

Analysis

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Setup

Install / load packages needed:

Load Data

```
data <- read_csv("data/cleanData.csv")

## Rows: 284 Columns: 131

## -- Column specification -----
## Delimiter: ","
## chr   (9): id, sex, condition, Frage1, Frage2, Frage3, Leiter, Anmerkungen,...
## dbl  (121): time, iat, ccs1, ccs2, ccs3, ccs4, ccs5, ccs6, ccs7, ccs8, ccs9,...
## dtm   (1): StartDate

##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.

data <- data %>% dplyr::select(
  id, time, iat, ccs, nr, nep, ipq, sod, ses, age, edu, sex, pol, vr_exp, vr_eval1, vr_eval2, vr_eval3,
  vr_eval4, vr_eval5, span, seen, condition, starts_with("Frage"), hr_mean, Leiter, Anmerkungen, Zeit
)

head(data)

## # A tibble: 6 x 29
##   id      time    iat   ccs    nr    nep   ipq   sod   ses   age   edu sex    pol
##   <chr> <dbl>  <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <chr> <dbl>
## 1 2828~    1  0.179  1.08  3.48  4.07   NA    NA   1.76   54    5 W      3
## 2 2828~    2  0.409   1    3.10  4.2    NA    NA   1.71   54    5 W      3
## 3 7799~    1 -0.496  1.17  4.14  3.93   NA    NA   1.53   21    4 M      2
## 4 7799~    2 -0.362  1.08  4.38  4.27   NA    NA   1.35   21    4 M      2
## 5 4379~    1  0.517  1.33  3.43  3.73   NA    NA   1.59   25    5 W      2
## 6 4379~    2  0.634  1.33  3.38  3.93   NA    NA   1.53   25    5 W      2
## # ... with 16 more variables: vr_exp <dbl>, vr_eval1 <dbl>, vr_eval2 <dbl>,
## #   vr_eval3 <dbl>, vr_eval4 <dbl>, vr_eval5 <dbl>, span <dbl>, seen <dbl>,
## #   condition <chr>, Frage1 <chr>, Frage2 <chr>, Frage3 <chr>, hr_mean <dbl>,
## #   Leiter <chr>, Anmerkungen <chr>, Zeit <chr>

# factor for vr or not
data <- data %>% group_by(id) %>%
  mutate(
```

```
vr = ifelse(condition %in% c("a", "b", "c"), TRUE, FALSE)
)
```

Keep in mind the conditions coding:

a == abstract

b == realistic

c == realistic but badly so

Check for multivariate outlier

```
# mvoutlier::chisq.plot(data[,c(3:6)])
# [1] 124 162 161 29 54
```

```
# removing three most extreme cases
rmId <- data$id[c(124, 161, 162)]
```

```
data <- data %>% filter(!id %in% rmId)
```

```
data$id[c(142,144,275)]
```

```
## [1] "90811768" "78489627" "04901439"
```

Analysis

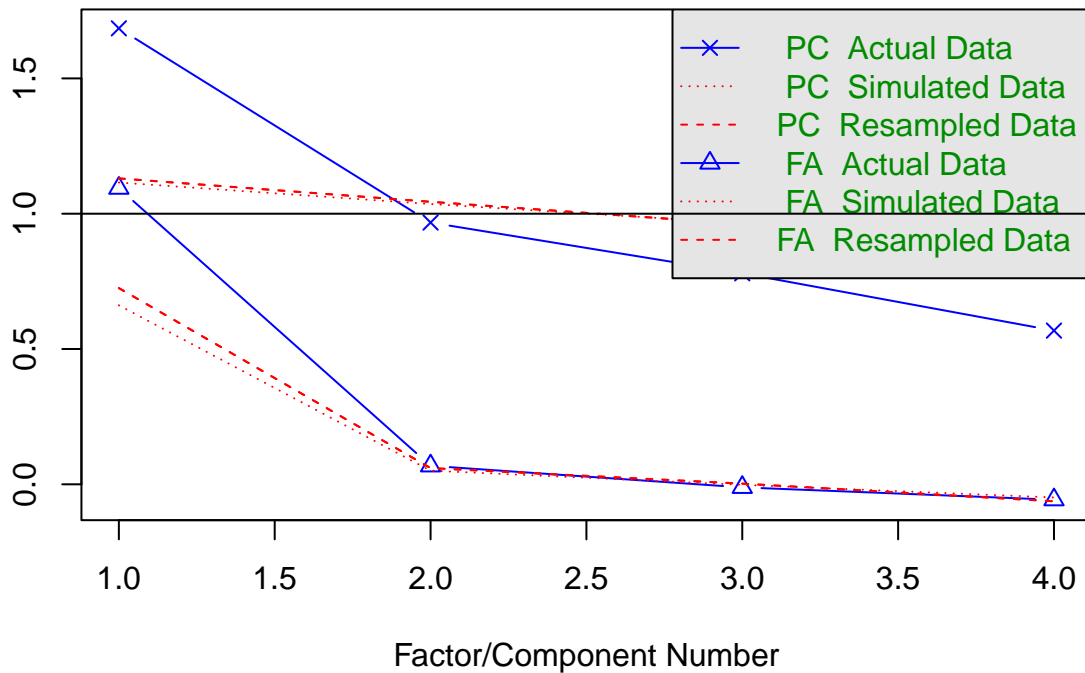
We try to find an acceptable model for each DV.

