

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{\xi}_i} \right) - \frac{\partial L}{\partial \xi_i} = F_i \quad \text{where } L = K - P \text{ and } F_i \text{ is generalized force}$$

$$K = 0$$

$$P = \frac{EI}{2} \int_0^l (\omega'')^2 dy + \frac{GJ}{2} \int_0^l (\bar{\theta}')^2 dy \quad \begin{array}{l} \omega - \text{deflection of wing} \\ \bar{\theta} - \text{twist about elastic axis} \end{array}$$

$$\delta W = \int_0^l (L' \delta w + M' \delta \bar{\theta}) dy \quad L' = q c a \cos \Lambda (\alpha_R + \theta)$$

$$M' = q e c a \cos \Lambda (\alpha_R + \theta)$$

$$\theta = \bar{\theta} \cos \Lambda - \omega' \sin \Lambda \quad \text{change in A.O.A due to aeroelastic effects}$$

$$(1) \quad \omega(y) = \sum_{i=1}^{N_w} \xi_i \phi_i(y) \quad \text{solve for } -\frac{\partial L}{\partial \xi_i} \text{ and } F_i$$

$$\bar{\theta}(y) = \sum_{i=N_w+1}^{N_w+N_\theta} \xi_i \phi_i(y)$$

→ solving for $-\frac{\partial L}{\partial \xi_i}$

$$L = K - P = -P = -\frac{EI}{2} \int_0^l (\omega'')^2 dy - \frac{GJ}{2} \int_0^l (\bar{\theta}')^2 dy$$

$$\omega''(y) = \sum_{i=1}^{N_w} \xi_i \phi_i'' \quad \text{and} \quad \bar{\theta}'(y) = \sum_{i=N_w+1}^{N_w+N_\theta} \xi_i \phi_i'$$

$$L = -\frac{EI}{2} \int_0^l \left(\sum_{i=1}^{N_w} \xi_i \phi_i'' \right)^2 dy - \frac{GJ}{2} \int_0^l \left(\sum_{i=N_w+1}^{N_w+N_\theta} \xi_i \phi_i' \right)^2 dy$$

utilizing Eqn 2.93, we get

$$L = -\frac{EI}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{N_w} \sum_{j=1}^{N_w} \xi_i \xi_j \int_0^l \phi_i'' \phi_j'' dy - \frac{GJ}{2} \sum_{i=N_w+1}^{N_w+N_\theta} \sum_{j=N_w+1}^{N_w+N_\theta} \xi_i \xi_j \int_0^l \phi_i' \phi_j' dy$$

now we need $-\frac{\partial L}{\partial \xi_i}$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \xi_i} \left[\frac{EI}{2} \int_0^l \left(\sum_{m=1}^{N_w} \xi_m \phi_m'' \right) \left(\sum_{n=1}^{N_w} \xi_n \phi_n'' \right) dy \right] = \frac{EI}{2} \sum_m \sum_n \left(\int_0^l \phi_m'' \phi_n'' dy \right) \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi_i} (\xi_m \xi_n)$$

$$= \frac{EI}{2} \sum_m \sum_n \left(\int_0^l \phi_m'' \phi_n'' dy \right) (\xi_m \delta_{in} + \xi_n \delta_{im}) \quad \delta_{in} = \begin{cases} 0 & i \neq n \\ 1 & i = n \end{cases}$$

$$= \frac{EI}{2} \sum_m \left(\int_0^l \phi_m'' \phi_i'' dy \right) \xi_m + \frac{EI}{2} \sum_n \left(\int_0^l \phi_i'' \phi_n'' dy \right) \xi_n$$

n and m are dummy indices so they can be equal, $n=m=j$

$$= EI \sum_{j=1}^N \left(\int_0^l \phi_i'' \phi_j'' dy \right) \xi_j$$

$$-\frac{\partial L}{\partial \xi_i} = \begin{cases} \sum_{j=1}^{N_w} EI \left(\int_0^l \phi_i'' \phi_j'' dy \right) \xi_j & i \leq N_w \\ \sum_{j=N_w+1}^{N_w+N_\theta} GJ \left(\int_0^l \phi_i' \phi_j' dy \right) \xi_j & i > N_w \end{cases}$$

→ solving for F_i

$$\delta W = \int_0^l (L' \delta w + M' \delta \bar{\theta}) dy$$

Eqn 2.108 gives $\delta w = \sum_{i=1}^{N_w} \delta \xi_i \phi_i$ and $\delta \bar{\theta} = \sum_{i=N_w+1}^{N_w+N_\theta} \delta \xi_i \phi_i$

$$\delta W = \int_0^l L' \sum_{i=1}^{N_w} \delta \xi_i \phi_i dy + \int_0^l M' \sum_{i=N_w+1}^{N_w+N_\theta} \delta \xi_i \phi_i dy$$

$$\delta W = \sum_{i=1}^{N_w} \delta \xi_i \int_0^l L' \phi_i dy + \sum_{i=N_w+1}^{N_w+N_\theta} \delta \xi_i \int_0^l M' \phi_i dy$$

$\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{F_i}$

$$F_i = \begin{cases} \int_0^l L' \phi_i dy & i \leq N_w \\ \int_0^l M' \phi_i dy & i > N_w \end{cases}$$

$i \leq N_w$ $F_i = \int_0^l L' \phi_i dy = \int_0^l q c a \cos \Lambda (\alpha_R + \bar{\theta}) \phi_i dy = q c a \cos \Lambda \int_0^l (\alpha_R + \bar{\theta} \cos \Lambda + \omega' \sin \Lambda) \phi_i dy$

$$F_i = q c a \cos \Lambda \left[\alpha_R \int_0^l \phi_i dy + \cos \Lambda \int_0^l \bar{\theta} \phi_i dy + \sin \Lambda \int_0^l \omega' \phi_i dy \right]$$

plug in $\bar{\theta} = \sum_{j=N_w+1}^{N_w+N_\theta} \xi_j \phi_j$ and $\omega' = \sum_{j=1}^{N_w} \xi_j \phi_j'$

$$F_i = q c a \cos \Lambda \left(\alpha_R \int_0^l \phi_i dy + \cos \Lambda \sum_{j=N_w+1}^{N_w+N_\theta} \xi_j \left(\int_0^l \phi_i \phi_j dy \right) - \sin \Lambda \sum_{j=1}^{N_w} \xi_j \left(\int_0^l \phi_i \phi_j' dy \right) \right)$$

$i > N_w$ $F_i = \int_0^l M' \phi_i dy = \int_0^l q e c a \cos \Lambda (\alpha_R + \bar{\theta}) \phi_i dy = q e c a \cos \Lambda \int_0^l (\alpha_R + \bar{\theta} \cos \Lambda + \omega' \sin \Lambda) \phi_i dy$

$$F_i = q e c a \cos \Lambda \left[\alpha_R \int_0^l \phi_i dy + \cos \Lambda \sum_{j=N_w+1}^{N_w+N_\theta} \xi_j \left(\int_0^l \phi_i \phi_j dy \right) - \sin \Lambda \sum_{j=1}^{N_w} \xi_j \left(\int_0^l \phi_i \phi_j' dy \right) \right]$$

$$\therefore F_i = \begin{cases} q c a \cos \Lambda \left[\alpha_R \int_0^l \phi_i dy + \cos \Lambda \sum_{j=N_w+1}^{N_w+N_\theta} \xi_j \int_0^l \phi_i \phi_j dy - \sin \Lambda \sum_{j=1}^{N_w} \xi_j \int_0^l \phi_i \phi_j' dy \right] & i \leq N_w \\ q e c a \cos \Lambda \left[\alpha_R \int_0^l \phi_i dy + \cos \Lambda \sum_{j=N_w+1}^{N_w+N_\theta} \xi_j \int_0^l \phi_i \phi_j dy - \sin \Lambda \sum_{j=1}^{N_w} \xi_j \int_0^l \phi_i \phi_j' dy \right] & i > N_w \end{cases}$$

$$(2) \quad (K + qA)\bar{\xi} = \bar{f}$$

plug in $-\frac{\partial L}{\partial \xi_i}$ and \bar{F}_i into Lagrange's Eqs
and note that $\frac{d}{dt}\left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{\xi}_i}\right) = 0$ because $K=0$

Then rearrange terms to get

$$f_i = \begin{cases} qca \cos \Lambda \alpha_R \int_0^1 \phi_i d\bar{y} & i \leq N_w \\ qeca \cos \Lambda \alpha_R \int_0^1 \phi_i d\bar{y} & i > N_w \end{cases}$$

Note: The product of a term like

$\sum_{j=1}^N B_{ij} v_j$ is a vector.

