



# FLoC Olympic Games 2014

Citius, Maius, Potentius — Faster, Bigger, More Powerful



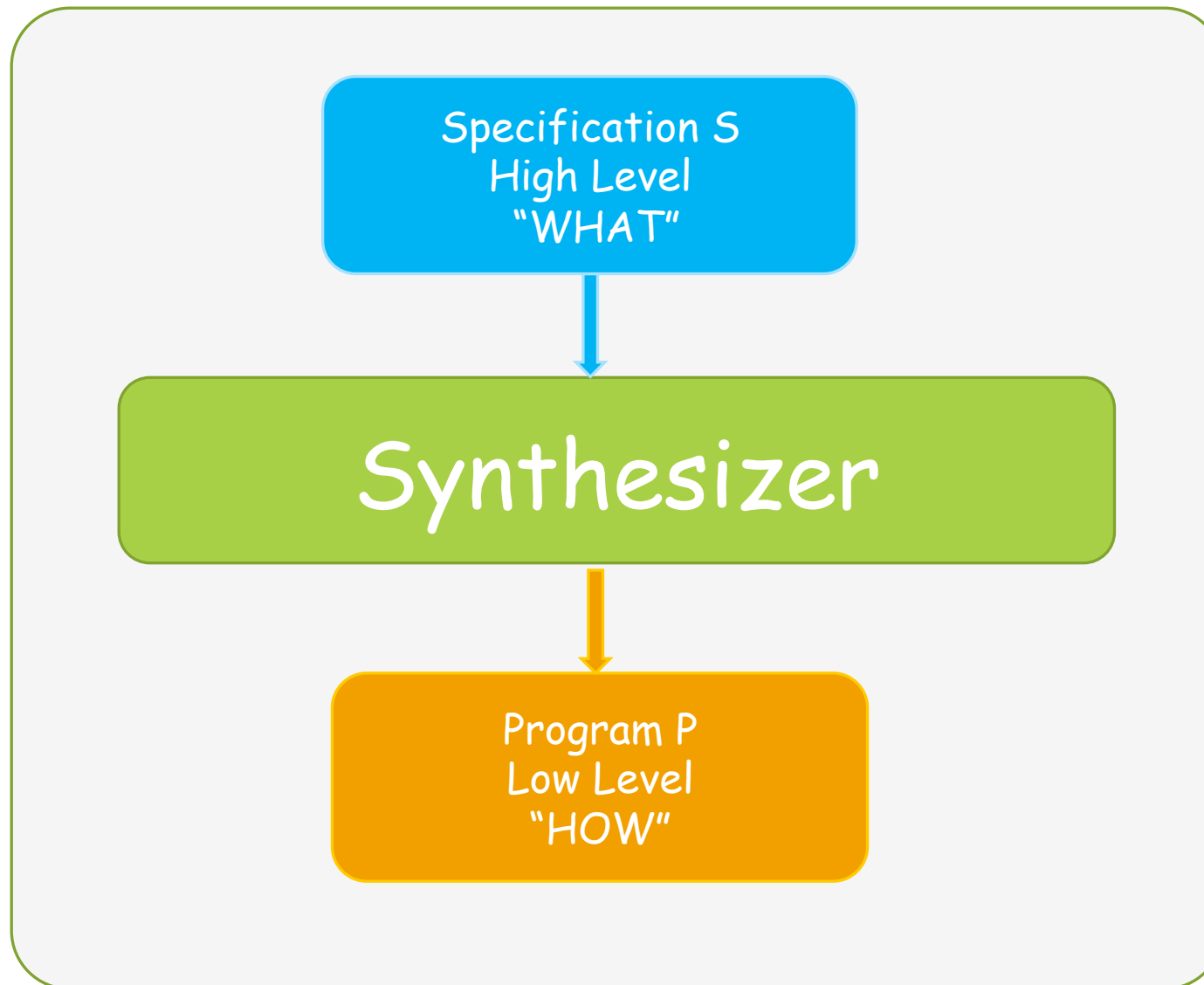
## The First Syntax-Guided Synthesis Competition