First, I would like to calculate a principal component of all dependent variables (dvs)

```
df_env <- data[c("iat", "ccs", "nr", "nep")]
psych::fa.parallel(df_env)
```

eigenvalues of principal components and factor analysis

Parallel Analysis Scree Plots



```
## Parallel analysis suggests that the number of factors = 1 and the number of components = 1
prc_env <- princomp(df_env, cor = TRUE)
# Seems like one factor might just be enough. However, this may be more revealing when done
# on raw data
summary(prc_env)
```

```
## Importance of components:
##               Comp.1   Comp.2   Comp.3   Comp.4
## Standard deviation  1.2980576 0.9835519 0.8829992 0.7536475
## Proportion of Variance 0.4212384 0.2418436 0.1949219 0.1419962
## Cumulative Proportion 0.4212384 0.6630819 0.8580038 1.0000000

data$env_pc <- prc_env$scores[,1]
```

Unidimensionality could be assumed. The scores of the first principal component were stored in `data$env_pc`. This vector can now be used as a dependent variable in further exploratory analyses.

This plot is not very useful I guess. Too crowded.

Univariate HLM

So we will create two models for each dependent variables:

First, the model will have the formula:

```
dv ~ condition * time + (time | id)
```

This will be simplified to the following model if model fit is singular:

```
dv ~ condition * time + (1 | id)
```

This will estimate a random intercept for each participant. This model will only take as input the vr conditions (a, b & c), or: `vr == TRUE`.

The second model will have the formula:

```
dv ~ vr * time + (time | condition) + (1 | id)
```

Where a random slope for time is estimated per condition. Further, there is a random intercept per condition, and per id.

Should model fit be singular, we would simplify the model to:

```
dv ~ vr * time + (1 | condition) + (1 | id)
```

If still singular, we would simplify to:

```
dv ~ vr * time + (1 | id)
```

Helping function

```
fit.lme <- function(form, dat){  
  lme4::lmer(formula = form, data = dat)  
}
```

```
fit_models <- function(dv, dat){  
  # this function returns a function which fits a model based on a formula minus the predictors.  
  # This function can be used in the next function which implements the conditions for reducing model comp  
  
  function(predictors){  
    form <- formula(paste(dv, predictors, sep = " ~ "))  
    print(form)  
    fit <- fit.lme(form = form, dat = dat)  
  }  
}
```

```
predictors.vr <- c("condition * time + (time | id)", "condition * time + (1 | id)")  
predictors.all <- c("vr * time + (time | condition) + (1 | id)", "vr * time + (1 | condition) + (1 | id)")  
  
# function to fit various models based on different inputs of predictors  
fit_many <- function(pred.vector, dat, dv){  
  fit_model <- fit_models(dv, dat)  
  
  sing <- TRUE  
  i <- 1  
  while((sing) & i<=length(pred.vector)){  
    model <- try(fit_model(pred.vector[i]))  
  
    if(class(model)!="try-error"){  
      sing <- isSingular(model)  
    }  
  
    i <- i + 1  
  }  
  print(paste("is model singular: ", sing))  
  model  
}
```

