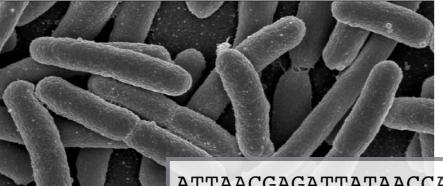
# Contamination, controls and accurate sequencing-based measurement of microbial communities

#### A Microbial Census



ATTAACGAGATTATAACCAGAGTACGAATACCGAAC
CACGATTCACAAGGTACCACAAGGTAACATAGCTCC
ATTAACCCCTTATAACCAGAGTACGAATACCGAACA
ATTAACGAGATTATAACCAGAGAGAGAGAATACCGAAC
CACGATTCTTGTGGTACCACAAGGTAACATAGCTCC
CACGATTCACAAGGTACCACAAGGTAACATAGCTCC
GGGAACTACAATCTCTAAGGTGAAGTCTCAGTCTAT

ATTAACGAGATTATAACCAGA CACGATTCACAAGGTACCACA ATTAACGAGATTATAACCAGA

A A	Lactobacillus crispatus	1300	5	0	882	596
	Ureaplasma urealytica	15	0	220	0	0
	Gardnerella vaginalis	22	0	1	0	412
	Prevotella intermedia	0	0	8	12	0

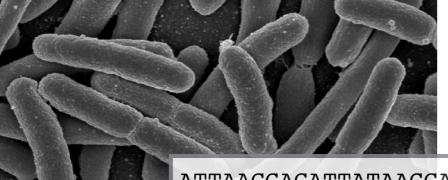
► Inference

**♦** Visualization

Exploration

#### A Microbial Census

#### Marker-gene or Metagenomics Sequencing (MGS)



ATTAACGAGATTATAACCAGAGTACGAATACCGAAC
CACGATTCACAAGGTACCACAAGGTAACATAGCTCC
ATTAACCCCTTATAACCAGAGTACGAATACCGAACA
ATTAACGAGATTATAACCAGAGAGAGAGAATACCGAAC
CACGATTCTTGTGGTACCACAAGGTAACATAGCTCC
CACGATTCACAAGGTACCACAAGGTAACATAGCTCC
GGGAACTACAATCTCTAAGGTGAAGTCTCAGTCTAT

