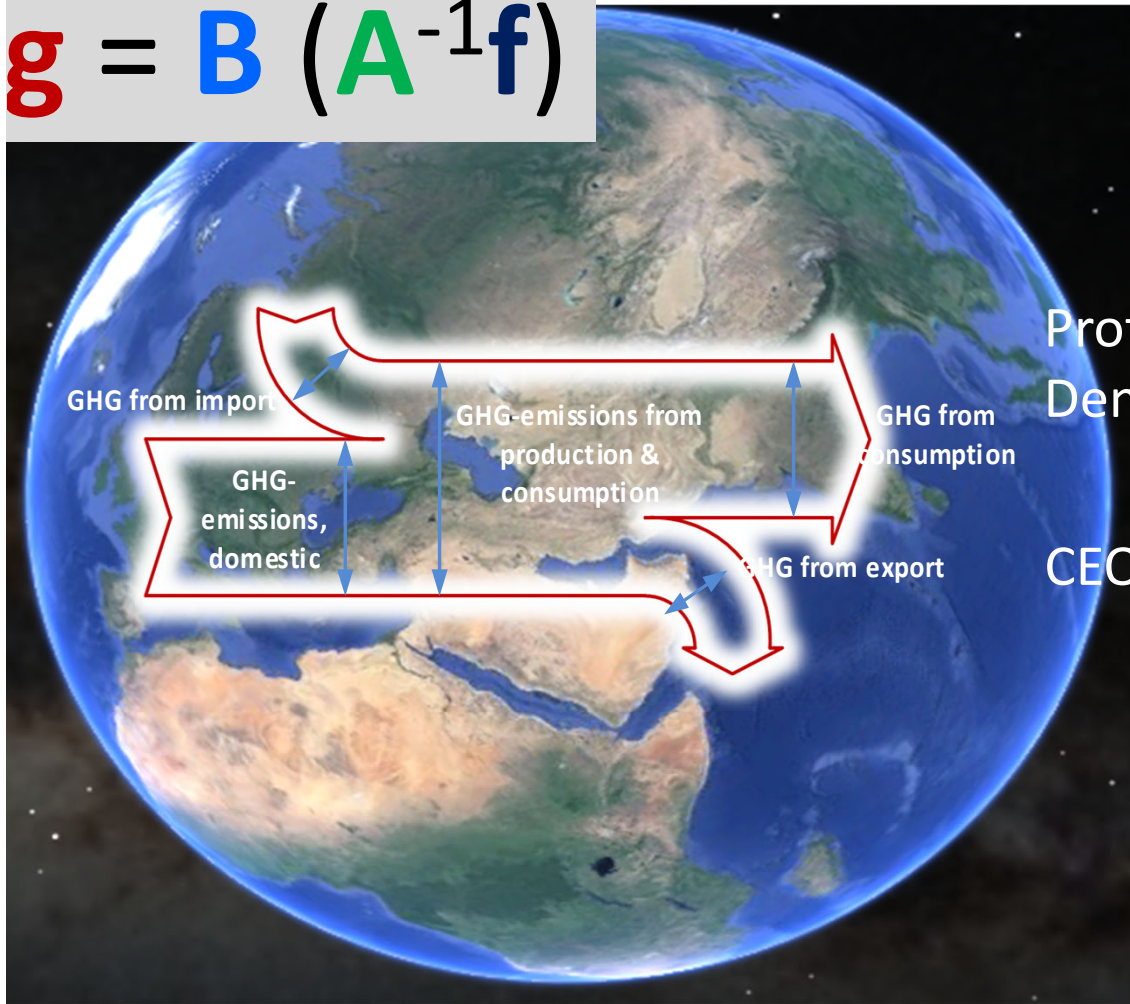


# Input-output modelling

Dealing with imports and exports

$$\mathbf{g} = \mathbf{B} (\mathbf{A}^{-1} \mathbf{f})$$



Jannick Schmidt

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Denmark




CEO, 2.-0 LCA consultants 

Updated: 20<sup>th</sup> April 2022