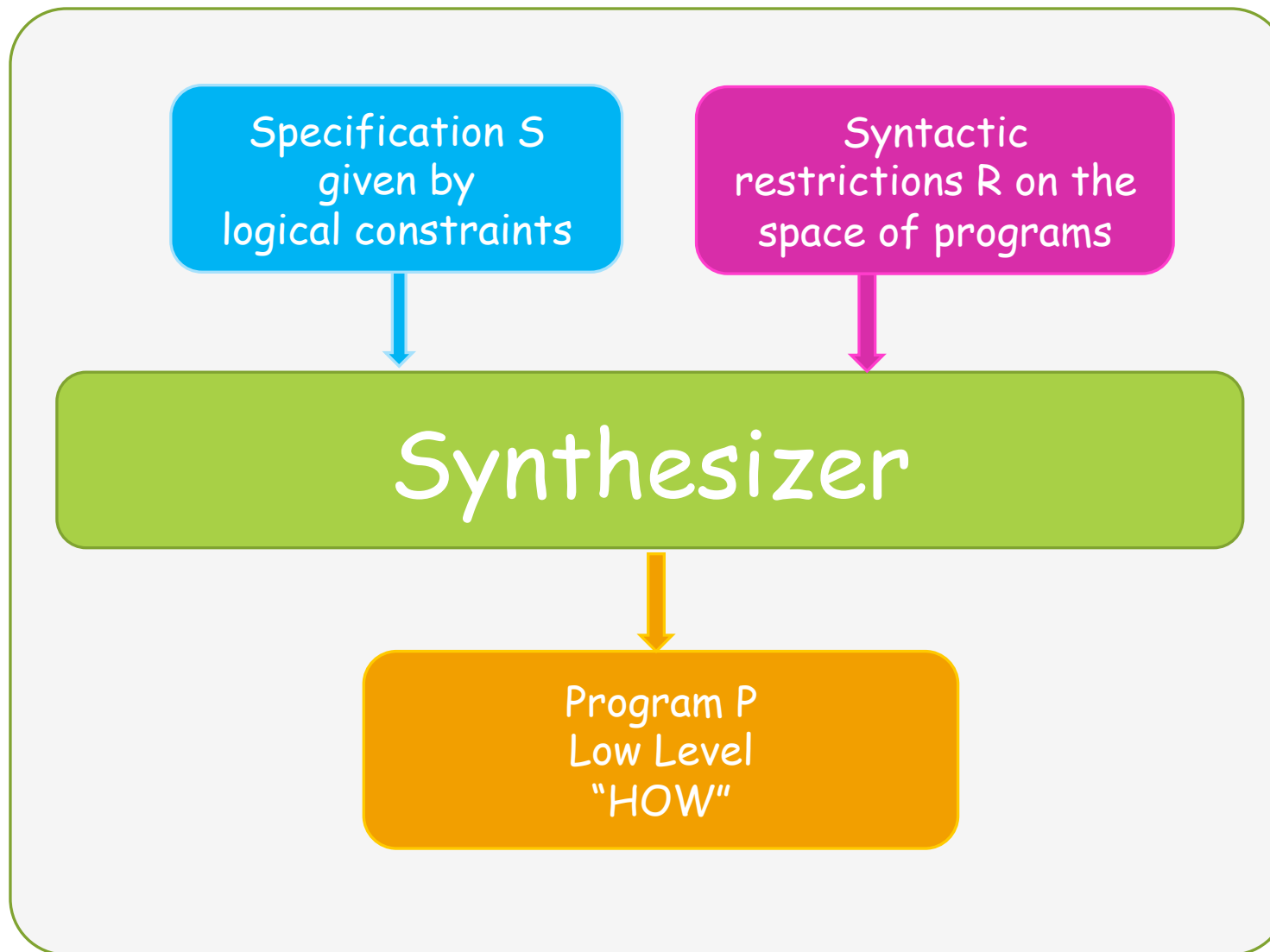
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# Traditional Program Synthesis



