



0x3e37964D723c2Ce68C508D0De52936847d1F109a







Table of Contents

Table of Contents	1
Disclaimer	2
Overview	3
Creation/Audit Date	3
Verified Socials	3
Contract Functions Analysis	4
Contract Safety and Weakness	6
Detected Vulnerability Description	10
Contract Flow Graph	11
Contract Interaction Graph	12
Inheritance Graph	13
Contract Desciptions	14
Audit Scope	23



Global Disclaimer

This document serves as a disclaimer for the crypto smart contract audit conducted by Skeleton Ecosystem. The purpose of the audit was to review the codebase of the smart contracts for potential vulnerabilities and issues. It is important to note the following:

Limited Scope: The audit is based on the code and information available up to the audit completion date. It does not cover external factors, system interactions, or changes made after the audit. The audit itself can not guarantee 100% safaty and can not detect common scam methods like farming and developer sell-out.

No Guarantee of Security: While we have taken reasonable steps to identify vulnerabilities, it is impossible to guarantee the complete absence of security risks or issues. The audit report provides an assessment of the contract's security as of the audit date.

Continued Development: Smart contracts and blockchain technology are evolving fields. Updates, forks, or changes to the contract postaudit may introduce new risks that were not present during the audit.

Third-party Code: If the smart contract relies on third-party libraries or code, those components were not thoroughly audited unless explicitly stated. Security of these dependencies is the responsibility of their respective developers.

Non-Exhaustive Testing: The audit involved automated analysis, manual review, and testing under controlled conditions. It is possible that certain vulnerabilities or issues may not have been identified.

Risk Evaluation: The audit report includes a risk assessment for identified vulnerabilities. It is recommended that the development team carefully reviews and addresses these risks to mitigate potential exploits.

Not Financial Advice: This audit report is not intended as financial or investment advice. Decisions regarding the use, deployment, or investment in the smart contract should be made based on a comprehensive assessment of the associated risks.

By accessing and using this audit report, you acknowledge and agree to the limitations outlined above. Skeleton Ecosystem and its auditors shall not be held liable for any direct or indirect damages resulting from the use of the audit report or the smart contract itself.

Please consult with legal, technical, and financial professionals before making any decisions related to the smart contract.



Overview

Contract Name	TechGecko
Ticker/Simbol	GECK
Blockchain	Binance Smart Chain BEP20
Contract Address	0x3e37964D723c2Ce68C508D0De52936847d1F109a
Creator Address	0x13367DbD2f7eF7c7A3128a76F4C830288c8A2E47
Current Owner Address	Renounce
Contract Explorer	https://bscscan.com/token/0x3e37964d723c2ce68c508 d0de52936847d1f109a
Compiler Version	v0.8.18+commit.87f61d96
License	MIT
Optimisation	Yes with 200 Runs
Total Supply	100,000,000,000 GECK
Decimals	18

Creation/Audit

Contract Deployed	24 sept 2023
Audit Created	13 oct 2023
Audit Update	V 1.0

Verified Socials

Website	https://www.techgecko.xyz/
Telegram	https://t.me/techgecko1
Twitter (X)	https://twitter.com/TechGeckoToken

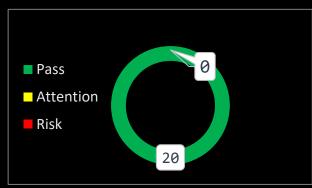


TECHGECKO BEP20

Contract Function Analysis

Pass Attention Item Alsky Item





Contract Verified	✓	The contract source code is uploaded to blockchain explorer and is open source, so everybody can read it.
Contract Ownership	>	Renounced
Buy Tax	4 %	Shows the taxes for purchase transactions. Above 10% may be considered a high tax rate. More than 50% tax rate means may not be tradable. Fee can be set!
Sell Tax	4 %	Shows the taxes for sell transactions. Above 10% may be considered a high tax rate. More than 50% tax rate means may not be tradable. Fee can be set!
Honeypot Analyse	✓	Holder is able to buy and sell. If honeypot: The contract blocks sell transfer from holder wallet. Multiple events may cause honeypot. Trading disabled, extremely high tax
Liqudity Status	✓	84% Locked for 355 Days. Mudra Locker Burned 14.8%
Trading Disable Functions	✓	No Trading suspendable function found. If a suspendable code is included, the token maybe neither be bought or sold (honeypot risk). If contract is renounced this function can't be used
Set Fees		Fee Setting function found but Contract is Renounced. Safe
function	✓	The contract owner may contain the authority to modify the transaction tax. If the transaction tax is increased to more than 49%, the tokens may not be able to be traded (honeypot risk).
Proxy Contract	✓	Not a proxy contract!
Mint Function	✓	No Mint Function detected Mint function is transparent or non-existent. Hidden mint functions may increase the amount of tokens in circulation and effect the price of the token. Owner can mint new tokens and sell.

