
- No plug-ins
- The transitions it must go through from every MVC model to JSON, and back again i.e server side MVC
- Higher cost

MEAN STACK:

- OS (V8): Any OS compatible with node.js.
- Node.js: Back-end server with active plug-in feature.
- MongoDB: Nonrelational DB with efficiency to create, read, update, delete data.
- Express and Angular. is a Web page presentation.
- JSON format

SUMMARY: WHY MEAN?

- Single page application!
- Blurs the line between front-end and backend.
- No need to learn additional languages as it has JavaScript throughout!
- Lots of plug-ins, better features.
- Easy to code, run and update.
- Low cost.



REFERENCES:

