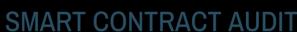
SKELETON ECOSYSTEM







Blockway [Blockway] **BEP 20**

0x61030702000c0A24C77A087Ff12fEc2a26927e25



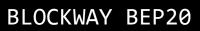




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Global Disclaimer

This document serves as a disclaimer for the crypto smart contract audit conducted by Skeleton Ecosystem. The purpose of the audit was to review the codebase of the smart contracts for potential vulnerabilities and issues. It is important to note the following:

Limited Scope: The audit is based on the code and information available up to the audit completion date. It does not cover external factors, system interactions, or changes made after the audit. The audit itself can not guarantee 100% safaty and can not detect common scam methods like farming and developer sell-out.

No Guarantee of Security: While we have taken reasonable steps to identify vulnerabilities, it is impossible to guarantee the complete absence of security risks or issues. The audit report provides an assessment of the contract's security as of the audit date.

Continued Development: Smart contracts and blockchain technology are evolving fields. Updates, forks, or changes to the contract postaudit may introduce new risks that were not present during the audit.

Third-party Code: If the smart contract relies on third-party libraries or code, those components were not thoroughly audited unless explicitly stated. Security of these dependencies is the <u>responsibility of their respective developers</u>.

Non-Exhaustive Testing: The audit involved automated analysis, manual review, and testing under controlled conditions. It is possible that certain vulnerabilities or issues may not have been identified.

Risk Evaluation: The audit report includes a risk assessment for identified vulnerabilities. It is recommended that the development team carefully reviews and addresses these risks to mitigate potential exploits.

Not Financial Advice: This audit report is not intended as financial or investment advice. Decisions regarding the use, deployment, or investment in the smart contract should be made based on a comprehensive assessment of the associated risks.

By accessing and using this audit report, you acknowledge and agree to the limitations outlined above. Skeleton Ecosystem and its auditors shall not be held liable for any direct or indirect damages resulting from the use of the audit report or the smart contract itself.

Please consult with legal, technical, and financial professionals before making any decisions related to the smart contract.



Overview

Contract Name	Blockway
Ticker/Simbol	Blockway
Blockchain	Binance Smart Chain BEP20
Contract Address	0x61030702000c0A24C77A087Ff12fEc2a26927e25
Creator Address	0xB4661fdA58fea5c65a28eC5196b1796f8BEb9D79
Current Owner Address	0xB4661fdA58fea5c65a28eC5196b1796f8BEb9D79
Contract Explorer	https://bscscan.com/token/0x61030702000c0a24c77a0 87ff12fec2a26927e25
Compiler Version	v0.8.18+commit.87f61d96
License	MIT
Optimisation	No with 200 Runs
Total Supply	77,000,000 Blockway
Decimals	9

Creation/Audit

Contract Deployed	03 Nov 2023
Audit Created	04 Nov 2023
Audit Update	V 1.0

Verified Socials

Website	https://t.me/blockway_cnn
Telegram	https://t.me/blockway_cnn
Twitter (X)	https://x.com/Blockway_OFC

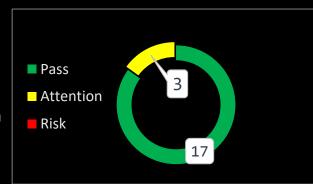




Contract Function Analysis

Pass Attention Item A Risky Item





Contract Verified	>	The contract source code is uploaded to blockchain explorer and is open source, so everybody can read it.
Contract Ownership	A	0xB4661fdA58fea5c65a28eC5196b1796f8BEb9D79
Buy Tax	8 %	Shows the taxes for purchase transactions. Above 10% may be considered a high tax rate. More than 50% tax rate means may not be tradable. Fee can be set!
Sell Tax	8 %	Shows the taxes for sell transactions. Above 10% may be considered a high tax rate. More than 50% tax rate means may not be tradable. Fee can be set!
Honeypot Analyse	✓	Holder is able to buy and sell. If honeypot: The contract blocks sell transfer from holder wallet. Multiple events may cause honeypot. Trading disabled, extremely high tax
Liqudity Status	✓	Lp Lock status on 04.11.2023: 100% Locked on Mudra Locker for 60 Days
Trading Disable Functions	>	No Trading suspendable function found. If a suspendable code is included, the token maybe neither be bought or sold (honeypot risk). If contract is renounced this function can't be used
Set Fees		Fee Setting function found
function	A	The contract owner may contain the authority to modify the transaction tax. If the transaction tax is increased to more than 49%, the tokens may not be able to be traded (honeypot risk).
Proxy Contract	✓	Not a proxy contract!
Mint Function	✓	No Mint Function detected Mint function is transparent or non-existent. Hidden mint functions may increase the amount of tokens in circulation and effect the price of the token. Owner can mint new tokens and sell.



