

Migrate from a Cisco switch to a Cisco Nexus 9336C-FX2 cluster switch

ONTAP Systems Switches

NetApp February 22, 2022

This PDF was generated from https://docs.netapp.com/us-en/ontap-systems-switches/switch-cisco-9336c-fx2/migrate-to-9336-overview.html on February 22, 2022. Always check docs.netapp.com for the latest.

Table of Contents

N	ligrate from a Cisco switch to a Cisco Nexus 9336C-FX2 cluster switch	. 1
	Migrate from a Cisco switch to a Cisco Nexus 9336C-FX2 cluster switch	. 1
	How to migrate from a Cisco switch to a Cisco Nexus 9336C-FX2 cluster switch	. 1

Migrate from a Cisco switch to a Cisco Nexus 9336C-FX2 cluster switch

Migrate from a Cisco switch to a Cisco Nexus 9336C-FX2 cluster switch

You must be aware of certain configuration information, port connections and cabling requirements when you are replacing some older Cisco Nexus cluster switches with Cisco Nexus 9336C-FX2 cluster switches.

- The following cluster switches are supported:
 - Nexus 9336C-FX2
 - Nexus 92300YC
 - Nexus 5596UP
 - Nexus 3232C
 - Nexus 3132Q-V
- See the Hardware Universe for full details of supported ports and their configurations.
- You have configured some of the ports on Nexus 9336C-FX2 switches to run at 10 GbE or 40 GbE.
- You have planned, migrated, and documented 10 GbE and 40 GbE connectivity from nodes to Nexus 9336C-FX2 cluster switches.
- The ONTAP and NX-OS versions supported in this procedure are on the Cisco Ethernet Switches page.

How to migrate from a Cisco switch to a Cisco Nexus 9336C-FX2 cluster switch

You can migrate nondisruptively older Cisco cluster switches for an ONTAP cluster to Cisco Nexus 9336C-FX2 cluster network switches.

- The existing cluster must be properly set up and functioning.
- All cluster ports must be in the up state to ensure nondisruptive operations.
- The Nexus 9336C-FX2 cluster switches must be configured and operating under the proper version of NX-OS installed and reference configuration file (RCF) applied.
- The existing cluster network configuration must have the following:
 - A redundant and fully functional NetApp cluster using both older Cisco switches.
 - Management connectivity and console access to both the older Cisco switches and the new switches.
 - All cluster LIFs in the up state with the cluster LIfs are on their home ports.
 - ISL ports enabled and cabled between the older Cisco switches and between the new switches.

The examples in this procedure use the following switch and node nomenclature:

The existing Cisco Nexus 5596UP cluster switches are c1 and c2.

- The new Nexus 9336C-FX2 cluster switches are cs1 and cs2.
- The nodes are node1 and node2.
- The cluster LIFs are node1_clus1 and node1_clus2 on node 1, and node2_clus1 and node2_clus2 on node 2 respectively.
- Switch c2 is replaced by switch cs2 first and then switch c1 is replaced by switch cs1.
 - A temporary ISL is built on cs1 connecting c1 to cs1.
 - Cabling between the nodes and c2 are then disconnected from c2 and reconnected to cs2.
 - · Cabling between the nodes and c1 are then disconnected from c1 and reconnected to cs1.
 - The temporary ISL between c1 and cs1 is then removed.

Steps

1. If AutoSupport is enabled on this cluster, suppress automatic case creation by invoking an AutoSupport message: system node autosupport invoke -node * -type all -message MAINT=xh

where x is the duration of the maintenance window in hours.



The AutoSupport message notifies technical support of this maintenance task so that automatic case creation is suppressed during the maintenance window.

 Change the privilege level to advanced, entering y when prompted to continue: set -privilege advanced

The advanced prompt (*>) appears.

3. Verify that auto-revert is enabled on all cluster LIFs: network interface show -vserver Cluster -fields auto-revert

4. Determine the administrative or operational status for each cluster interface:

Each port should display up for Link and healthy for Health Status.

a. Display the network port attributes: network port show -ipspace Cluster

<pre>cluster1::*> network port show -ipspace Cluster</pre>								
Node: node1								
Ignore						Speed(Mbps)	Health	
Health						opeca (Hops)	iicaicii	
Status	IPspace					_	Status	
e0a false	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	healthy	
	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	healthy	
false								
Node: nod	le2							
Ignore								
						Speed(Mbps)	Health	
Health						/-		
Port Status	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper	Status	
					0000	/10000	1 1.1	
e0a false	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	healthy	
e0b	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	healthy	
false								
4 entries were displayed.								

b. Display information about the logical interfaces and their designated home nodes: network interface show -vserver Cluster

Each LIF should display up/up for Status Admin/Oper and true for Is Home.

