



UXER Network UXER BEP20

0x72aED6BAAC46B1520Fe1ad905CE068B19B476e21





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Global Disclaimer

This document serves as a disclaimer for the crypto smart contract audit conducted by Skeleton Ecosystem. The purpose of the audit was to review the codebase of the smart contracts for potential vulnerabilities and issues. It is important to note the following:

Limited Scope: The audit is based on the code and information available up to the audit completion date. It does not cover external factors, system interactions, or changes made after the audit. The audit itself can not guarantee 100% safaty and can not detect common scam methods like farming and developer sell-out.

No Guarantee of Security: While we have taken reasonable steps to identify vulnerabilities, it is impossible to guarantee the complete absence of security risks or issues. The audit report provides an assessment of the contract's security as of the audit date.

Continued Development: Smart contracts and blockchain technology are evolving fields. Updates, forks, or changes to the contract post-audit may introduce new risks that were not present during the audit.

Third-party Code: If the smart contract relies on third-party libraries or code, those components were not thoroughly audited unless explicitly stated. Security of these dependencies is the responsibility of their respective developers.

Non-Exhaustive Testing: The audit involved automated analysis, manual review, and testing under controlled conditions. It is possible that certain vulnerabilities or issues may not have been identified.

Risk Evaluation: The audit report includes a risk assessment for identified vulnerabilities. It is recommended that the development team carefully reviews and addresses these risks to mitigate potential exploits.

Not Financial Advice: This audit report is not intended as financial or investment advice. Decisions regarding the use, deployment, or investment in the smart contract should be made based on a comprehensive assessment of the associated risks.

By accessing and using this audit report, you acknowledge and agree to the limitations outlined above. Skeleton Ecosystem and its auditors shall not be held liable for any direct or indirect damages resulting from the use of the audit report or the smart contract itself.

Please consult with legal, technical, and financial professionals before making any decisions related to the smart contract.

SKELETON ECOSYSTEM SMART CONTRACT AUDIT REPORT

UXER NETWORK BEP20

Overview

Contract Name	UxerNetwork
Ticker/Simbol	UXER
Blockchain	Binance Smart Chain BEP20
Contract Address	0x72aED6BAAC46B1520Fe1ad905CE068B19B476e21
Creator Address	0x0C974E77968573ceE475804A8C1CEa7F70Db2172
Current Owner Address	0x0C974E77968573ceE475804A8C1CEa7F70Db2172
Contract Explorer	https://bscscan.com/token/0x72aED6BAAC46B1520Fe 1ad905CE068B19B476e21#code
Compiler Version	v0.8.7+commit.e28d00a7
License	unlicense
Optimisation	Yes with 200 Runs
Total Supply	100,000,000 UXER
Decimals	18

Creation/Audit

Contract Deployed	06.08.2024
Audit Created	19.08.2024
Audit Update	V 1.0

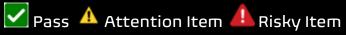
Verified Socials

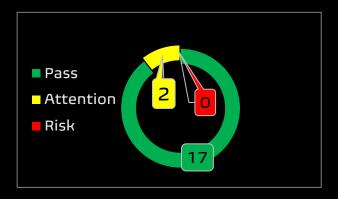
Website	https://uxer.network/
Telegram	https://t.me/UXER_NETWORK
Twitter (X)	https://x.com/UxerNetwork



Contract Function Analysis







Contract Verified	>	The contract source code is uploaded to blockchain explorer and is open source, so everybody can read it.
Contract Ownership		0x26cBBF2CF25eA09E159D666aE618feF3e2Bb2c1A
Buy Tax	8 %	Shows the taxes for purchase transactions. Above 10% may be considered a high tax rate. More than 50% tax rate means may not be tradable. Fee can be set!
Sell Tax	8 %	Shows the taxes for sell transactions. Above 10% may be considered a high tax rate. More than 50% tax rate means may not be tradable. Fee can be set!
Honeypot Analyse	✓	Holder is able to buy and sell. If honeypot: The contract blocks sell transfer from holder wallet. Multiple events may cause honeypot. Trading disabled, extremely high tax
Liqudity Status	✓	Liqudity Status on 19.08.2024: Locked 99.00% UNCX for 350 days
Trading Disable Functions	✓	No Trading suspendable function found. If a suspendable code is included, the token maybe neither be bought or sold (honeypot risk). If contract is renounced this function can't be used
Set Fees function	⚠ max 30%	Fee Setting function found. The contract owner may contain the authority to modify the transaction tax. If the transaction tax is increased to more than 49%, the tokens may not be able to be traded (honeypot risk).
Proxy Contract	✓	Not a Proxy contract.
Mint Function	>	No Mint Function detected Mint function is transparent or non-existent. Hidden mint functions may increase the amount of tokens in circulation and effect the price of the token. Owner can mint new tokens and sell.