Vector containing name of all dv's

```
dvs <- c("iat", "ccs", "nr", "nep", "env_pc")
```

vr data

```
# split data frame:
```

```
data.vr <- data %>% filter(!vr)
```

```
vr.models <- lapply(dvs, FUN = function(dv) fit_many(pred.vector = predictors.vr, dat = data.vr, dv = d
```

```
## iat ~ condition * time + (time | id)
## <environment: 0x7fbc691aac50>
## Error : number of observations (=146) <= number of random effects (=146) for term (time | id); the r
## iat ~ condition * time + (1 | id)
## <environment: 0x7fbc6958ac50>
## [1] "is model singular: FALSE"
## ccs ~ condition * time + (time | id)
## <environment: 0x7fbc6a0ae000>
## Error : number of observations (=146) <= number of random effects (=146) for term (time | id); the r
## ccs ~ condition * time + (1 | id)
## <environment: 0x7fbc6a30b0e8>
## [1] "is model singular: FALSE"
## nr ~ condition * time + (time | id)
## <environment: 0x7fbc9e6c1a70>
## Error : number of observations (=146) <= number of random effects (=146) for term (time | id); the r
## nr ~ condition * time + (1 | id)
## <environment: 0x7fbc6a92b040>
## [1] "is model singular: FALSE"
## nep ~ condition * time + (time | id)
## <environment: 0x7fbc6b162a20>
## Error : number of observations (=146) <= number of random effects (=146) for term (time | id); the r
## nep ~ condition * time + (1 | id)
## <environment: 0x7fbc6b3c9e78>
## [1] "is model singular: FALSE"
## env_pc ~ condition * time + (time | id)
## <environment: 0x7fbc6ae5bcf0>
## Error : number of observations (=146) <= number of random effects (=146) for term (time | id); the r
## env_pc ~ condition * time + (1 | id)
## <environment: 0x7fbc6b8c2748>
## [1] "is model singular: FALSE"
```

```
all.models <- lapply(dvs, FUN = function(dv) fit_many(pred.vector = predictors.all, dat = data, dv = c
```

```
## iat ~ vr * time + (time | condition) + (1 | id)
## <environment: 0x7fbc6bedf158>

## boundary (singular) fit: see ?isSingular

## iat ~ vr * time + (1 | condition) + (1 | id)
## <environment: 0x7fbc9d92b7b0>
## [1] "is model singular: FALSE"
## ccs ~ vr * time + (time | condition) + (1 | id)
## <environment: 0x7fbc9c0df008>

## boundary (singular) fit: see ?isSingular

## ccs ~ vr * time + (1 | condition) + (1 | id)
```

```
## <environment: 0x7fbcae548678>
## boundary (singular) fit: see ?isSingular
## ccs ~ vr * time + (1 | id)
## <environment: 0x7fbcab77a638>
## [1] "is model singular: FALSE"
## nr ~ vr * time + (time | condition) + (1 | id)
## <environment: 0x7fbc9f1b0a80>
## boundary (singular) fit: see ?isSingular
## nr ~ vr * time + (1 | condition) + (1 | id)
## <environment: 0x7fbc68fb7580>
## [1] "is model singular: FALSE"
## nep ~ vr * time + (time | condition) + (1 | id)
## <environment: 0x7fbc699c6070>
## boundary (singular) fit: see ?isSingular
## nep ~ vr * time + (1 | condition) + (1 | id)
## <environment: 0x7fbc9eca25b8>
## boundary (singular) fit: see ?isSingular
## nep ~ vr * time + (1 | id)
## <environment: 0x7fbcba52ad00>
## [1] "is model singular: FALSE"
## env_pc ~ vr * time + (time | condition) + (1 | id)
## <environment: 0x7fbc6aa22da0>
## boundary (singular) fit: see ?isSingular
## env_pc ~ vr * time + (1 | condition) + (1 | id)
## <environment: 0x7fbc6b4a3708>
## [1] "is model singular: FALSE"
```