ATTAACGAGATTATAACCAGA CACGATTCACAAGGTACCACA ATTAACGAGATTATAACCAGA

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► Inference

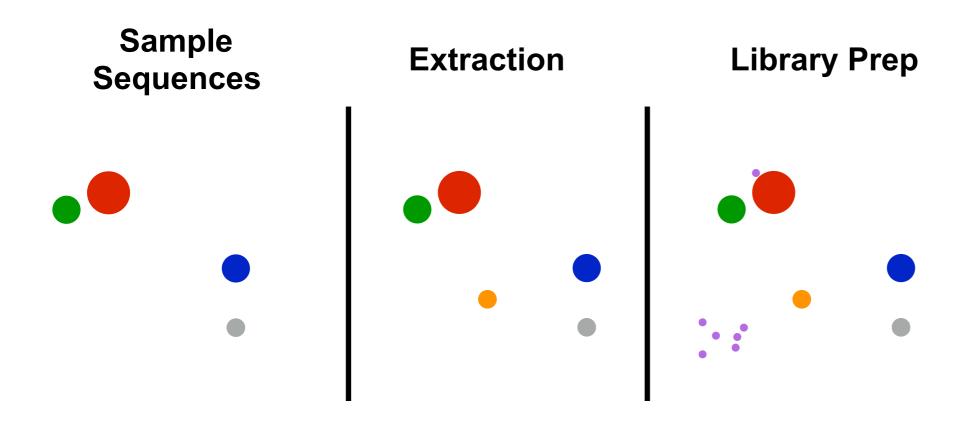
**▼**Visualization

Exploration

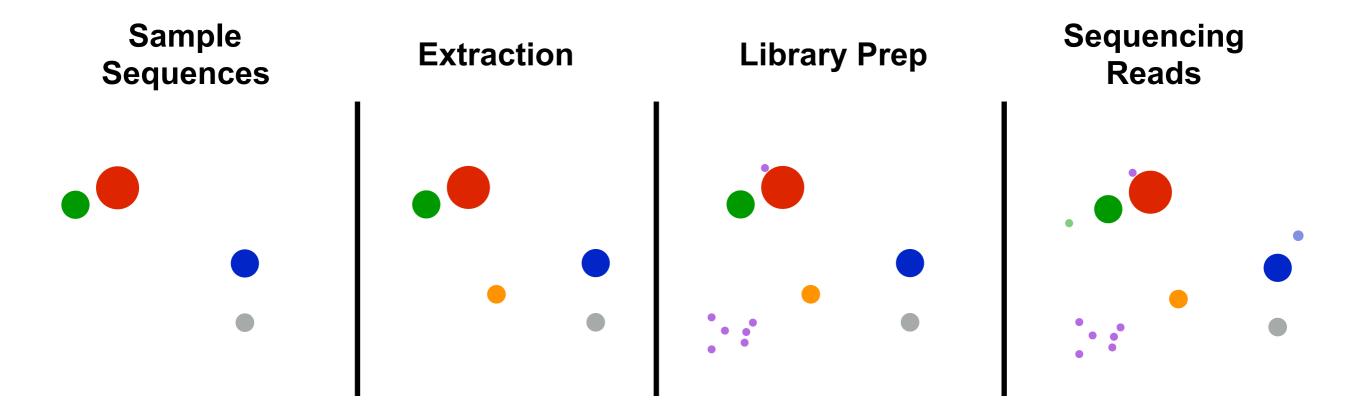
## MGS: What is really there?