AALBORG UNIVERSITY  
DENMARK

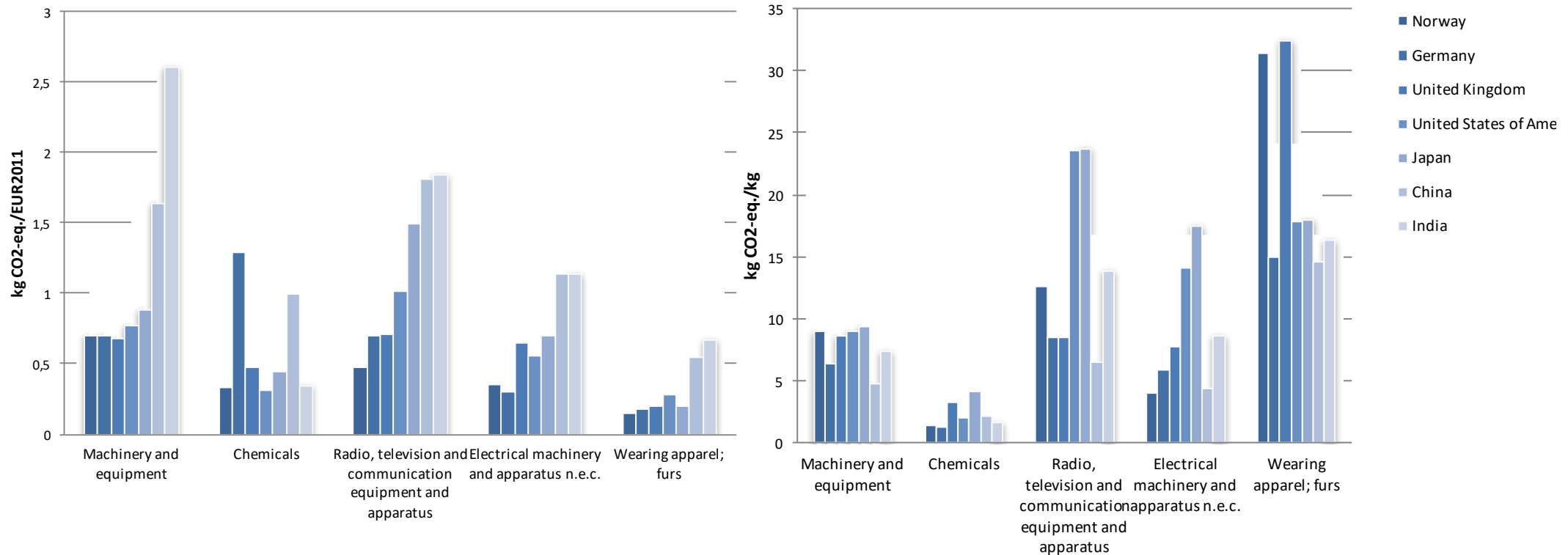
# Agenda

- 
- Does trade matter?
  - Different ways to deal with trade in IO models
  - Using markets for the modelling of trade in the SUT framework
  - Linking by-product to international markets in the SUT framework

# Does trade matter?

## - GHG-intensity

- Exiobase v3.3.13b1, year 2011
- <http://www.exiobase.eu/>

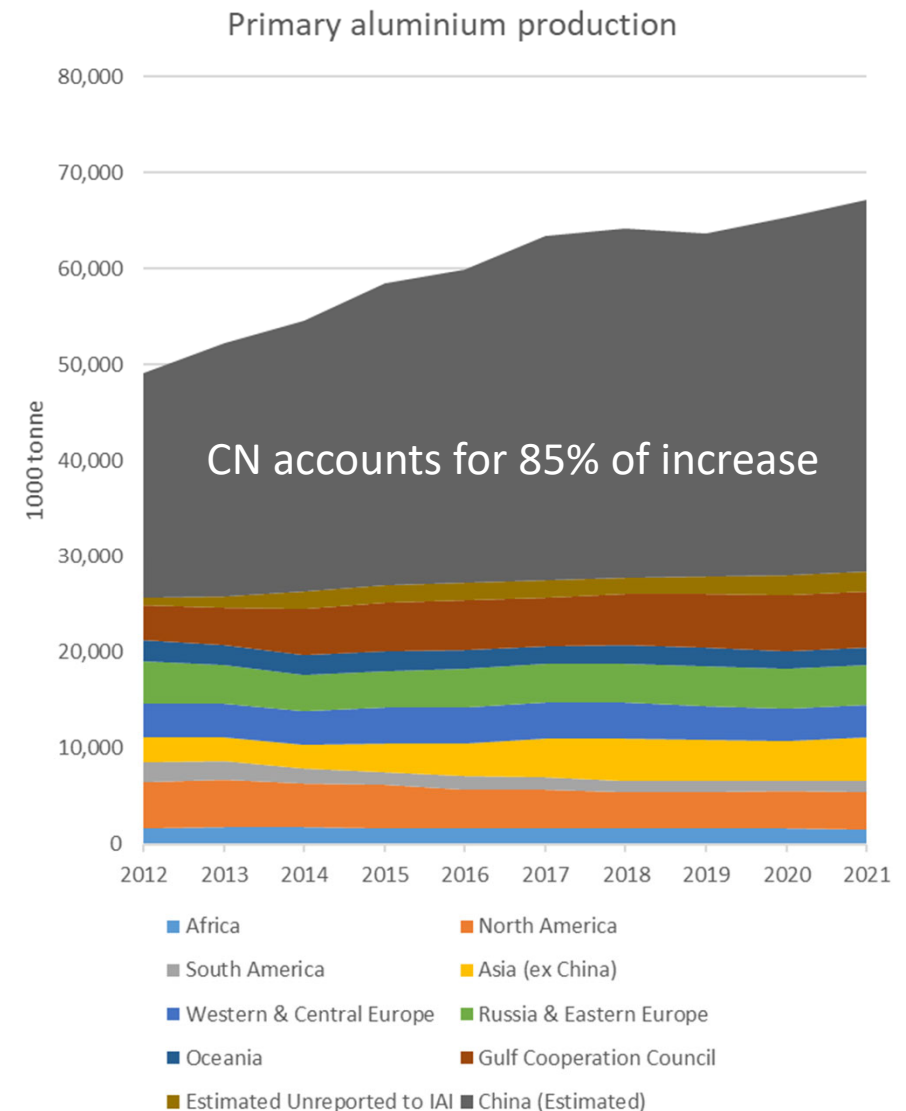
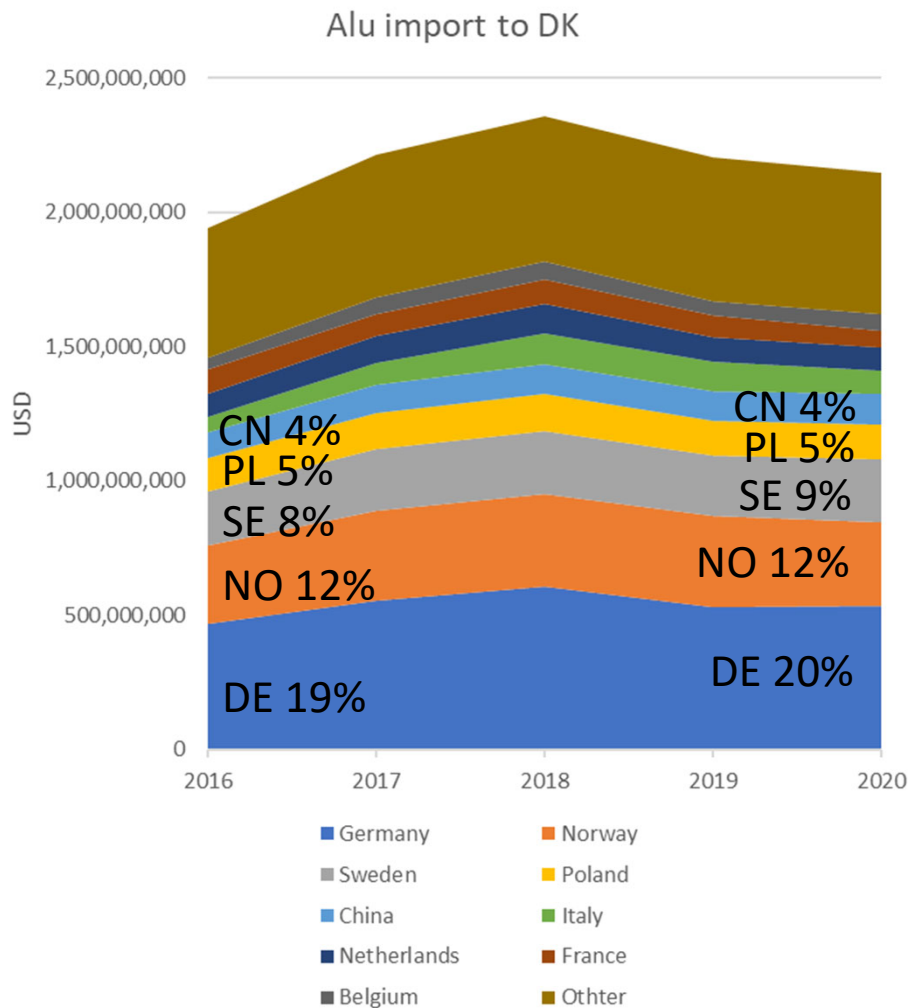


