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Practical 5:

2CSDE075 - Advanced Data Structures

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Aim:

Write a program to split a balance search tree at 1. Root

2. A given point of split.

Code:

Prac5_Splitting.cpp

```
#include "AVL.h"
#include <iostream>
int main(){
    AVL data("Ajino Motado");
    for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++)
        data.insert(i, i*10);
    data.PrettyPrinting();
    std::pair<AVL*, AVL*> temp = data.splitAtRoot();
    temp.first->PrettyPrinting();
    temp.second->PrettyPrinting();
    delete temp.first;
    delete temp.second;
    for (int j = 0; j < 10; j++)
        AVL data2("Carume Satado");
        for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++)
            data2.insert(i, i*10);
        data2.PrettyPrinting();
        std::pair<AVL*, AVL*> temp2 = data2.splitAtKey(j);
        std::cout << "Splitting at " << j << std::endl;</pre>
        temp2.first->PrettyPrinting();
        temp2.second->PrettyPrinting();
        delete temp2.first;
        delete temp2.second;
```

AVL.h

```
#pragma once
#include <iostream>
#include <cstring>
#include <string>
#include <fstream>
#include <vector>
#include <vstdexcept> // std::runtime_error
#include <sstream>
```

```
#include "AVLutilities.h"
class AVL
    private:
        char name[50];
        struct AVLnode *root;
    public:
        AVL() = delete;
        AVL(const char n[50]);
        ~AVL();
        void AddData(std::string filename, int isHeading);
        void insert(int key, int object);
        void traverse(int mode);
        void deleteKey(int key);
        int search(int key);
        void PrettyPrinting();
        std::pair<AVL*, AVL* > splitAtRoot();
        std::pair<AVL*, AVL*> splitAtKey(int key);
        void setRoot(struct AVLnode *node);
};
AVL::AVL(const char n[50])
    strcpy(name, n);
    root = nullptr;
AVL::~AVL()
    using namespace std;
    releaseMemoryTree(root);
    cout << "Memory Released of " << name << endl;</pre>
void AVL::insert(int key, int object){
    root = insertObject(root, key, object);
int AVL::search(int key){
    struct AVLnode* node = root;
    while (node)
        if (node->key == key)
            return node->object;
        else if(key < node->key){
            node = node->left;
        else{
            node = node->right;
    return 0;
void AVL::AddData(std::string filename, int isHeading = 1){
    using namespace std;
    ifstream myFile(filename);
```

```
string line, word;
    int val;
   if (isHeading) getline(myFile, line);
   while(getline(myFile, line))
        stringstream ss(line);
       pair<int, int> data;
        getline(ss, word, ',');
data.first = stoi(word);
        getline(ss, word, ',');
        data.second = stoi(word);
       insert(data.first, data.second);
   myFile.close();
void AVL::traverse(int mode = 1){
   using namespace std;
    cout << "\n\nPrinting The AVL tree: " << name << endl;</pre>
   if (mode == 0){
       cout << "Preorder" << endl;</pre>
        traversePreorder(root);
   else if (mode == 1){
    cout << "Inorder" << endl;</pre>
        traverseInorder(root);
    else if (mode == 2){
        cout << "Postorder" << endl;</pre>
        traversePostorder(root);
    else{
       cout << "Invalid Mode" << endl;
cout << "Inorder" << endl;</pre>
        traverseInorder(root);
   cout << "=========\n" << endl;</pre>
void AVL::PrettyPrinting(){
   std::cout << "-----" << std::endl;
    std::cout << "\t" << name << std::endl;</pre>