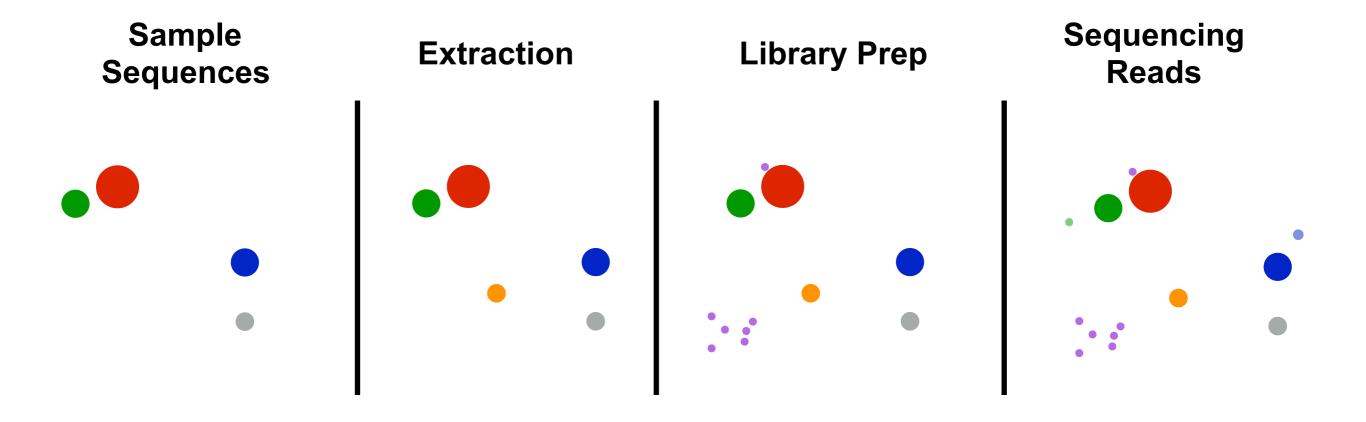


## MGS: What is really there?

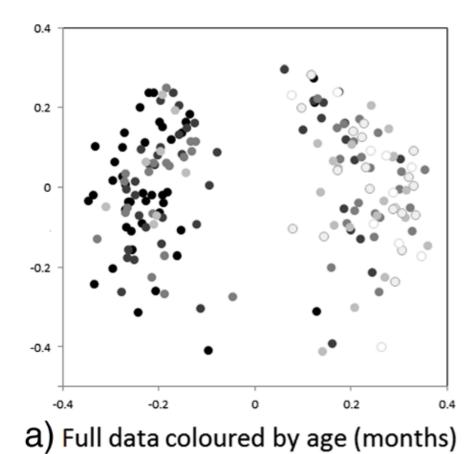


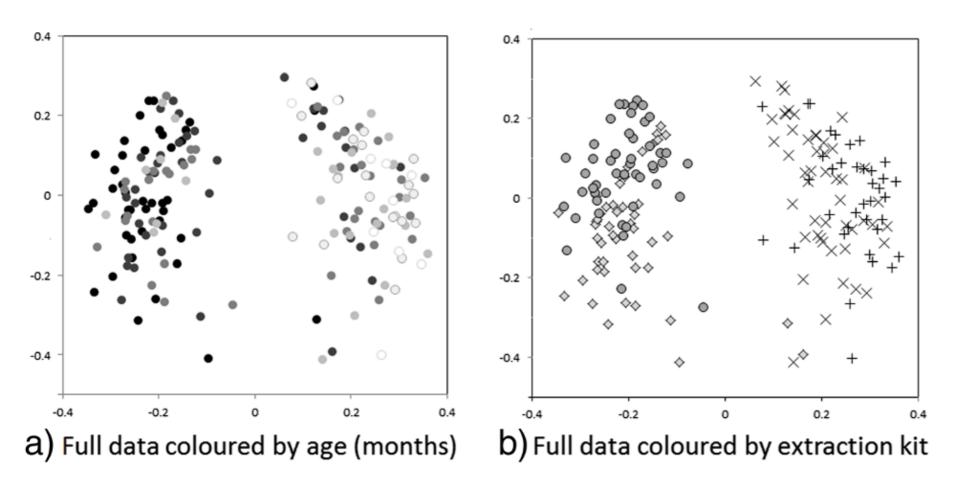
## MGS: What is really there?

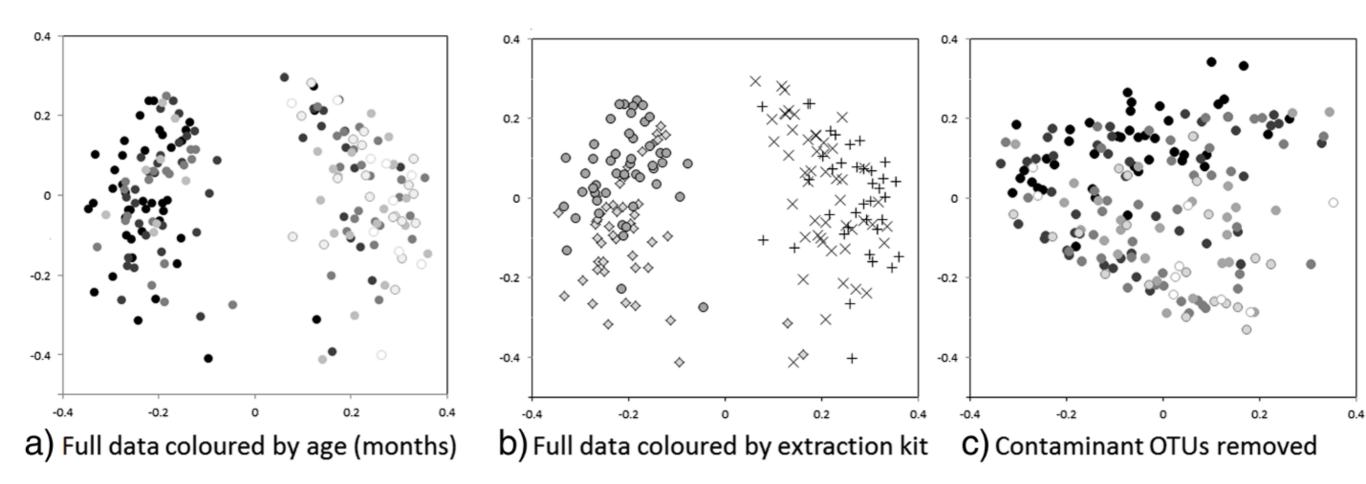




**Contaminants** — DNA sequences from organisms not truly present in the sample.







#### Spurious signal driven by contaminants!

Figure: Salter, et al. BMC Biology, 2014.