# Challenges relating to the modelling of trade


## - consequential vs attributional models

### Inputs to markets

- Average vs marginal
- By-products

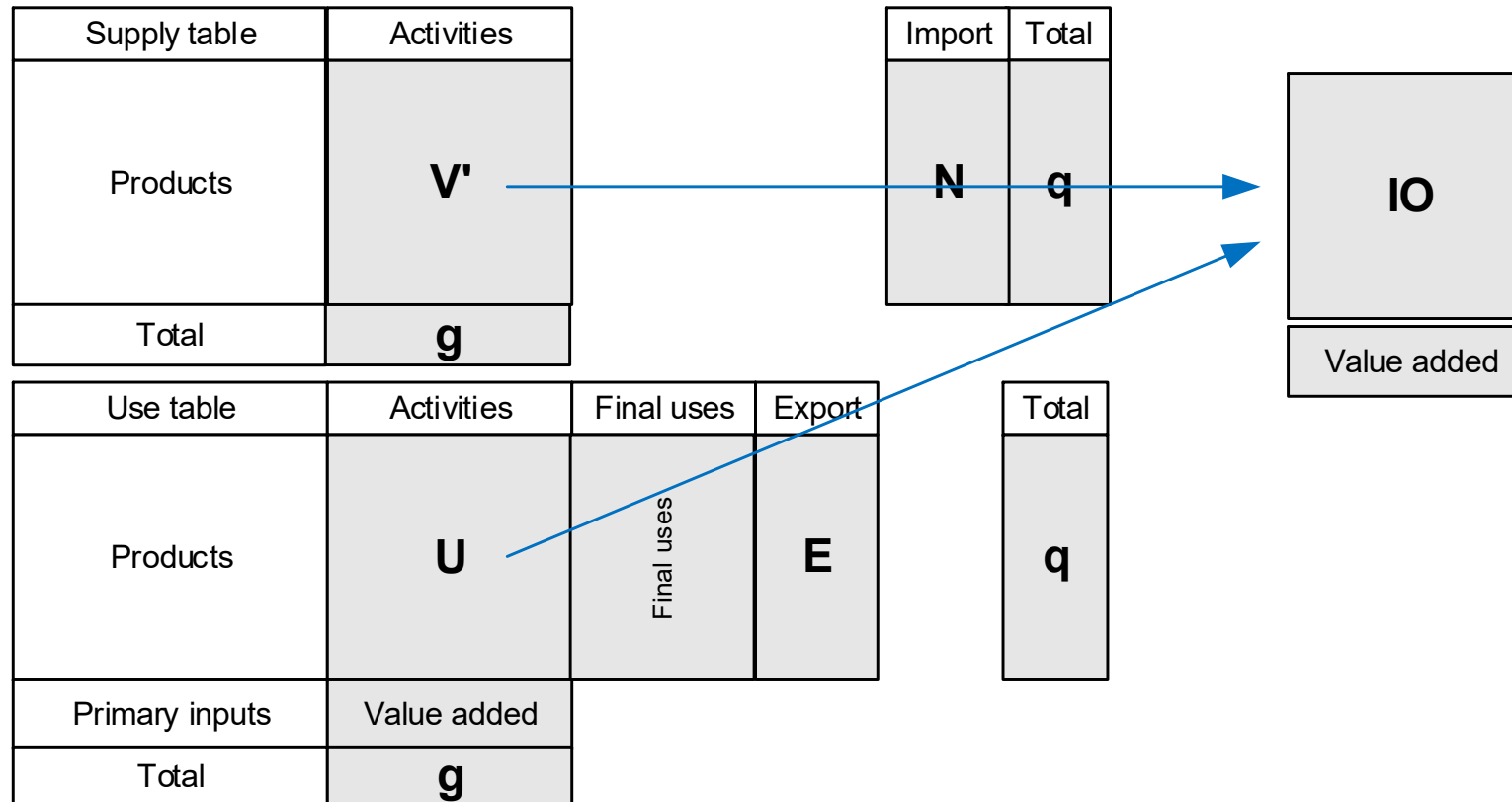


# Agenda

- 
- Does trade matter?
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# Simplest solution to deal with trade