Balance	~	No Balance Modifier function found.
Modifier Function		If there is a function for this, the contract owner can have the authority to modify the balance of tokens at other addresses. For example revoke the bought tokens from the holders wallet. Common form of scam: You buy the token, but it's disappearing from your wallet.
Blacklist	✓	No Blacklist Setting function found.
Function		Case: Set Wallets exclude from dividends. Not Blacklist from trading.
Whitelist		No Whitelist Setting function found.
Function	<u> </u>	If there is a function for this Developer can set zero fee or no max wallet size for adresses (for example team wallets can trade without fee. Can cause farming)
Hidden Owner		No Hidden or multi owner with authorisation
Analysis	✓	For contract with a hidden owner, developer can still manipulate the contract even if the ownership has been abandoned.
Retrieve Ownership	✓	No Functions found which can retrieve ownership of the contract.
Function		If this function exists, it is possible for the project owner to regain ownership even after relinquishing it. Also known as fake renounce.
Self Destruct	~	No Self Destruct function found.
Function		If this function exists and is triggered, the contract will be destroyed, all functions will be unavailable, and all related assets will be erased.
Specific Tax	~	No Specific Tax Changing Functions found.
Changing Function		If it exists, the contract owner may set a very outrageous tax rate for assigned address to block it from trading. Can assign all wallets at once!
Trading Cooldown Function	✓	No Trading Cooldown Function found. If there is a trading cooldown function, the user will not be able to sell the token within a certain time or block after buying. Like a temporary honeypot.
Max		Max Transaction and Holding Modify function found.
Transaction and Holding Modify Function	A	If there is a function for this, the maximum trading amount or maximum position can be modified. Can cause honeypot
Transaction	✓	No Transaction Limiter Function Found.
Limiting Function		The number of overall token transactions may be limited (honeypot risk)



Details of Risk - Attention Items



▲ Set Fee (Max 30% total Buy+Sell)

(Remedation: Renounce ownership to zero address at an acceptable fee setting)

The contract owner may contain the authority to modify the transaction tax. If the transaction tax is increased to more than 49%, the tokens may not be able to be traded (honeypot risk).

```
ftrace | funcSig
function Taxes_Update(address payable wallet) public onlyOwner() {
    Marketing Wallet = wallet1;
    checknofee_transfer[Marketing_Wallet] = true;
```

Max Transaction and Holding Modify function

Remedation: Renounce ownership to zero address.

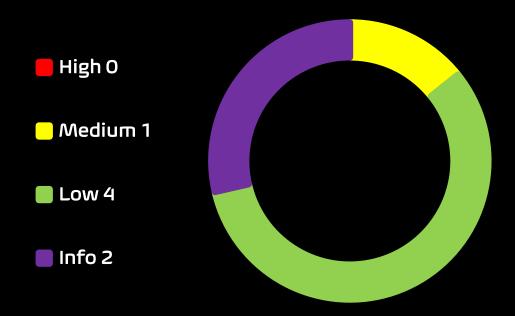
If there is a function for this, the maximum trading amount or maximum position can be modified. Can cause honeypot

```
function _maxTransactions_update(uint256 maxTxPercent_x1001) external onlyOwner() {
    _maxTransactions = _tTotal*maxTxPercent_x1001/10000;
```



Contract Security

Total Findings: 7



- **High Severity Issues:** High possibility to cause problems, need to be resolved.
- **Medium Severity Issue:** Will likely cause problems, recommended to resolve.
- **Low Severity Issues:** Won't cause problems, but for improvement purposes could be adjusted.
- Informational Severity Issues: Not harmful in any way, information for the developer team.