look at model summaries

vr

```
lapply(vr.models, FUN = summary)
```

```
## [[1]]
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: iat ~ condition * time + (1 | id)
## Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 146.3
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.98432 -0.60501  0.02046  0.55242  1.80005
##
## Random effects:
##  Groups   Name                Variance Std.Dev.
## id      (Intercept)  0.08092   0.2845
## Residual                    0.08530   0.2921
## Number of obs: 146, groups: id, 73
```

```

##
## Fixed effects:
##               Estimate Std. Error t value
## (Intercept)      0.469249   0.142465   3.294
## conditiontext.bild -0.220540   0.203564  -1.083
## conditionvideo     -0.043282   0.203564  -0.213
## time              -0.114739   0.082606  -1.389
## conditiontext.bild:time 0.098658   0.118034   0.836
## conditionvideo:time   -0.004853   0.118034  -0.041
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##      (Intr) cndtn. cndtnv time  cndt.:
## cndtntxt.bl -0.700
## conditionvd -0.700  0.490
## time        -0.870  0.609  0.609
## cndtntxt.b:  0.609 -0.870 -0.426 -0.700
## condtnvd:tm  0.609 -0.426 -0.870 -0.700  0.490
##
## [[2]]
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: ccs ~ condition * time + (1 | id)
## Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 156.3
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.4729 -0.3998 -0.1459  0.2664  4.4433
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name Variance Std.Dev.
## id      (Intercept) 0.15794  0.3974
## Residual 0.06402  0.2530
## Number of obs: 146, groups: id, 73
##
## Fixed effects:
##               Estimate Std. Error t value
## (Intercept)      1.52667   0.13828  11.040
## conditiontext.bild -0.08222   0.19759  -0.416
## conditionvideo     -0.04750   0.19759  -0.240
## time              -0.05333   0.07157  -0.745
## conditiontext.bild:time 0.02903   0.10226   0.284
## conditionvideo:time   0.05333   0.10226   0.522
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##      (Intr) cndtn. cndtnv time  cndt.:
## cndtntxt.bl -0.700
## conditionvd -0.700  0.490
## time        -0.776  0.543  0.543
## cndtntxt.b:  0.543 -0.776 -0.380 -0.700
## condtnvd:tm  0.543 -0.380 -0.776 -0.700  0.490
##
## [[3]]
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']

```

```

## Formula: nr ~ condition * time + (1 | id)
##   Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 161.6
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.61940 -0.36602  0.06386  0.45047  1.98254
##
## Random effects:
##   Groups   Name                Variance Std.Dev.
##   id       (Intercept) 0.31246  0.5590
##   Residual                0.03951  0.1988
## Number of obs: 146, groups: id, 73
##
## Fixed effects:
##
##              Estimate Std. Error t value
## (Intercept)      3.792381   0.142827  26.552
## conditiontext.bild  0.066746   0.204081   0.327
## conditionvideo     0.042937   0.204081   0.210
## time             -0.026667   0.056218  -0.474
## conditiontext.bild:time -0.007063  0.080328  -0.088
## conditionvideo:time   0.084206  0.080328   1.048
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##              (Intr) cndtn. cndtnv time   cndt.:
## cndtntxt.bl -0.700
## conditionvd -0.700  0.490
## time        -0.590  0.413  0.413
## cndtntxt.b:  0.413 -0.590 -0.289 -0.700
## condtnvd:tm  0.413 -0.289 -0.590 -0.700  0.490
##
## [[4]]
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: nep ~ condition * time + (1 | id)
##   Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 108.8
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.87427 -0.48795  0.04744  0.46649  1.99779
##
## Random effects:
##   Groups   Name                Variance Std.Dev.
##   id       (Intercept) 0.15379  0.3922
##   Residual                0.03594  0.1896
## Number of obs: 146, groups: id, 73
##
## Fixed effects:
##
##              Estimate Std. Error t value
## (Intercept)      3.84800   0.11550  33.317
## conditiontext.bild -0.08689   0.16503  -0.527
## conditionvideo     -0.08689   0.16503  -0.527

```



```

## time -0.02133 0.05362 -0.398
## conditiontext.bild:time 0.13244 0.07662 1.729
## conditionvideo:time 0.09911 0.07662 1.294
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
## (Intr) cndtn. cndtnv time cndt.:
## cndtntxt.bl -0.700
## conditionvd -0.700 0.490
## time -0.696 0.487 0.487
## cndtntxt.b: 0.487 -0.696 -0.341 -0.700
## condtnvd:tm 0.487 -0.341 -0.696 -0.700 0.490
##
## [[5]]
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: env_pc ~ condition * time + (1 | id)
## Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 398.2
##
## Scaled residuals:
## Min 1Q Median 3Q Max
## -2.38447 -0.38996 0.01163 0.46369 1.88977
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name Variance Std.Dev.
## id (Intercept) 1.6726 1.2933
## Residual 0.2164 0.4652
## Number of obs: 146, groups: id, 73
##
## Fixed effects:
## Estimate Std. Error t value
## (Intercept) -0.04105 0.33193 -0.124
## conditiontext.bild -0.10604 0.47428 -0.224
## conditionvideo -0.05936 0.47428 -0.125
## time -0.07178 0.13157 -0.546
## conditiontext.bild:time 0.21611 0.18799 1.150
## conditionvideo:time 0.17183 0.18799 0.914
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
## (Intr) cndtn. cndtnv time cndt.:
## cndtntxt.bl -0.700
## conditionvd -0.700 0.490
## time -0.595 0.416 0.416
## cndtntxt.b: 0.416 -0.595 -0.291 -0.700
## condtnvd:tm 0.416 -0.291 -0.595 -0.700 0.490