    std::cout << "-----" << std::endl;
   printBT("", root, false);
void AVL::deleteKey(int key){
   root = delete_node(root, key);
```

```
/oid AVL::setRoot(struct AVLnode *node){
    root = node;
std::pair<AVL*, AVL*> AVL::splitAtRoot(){
    struct AVLnode *leftTree = root->left;
    struct AVLnode *rightTree = root->right;
    char nameleft[50], nameright[50];
    int i=0;
    while (name[i]!='\0')
        nameleft[i] = name[i];
        nameright[i] = name[i];
    nameleft[i] = ':';
nameright[i] = ':';
nameleft[i+1] = 'L';
    nameright[i+1] = 'R';
    nameleft[i+2] = ' 0';
    nameright[i+2] = ' \setminus 0';
    AVL *leftAVL = new AVL(nameleft);
    AVL *rightAVL = new AVL(nameright);
    leftAVL->setRoot(leftTree);
    rightAVL->setRoot(rightTree);
    root->left = nullptr;
    root->right = nullptr;
    leftAVL->insert(root->key, root->object);
    std::pair<AVL*, AVL*> returnPair(leftAVL, rightAVL);
    return returnPair;
std::pair<AVL*, AVL*> AVL::splitAtKey(int key){
    if(key == root->key) {
    std::cout<<"Here"<<std::endl;</pre>
        return splitAtRoot();
    AVLnode *lessThan[100];
    int lessThanTop = -1;
    AVLnode *greaterThan[100];
    int greaterThanTop = -1;
    AVLnode* iterator = root;
    while (iterator != nullptr && iterator->key != key)
        if (iterator->key > key)
            if (iterator->right != nullptr)
                 greaterThan[++greaterThanTop] = iterator->right;
            iterator->right = nullptr;
            greaterThan[++greaterThanTop] = iterator;
            iterator = iterator->left;
            greaterThan[greaterThanTop]->left = nullptr;
        else if(iterator->key < key)</pre>
             if (iterator->left != nullptr)
```

```
lessThan[++lessThanTop] = iterator->left;
        iterator->left = nullptr;
        lessThan[++lessThanTop] = iterator;
        iterator = iterator->right;
        lessThan[lessThanTop]->right = nullptr;
if (iterator != nullptr && iterator->key == key)
    if (iterator->right != nullptr)
        greaterThan[++greaterThanTop] = iterator->right;
    if (iterator->left != nullptr)
        lessThan[++lessThanTop] = iterator->left;
    lessThan[++lessThanTop] = iterator;
    iterator->left = nullptr;
iterator->right = nullptr;
AVLnode *leftTreeNode = nullptr;
for (int i = 0; i <= lessThanTop; i++)</pre>
    leftTreeNode = insertObjectDr(leftTreeNode, lessThan[i]);
AVLnode *rightTreeNode = nullptr;
for (int i = 0; i <= greaterThanTop; i++)</pre>
    rightTreeNode = insertObjectDr(rightTreeNode, greaterThan[i]);
char nameleft[50], nameright[50];
int i=0;
while (name[i]!='\0')
    nameleft[i] = name[i];
    nameright[i] = name[i];
    i++;
nameleft[i] = ':';
nameright[i] = ':';
nameleft[i+1] = 'L';
nameright[i+1] = 'R';
nameleft[i+2] = ' \cdot 0';
nameright[i+2] = '\0';
AVL *leftAVL = new AVL(nameleft);
AVL *rightAVL = new AVL(nameright);
leftAVL->setRoot(leftTreeNode);
rightAVL->setRoot(rightTreeNode);
root = nullptr;
std::pair<AVL*, AVL*> returnPair(leftAVL, rightAVL);
return returnPair;
```

```
#pragma once
#include<iostream>
#include<utility>
struct AVLnode
    int key;
    int object;
    struct AVLnode *left = nullptr;
    struct AVLnode *right = nullptr;
    int balanceFactor = 0;
};
int height(struct AVLnode* node){
    if(node==nullptr)
        return 0;
        int lh = height(node->left);
        int rh = height(node->right);
        if (lh>rh)
            return lh+1;
            return rh+1;
int balanceFactor(struct AVLnode* node)
    return (height(node->left)-height(node->right));