Contract Security List of Found Issues

- High severity Issues: (0)
- Medium severity issues: (1)
 - Incorrect Access Control
- Low severity issues: (4)
 - Missing Events
 - Long number literals
 - Outdated Compiler Version
 - Floating Pragma
- Informational severity issues: (2)
 - Public Functions Should be Declared External
 - State Variables Should be Declared Constant



Contract Weakness Classisication

THE SMART CONTRACT WEAKNESS CLASSIFICATION REGISTRY (SWC REGISTRY) IS AN IMPLEMENTATION OF THE WEAKNESS CLASSIFICATION SCHEME PROPOSED IN EIP-1470. IT IS LOOSELY ALIGNED TO THE TERMINOLOGIES AND STRUCTURE USED IN THE COMMON WEAKNESS ENUMERATION (CWE) WHILE OVERLAYING A WIDE RANGE OF WEAKNESS VARIANTS THAT ARE

ID	Description	Al	Manual	Result
SWC-100	Function Default Visibility	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-101	Integer Overflow and Underflow	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-102	Outdated Compiler Version	low	low	low
SWC-103	Floating Pragma	low	Passed	Passed
SWC-104	Unchecked Call Return Value	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-105	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-106	Unprotected SELFDESTRUCT Instruction	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-107	Reentrancy	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-108	State Variable Default Visibility	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-109	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-110	Assert Violation	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-111	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-112	Delegatecall to Untrusted Callee	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-113	DoS with Failed Call	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-114	Transaction Order Dependence	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-115	Authorization through tx.origin	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-116	Block values as a proxy for time	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-117	Signature Malleability	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-118	Incorrect Constructor Name	Passed	Passed	Passed



SWC-119	Shadowing State Variables	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-120	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-121	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-122	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-123	Requirement Violation	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-124	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-125	Incorrect Inheritance Order	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-126	Insufficient Gas Griefing	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-127	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-128	DoS With Block Gas Limit	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-129	Typographical Error	low	Passed	Passed
SWC-130	Right-To-Left-Override control character (U+202E)	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-131	Presence of unused variables	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-132	Unexpected Ether balance	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-133	Hash Collisions With Multiple Variable Length Arguments	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-134	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-135	Code With No Effects	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-136	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	Passed	Passed	Passed



Detected High and Medium Severity Vulnerability Description.

▲ Incorrect Acces Control (1 Item)

Item: 1	Location:	Line 520-525	Severity:	Medium
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Function	Access control plays an important role in segregation of privileges in smart contracts and other applications. If this is misconfigured or not properly validated on sensitive functions, it may lead to loss of funds, tokens and in some cases compromise of the smart contract.
	The contract UxerNetwork is importing an access control library @openzeppelin/contracts/access/Ownable.sol but the function approve is missing the modifier onlyOwner.
Remedation	 Ensure that initialization functions can only be called once and only by authorized entities. Implement least-privilege roles using libraries like OpenZeppelin's Access Control. Add proper access control modifiers to sensitive functions, such as onlyOwner or custom roles.

```
ftrace | funcSig
function approve(address spender1, uint256 amount1) public override returns (bool) {
   _approve(_msgSender(), spender1, amount1);
    return true;
```



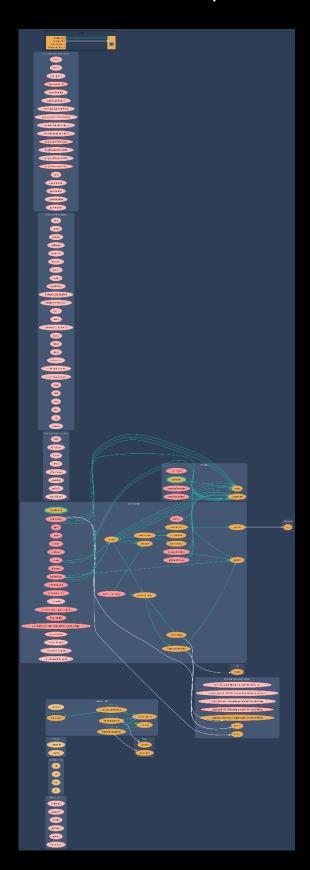
▲ Outdated Compiler Version

Item: 1 Location	n: Line 15	Severity: Low
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Function	Using an outdated compiler version can be problematic especially if there are publicly disclosed bugs and issues that affect the current compiler version. The following outdated versions were detected: /uxer.sol - ^0.8.7
Remedation	It is recommended to use a recent version of the Solidity compiler that should not be the most recent version, and it should not be an outdated version as well. Using very old versions of Solidity prevents the benefits of bug fixes and newer security checks. Consider using the solidity version v0.8.24, which patches most solidity vulnerabilities.

