

$$\begin{aligned} P[11 \leq X \leq 21] &= P[|X - 16| \leq 5] \\ &= P[|X - 16| \leq 1.25\sigma] \\ &\geq 1 - \frac{1}{1.25^2} \\ &= 0.36 \end{aligned}$$

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Sⁿ

$$C_4 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0.5 \\ 0.5 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$|A - \lambda I| = 0.$$

$$\left| \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0.5 \\ 0.5 & 1 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} \lambda & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda \end{bmatrix} \right| = 0.$$

$$\left| \begin{bmatrix} 1-\lambda & 0.5 \\ 0.5 & 1-\lambda \end{bmatrix} \right| = 0.$$

$$(1-\lambda)^2 - 0.25 = 0,$$

$$1 - 2\lambda + \lambda^2 - 0.25 = 0,$$

$$\lambda^2 - 2\lambda + 1 - 0.25 = 0.$$

$$\lambda^2 - 2\lambda + 0.75 = 0.$$

$$\lambda = \frac{-(-2) \pm \sqrt{4 - 4(1)(0.75)}}{2}$$

$$= \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{1}}{2}$$

$$= \frac{2 \pm 1}{2}$$

$$\boxed{\lambda_1 = 1.5} \quad \boxed{\lambda_2 = 0.5}$$

$$\lambda = 1.5$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -0.5 & 0.5 \\ 0.5 & -0.5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -0.5 & 0.5 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$-x + y = 0. \quad y = 1 \quad x = 1$$

$$v_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \text{ after normalization } v_1 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\lambda = 0.5$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0.5 & 0.5 \\ 0.5 & 0.5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0.5 & 0.5 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x + y = 0, \quad y = 1 - x = -1.$$

$$v_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$v_2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$A = V \Sigma^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$A = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1.5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.5 \end{bmatrix}^{\frac{1}{2}}.$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1.22 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.707 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$A = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1.22 & -0.707 \\ 0.707 & 0.707 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C_4 = A C_2 A^\top$$

$$C_4 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1.22 & -0.707 \\ 0.707 & 0.707 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1.22 & 1.22 \\ 0.707 & 0.707 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1.22 & -0.707 \\ 1.22 & 0.707 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1.22 & 1.22 \\ -0.707 & 0.707 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1.98 & 0.988 \\ 0.988 & 1.98 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.5 & 0.5 \\ 0.5 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad y_1 = \frac{x_1}{x_2} \quad \Rightarrow \quad x_2 = y_1 y_2$$

$$y_2 = x_2$$

range $0 < x_1 < x_2 < 1 \Leftrightarrow 0 < y_1 y_2 < y_2 < 1$

Here we can have that

$$0 < y_2 < 1 \quad \& \quad 0 < y_1 < 1$$

Jacobian

$$Dy = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial x_1}{\partial y_1} & \frac{\partial x_1}{\partial y_2} \\ \frac{\partial x_2}{\partial y_1} & \frac{\partial x_2}{\partial y_2} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} y_2 & y_1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det(Dy) = y_2.$$

$$Dx = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial y_1}{\partial x_1} & \frac{\partial y_1}{\partial x_2} \\ \frac{\partial y_2}{\partial x_1} & \frac{\partial y_2}{\partial x_2} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{x_2} & \frac{x_1}{x_2} \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det(Dx) = \frac{1}{x_2} \quad |Dy| = \frac{1}{|Dx|}.$$

$$f_{Y_1, Y_2}(y_1, y_2) = f_{X_1, X_2}(y_1 y_2, y_2) \times y_2$$
$$= 2y_2, \text{ if } y_1 < 1, \text{ if } y_2 < 1.$$

& 0 otherwise.

(4)

Find the joint density function

$g_{X_1 X_2}$

$$Y_1 = X_1 + X_2 \quad Y_2 = \frac{X_1}{X_1 + X_2}$$

$$X_1 = Y_1 - Y_2$$

$$\Rightarrow g_{Y_1 Y_2} = \frac{Y_1 - Y_2}{Y_1 - Y_2 + Y_2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \gamma_2 = \frac{\gamma_1 - x_2}{\gamma_1}$$

$$\Rightarrow \gamma_1 \gamma_2 = \gamma_1 - x_2$$

$$\Rightarrow x_2 = \gamma_1 - \gamma_1 \gamma_2 = \gamma_1 (1 - \gamma_2)$$

$$\Rightarrow x_1 = \gamma_1 - (\gamma_1 - \gamma_1 \gamma_2) = \gamma_1 \gamma_2$$

$$J = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial x_1}{\partial \gamma_1} & \frac{\partial x_1}{\partial \gamma_2} \\ \frac{\partial x_2}{\partial \gamma_1} & \frac{\partial x_2}{\partial \gamma_2} \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{range } \gamma_1 \geq 0$$

$$= \begin{vmatrix} \gamma_2 & \gamma_1 \\ (1-\gamma_2) & -\gamma_1 \end{vmatrix} \quad 0 \leq \gamma_2 \leq 1$$

$$|J| = -\gamma_1 \gamma_2 - \gamma_1 (1 - \gamma_2) \\ = -\gamma_2 \gamma_1 - \gamma_1 + \gamma_1 \gamma_2$$

$$|J| = -\gamma_1$$

$$\gamma_1 \gamma_2 (x_1, x_2) = f_{x_1 x_2} (\gamma_1, \gamma_2, \gamma_1 (1 - \gamma_2)).$$

$$= e^{-(\gamma_1 \gamma_2 + \gamma_1 - \gamma_1 \gamma_2)} | -\gamma_1 |$$

$$f_{x_1 x_2} (\gamma_1, \gamma_2) = \gamma_1 e^{-\gamma_1}, \quad \gamma_1 > 0 \quad 0 \leq \gamma_2 \leq 1$$