In our case,

$$(K_{ij} + q A_{ij}) = B_{ij} \\ \text{and } \xi_j = v_j$$

$$K_{ij} = \begin{cases} EI \cdot \int_0^1 \phi_i'' \phi_j'' d\bar{y} & i \leq N_w, j \leq N_w \\ 0 & i \leq N_w, j > N_w \\ 0 & i > N_w, j \leq N_w \\ 6J \cdot \int_0^1 \phi_i' \phi_j' d\bar{y} & i > N_w, j > N_w \end{cases}$$

$$A_{ij} = \begin{cases} ca \cos \Lambda \sin \Lambda \cdot \int_0^1 \phi_i \phi_j' d\bar{y} & i \leq N_w, j \leq N_w \\ -ca \cos^2 \Lambda \cdot \int_0^1 \phi_i \phi_j d\bar{y} & i \leq N_w, j > N_w \\ ca \cos \Lambda \sin \Lambda \cdot \int_0^1 \phi_i \phi_j' d\bar{y} & i > N_w, j \leq N_w \\ -cae \cos^2 \Lambda \cdot \int_0^1 \phi_i \phi_j d\bar{y} & i > N_w, j > N_w \end{cases}$$

$$(3) \quad \phi_i(\bar{y}) = \begin{cases} \left(\frac{\bar{y}}{1}\right)^{i+1} & i \leq N_w \\ \left(\frac{\bar{y}}{1}\right)^{i-N_w} & i > N_w \end{cases}$$

Verify that these are admissible \rightarrow Use page 61

1. satisfy all BCs on displacement and rotation at the root

$$\phi_i(0) = \begin{cases} \left(\frac{0}{1}\right)^{i+1} = 0 & i \leq N_w \\ \left(\frac{0}{1}\right)^{i-N_w} = 0 & i > N_w \end{cases} \quad \text{GOOD}$$

$$\phi_i'(0) = \begin{cases} \frac{(i+1)}{1^{i+1}} 0^i = 0 & i \leq N_w \\ \frac{(i-N_w)}{1^{i-N_w}} 0^{i-N_w+1} = 0 & i > N_w \end{cases} \quad \text{GOOD}$$

2. Continuous and p times differentiable
for our case $p=2$ for $i \leq N_w$ and $p=1$ $i > N_w$

$$\phi_i'(\bar{y}) = \begin{cases} \frac{(i+1)}{\lambda^{i+1}} \bar{y}^i & i \leq N_w \\ \frac{(i-N_w)}{\lambda^{i-N_w}} \bar{y}^{i-N_w-1} & i > N_w \end{cases}$$

$$\phi_i''(\bar{y}) = \begin{cases} \frac{(i^2+i)}{\lambda^{i+1}} \bar{y}^{i-1} & i \leq N_w \\ \frac{(i-N_w)(i-N_w-1)}{\lambda^{i-N_w}} \bar{y}^{i-N_w-2} & i > N_w \end{cases}$$

G.O.O.D

3. Set of functions is complete.
4. Set of functions is linearly independent.

\therefore These functions are admissible.

Now evaluate the integrals from previous part.

$$\textcircled{1} \quad i \leq N_w \quad \int_0^l \phi_i d\bar{y} = \int_0^l \left(\frac{\bar{y}}{\lambda}\right)^{i+1} d\bar{y} = \frac{\lambda}{i+2} \left(\frac{\bar{y}}{\lambda}\right)^{i+2} \Big|_0^l = \frac{\lambda}{i+2}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad i > N_w \quad \int_0^l \phi_i d\bar{y} = \int_0^l \left(\frac{\bar{y}}{\lambda}\right)^{i-N_w} d\bar{y} = \frac{\lambda}{i-N_w+1} \left(\frac{\bar{y}}{\lambda}\right)^{i-N_w+1} \Big|_0^l = \frac{\lambda}{i-N_w+1}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad i \leq N_w, j \leq N_w \quad \int_0^l \phi_i' \phi_j' d\bar{y} = \frac{(i^2+i)(j^2+j)}{\lambda^{i+j+2}} \int_0^l \bar{y}^{i+j-2} d\bar{y} = \frac{(i^2+i)(j^2+j)}{\lambda^{i+j+2}} \frac{\bar{y}^{i+j-1}}{i+j-1} \Big|_0^l$$