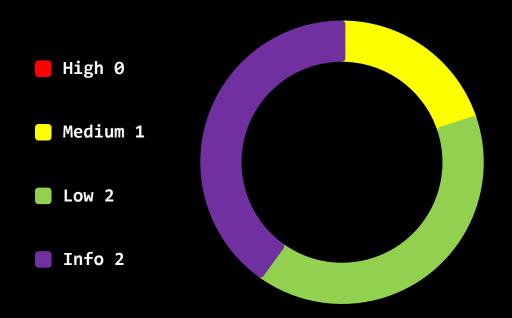


Balance		No Balance Modifier function found.
Modifier Function		If there is a function for this, the contract owner can have the authority to modify the balance of tokens at other addresses. For example revoke the bought tokens from the holders wallet. Common form of scam: You buy the token, but it's disappearing from your wallet.
Blacklist Function	✓	Blacklist Setting function found but Contract is Renounced. Safe
T 4112 62011		If there is a blacklist, some addresses may not be able to trade normally. Example: you buy the token and right after your Wallet getting blacklisted. Like so you will be unable to sell. Honeypot Risk.
Whitelist Function	<u> </u>	Whitelist Setting function found but Contract is Renounced. Safe
		If there is a function for this Developer can set zero fee or no max wallet size for adresses (for example team wallets can trade without fee. Can cause farming)
Hidden	/	No authorised hidden owner found.
Owner Analysis		For contract with a hidden owner, developer can still manipulate the contract even if the ownership has been abandoned. Fake renounce.
Retrieve Ownership		No functions found which can retrieve ownership of the contract.
Function		If this function exists, it is possible for the project owner to regain ownership even after relinquishing it. Also known as fake renounce.
Self	✓	No Self Destruct function found.
Destruct Function		If this function exists and is triggered, the contract will be destroyed, all functions will be unavailable, and all related assets will be erased.
Specific	✓	No Specific Tax Changing Functions found.
Tax Changing Function		If it exists, the contract owner may set a very outrageous tax rate for assigned address to block it from trading. Can assign all wallets at once!
Trading Cooldown Function	>	No Trading Cooldown Function found. If there is a trading cooldown function, the user will not be able to sell the token within a certain time or block after buying. Like a temporary honeypot.
Max Transaction and Holding Modify Function	✓	No Max Transaction and Holding Modify function found. If there is a function for this, the maximum trading amount or maximum position can be modified. Can cause honeypot
Transaction Limiting Function	✓	No Transaction Limiter Function Found. The number of overall token transactions may be limited (honeypot risk)



Contract Security

Total Findings: 5



- **High Severity Issues:** High possibility to cause problems, need to be resolved.
- Medium Severity Issue: Will likely cause problems, recommended to resolve.
- Low Severity Issues: Won't cause problems, but for improvement purposes could be adjusted.
- Informational Severity Issues: Not harmful in any way,
 information for the developer team.



Contract Security List of Found Issues

- High severity Issues: (0)
- Medium severity issues: (1)
 - Unchecked Array Lenght
- Low severity issues: (2)
 - Missing Events
 - Long Number Literals
- Informational severity issues: (2)
 - Hard Coded Address
 - Public Functions Should be Declared External



Contract Weakness Classisication

THE SMART CONTRACT WEAKNESS CLASSIFICATION REGISTRY (SWC REGISTRY) IS AN IMPLEMENTATION OF THE WEAKNESS CLASSIFICATION SCHEME PROPOSED IN EIP-1470. IT IS LOOSELY ALIGNED TO THE TERMINOLOGIES AND STRUCTURE USED IN THE COMMON WEAKNESS ENUMERATION (CWE) WHILE OVERLAYING A WIDE RANGE OF WEAKNESS VARIANTS THAT ARE SPECIFIC TO SMART CONTRACTS.