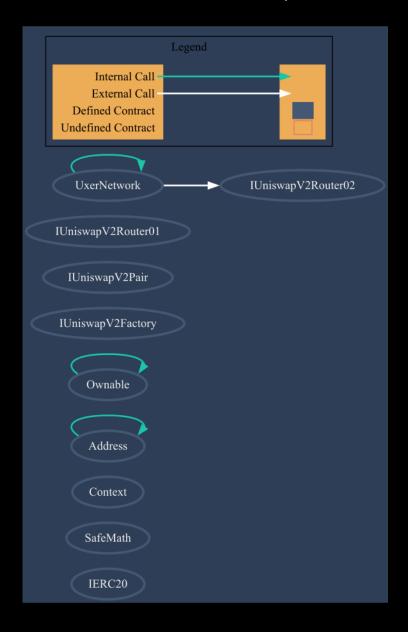


Contract Flow Graph

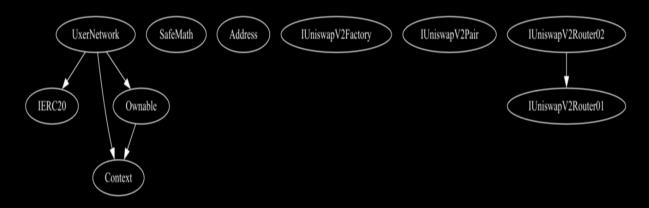




Contract Interaction Graph



Inheritance Graph



Contract Functions

Contract	Туре		Bases	
L	Function Name	Visibility	Mutability	Modifiers
IERC20	Interface			
L	totalSupply	External 🌡		Nol
L	balanceOf	External 🌡		Мо[
L	transfer	External 🎚		No[
L	allowance	External [No[
L	арргоvе	External [иоД
L	transferFrom	External [No[
SafeMath	Library			
L	add	Internal 🖺		
L	sub	Internal 🖺		
L	mul	Internal 🖺		
L	div	Internal 🖺		
L	sub	Internal 🖺		
L	div	Internal 🖺		
Context	Implementati on			
L	_msgSender	Internal 🖺		
L	_msgData	Internal 🖺		



Address	Library		
L	isContract	Internal 🖺	
L	sendValue	Internal 🖺	
L	functionCall	Internal 🖺	
L	functionCall	Internal 🖺	
L	functionCallW ithValue	Internal 🖺	
L	functionCallW ithValue	Internal 🖺	
L	functionStati cCall	Internal 🖺	
L	functionStati cCall	Internal 🖺	
L	functionDeleg ateCall	Internal 🖺	
L	functionDeleg ateCall	Internal 🖺	
٦	_verifyCallRes ult	Private 🖺	
Ownable	Implementati on	Context	
L		Public 🎚	NO[
L	owner	Public 🎚	NO[
L	renounceOwn ership	Public 🎚	onlyOwner
L	transferOwne rship	Public 🎚	onlyOwner
IUniswapV2Fa ctory	Interface		



L	feeTo	External 🎚	Nol
L	feeToSetter	External 🌡	Noĵ
L	getPair	External 🌡	Мо[
L	allPairs	External 🌡	Мо[
L	allPairsLengt h	External 🎚	Пои
L	createPair	External 🌡	Nol
L	setFeeTo	External 🌡	Мо[
L	setFeeToSett er	External [Пои
IUniswapV2P air	Interface		
L	пате	External 🎚	Мо[
L	symbol	External [Мо[
L	decimals	External [Мо[
L	totalSupply	External [Мо[
L	balanceOf	External 🌡	Мо[
L	allowance	External [Мој
L	арргоvе	External [Мо[
L	transfer	External [МОД
L	transferFrom	External [Nol
L	DOMAIN_SEP ARATOR	External 🏻	МоД
L	PERMIT_TYPE HASH	External [Мо[



L	nonces	External [Nol
L	permit	External 🎚		Мо[
L	MINIMUM_LI QUIDITY	External [Пои
L	factory	External [Nol
L	token0	External [Мој
L	token1	External [Мо[
L	getReserves	External [Мо[
L	price0Cumula tiveLast	External 🎚		Пои
L	price1Cumula tiveLast	External 🎚		Мо[
L	kLast	External 🌡		Мо[
L	burn	External [Мо[
L	swap	External [Мој
L	skim	External [Мој
L	sync	External [Мо[
L	initialize	External 🎚		ПоЛ
IUniswapV2R outer01	Interface			
L	factory	External [Мо[
L	WETH	External [Nol
L	addLiquidity	External [Nol
L	addLiquidityE TH	External 🏻	dip	МоД