# Syntax-Guided Synthesis

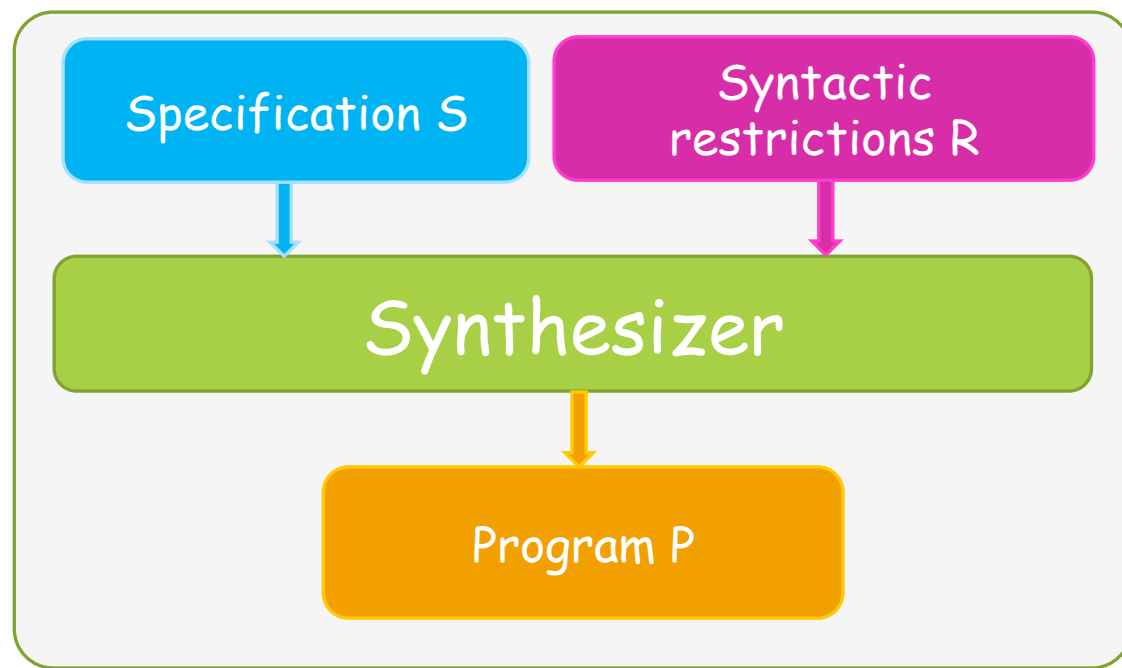


# Syntax-Guided Synthesis

Common theme for many projects:

- Sketch (Bodik, Solar-Lezama et al)
- FlashFill (Gulwani et al)
- Super-optimization (Schkufza et al)
- Invariant generation (Many recent efforts...)
- TRANSIT for protocol synthesis (Udupa et al)
- Oracle-guided program synthesis (Jha et al)
- Implicit programming: Scala<sup>Z3</sup> (Kuncak et al)
- Auto-grader (Singh et al)

But no way to compare solutions  
and/or share benchmarks



# Syntax-Guided Synthesis (SyGuS) Problem



- Fix a background **theory**  $T$ :  
fixes types and operations
- Function to be synthesized:  
**name**  $f$  (or  $f_1, f_2, \dots, f_k$ ) along with its type

- Inputs to SyGuS problem:

- ❖ **Specification**  $\varphi$

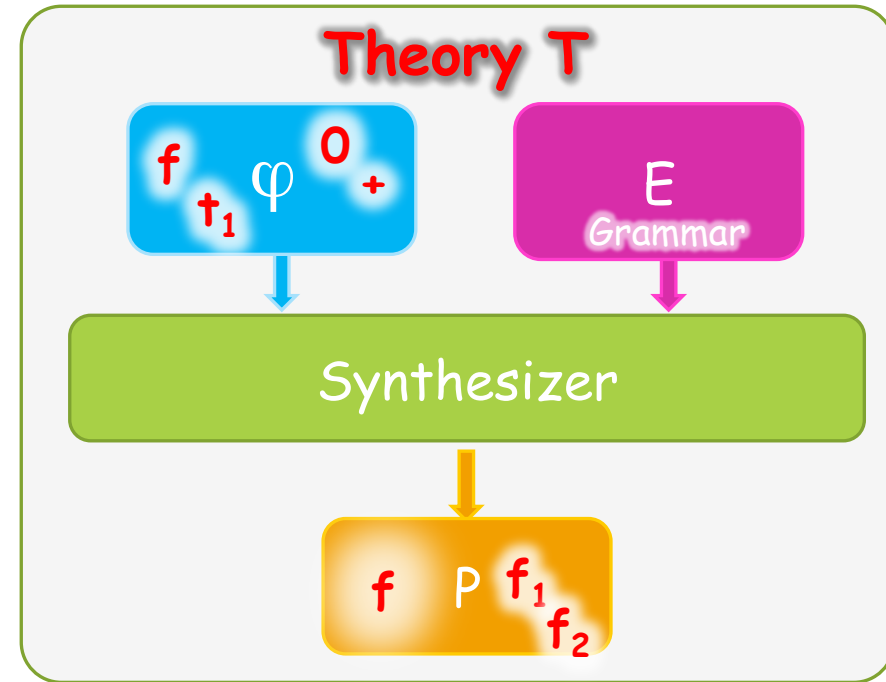
Typed formula using symbols in  $T$  + symbol  $f$

- ❖ **Context-free grammar**  $G$

Characterizing the set of allowed **expressions**  $E$  (in theory  $T$ )

- Computational problem:**

Find **expression**  $e$  in  $E$  such that  $\varphi[f/e]$  is valid (in theory  $T$ )



# SyGuS - example



- Theory QF-LIA  
Types: Integers and Booleans  
Logical connectives, Conditionals, and Linear arithmetic  
Quantifier-free formulas
- Function to be synthesized  $f(\text{int } x, \text{int } y) : \text{int}$
- Specification:  $(x \leq f(x,y)) \ \& \ (y \leq f(x,y)) \ \& \ (f(x,y)=x \mid f(x,y)=y)$
- Candidate Implementations: Linear expressions  
 $\text{LinExp} := x \mid y \mid \text{Const} \mid \text{LinExp} + \text{LinExp} \mid \text{LinExp} - \text{LinExp}$
- No solution exists

# SyGuS - example

- Theory QF-LIA

Types: Integers and Booleans

Logical connectives, Conditionals, and Linear arithmetic

Quantifier-free formulas

- Function to be synthesized  $f(\text{int } x, \text{int } y) : \text{int}$

- Specification:  $(x \leq f(x,y)) \ \& \ (y \leq f(x,y)) \ \& \ (f(x,y)=x \mid f(x,y)=y)$

- Candidate Implementations: Conditional expressions with comparisons

$\text{Term} := x \mid y \mid \text{Const} \mid \text{If-Then-Else}(\text{Cond}, \text{Term}, \text{Term})$

$\text{Cond} := \text{Term} \leq \text{Term} \mid \text{Cond} \ \& \ \text{Cond} \mid \sim \text{Cond} \mid (\text{Cond})$

- Possible solution:

$\text{If-Then-Else}(x \leq y, y, x)$

# Benchmark Problems



- **Hacker's Delight** (bit manipulation problems)
- **Invariant Generation** (for program verification) [Garg et al.]
- **Vehicle Control** (autonomous cars on shared routes) [Dallal et al.]
- **Conditional integer arithmetic** (complex branching structure)
- **ICFP** (bit vector algorithms from functional programming competition) [Swamy et. al. ]
- **And others...**



# Solvers

In this year's competition participated 5 solvers:

- **Enumerative CEGIS Solver** (Abhishek Udupa, Penn)
- **Stochastic CEGIS Solver** (Mukund Raghothaman, Penn)
- **Symbolic CEGIS Solver** (Garvit Juniwal, UC Berkeley)
- **Alchemist** (Pranav Garg, Shambwaditya Saha, P. Madhusudan, UIUC)
- **Sketch-Based** (Rishabh Singh, Armando Solar-Lezama, MIT)

# And the Winner is:



Enumerative-CEGIS Solver

Abhishek Udupa, Penn.

# Thanks !



- StarExec for providing computational infrastructure

- Input format extends SMTLib-2



- Microsoft Research: Sponsorship of financial award

- NSF Expeditions project ExCAPE and its team

members



**ExCAPE**  
Expeditions in Computer Augmented  
Program Engineering