ID	Description	AI	Manual	Result
SWC-100	Function Default Visibility	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-101	Integer Overflow and Underflow	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-102	Outdated Compiler Version	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-103	Floating Pragma	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-104	Unchecked Call Return Value	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-105	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-106	Unprotected SELFDESTRUCT Instruction	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-107	Reentrancy	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-108	State Variable Default Visibility	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-109	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-110	Assert Violation	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-111	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-112	Delegatecall to Untrusted Callee	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-113	DoS with Failed Call	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-114	Transaction Order Dependence	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-115	Authorization through tx.origin	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-116	Block values as a proxy for time	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-117	Signature Malleability	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-118	Incorrect Constructor Name	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-119	Shadowing State Variables	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-120	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes	Passed	Passed	Passed





SWC-121	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-122	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-123	Requirement Violation	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-124	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-125	Incorrect Inheritance Order	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-126	Insufficient Gas Griefing	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-127	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-128	DoS With Block Gas Limit	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-129	Typographical Error	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-130	Right-To-Left-Override control character (U+202E)	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-131	Presence of unused variables	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-132	Unexpected Ether balance	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-133	Hash Collisions With Multiple Variable Length Arguments	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-134	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-135	Code With No Effects	Passed	Passed	Passed
SWC-136	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	Passed	Passed	Passed



Detected High and Medium Severity Vulnerability Description.

Unchecked Array Lenght (1 Items)

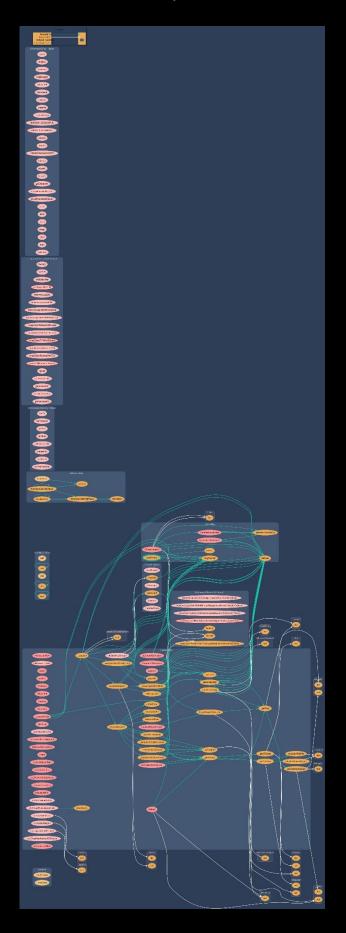
Item: 1	Location:	Line 611	Severity:	Medium
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Function	Ethereum is a very resource-constrained environment. Prices per computational step are orders of magnitude higher than with centralized providers. Moreover, Ethereum miners impose a limit on the total number of Gas consumed in a block. If array.length is large enough, the function exceeds the block gas limit, and transactions calling it will never be confirmed. for (uint256 i = 0; i < array.length; i++) { cosltyFunc(); }
	This becomes a security issue if an external actor influences array.length. E.g., if an array enumerates all registered addresses, an adversary can register many addresses, causing the problem described above.
Remedation	Either explicitly or just due to normal operation, the number of iterations in a loop can grow beyond the block gas limit, which can cause the complete contract to be stalled at a certain point. Therefore, loops with a bigger or unknown number of steps should always be avoided.

```
function includeInReward(address account) external onlyOwner() {
   require( isExcluded[account1], "Account is already excluded");
    for (uint256 i = 0; i < _excluded.length; i++) {</pre>
        if (_excluded[i] == account1) {
```