L	removeLiquid ity	External 🎚		Пои
ا	removeLiquid ityETH	External 🎚		No[
١	removeLiquid ityWithPermit	External [Пои
_	removeLiquid ityETHWithPe rmit	External 🎚		Пои
_	swapExactTo kensForToken s	External 🎚		Пои
L	swapTokensF orExactToken s	External [Пои
L	swapExactET HForTokens	External 🎚	U D	No[
ا	swapTokensF orExactETH	External [No[
ا	swapExactTo kensForETH	External 🎚		Nol
١	swapETHForE xactTokens	External [d D	No[
L	quote	External 🎚		Nol
L	getAmountOu t	External 🎚		Пои
L	getAmountIn	External 🎚		Мо[
L	getAmounts0 ut	External 🎚		МоД
L	getAmountsIn	External [Nol
IUniswapV2R outer02	Interface	IUniswapV2R outer01		



L	removeLiquid ityETHSuppor tingFeeOnTra nsferTokens	External 🎚		ПоП
L	removeLiquid ityETHWithPe rmitSupportin gFeeOnTransf erTokens	External 🎚		Пои
L	swapExactTo kensForToken sSupportingF eeOnTransfer Tokens	External 🎚		ПоП
١	swapExactET HForTokensS upportingFee OnTransferTo kens	External 🎚	aip	ПоП
	swapExactTo kensForETHS upportingFee OnTransferTo kens	External 🎚		ПоЛ
UxerNetwork	Implementati on	Context, IERC20, Ownable		
L		Public 🌡		Nol
L	name	Public 🌡		Nol
L	symbol	Public 🌡		Nol
L	decimals	Public 🌡		Nol
L	totalSupply	Public 🌡		Nol
L	balanceOf	Public 🌡		Nol
L	transfer	Public 🎚		Nol



L	allowance	Public 🎚		NO
L				
ı	арргоvе	Public 🎚		NO
L	transferFrom	Public 🎚		МО[
١	increaseAllow ance	Public 🎚		No
١	decreaseAllo wance	Public 🎚		Nol
١	excludeTaxLi mit	Public 🎚		onlyOwner
L	includeInTaxL imit	Public 🎚		onlyOwner
L	_tax_update	External [onlyOwner
٦	set_Swap_An d_Liquify_Ena bled	Public 🎚		onlyOwner
L	Taxes_Update	Public 🎚		onlyOwner
٦	set_Number_ Of_Transactio ns_Before_Liq uify_Trigger	Public 🎚		onlyOwner
L		External [d D	МО[
L	No_fee_Trans fer	External 🌡		onlyOwner
L	_maxCoinHold _update	External 🎚		onlyOwner
L	_maxTransact ions_update	External 🎚		onlyOwner
∟	removeAllFee	Private 🖺		
L	restoreAllFee	Private 🖺		
L	_approve	Private 🖺		



L	_transfer	Private 🖺	
L	sendToWallet	Private 🖺	
L	swapAndLiqui fy	Private 🖺	lockTheSwap
L	process_Tran saction	Public 🎚	onlyOwner
L	swapTokensF orBNB	Private 🖺	
L	_tokenTransf er	Private 🖺	
L	_transferToke ns	Private 🖺	
١	_getValues	Private 🖺	

Function can modify 51]state

Function is payable



Audit Scope

Audit Method.

Our smart contract audit is an extensive methodical examination and analysis of the smart contract's code that is used to interact with the blockchain. Goal: discover errors, issues and security vulnaribilities in the code. Findings getting reported and improvements getting suggested.

Automatic and Manual Review

We are using automated tools to scan functions and weeknesses of the contract. Transfers, integer over-undeflow checks such as all CWE events.

Tools we use:

Visual Studio Code **CWE SWC** Solidity Scan **SVD**

In manual code review our auditor looking at source code and performing line by line examination. This method helps to clarify developer's coding decisions and business logic.

Skeleton Ecosystem

https://skeletonecosystem.com

https://github.com/SkeletonEcosystem/Audits