void traversePreorder(struct AVLnode* rootNode){
    using namespace std;
    if (rootNode != nullptr)
        cout << rootNode->key << " --> " << rootNode->object << endl;</pre>
        if (rootNode->left != nullptr)
            traversePreorder(rootNode->left);
        if (rootNode->right != nullptr)
            traversePreorder(rootNode->right);
void traverseInorder(struct AVLnode* rootNode){
    using namespace std;
    if (rootNode != nullptr)
        if (rootNode->left != nullptr)
            traverseInorder(rootNode->left);
        cout << rootNode->key << " --> " << rootNode->object << endl;</pre>
        if (rootNode->right != nullptr)
            traverseInorder(rootNode->right);
```

```
void traversePostorder(struct AVLnode* rootNode){
   using namespace std;
    if (rootNode != nullptr)
        if (rootNode->left != nullptr)
            traversePostorder(rootNode->left);
        if (rootNode->right != nullptr)
            traversePostorder(rootNode->right);
        cout << rootNode->key << " --> " << rootNode->object << endl;</pre>
struct AVLnode* rotateRight(struct AVLnode* node)
    struct AVLnode* newParent = node->left;
   struct AVLnode* shift = newParent->right;
   newParent->right = node;
   node->left = shift;
   node->balanceFactor = balanceFactor(node);
   newParent->balanceFactor = balanceFactor(newParent);
   return newParent;
struct AVLnode* rotateLeft(struct AVLnode* node)
    struct AVLnode* newParent = node->right;
    struct AVLnode* shift = newParent->left;
   newParent->left = node;
   node->right = shift;
   node->balanceFactor = balanceFactor(node);
   newParent->balanceFactor = balanceFactor(newParent);
   return newParent;
void releaseMemoryTree(struct AVLnode* rootNode){
   if (rootNode != nullptr){
        if (rootNode->left != nullptr)
            releaseMemoryTree(rootNode->left);
        if (rootNode->right != nullptr)
            releaseMemoryTree(rootNode->right);
        delete rootNode;
struct AVLnode* insertObject(struct AVLnode* node , int key, int object)
    if(node == nullptr){
        node = new struct AVLnode;
        node->key = key;
        node->object = object;
```

```
return node;
    if(key > node->key )
        node->right = insertObject(node->right, key, object);
    else if (key < node->key )
        node->left = insertObject(node->left, key, object);
        node->object = object;
        std::cout << "Key Found, Object Updated" << std::endl;</pre>
       return node;
   node->balanceFactor=balanceFactor(node);
   if(
        node->balanceFactor > 1
        key < node->left->key
        return rotateRight(node);
        node->balanceFactor <-1</pre>
        ጴጴ
        key > node->right->key
        return rotateLeft(node);
   else if(
        node->balanceFactor>1
        &&
        key > node->left->key
        node->left = rotateLeft(node->left);
        return rotateRight(node);
        node->balanceFactor<-1</pre>
        &&
        key > node->right->key
        node->left = rotateRight(node->right);
        return rotateLeft(node);
   return node;
struct AVLnode* insertObjectDr(struct AVLnode* node , struct AVLnode* nodeInsert)
   if(node == nullptr){
       node = nodeInsert;
        return node;
   if(nodeInsert->key > node->key)
        node->right = insertObjectDr(node->right, nodeInsert);
   else if (nodeInsert->key < node->key )
        node->left = insertObjectDr(node->left, nodeInsert);
   node->balanceFactor=balanceFactor(node);
   if(
        node->balanceFactor > 1
        &&
        nodeInsert->key < node->left->key
```