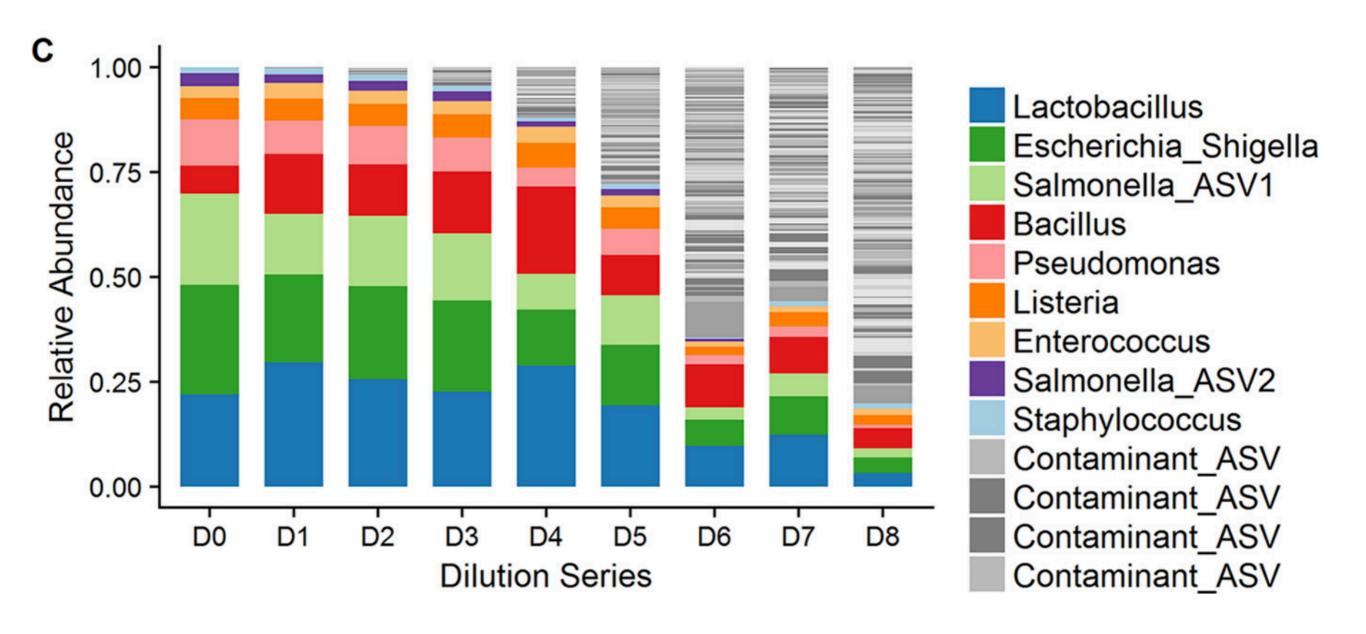


Figure: Karstens, et al. mSystems, 2018.

## **Modeling Contaminants**

T = S + C, where C is constant

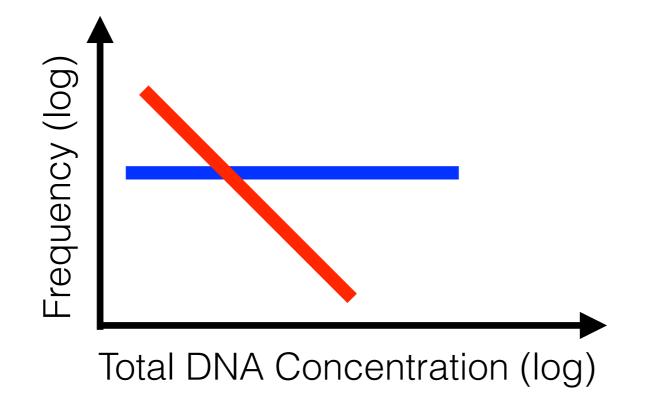
hence

$$f_C = C/(S+C) \sim 1/T$$
, where  $C \ll S$ 

## **Modeling Contaminants**

**T = S + C**, where **C** is constant hence

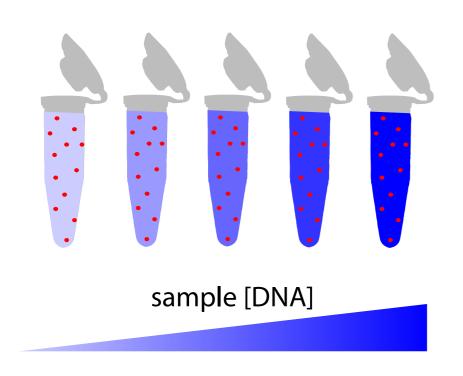
 $f_C = C/(S+C) \sim 1/T$ , where  $C \ll S$ 



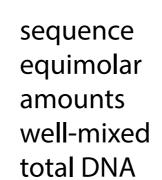
## Sample Sequence Contaminant

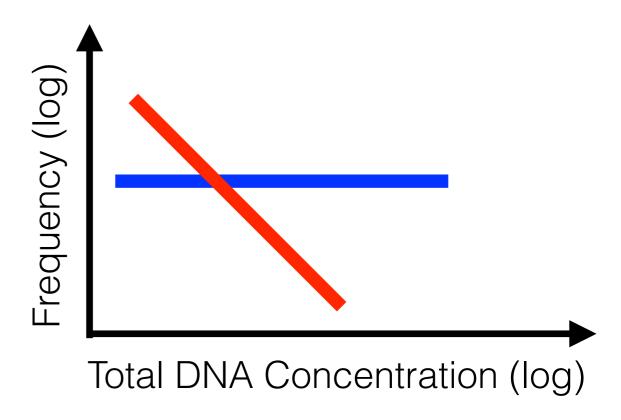
Davis, et al. Microbiome, 2018.