<pre>cluster1::*> network interface show -vserver Cluster</pre>								
	I	Logical	Status	Network	Current			
Current	Is							
Vserver	I	Interface	Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node			
Port	Home							
Cluster								
	n	node1_clus1	up/up	169.254.209.69/16	node1			
e0a	true							
	n	node1_clus2	up/up	169.254.49.125/16	node1			
e0b	true							
	n	node2_clus1	up/up	169.254.47.194/16	node2			
e0a	true							
	n	node2_clus2	up/up	169.254.19.183/16	node2			
e0b	true							
4 entries were displayed.								

5. The cluster ports on each node are connected to existing cluster switches in the following way (from the nodes' perspective) using the command: network device-discovery show -protocol cdp

Node/ Protocol		Discovered Device (LLDP: ChassisID)	Interface	Platform
node2	/cdp			
	e0a	c1	0/2	N5K-
C5596UP				
	e0b	c2	0/2	N5K-
C5596UP				
node1	/cdp			
10001	e0a	0.1	0/1	N5K-
25506117	eva	CI	0/1	N3N-
C5596UP				
	e0b	c2	0/1	N5K-
C5596UP				
C5596UP				

6. The cluster ports and switches are connected in the following way (from the switches' perspective) using the command: show cdp neighbors

c1# show cdp neighbors Capability Codes: R - Router, T - Trans-Bridge, B - Source-Route-Bridge S - Switch, H - Host, I - IGMP, r - Repeater, V - VoIP-Phone, D - Remotely-Managed-Device, s - Supports-STP-Dispute Device-ID Local Intrfce Hldtme Capability Platform Port ID node1 Eth1/1 124 H FAS2750 e0a node2 Eth1/2 124 H FAS2750 e0a с2 Eth1/41 179 S I s N5K-C5596UP Eth1/41 Eth1/42 c2 175 S I s N5K-C5596UP Eth1/42 Eth1/43 179 S I s c2 N5K-C5596UP Eth1/43 с2 Eth1/44 175 S I s N5K-C5596UP Eth1/44 с2 Eth1/45 179 S I s N5K-C5596UP Eth1/45 c2 Eth1/46 179 SIs N5K-C5596UP Eth1/46 c2 Eth1/47 175 SIs N5K-C5596UP Eth1/47 Eth1/48 179 S I s N5K-C5596UP c2 Eth1/48 Total entries displayed: 10 c2# show cdp neighbors Capability Codes: R - Router, T - Trans-Bridge, B - Source-Route-Bridge S - Switch, H - Host, I - IGMP, r - Repeater, V - VoIP-Phone, D - Remotely-Managed-Device, s - Supports-STP-Dispute Device-ID Local Intrfce Hldtme Capability Platform Port ID node1 Eth1/1 124 H FAS2750 e0b node2 Eth1/2 124 FAS2750 Н e0b

c1	Eth1/41	175	SIS	N5K-C5596UP
Eth1/41				
c1	Eth1/42	175	S I s	N5K-C5596UP
Eth1/42				
c1	Eth1/43	175	SIS	N5K-C5596UP
Eth1/43				
c1	Eth1/44	175	SIS	N5K-C5596UP
Eth1/44				
c1	Eth1/45	175	SIS	N5K-C5596UP
Eth1/45				
c1	Eth1/46	175	SIS	N5K-C5596UP
Eth1/46				
c1	Eth1/47	176	SIs	N5K-C5596UP
Eth1/47				
c1	Eth1/48	176	SIs	N5K-C5596UP
Eth1/48				

