1. Using the definition of linearity, show that the ideal delay system and moving average (MA) system are both linear systems.

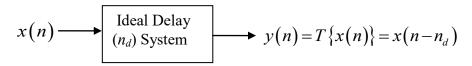


Fig.1a. Ideal Delay System

$$x(n) \longrightarrow \begin{cases} \text{Moving Average} \\ \text{(MA) System} \end{cases} y(n) = T\{x(n)\} = \frac{1}{N_1 + N_2 - 1} \sum_{k=-N_1}^{N_2} x(n-k)$$

Fig.1b. Moving Average (MA) System

- 2. For each of the following systems, determine whether the system is
  - Stable
  - Causal
  - linear
  - time-invariant
  - memoryless



(a) 
$$y(n) = T\{x(n)\} = g(n)x(n)$$

Fig.2. Discrete-time system

(b) 
$$y(n) = T\{x(n)\} = \sum_{k=n_o}^{n} x(k)$$

(c) 
$$y(n) = T\{x(n)\} = e^{x(n)}$$

(d) 
$$y(n) = T\{x(n)\} = ax(n) + b$$

- 3. Let  $x(n) = \delta(n) + 2\delta(n-1) \delta(n-3)$  and  $h(n) = 2\delta(n+1) + 2\delta(n-1)$ . Compute and plot each of the following convolutions.
- (a)  $y_1(n) = x(n) * h(n)$

(b) 
$$y_2(n) = x(n+2) * h(n)$$

(c) 
$$y_3(n) = x(n) * h(n+2)$$

- 4. Evaluate the integral  $\int_{0}^{\infty} \delta(t + \frac{3}{4})e^{-t}dt$  (Hint:- Use properties of impulse signal)
- 5. For each of the following input-output relationships, determine weather the corresponding system is linear, time invariant or both.

A) 
$$y(t) = t^2x(t-1)$$
  
B)  $y[n] = x^2[n-2]$ 

6. Prove that the system given by the following input-output (I/O) is nonlinear.

$$y[n] = T\{x[n]\} = x^*[n]$$