Balance	✓	No Balance Modifier function found.
Modifier Function		If there is a function for this, the contract owner can have the authority to modify the balance of tokens at other addresses. For example revoke the bought tokens from the holders wallet. Common form of scam: You buy the token, but it's disappearing from your wallet.
Blacklist	✓	No Blacklist Setting function
Function		If there is a blacklist, some addresses may not be able to trade normally. Example: you buy the token and right after your Wallet getting blacklisted. Like so you will be unable to sell. Honeypot Risk.
Whitelist Function	A	Whitelist Setting function found
		If there is a function for this Developer can set zero fee or no max wallet size for adresses (for example team wallets can trade without fee. Can cause farming)
Hidden		No Multi Owner
Owner Analysis	>	For contract with a hidden owner, developer can still manipulate the contract even if the ownership has been abandoned. Fake renounce.
Retrieve Ownership	✓	No functions found which can retrieve ownership of the contract.
Function		If this function exists, it is possible for the project owner to regain ownership even after relinquishing it. Also known as fake renounce.
Self	✓	No Self Destruct function found.
Destruct Function		If this function exists and is triggered, the contract will be destroyed, all functions will be unavailable, and all related assets will be erased.
Specific	✓	No Specific Tax Changing Functions found.
Tax Changing Function		If it exists, the contract owner may set a very outrageous tax rate for assigned address to block it from trading. Can assign all wallets at once!
Trading Cooldown Function	>	No Trading Cooldown Function found. If there is a trading cooldown function, the user will not be able to sell the token within a certain time or block after buying. Like a temporary honeypot.
Max	A	Max Transaction and Holding Modify function found.
Transaction and Holding Modify Function	41	If there is a function for this, the maximum trading amount or maximum position can be modified. Can cause honeypot
Transaction	~	No Transaction Limiter Function Found.
Limiting Function		The number of overall token transactions may be limited (honeypot risk)



Details of Risk - Attention Items

A

Set Fee (remedation: renounce ownership)

The contract owner may contain the authority to modify the transaction tax. If the transaction tax is increased to more than 49%, the tokens may not be able to be traded

```
uint256 public buyLiquidityFee = 0;
buyMarketingFee = 5;
buyTeamFee = 3;

uint256 public buyTeamFee = 3;

uint256 public sellLiquidityFee = 0;
sellMarketingFee = 5;

uint256 public sellMarketingFee = 5;

uint256 public sellTeamFee = 3;

uint256 public sellTeamFee = 3;

uint256 public liquidityShare = 0; // original 5

uint256 public marketingShare = 90;

uint256 public teamShare = 10; // original 12

uint256 public totalTaxIfBuying = 8; // original 12

uint256 public totalTaxIfSelling = 8; // original 12

uint256 public totalTaxIfSelling = 8; // original 12

uint256 public totalDistributionShares = 100; // original 12
```

```
frace | function setBuyTaxes(uint256 newLiquidityTax1, uint256 newMarketingTax1, uint256 newTeamTax1) external onlyOwner() {
| buyLiquidityFee = newLiquidityTax1; |
| buyMarketingFee = newTeamTax1; |
| buyTeamFee | funcSig |
| function setSellTaxes(uint256 newLiquidityTax1, uint256 newMarketingTax1, uint256 newTeamTax1) external onlyOwner() {
| sellLiquidityFee = newLiquidityTax1; |
| sellMarketingFee = newTeamTax1; |
| sellTeamFee = newTeamTax1; |
| sellTeamTax1; |
| sellTeamTax2; |
| sellTeamTax1; |
| sellTeamTax2; |
| sellTeamTax1; |
| sellTeamTax2; |
| sellTea
```



Max Transaction and Holding Modify Function

(remedation: renounce ownership)

If there is a function for this, the maximum trading amount or maximum position can be modified.

```
uint256 private _totalSupply = 770000000 * 10**_decimals;
406
          uint256 public _maxTxAmount = 1540000 * 10**_decimals;
          uint256 public _walletMax = 1540000 * 10**_decimals;
          uint256 private minimumTokensBeforeSwap = 1000000 * 10**3;
```

```
557
558
          function setMaxTxAmount(uint256 maxTxAmount() external onlyOwner() {
              _maxTxAmount = maxTxAmount1;
```

```
function setWalletLimit(uint256 newLimit() external onlyOwner {
   _walletMax = newLimitf;
```