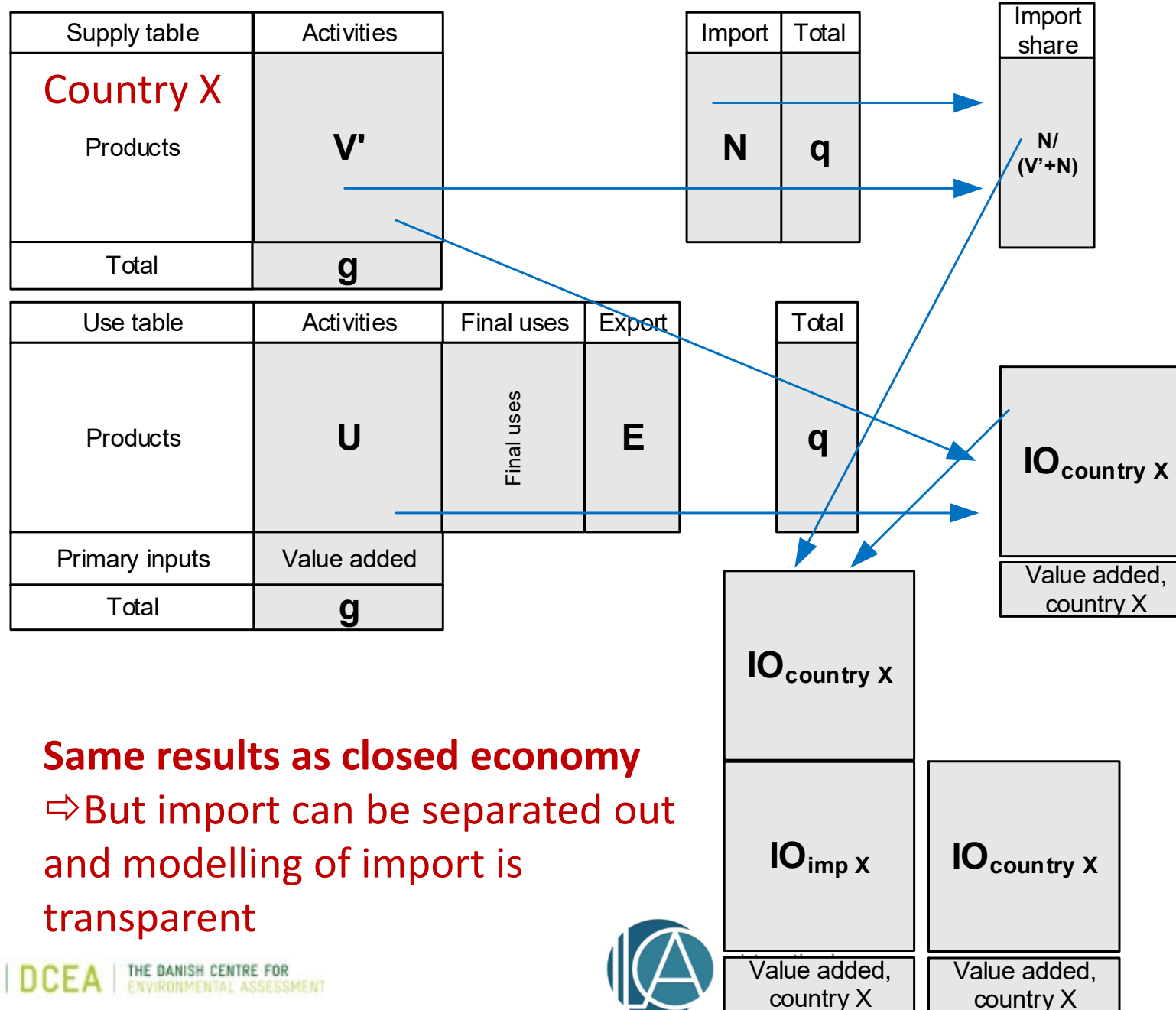
## - Closed economy assumption



- Why is this method problematic?
  - Analysing final uses do not add up to domestic flows
  - Impact per unit of product varies from country to country

