P Lecture -3 Recap: 3 a xioms of probability  $P(\phi) = 0$ P(E) = 1 - P(E) P(AUB) = P(A) + P(B)-4 RAAB) P(AUBUC) = P(A) + P(B) + P(C)- P(AMS) - P(BMC) - P(AMC) +P(AMSAC) n.w.

Sample Spaces with (equally libely) outcomes eg. Box has 6 white balls 5 black balls 3 balls at random. 1 white  $b = (\frac{1E1}{151})$ 2 black  $\frac{1}{2}$ W, W, B, B2 soutcome 2 = 1/c

W, B, B2 soutcome 2 1/c IE1=(6)(5) · outcome no.

10 married rouples, choose 5 beekle at sandon what is the probability that Mese 5 are not related to each ogra. 151= (20) 151= (20) (15)= (3-(4(5).(c)) (10(3)) (house 5 (ouples from here. m2W2-(10) 2.2.2.2.2 M5 W5 -> 2 かないようろ (10) \* 2 5) \* 2 1E1 ng wg >> 4 ma mg 25 b-10(5 x25 = )E1 20(5 |S1

what is the probability (4) of gett in a straight in a haid of pober? no. of straight flushs 10. of straight flushs 52c5 10 \* y 10 \* y 10 \* Suits no. of straights.  $\frac{10 \times \left[4^{5} - 4\right]}{5^{2}} = py$ getting
a straigh a straight

p( flush) all of same suit. a suit. (hoose any 5 Choose Cards 130 135 4 + 13c - 40 52 C 5

Full Mouse

2 denomina hon: 13(2 × 2

(8,8,8) (F,R) 7

(8,8,8, K,K,K) 8: 463 K: 4c2 13(2 \* (2) \* 4(2 \* 43 52 cs

Full Mouse, Straight, Flush, Straight Flush: H.W. e.g. Birthday (Pasadox) (7) There are n people in a noom. What is the probability Not 2 or more people share the same birthday).
365 days ina stryear. 3.66 0.5 0.999 70