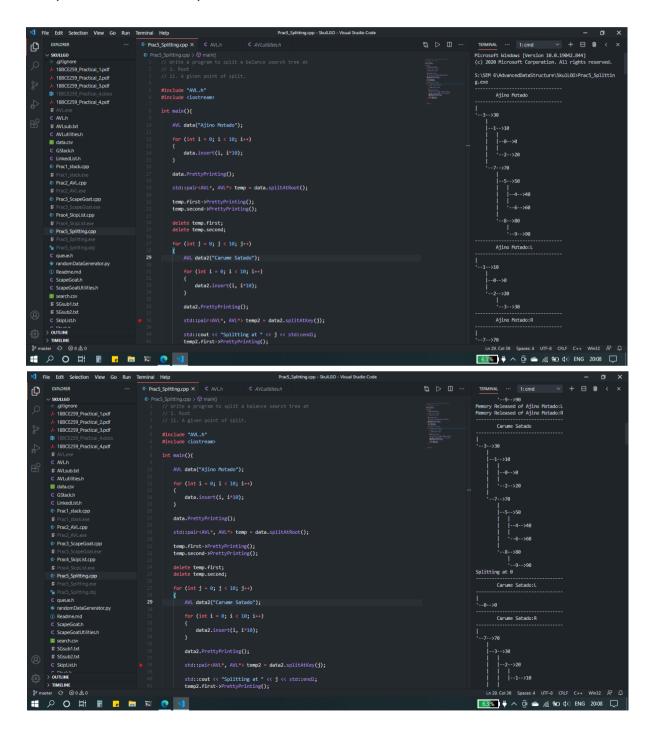
```
return rotateRight(node);
    else if(
        node->balanceFactor <-1</pre>
        ጴጴ
        nodeInsert->key > node->right->key
        return rotateLeft(node);
    else if(
        node->balanceFactor>1
        &&
        nodeInsert->key > node->left->key
        node->left = rotateLeft(node->left);
        return rotateRight(node);
    else if(
        node->balanceFactor<-1</pre>
        nodeInsert->key < node->right->key
        node->right = rotateRight(node->right);
        return rotateLeft(node);
    return node;
std::pair<int, int> findMin(struct AVLnode* root)
   while(root->left != nullptr)
        root = root->left;
    std::pair<int, int> k {root->key, root->object};
    return k;
struct AVLnode* delete node(struct AVLnode* node, int key)
    if(node==nullptr) {
    std::cout << "Tree is empty" << std::endl;</pre>
        return node;
    else if (key < node->key)
        node->left = delete_node(node->left, key);
    else if(key > node->key)
        node->right = delete_node(node->right, key);
        if( (node->left == nullptr) ||
            (node->right == nullptr) )
            struct AVLnode * temp = node->left ?
                          node->left :
                          node->right;
            if (temp == nullptr)
                temp = node;
                node = nullptr;
```

```
*node = *temp;
            free(temp);
            std::pair<int, int> minimum = findMin(node->right);
            node->key = minimum.first;
            node->object = minimum.second;
            node->right = delete_node(node->right, minimum.first);
   if (node == nullptr)
     return node;
   node->balanceFactor=balanceFactor(node);
   int balance = node->balanceFactor;
   if(
        balance>1
        (node->left)->balanceFactor>=0
        return rotateRight(node);
   else if(
            balance<-1
            (node->right)->balanceFactor<=0
        ){
            return rotateLeft(node);
   else if(
        balance > 1
        &&
        (node->left)->balanceFactor<0</pre>
            node->left = rotateLeft(node->left);
           return rotateRight(node);
   else if(
        balance <-1
        (node->right)->balanceFactor>0
            node->right = rotateRight(node->right);
            return rotateLeft(node);
        return node;
void printBT(const std::string& prefix, const AVLnode* node, bool isLeft)
   if( node != nullptr )
        std::cout << prefix;</pre>
        std::cout << "|" << std::endl;</pre>
        std::cout << prefix;</pre>
                     (isLeft ? "|--" : "'--" );
```

```
// print the value of the node
std::cout << node->key << "-->" << node->object << std::endl;

// enter the next tree level - left and right branch
printBT( prefix + (isLeft ? "| ":" ") , node->left, true);
printBT( prefix + (isLeft ? "| ":" ") , node->right, false);
}
```

Snapshot of the output:



```
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         18BCE259 Practical 4.pdf
       F AVLexe
C AVLh
F AVLsub.txt
C AVLutilities.h
data.csv
                                                     AVL data("Ajino Motado");
                                                     std::pair<AVL*, AVL*> temp = data.splitAtRoot();
        Prac3 ScapeGoat.cpp
                                                     for (int j = 0; j < 10; j++)
                                                         for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++)
                                                         std::cout << "Splitting at " << j << std::endl;
temp2.first->PrettyPrinting();
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       C AVI.h
        C Prac1_stack.cpp
        Prac3_ScapeGoat.cpp
        Prac4 SkipList.cpp
                                                     for (int j = 0; j < 10; j++)
                                                          std::cout << "Splitting at " << j << std::endl;
temp2.first->PrettyPrinting();
                                                                                                                                                                         63% ♥ ^ @ @ // ($\tau 0)) ENG 20:08 □
```

Conclusion:

By Tree Splitting, we can get two different trees with the same properties of the original one. One might want to split a tree to reduce overhead in the system if it contains a lot of elements.