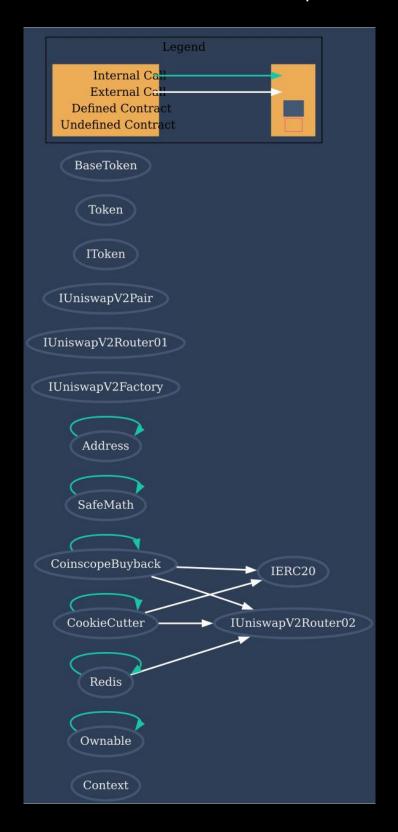


Contract Flow Graph



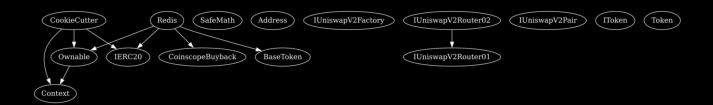


Contract Interaction Graph





Inheritance Graph





Contract Functions

Contract	Туре	Bases		
L	Function Name	Visibility	Mutability	Modifiers
Context	Implementation			
L	_msgSender	Internal 🖺		
L	_msgData	Internal 🖺		
Ownable	Implementation	Context		
L		Public 🌡		NO
L	owner	Public 🎚		NO
L	renounceOwner ship	Public 🌡		onlyOwner
L	transferOwners hip	Public 🌡		onlyOwner
L	_transferOwners hip	Internal 🖺		
IERC20	Interface			
L	totalSupply	External 🌡		NOI
L	balanceOf	External 🏻		NOJ
L	allowance	External 🌡		NO
L	transfer	External 🌡		NO
L	approve	External 🌡		NO
L	transferFrom	External 🏻		МО[
SafeMath	Library			





Contract	Туре	Bases		
L	add	Internal 🖺		
L	sub	Internal 🖺		
L	sub	Internal 🖺		
L	mul	Internal 🖺		
L	div	Internal 🖺		
L	div	Internal 🖺		
L	mod	Internal 🖺		
L	mod	Internal 🖺		
Address	Library			
L	isContract	Internal 🖺		
L	sendValue	Internal 🖺		
L	functionCall	Internal 🖺		
L	functionCall	Internal 🖺		
L	functionCallWit hValue	Internal 🖺		
L	functionCallWit hValue	Internal 🖺		
L	_functionCallWit hValue	Private 🖺		
IUniswapV2Fac tory	Interface			
L	feeTo	External 🌡		NO[
L	feeToSetter	External 🌡		NO[
L	getPair	External 🏻		NO[



Contract	Туре		Bases	
L	allPairs	External 🌡		NO
L	allPairsLength	External 🌡		NO
L	createPair	External 🌡		NO
L	setFeeTo	External 🌡		NO
L	setFeeToSetter	External 🏻		NO[
IUniswapV2Ro uter01	Interface			
L	factory	External 🌡		NOÏ
L	WETH	External 🌡		NO
L	addLiquidity	External 🌡		NO
L	addLiquidityETH	External 🌡	<u>din</u>	NOI
L	removeLiquidity	External 🌡		NO
L	removeLiquidity ETH	External 🌡		МО[
L	removeLiquidity WithPermit	External 🌡		NO[
L	removeLiquidity ETHWithPermit	External 🌡		NO[
L	swapExactToke nsForTokens	External 🌡		NO[
L	swapTokensFor ExactTokens	External 🌡		МО[
L	swapExactETHF orTokens	External 🌡	<u>an</u>	МО[
L	swapTokensFor ExactETH	External 🌡		NO[



Contract	Туре		Bases	
L	swapExactToke nsForETH	External 🌡		NO[
L	swapETHForExa ctTokens	External 🌡	d D	NO[
L	quote	External 🌡		NO
L	getAmountOut	External 🏻		NO
L	getAmountIn	External 🏻		№[
L	getAmountsOut	External 🏻		NO
L	getAmountsIn	External 🏻		NO
IUniswapV2Ro uter02	Interface	IUniswapV2Rou ter01		
L	removeLiquidity ETHSupportingF eeOnTransferTo kens	External 🌡		NO[
L	removeLiquidity ETHWithPermit SupportingFee OnTransferToke ns	External 🏻		иоД
L	swapExactToke nsForTokensSu pportingFeeOn TransferTokens	External 🌡		NOĴ
L	swapExactETHF orTokensSuppo rtingFeeOnTran sferTokens	External 🌡	ap	МО[
L	swapExactToke nsForETHSuppo rtingFeeOnTran sferTokens	External 🌡		МО[



Contract	Туре		Bases	
IUniswapV2Pai r	Interface			
L	name	External 🏻		NOÏ
L	symbol	External 🌡		NOÏ
L	decimals	External 🌡		NOÏ
L	totalSupply	External 🌡		NO
L	balanceOf	External 🌡		NO[
L	allowance	External 🌡		NOÏ
L	approve	External 🌡		NOÏ
L	transfer	External 🌡		NOÏ
L	transferFrom	External 🌡		NO[
L	DOMAIN_SEPA RATOR	External 🌡		NO
L	PERMIT_TYPEH ASH	External 🌡		NO
L	nonces	External 🏻		NOÏ
L	permit	External 🏻		NOÏ
L	MINIMUM_LIQ UIDITY	External 🏻		NO[
L	factory	External 🏻		NOJ
L	token0	External 🏻		NO
L	token1	External 🏻		NOJ
L	getReserves	External 🏻		NOJ
L	price0Cumulativ eLast	External 🌡		NO[