$$= \frac{(i^2+i)(j^2+j)}{\lambda^3 (i+j-1)}$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad i > N_w, j > N_w \quad \int_0^l \phi_i' \phi_j' d\bar{y} = \frac{(i-N_w)(j-N_w)}{\lambda^{i+j-2N_w}} \int_0^l \bar{y}^{i+j-2N_w-2} d\bar{y} = \frac{(i-N_w)(j-N_w)}{\lambda^{i+j-2N_w}} \frac{\bar{y}^{i+j-2N_w-1}}{i+j-2N_w-1} \Big|_0^l$$

$$= \frac{(i-N_w)(j-N_w)}{\lambda (i+j-2N_w-1)}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad i \leq N_w, j \leq N_w \quad \int_0^l \phi_i \phi_j' d\bar{y} = \frac{(j+1)}{\lambda^{i+j+2}} \int_0^l \bar{y}^{i+j+1} d\bar{y} = \frac{(j+1)}{\lambda^{i+j+2}} \frac{\bar{y}^{i+j+2}}{i+j+2} \Big|_0^l = \frac{(j+1)}{i+j+2}$$

$$\textcircled{6} \quad i \leq N_w, j > N_w \quad \int_0^l \phi_i \phi_j d\bar{y} = \int_0^l \left(\frac{\bar{y}}{\lambda}\right)^{i+1} \left(\frac{\bar{y}}{\lambda}\right)^{j-N_w} d\bar{y} = \int_0^l \left(\frac{\bar{y}}{\lambda}\right)^{i+j-N_w+1} d\bar{y} = \frac{\lambda}{i+j-N_w+2} \left(\frac{\bar{y}}{\lambda}\right)^{i+j-N_w+2} \Big|_0^l$$

$$= \frac{\lambda}{i+j-N_w+2}$$

$$(7) \quad i > N_w, j \leq N_w$$

$$\int_0^l \phi_i \phi_j' dy = \frac{(j+1)}{l^{i+j-N_w+1}} \int_0^l \bar{y}^{i-N_w+j} d\bar{y} = \frac{(j+1)}{l^{i+j-N_w+1}} \left[\frac{\bar{y}^{i+j-N_w+1}}{i+j-N_w+1} \right]_0^l = \frac{(j+1)}{i+j-N_w+1}$$

$$(8) \quad i > N_w, j > N_w$$

$$\int_0^l \phi_i \phi_j d\bar{y} = \int_0^l \left(\frac{\bar{y}}{l} \right)^{i-N_w} \left(\frac{\bar{y}}{l} \right)^{j-N_w} d\bar{y} = \int_0^l \left(\frac{\bar{y}}{l} \right)^{i+j-2N_w} d\bar{y} = \frac{l}{i+j-2N_w+1} \left(\frac{\bar{y}}{l} \right)^{i+j-2N_w+1} \Big|_0^l = \frac{l}{i+j-2N_w+1}$$