Mhitelist (remedation: renounce ownership)

If there is a function for this Developer can set zero fee or no max wallet size for adresses (for example team wallets can trade without fee. Can cause farming)

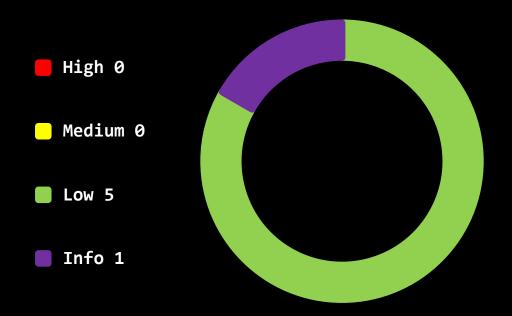
```
function setIsWalletLimitExempt(address holder), bool exempt() external onlyOwner {
   isWalletLimitExempt[holder1] = exempt1;
```

```
ftrace | funcSig
function setIsTxLimitExempt(address holder), bool exempt() external onlyOwner {
   isTxLimitExempt[holder1] = exempt1;
function setIsExcludedFromFee(address account, bool newValue) public onlyOwner {
   isExcludedFromFee[account†] = newValue†;
```



Contract Security

Total Findings: 6



- **High Severity Issues:** High possibility to cause problems, need to be resolved.
- Medium Severity Issue: Will likely cause problems, recommended to resolve.
- Low Severity Issues: Won't cause problems, but for improvement purposes could be adjusted.
- Informational Severity Issues: Not harmful in any way,
 information for the developer team.



Contract Security List of Found Issues

- High severity Issues: (0)
- Medium severity issues: (0)
- Low severity issues: (5)
 - Missing Events
 - Long Number Literals
 - Floating Pragma
 - Outdated Compiler Version
 - Low Level Calls
- Informational severity issues: (1)
 - Public Functions Should be Declared External



Contract Weakness Classisication

THE SMART CONTRACT WEAKNESS CLASSIFICATION REGISTRY (SWC REGISTRY) IS AN IMPLEMENTATION OF THE WEAKNESS CLASSIFICATION SCHEME PROPOSED IN EIP-1470. IT IS LOOSELY ALIGNED TO THE TERMINOLOGIES AND STRUCTURE USED IN THE COMMON WEAKNESS ENUMERATION (CWE) WHILE OVERLAYING A WIDE RANGE OF WEAKNESS VARIANTS THAT ARE SPECIFIC TO SMART CONTRACTS.

ID	Description	AI	Manual	Result
SWC-100	Function Default Visibility	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-101	Integer Overflow and Underflow	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-102	Outdated Compiler Version	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-103	Floating Pragma	Low	Passed	Passed
SWC-104	Unchecked Call Return Value	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-105	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-106	Unprotected SELFDESTRUCT Instruction	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-107	Reentrancy	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-108	State Variable Default Visibility	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-109	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-110	Assert Violation	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-111	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-112	Delegatecall to Untrusted Callee	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-113	DoS with Failed Call	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-114	Transaction Order Dependence	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-115	Authorization through tx.origin	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-116	Block values as a proxy for time	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-117	Signature Malleability	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-118	Incorrect Constructor Name	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-119	Shadowing State Variables	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-120	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes	Passed	Passed	Passed





SWC-121	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-122	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-123	Requirement Violation	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-124	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-125	Incorrect Inheritance Order	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-126	Insufficient Gas Griefing	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-127	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-128	DoS With Block Gas Limit	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-129	Typographical Error	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-130	Right-To-Left-Override control character (U+202E)	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-131	Presence of unused variables	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-132	Unexpected Ether balance	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-133	Hash Collisions With Multiple Variable Length Arguments	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-134	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-135	Code With No Effects	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-136	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	Passed	Passed	Passed

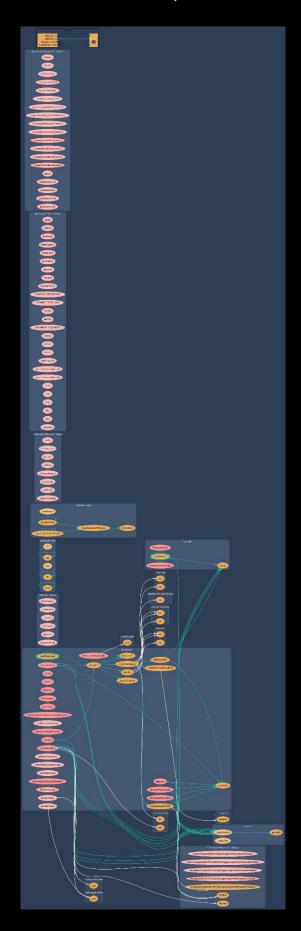


Detected High and Medium Severity Vulnerability Description.