```

all

```
lapply(all.models, FUN = summary)
```

```

## [[1]]
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: iat ~ vr * time + (1 | condition) + (1 | id)
## Data: dat

```

```

##
## REML criterion at convergence: 311.1
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.91016 -0.59989  0.01681  0.57888  2.05187
##
## Random effects:
##   Groups   Name                Variance Std.Dev.
##   id       (Intercept) 0.097343 0.31200
##   condition (Intercept) 0.009798 0.09899
##   Residual                0.094308 0.30710
## Number of obs: 284, groups: id, 142; condition, 6
##
## Fixed effects:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value
## (Intercept)  0.38216    0.10516   3.634
## vrTRUE       -0.30385    0.15023  -2.023
## time         -0.08390    0.05083  -1.651
## vrTRUE:time   0.14922    0.07292   2.046
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##              (Intr) vrTRUE time
## vrTRUE       -0.700
## time         -0.725  0.508
## vrTRUE:time   0.505 -0.728 -0.697
##
## [[2]]
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: ccs ~ vr * time + (1 | id)
##   Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 279.3
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -3.0893 -0.3890 -0.1527  0.2999  4.6990
##
## Random effects:
##   Groups   Name                Variance Std.Dev.
##   id       (Intercept) 0.18845  0.4341
##   Residual                0.05201  0.2281
## Number of obs: 284, groups: id, 142
##
## Fixed effects:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value
## (Intercept)  1.48402    0.07838  18.933
## vrTRUE       -0.02387    0.11245  -0.212
## time         -0.02626    0.03775  -0.696
## vrTRUE:time   0.01901    0.05415   0.351
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##              (Intr) vrTRUE time
## vrTRUE       -0.697

```

```

## time          -0.722  0.504
## vrTRUE:time   0.504 -0.722 -0.697
##
## [[3]]
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: nr ~ vr * time + (1 | condition) + (1 | id)
## Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 260.8
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.61061 -0.44890  0.02847  0.47704  1.79110
##
## Random effects:
## Groups      Name                Variance Std.Dev.
## id          (Intercept) 0.21855  0.4675
## condition (Intercept) 0.01365  0.1168
## Residual                0.03999  0.2000
## Number of obs: 284, groups: id, 142; condition, 6
##
## Fixed effects:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value
## (Intercept)  3.829043   0.101404  37.760
## vrTRUE       -0.022280   0.144559  -0.154
## time         -0.001305   0.033101  -0.039
## vrTRUE:time   0.077909   0.047486   1.641
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##              (Intr) vrTRUE time
## vrTRUE       -0.701
## time         -0.490  0.343
## vrTRUE:time   0.341 -0.493 -0.697
##
## [[4]]
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: nep ~ vr * time + (1 | id)
## Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 184.7
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.15318 -0.52795 -0.02328  0.48668  2.18887
##
## Random effects:
## Groups      Name                Variance Std.Dev.
## id          (Intercept) 0.14277  0.3779
## Residual                0.03538  0.1881
## Number of obs: 284, groups: id, 142
##
## Fixed effects:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value
## (Intercept)  3.79087   0.06618  57.285