## **Modeling Contaminants**



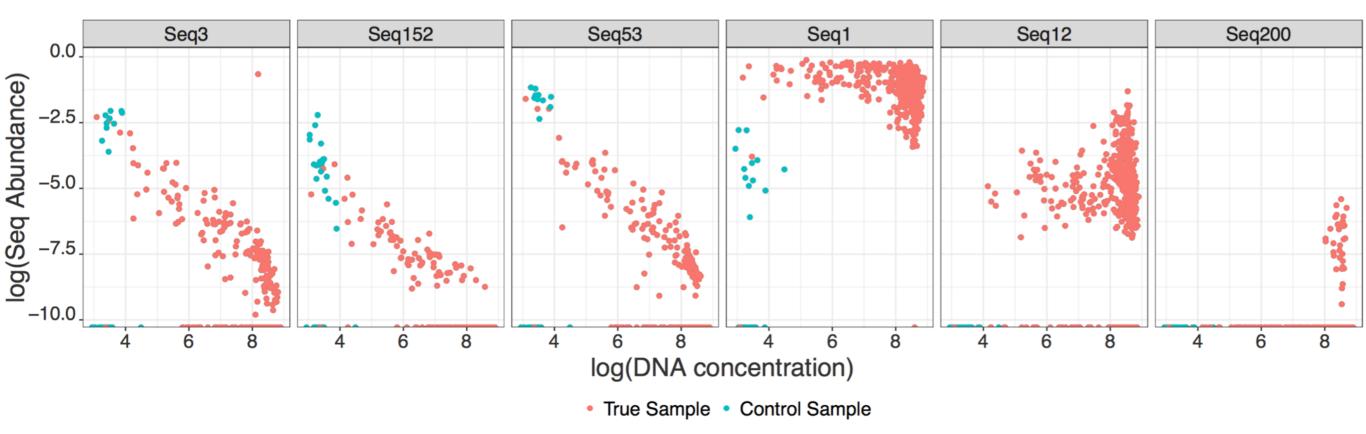
equal, low-level contaminating DNA





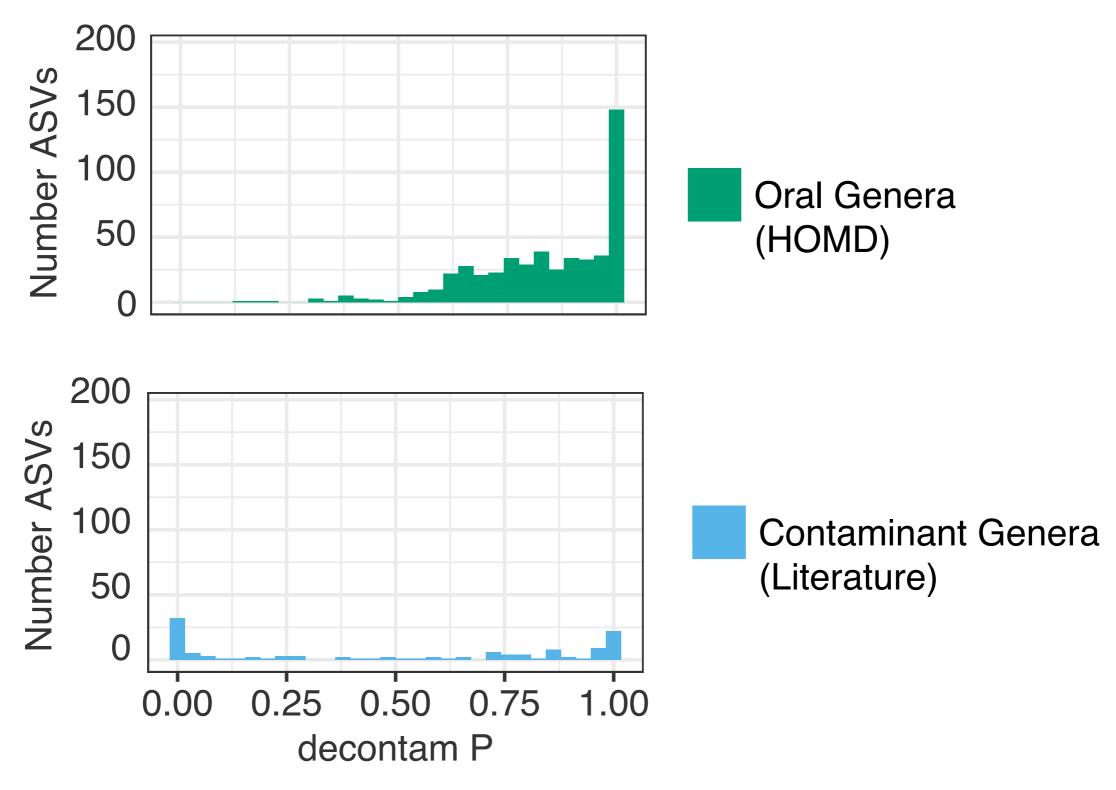
## Sample Sequence Contaminant