✓ No High and Medium Severity Issues found.

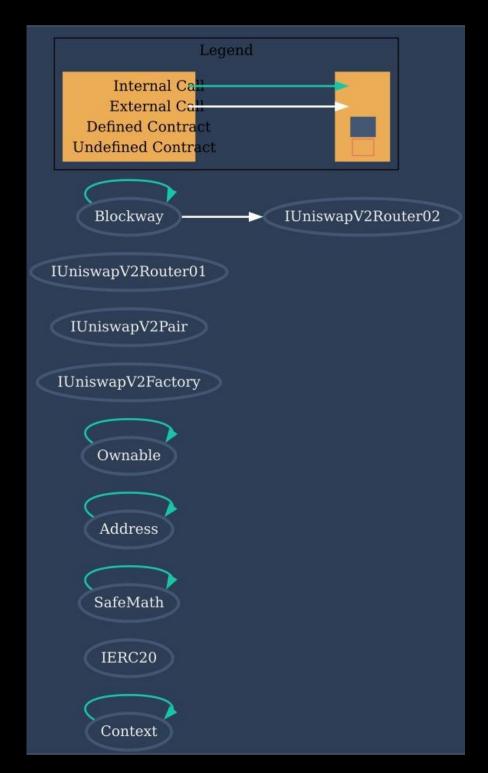


Contract Flow Graph



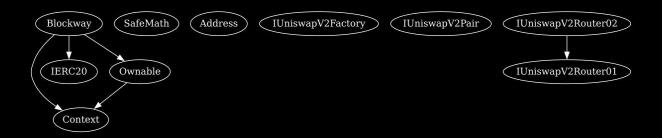


Contract Interaction Graph





Inheritance Graph





Contract Functions

Contract	Туре	Bases			
L	Function Name	Visibility	Mutability	Modifiers	
Context	Implementatio n				
L	_msgSender	Internal 🔒			
L	_msgData	Internal 🔒			
IERC20	Interface				
L	totalSupply	External !		NO!	
L	balanceOf	External !		NO!	
L	transfer	External !		NO!	
L	allowance	External !		NO!	
L	approve	External !		NO!	
L	transferFrom	External !	•	NO!	
SafeMath	Library				
L	add	Internal 🖰			
L	sub	Internal 🔒			
L	sub	Internal 🖰			
L	mul	Internal 🖰			
L	div	Internal 🖰			



Contract	Туре		Bases	
L	div	Internal 🔒		
L	mod	Internal 🔒		
L	mod	Internal 🔒		
Address	Library			
L	isContract	Internal 🔒		
L	sendValue	Internal 🔒		
L	functionCall	Internal 🔒	•	
L	functionCall	Internal 🔒	•	
L	functionCallWi thValue	Internal 🔒		
L	functionCallWi thValue	Internal 🔒		
L	_functionCall WithValue	Private 🔐		
Ownable	Implementatio n	Context		
L		Public !		NO!
L	owner	Public !		NO!
L	renounceOwne rship	Public !	•	onlyOwner
IUniswapV2F actory	Interface			
L	feeTo	External !		NO!
L	feeToSetter	External !		NO!



Contract	Туре	Bases			
L	getPair	External !		NO!	
L	allPairs	External !		NO!	
L	allPairsLength	External !		NO!	
L	createPair	External !	•	NO!	
L	setFeeTo	External !	•	NO!	
L	setFeeToSetter	External !	•	NO!	
IUniswapV2P air	Interface				
L	name	External !		NO!	
L	symbol	External !		NO!	
L	decimals	External !		NO!	
L	totalSupply	External !		NO!	
L	balanceOf	External !		NO!	
L	allowance	External !		NO!	
L	approve	External !	•	NO!	
L	transfer	External !	•	NO!	
L	transferFrom	External !	•	NO!	
L	DOMAIN_SE PARATOR	External !		NO!	
L	PERMIT_TYP EHASH	External !		NO!	
L	nonces	External !		NO!	