```

```
## vrTRUE      -0.07009    0.09493   -0.738
## time        0.05479    0.03114    1.760
## vrTRUE:time 0.03796    0.04467    0.850
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##           (Intr) vrTRUE time
## vrTRUE      -0.697
## time        -0.706  0.492
## vrTRUE:time  0.492 -0.706 -0.697
##
## [[5]]
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: env_pc ~ vr * time + (1 | condition) + (1 | id)
## Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 766.2
##
## Scaled residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.34047 -0.41346  0.01685  0.45159  1.90714
##
## Random effects:
## Groups      Name             Variance Std.Dev.
## id          (Intercept) 1.468131 1.21166
## condition   (Intercept) 0.006021 0.07759
## Residual                    0.227836 0.47732
## Number of obs: 284, groups: id, 142; condition, 6
##
## Fixed effects:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value
## (Intercept) -0.09526    0.19423   -0.490
## vrTRUE      -0.28484    0.27842   -1.023
## time         0.05577    0.07901    0.706
## vrTRUE:time  0.20595    0.11334    1.817
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##           (Intr) vrTRUE time
## vrTRUE      -0.698
## time        -0.610  0.426
## vrTRUE:time  0.425 -0.611 -0.697
```

Model diagnostics

I save model diagnostics as pdfs separately, for visibility reasons.

```
plot_diagn <- function(model){
  filename <- paste( model@call$formula[2], sub("\\ .*", "", model@call$formula[3]), sep = "_")
  pdf(file = paste("analysisOutputs/diagnostics/", filename, ".pdf", sep = ""), # The directory you w
    #paper = "a3",
    height = 5.9*4,
    width = 4.2*4
  )
}
```

```
print(performance::check_model(model)  )  
  
  dev.off()  
}
```

```
lapply(vr.models, FUN = plot_diagn)  
lapply(all.models, FUN = plot_diagn)
```

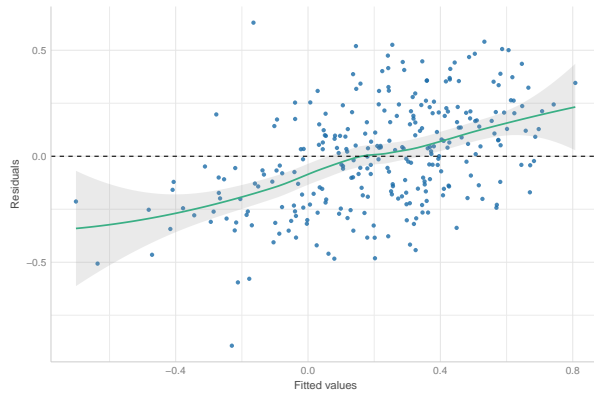
I focus model diagnostic on the vr models. They include all data.