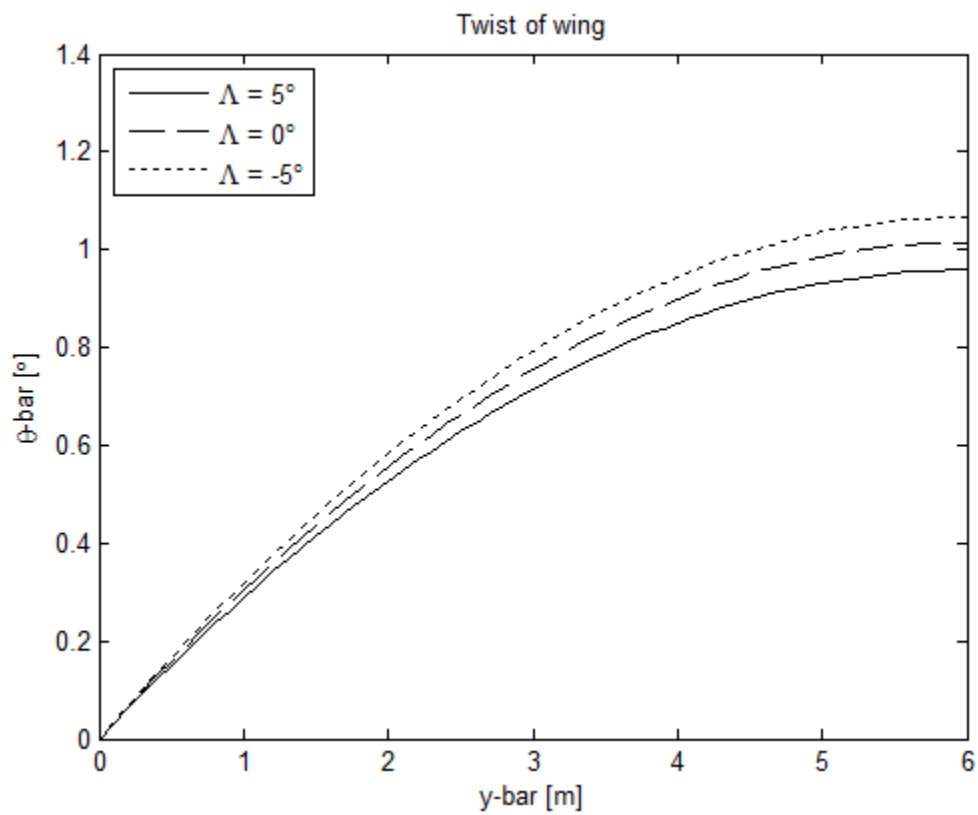
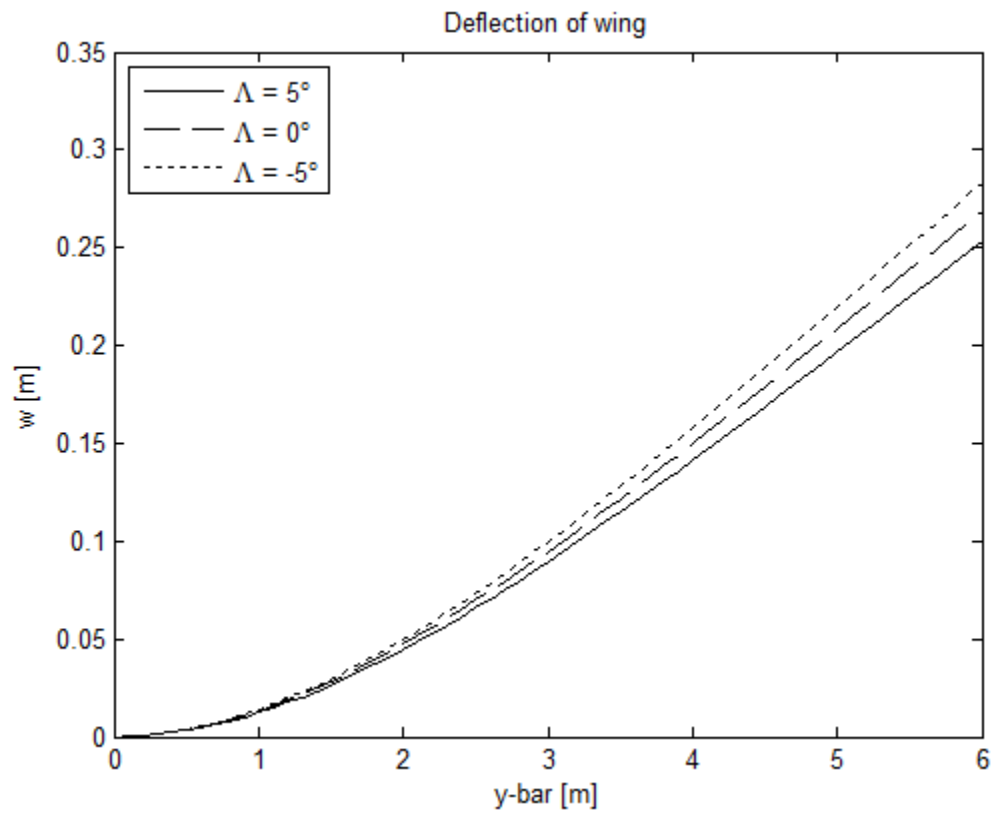
Now plug into f_i