# Simplest solution to deal with trade

- Closed economy assumption – transparent

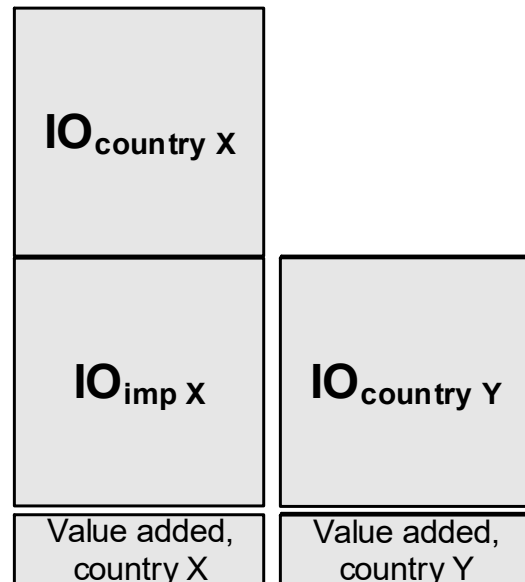


Same results as closed economy

⇒ But import can be separated out and modelling of import is transparent

# Simplest solution to include other countries

- Link import to other IO tables



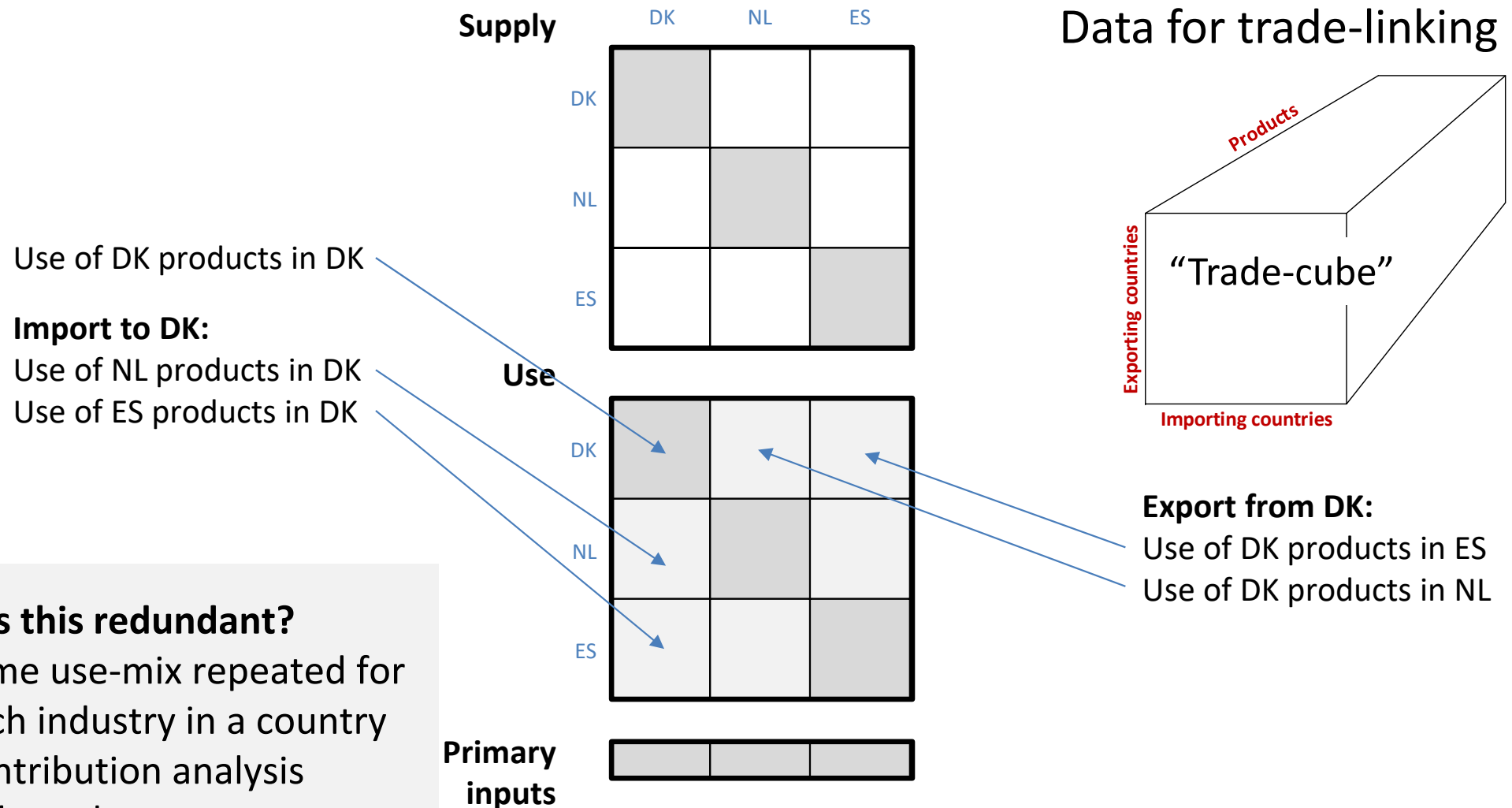
## Import can be modelled from relevant countries

- ⇒ Exporting countries modelled using a closed economy assumption
- ⇒ No balance in trade



# Fully trade-linked system

## - Conventional (Simple and redundant approach)



### Why is this redundant?

- Same use-mix repeated for each industry in a country
- Contribution analysis awkward

# Agenda

- Does trade matter?
- Different ways to deal with trade in IO models
- ➔ ▪ Using markets for the modelling of trade in the SUT framework
- Linking by-product to international markets in the SUT framework



# Agenda

- Does trade matter?
- Different ways to deal with trade in IO models
- Using markets for the modelling of trade in the SUT framework
- ➔ ▪ Linking by-product to international markets in the SUT framework

# Fully trade-linked system

## - Linking via markets