## Validating the Model



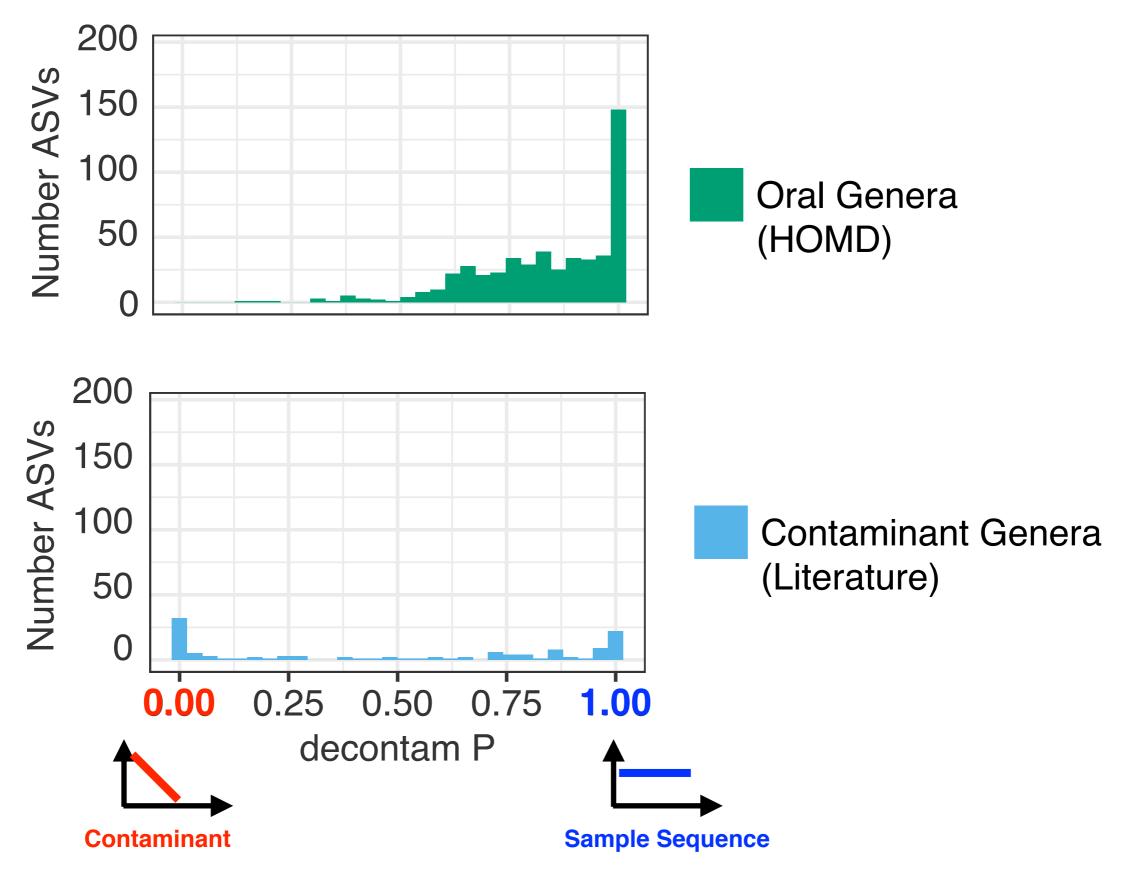
## Validating the Model

#### Oral Mucosal Dataset



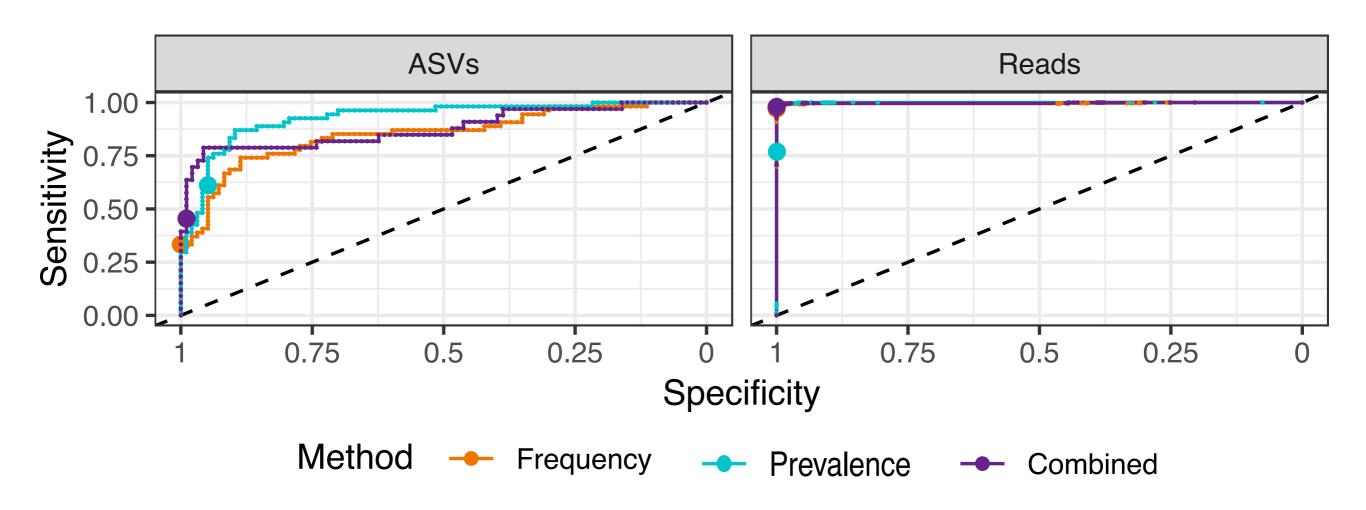
## Validating the Model

#### Oral