

# STOR 435 Homework 20

BY SIYANG JING

1. No.

Suppose they are independent, then by definition of independence, we would have

$$p_{X,Y}(0,1) = p_X(0)p_Y(1) \neq 0$$

However, we also have

$$p_{X,Y}(0,1) = \mathbb{P}(\text{Ruoyu is asked 0 questions and answers 1 question adequately}),$$

which is apparently 0. Therefore we have a contradiction, and therefore they are not independent.

2.

$$\text{a) } p_{X_1, X_2, X_3}(x_1, x_2, x_3) = p_{X_1}(x_1)p_{X_2}(x_2)p_{X_3}(x_3) = 0.0002e^{-0.1x_1 - 0.05x_2 - 0.04x_3}$$

$$\text{b) } p_{X_1, X_2}(x_1, x_2) = p_{X_1}(x_1)p_{X_2}(x_2) = 0.005e^{-0.1x_1 - 0.05x_2}$$

$$\text{c) } \mathbb{P}(X_1 < X_2) = \int_0^\infty \int_0^{x_2} 0.005e^{-0.1x_1 - 0.05x_2} dx_1 dx_2 = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{d) } \mathbb{P}(X_1 \leq 10, X_2 \leq 10, X_3 > 10) &= F_{X_1}(10)F_{X_2}(10)(1 - F_{X_3}(10)) \\ &= (1 - e^{-0.1 \times 10})(1 - e^{-0.05 \times 10})(e^{-0.04 \times 10}) \approx 0.1667 \end{aligned}$$

3.

$$\text{a) } p_{U_1, U_2, U_3}(u_1, u_2, u_3) = p_{U_1}(u_1)p_{U_2}(u_2)p_{U_3}(u_3) = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } \mathbb{P}(\max(U_1, U_2, U_3) \leq 0.5) &= \mathbb{P}(U_1 \leq 0.5, U_2 \leq 0.5, U_3 \leq 0.5) = F_{U_1}(0.5)F_{U_2}(0.5)F_{U_3}(0.5) \\ &= \frac{0.5 - 0}{1 - 0} \times \frac{0.5 - 0}{1 - 0} \times \frac{0.5 - 0}{1 - 0} = \frac{1}{8} \end{aligned}$$

$$4. \mathbb{E}(X^2(Y+1)^2) = \mathbb{E}(X^2)\mathbb{E}((Y+1)^2) = \mathbb{E}(X^2)(\mathbb{E}(Y^2) + 2\mathbb{E}(Y) + 1)$$

$$= (\text{Var}(X) + \mathbb{E}(X)^2)(\text{Var}(Y) + \mathbb{E}(Y)^2 + 2 + 1) = 1 \times 5 = 5$$

$$5. \mathbb{P}(W \leq 0.5) = \mathbb{P}(Y < 0.5) + \mathbb{P}\left(Y \geq 0.5 \wedge X \leq \sqrt{\frac{0.5}{Y}}\right)$$

$$= \int_0^{0.5} 2y dy + \int_{0.5}^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{\frac{0.5}{y}}} 2y6x(1-x) dx dy = \frac{1}{4} + \int_{\frac{1}{2}}^1 3 - \sqrt{2}y^{-\frac{1}{2}} dy = \frac{15}{4} - 2\sqrt{2} \approx 0.9216$$

$$6. M_Y(t) = M_{X_1}(t)M_{X_2}(t)M_{X_3}(t) = e^{3(e^t-1)}e^{0.5(e^t-1)}e^{2(e^t-1)} = e^{5.5(e^t-1)}$$

$$p_Y(y) = e^{-5.5} \frac{5.5^y}{y!}, \mathbb{P}(Y=6) = p_Y(6) \approx 0.1571$$