Contract	Туре		Bases	
L	price1Cumulativ eLast	External 🌡		NO[
L	kLast	External 🌡		NO
L	mint	External 🌡		NO
L	burn	External 🌡		NO
L	swap	External 🌡		NO
L	skim	External 🌡		NO
L	sync	External 🏻		NO
L	initialize	External 🏻		NO[
IToken	Interface			
CookieCutter	Implementation	Context, IERC20, Ownable		
L		Public 🌡		NO[
L	claimStuckToke ns	External 🌡		onlyOwner
L		External 🌡	<u>d</u> B	NO
L	name	Public 🌡		NO
L	symbol	Public 🌡		NO
L	decimals	Public 🌡		NO
L	totalSupply	Public 🌡		NO
L	balanceOf	Public 🌡		NO
L	transfer	Public 🌡		NO[
L	allowance	Public 🌡		NO[





Contract	Туре		Bases	
L	approve	Public 🌡		NO
L	transferFrom	Public 🌡		NO
L	increaseAllowan ce	Public 🌡		NO[
L	decreaseAllowa nce	Public 🌡		NO[
L	_approve	Private 🖺		
L	totalFees	Public 🌡		NO
L	deliver	Public 🌡		NO[
L	reflectionFromT oken	Public 🌡		NO[
L	tokenFromRefle ction	Public 🌡		№[
L	excludeFromRe ward	Public 🌡		onlyOwner
L	includeInRewar d	External 🌡		onlyOwner
L	isExcludedFrom Reward	Public 🌡		NO[
L	_transferBothEx cluded	Private 🖺		
L	_reflectFee	Private 🖺		
L	_getValues	Private 🖺		
L	_getTValues	Private 🖺		
L	_getRValues	Private 🖺		
L	_getRate	Private 🖺		





Contract	Туре		Bases	
L	_getCurrentSup ply	Private 🖺		
L	_takeLiquidity	Private 🖺		
L	calculateTaxFee	Private 🖺		
L	calculateLiquidit yFee	Private 🖺		
L	removeAllFee	Private 🖺		
L	restoreAllFee	Private 🖺		
L	isExcludedFrom Fee	Public 🌡		NO[
L	isBot	Public 🌡		NO
L	setBotSettingTi me	Public 🌡		onlyOwner
L	excludeAntibot	Public 🌡		onlyOwner
L	setBotFeeMultip licator	Public 🌡		onlyOwner
L	_transfer	Private 🖺		
L	swapAndLiquify	Private 🖺		
L	swapAndSendM arketing	Private 🖺		
L	_swapTokensFor BNB	Private 🖺		
L	_addLiquidity	Private 🖺		
L	_tokenTransfer	Private 🖺		
L	setBotFees	Private 🖺		



Contract	Туре		Bases	
L	_transferStandar d	Private 🖺		
L	take Marketing	Private 🖺		
L	_transferToExclu ded	Private 🖺		
L	_transferFromEx cluded	Private 🖺		
L	excludeFromFee	Public 🌡		onlyOwner
L	includeInFee	Public 🌡		onlyOwner
L	setMarketingW allet	External 🌡		onlyOwner
L	setTaxFeePerce nt	External 🌡		onlyOwner
L	setMarketingFe e	External 🌡		onlyOwner
L	setLiquidityFeeP ercent	External 🌡		onlyOwner
L	setSwapTokens AtAmount	External 🌡		onlyOwner
L	setSwapMaxAm ountOfTokens	External 🌡		onlyOwner
١	setSwapEnabled	Public 🎚		onlyOwner

Function can modify state

Function is payable



Audit Scope

Audit Method.

Our smart contract audit is an extensive methodical examination and analysis of the smart contract's code that is used to interact with the blockchain. Goal: discover errors, issues and security vulnaribilities in the code. Findings getting reported and improvements getting suggested.

Automatic and Manual Review

We are using automated tools to scan functions and weeknesses of the contract. Transfers, integer over-undeflow checks such as all CWE events.

Tools we use:

Visual Studio Code CWE SWC Solidity Scan SVD

In manual code review our auditor looking at source code and performing line by line examination. This method helps to clarify developer's coding decisions and business logic.

Skeleton Ecosystem

https://skeletonecosystem.com

https://github.com/SkeletonEcosystem/Audits