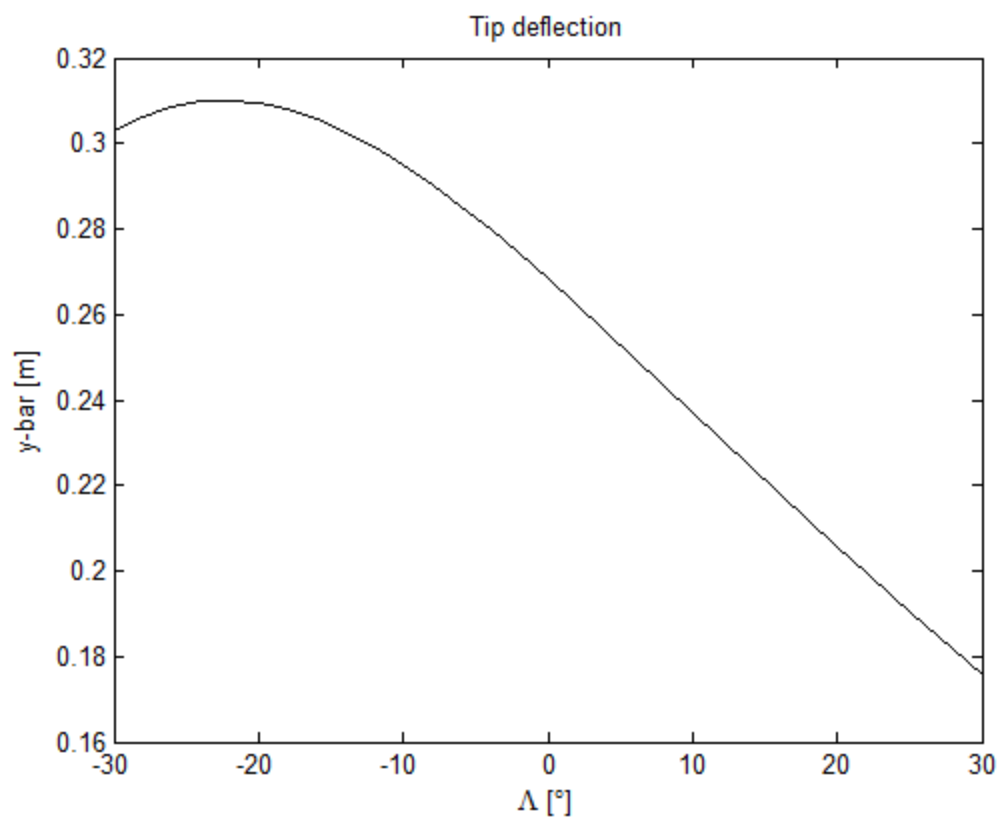
$$f_i = \begin{cases} qca \cos \Delta \alpha_R \left(\frac{l}{i+2} \right) & i \leq N_w \\ qeca \cos \Delta \alpha_R \left(\frac{l}{i-N_w+1} \right) & i > N_w \end{cases}$$

$$K_{ij} = \begin{cases} EI \cdot \left(\frac{(i^2+i)(j^2+j)}{l^3(i+j-1)} \right) & i \leq N_w, j \leq N_w \\ 0 & i \leq N_w, j > N_w \\ 0 & i > N_w, j \leq N_w \\ GJ \cdot \left(\frac{(i-N_w)(j-N_w)}{l(i+j-2N_w-1)} \right) & i > N_w, j > N_w \end{cases}$$

$$A_{ij} = \begin{cases} ca \cos \Delta \sin \Delta \cdot \left(\frac{j+1}{i+j+2} \right) & i \leq N_w, j \leq N_w \\ -ca \cos^2 \Delta \cdot \left(\frac{l}{i+j-N_w+2} \right) & i \leq N_w, j > N_w \\ cae \cos \Delta \sin \Delta \cdot \left(\frac{j+1}{i+j-N_w+1} \right) & i > N_w, j \leq N_w \\ -cae \cos^2 \Delta \cdot \left(\frac{l}{i+j-2N_w+1} \right) & i > N_w, j > N_w \end{cases}$$

4.