Mucosal Dataset



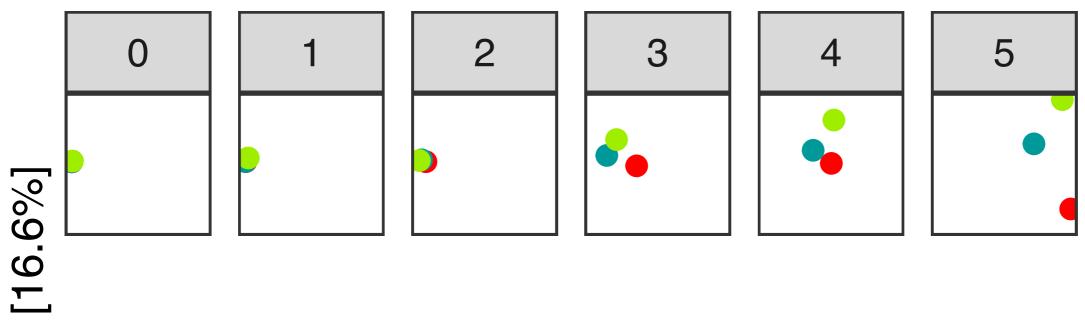
## Classification Accuracy

#### Oral Mucosal Dataset



Axis.2

#### Salmonella bongori: Ten-fold dilutions



Axis.1 [47.9%]