Contract	Туре	Bases			
L	permit	External !		NO!	
L	MINIMUM_LI QUIDITY	External !		NO!	
L	factory	External !		NO!	
L	token0	External !		NO!	
L	token1	External !		NO!	
L	getReserves	External !		NO!	
L	price0Cumulati veLast	External !		NO!	
L	price1Cumulati veLast	External !		NO!	
L	kLast	External !		NO!	
L	burn	External !		NO!	
L	swap	External !		NO!	
L	skim	External !		NO!	
L	sync	External !		NO!	
L	initialize	External !	•	NO!	
IUniswapV2R outer01	Interface				
L	factory	External !		NO!	
L	WETH	External !		NO.	
L	addLiquidity	External !	•	NO!	



Contract	Туре	Bases		
L	addLiquidityE TH	External !	<u>a</u>	NO.
L	removeLiquidit y	External !	•	NO!
L	removeLiquidit yETH	External !	•	NO!
L	removeLiquidit yWithPermit	External!	•	NO!
L	removeLiquidit yETHWithPer mit	External !		NO!
L	swapExactTok ensForTokens	External !		NO!
L	swapTokensFo rExactTokens	External !		NO!
L	swapExactETH ForTokens	External !	G D	NO!
L	swapTokensFo rExactETH	External !		NO!
L	swapExactTok ensForETH	External !		NO!
L	swapETHForE xactTokens	External !	Ф	NO.
L	quote	External !		NO!
L	getAmountOut	External !		NO!
L	getAmountIn	External !		NO!
L	getAmountsOu t	External !		NO!
L	getAmountsIn	External !		NO!



Contract	Туре	Bases		
IUniswapV2R outer02	Interface	IUniswapV2Ro uter01		
L	removeLiquidit yETHSupporti ngFeeOnTransf erTokens	External !		NO!
L	removeLiquidit yETHWithPer mitSupporting FeeOnTransfer Tokens	External !		NO!
L	swapExactTok ensForTokensS upportingFeeO nTransferToke ns	External !		NO!
L	swapExactETH ForTokensSup portingFeeOnT ransferTokens	External !	d ia	NO.
L	swapExactTok ensForETHSup portingFeeOnT ransferTokens	External !		NO!
Blockway	Implementatio n	Context, IERC20, Ownable		
L		Public !	•	NO!
L	name	Public !		NO!
L	symbol	Public !		NO!
L	decimals	Public !		NO!
L	totalSupply	Public !		NO!



Contract	Туре		Bases	
L	balanceOf	Public !		NO!
L	allowance	Public !		NO!
L	increaseAllowa nce	Public !		NO!
L	decreaseAllow ance	Public !		NO.
L	minimumToke nsBeforeSwap Amount	Public !		NO!
L	approve	Public !		NO!
L	_approve	Private 🔓		
L	setIsTxLimitEx empt	External !		onlyOwner
L	setIsExcludedF romFee	Public !		onlyOwner
L	setBuyTaxes	External !		onlyOwner
L	setSellTaxes	External !	•	onlyOwner
L	setMaxTxAmo unt	External !		onlyOwner
L	setIsWalletLim itExempt	External !		onlyOwner
L	setWalletLimit	External !		onlyOwner
L	setSwapAndLi quifyEnabled	Public !	•	onlyOwner
L	getCirculatingS upply	Public !		NO!
L	transferToAddr essETH	Private 🔐		



Contract	Туре	Bases		
L		External !	S P	NO!
L	transfer	Public !		NO!
L	transferFrom	Public !		NO!
L	_transfer	Private 🔐		
L	_basicTransfer	Internal 🔒		
L	swapAndLiquif y	Private 🔐		lockTheSwap
L	swapTokensFo rEth	Private 🔐		
L	addLiquidity	Private 🔐		
L	takeFee	Internal 🖺		

Function Function can modify is payable state



Audit Scope

Audit Method.

Our smart contract audit is an extensive methodical examination and analysis of the smart contract's code that is used to interact with the blockchain. Goal: discover errors, issues and security vulnaribilities in the code. Findings getting reported and improvements getting suggested.

Automatic and Manual Review

We are using automated tools to scan functions and weeknesses of the contract. Transfers, integer over-undeflow checks such as all CWE events.

Tools we use:

Visual Studio Code **CWE** SWC Solidity Scan **SVD**

In manual code review our auditor looking at source code and performing line by line examination. This method helps to clarify developer's coding decisions and business logic.

Skeleton Ecosystem

https://skeletonecosystem.com

https://github.com/SkeletonEcosystem/Audits