Divergence does not occur.

```

%% Code for MANE 4900 Spring 2011, Homework 6
clear; clc;
Nw=10; Nt=10;
GJ = 1.5e6; %N-m^2
EI = 5*GJ; %N-m^2
L = 6; %m
e = 0.02*L; %m
a = 2*pi;
q = 12e3; %Pa
alphaR = 5*(pi/180); %radians
c = 1.6; %m
Lambda = [5 0 -5]; %degrees

%% Deflection and twist
for k=1:length(Lambda)
    Lam = Lambda(k);
    for i=1:Nw+Nt
        if i<=Nw
            f(i,k) = q*c*a*cosd(Lam)*alphaR*L/(i+2);
        end
        if i>Nw
            f(i,k) = q*e*c*a*cosd(Lam)*alphaR*L/(i-Nw+1);
        end

        for j=1:Nw+Nt
            if i<=Nw && j<=Nw
                K(i,j,k) = (EI/L^3)*(i^2+i)*(j^2+j)/(i+j-1);
                A(i,j,k) = c*a*cosd(Lam)*sind(Lam)*(j+1)/(i+j+2);
            end
            if i<=Nw && j>Nw
                K(i,j,k) = 0;
                A(i,j,k) = -c*a*(cosd(Lam)^2)*L/(i+j-Nw+2);
            end
            if i>Nw && j<=Nw
                K(i,j,k) = 0;
                A(i,j,k) = c*a*e*cosd(Lam)*sind(Lam)*(j+1)/(i+j-Nw+1);
            end
            if i>Nw && j>Nw
                K(i,j,k) = (GJ/L)*(i-Nw)*(j-Nw)/(i+j-2*Nw-1);
                A(i,j,k) = -c*e*a*(cosd(Lam)^2)*L/(i+j-2*Nw+1);
            end
        end
    end
end

B = K+q.*A;
for k=1:length(Lambda)
    xi(:,k) = B(:, :, k)\f(:,k);
end

ybar = 0:.1:6;

for k=1:length(Lambda)
    for m=1:length(ybar)
        sumw = 0;
        sumt = 0;
        for i=1:Nw+Nt
            if i<=Nw

```



```

        sumw = sumw + xi(i,k)*(ybar(m)/L)^(i+1);
    end
    if i>Nw
        sumt = sumt + xi(i,k)*(ybar(m)/L)^(i-Nw);
    end
end
w(m,k) = sumw;
tbar(m,k) = sumt*180/pi;
end
end

```

```

figure(1)
plot(ybar,w(:,1),'-black',ybar,w(:,2),'--black',ybar,w(:,3),':black')
title 'Deflection of wing'
xlabel 'y-bar [m]'
ylabel 'w [m]'
legend ('\Lambda = 5\circ', '\Lambda = 0\circ', '\Lambda = -5\circ','Location','northwest')

```

```

figure(2)
plot(ybar,tbar(:,1),'-black',ybar,tbar(:,2),'--black',ybar,tbar(:,3),':black')
title 'Twist of wing'
xlabel 'y-bar [m]'
ylabel '\theta-bar [\circ]'
legend ('\Lambda = 5\circ', '\Lambda = 0\circ', '\Lambda = -5\circ','Location','northwest')

```

```

%% Tip Deflection
Lambda2 = -30:2:30; %degrees

```

```

for k=1:length(Lambda2)
    Lam = Lambda2(k);
    for i=1:Nw+Nt
        if i<=Nw
            f(i,k) = q*c*a*cosd(Lam)*alphaR*L/(i+2);
        end
        if i>Nw
            f(i,k) = q*e*c*a*cosd(Lam)*alphaR*L/(i-Nw+1);
        end

        for j=1:Nw+Nt
            if i<=Nw && j<=Nw
                K(i,j,k) = (EI/L^3)*(i^2+i)*(j^2+j)/(i+j-1);
                A(i,j,k) = c*a*cosd(Lam)*sind(Lam)*(j+1)/(i+j+2);
            end
            if i<=Nw && j>Nw
                K(i,j,k) = 0;
                A(i,j,k) = -c*a*(cosd(Lam)^2)*L/(i+j-Nw+2);
            end
            if i>Nw && j<=Nw
                K(i,j,k) = 0;
                A(i,j,k) = c*a*e*cosd(Lam)*sind(Lam)*(j+1)/(i+j-Nw+1);
            end
            if i>Nw && j>Nw

```

```

                K(i,j,k) = (GJ/L)*(i-Nw)*(j-Nw)/(i+j-2*Nw-1);
                A(i,j,k) = -c*e*a*(cosd(Lam)^2)*L/(i+j-2*Nw+1);
            end
        end
    end

B = K+q.*A;
for k=1:length(Lambda2)
    xi(:,k) = B(:, :, k)\f(:,k);
end

ybar = 0:.1:6;

for k=1:length(Lambda2)
    sumw = 0;
    for i=1:Nw
        if i<=Nw
            sumw = sumw + xi(i,k);
        end
    end
    wtip(k) = sumw;
end

figure(3)
plot(Lambda2, wtip, '-black')
title 'Tip deflection'
xlabel '\Lambda [\circ]'
ylabel 'y-bar [m]'

```