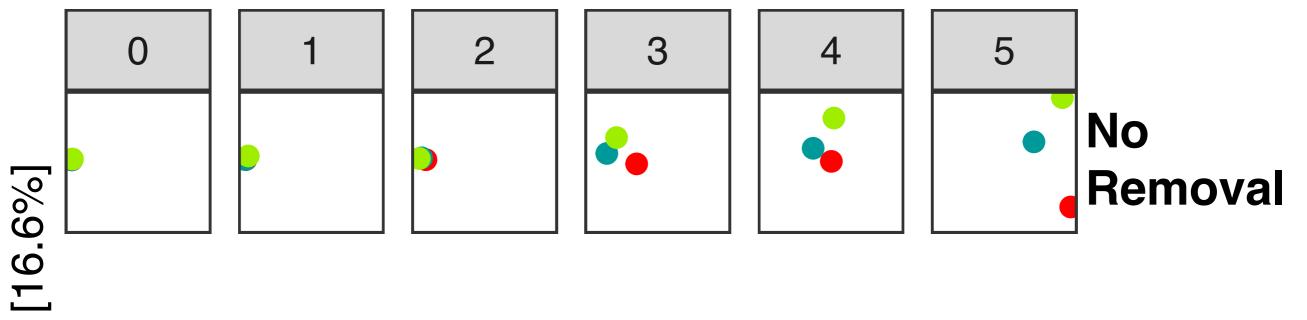
**Processing Institute** 



UB

WTSI

#### Salmonella bongori: Ten-fold dilutions



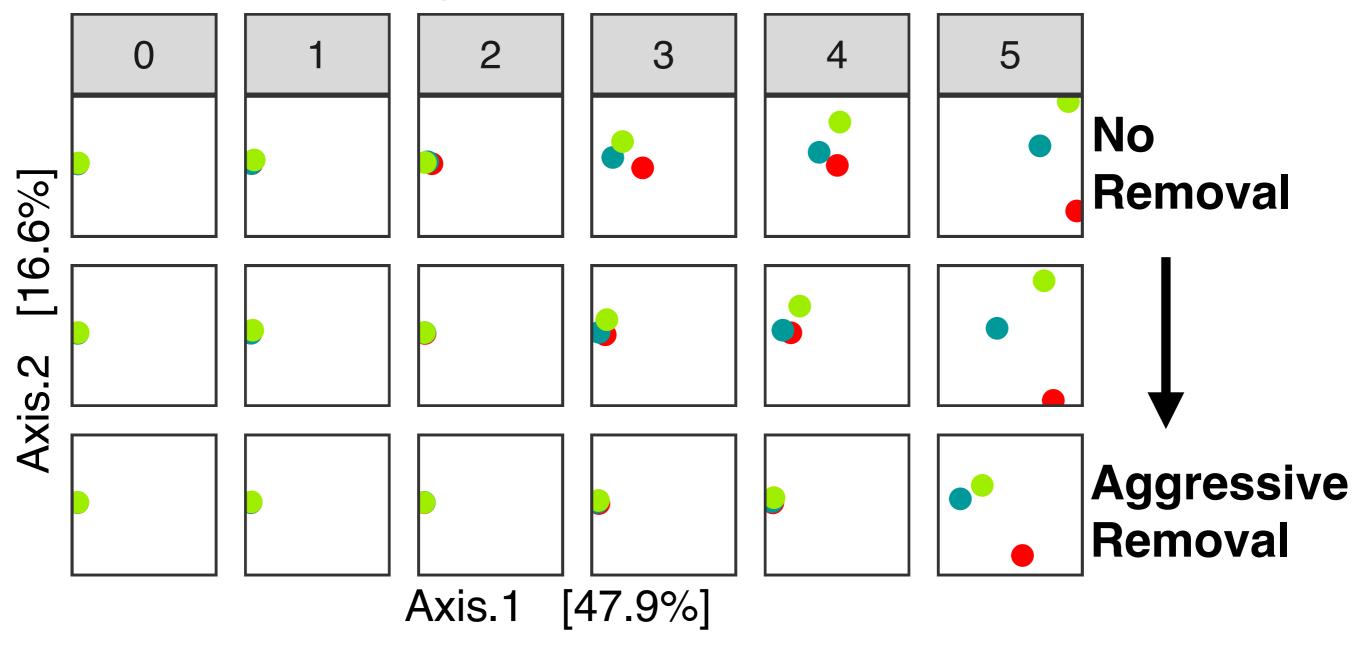
Axis.1 [47.9%]

Axis.2

Processing Institute • ICL • UB • WTSI

## Reducing Technical Variation

#### Salmonella bongori: Ten-fold dilutions



Processing Institute • ICL • UB • WTSI

Davis, et al. Microbiome, 2018.

#### Available now...

Methodology

**Open Access** 

## Simple statistical identification and removal of contaminant sequences in marker-gene and metagenomics data

Nicole M. Davis , Diana M. Proctor , Susan P. Holmes , David A. Relman and Benjamin J. Callahan 🔤 🕒

Microbiome 2018 **6**:226



- Open-source
- Well documented
- R package
- 16S or shotgun

#### Recommendations...

- There is no substitute for clean lab practices
- Sequence multiple full-process negative controls!
- Consider dilution series of a positive control
- Record DNA concentrations
- In silico decontamination (at high resolution)
- Be skeptical of unexpected or implausible taxa
- Report taxa in negative controls

## Acknowledgements

#### **Exact Sequence Variants**



Susan Holmes



Joey McMurdie



Michael Rosen





Naga Betrapally

#### **Contamination**



**Nicole Davis** 

#### Bias



Michael McLaren

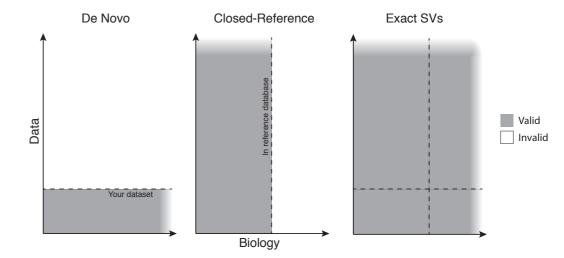




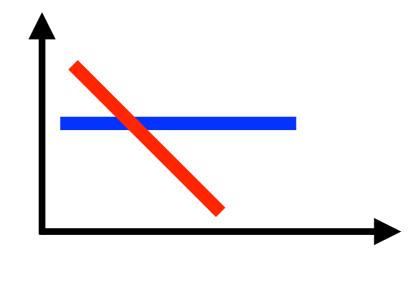




#### Exact Sequence Variants



(De-)Contamination



#### **Sample Sequences**

**Contaminant** 