IAT

```
\begin{figure}
```

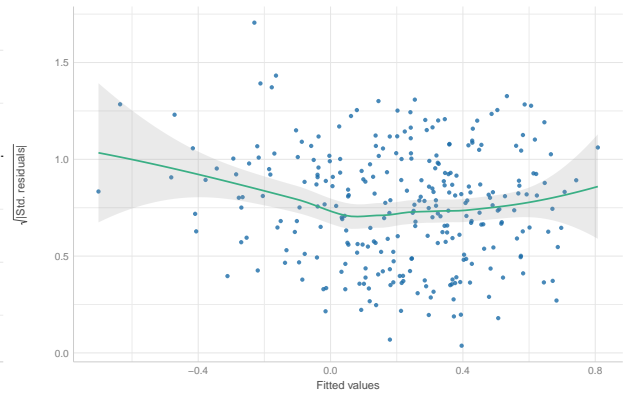
Linearity

Reference line should be flat and horizontal



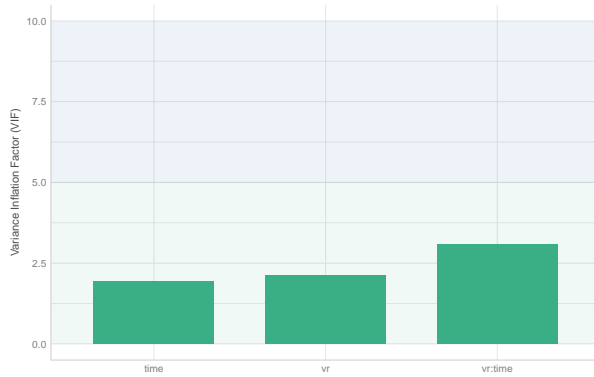
Homogeneity of Variance

Reference line should be flat and horizontal



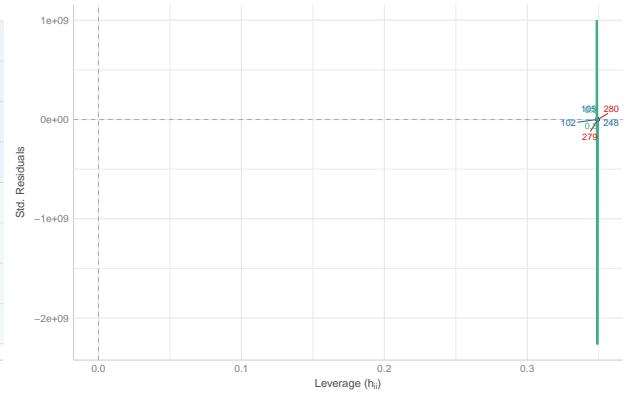
Collinearity

Higher bars (>5) indicate potential collinearity issues



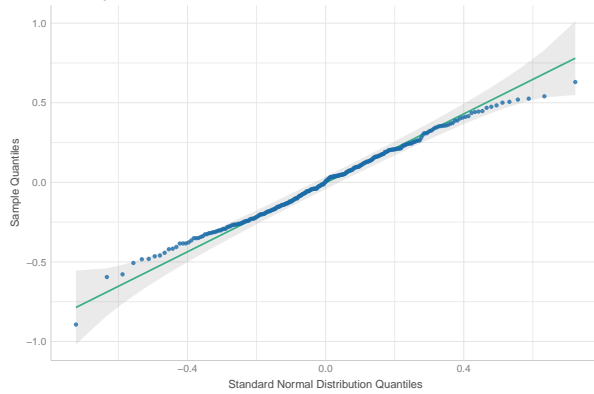
Influential Observations

Points should be inside the contour lines



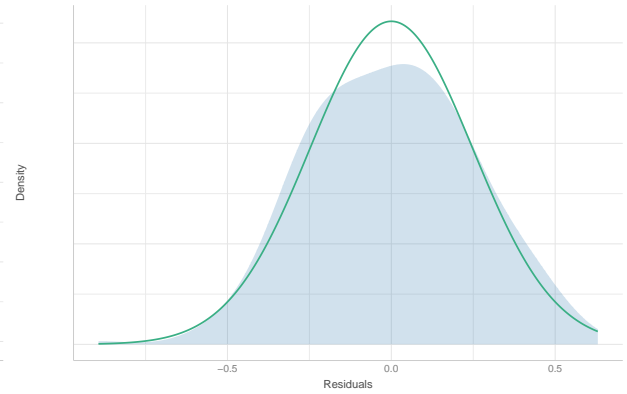
Normality of Residuals

Dots should fall along the line



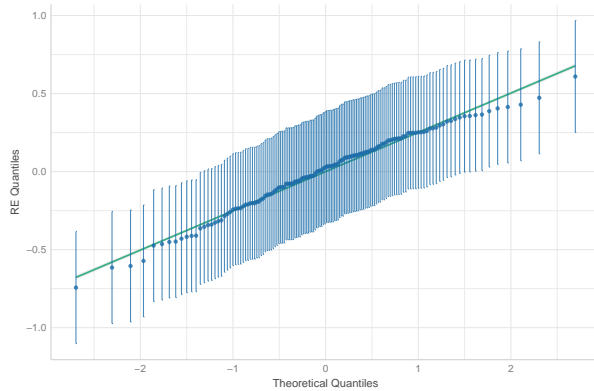
Normality of Residuals

Distribution should be close to the normal curve



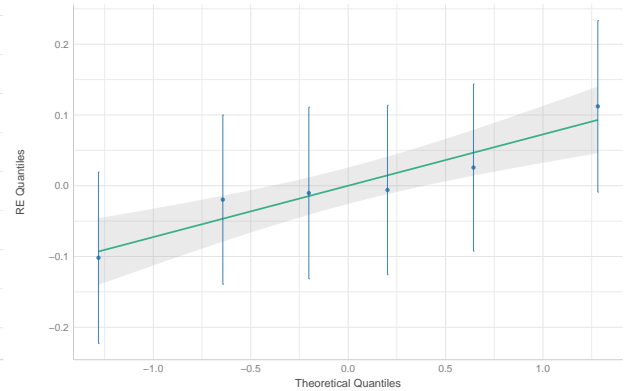
Normality of Random Effects (id)

Dots should be plotted along the line



Normality of Random Effects (condition)

Dots should be plotted along the line



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}

`\caption{iat_vr_diagnostics} \end{figure}`