7. Ensure that the cluster network has full connectivity using the command: cluster ping-cluster -node node-name

```
cluster1::*> cluster ping-cluster -node node2
Host is node2
Getting addresses from network interface table...
Cluster node1 clus1 169.254.209.69 node1
                                             e0a
Cluster node1 clus2 169.254.49.125 node1
                                             e0b
Cluster node2 clus1 169.254.47.194 node2
                                             e0a
Cluster node2 clus2 169.254.19.183 node2
                                             e0b
Local = 169.254.47.194 169.254.19.183
Remote = 169.254.209.69 169.254.49.125
Cluster Vserver Id = 4294967293
Ping status:
. . . .
Basic connectivity succeeds on 4 path(s)
Basic connectivity fails on 0 path(s)
Detected 9000 byte MTU on 4 path(s):
    Local 169.254.19.183 to Remote 169.254.209.69
    Local 169.254.19.183 to Remote 169.254.49.125
    Local 169.254.47.194 to Remote 169.254.209.69
    Local 169.254.47.194 to Remote 169.254.49.125
Larger than PMTU communication succeeds on 4 path(s)
RPC status:
2 paths up, 0 paths down (tcp check)
2 paths up, 0 paths down (udp check)
```

8. Configure a temporary ISL on cs1 on ports e1/41-48, between c1 and cs1.

The following example shows how the new ISL is configured on c1 and cs1:

```
cs1# configure
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
cs1(config) # interface e1/41-48
cs1(config-if-range)# description temporary ISL between Nexus 5596UP and
Nexus 9336C
cs1(config-if-range) # no lldp transmit
cs1(config-if-range) # no lldp receive
cs1(config-if-range)# switchport mode trunk
cs1(config-if-range) # no spanning-tree bpduguard enable
cs1(config-if-range) # channel-group 101 mode active
cs1(config-if-range)# exit
cs1(config) # interface port-channel 101
cs1(config-if) # switchport mode trunk
cs1(config-if)# spanning-tree port type network
cs1(config-if) # exit
cs1(config)# exit
```

- 9. Remove ISL cables from ports e1/41-48 from c2 and connect the cables to ports e1/41-48 on cs1.
- 10. Verify that the ISL ports and port-channel are operational connecting c1 and cs1: show port-channel summary

The following example shows the Cisco show port-channel summary command being used to verify the ISL ports are operational on c1 and cs1:

```
c1# show port-channel summary
Flags: D - Down P - Up in port-channel (members)
       I - Individual H - Hot-standby (LACP only)
       s - Suspended r - Module-removed
       b - BFD Session Wait
       S - Switched R - Routed
       U - Up (port-channel)
       p - Up in delay-lacp mode (member)
       M - Not in use. Min-links not met
Group Port- Type Protocol Member Ports
     Channel
1 Po1(SU) Eth LACP Eth1/41(P) Eth1/42(P)
Eth1/43(P)
                                  Eth1/44(P) Eth1/45(P)
Eth1/46(P)
                                   Eth1/47(P) Eth1/48(P)
cs1# show port-channel summary
Flags: D - Down P - Up in port-channel (members)
       I - Individual H - Hot-standby (LACP only)
       s - Suspended r - Module-removed
       b - BFD Session Wait
       S - Switched R - Routed
       U - Up (port-channel)
       p - Up in delay-lacp mode (member)
       M - Not in use. Min-links not met
Group Port- Type Protocol Member Ports
     Channel
1 Po1(SU) Eth LACP Eth1/35(P) Eth1/36(P)
101 Po101(SU) Eth LACP Eth1/41(P) Eth1/42(P)
Eth1/43(P)
                                  Eth1/44(P) Eth1/45(P)
Eth1/46(P)
                                   Eth1/47(P) Eth1/48(P)
```

11. For node1, disconnect the cable from e1/1 on c2, and then connect the cable to e1/1 on cs2, using

- appropriate cabling supported by Nexus 9336C-FX2.
- 12. For node2, disconnect the cable from e1/2 on c2, and then connect the cable to e1/2 on cs2, using appropriate cabling supported by Nexus 9336C-FX2.
- 13. The cluster ports on each node are now connected to cluster switches in the following way, from the nodes' perspective: network device-discovery show -protocol cdp

cluster1::*> network device-discovery show -protocol cdp								
		Discovered Device (LLDP: ChassisID)	Interface	Platform				
node2	 /cdp							
110402	e0a	c1	0/2	N5K-				
C5596UP								
	e0b	cs2	0/2	N9K-				
C9336C								
node1	/cdp							
	e0a	c1	0/1	N5K-				
C5596UP			- /-					
	e0b	cs2	0/1	N9K-				
C9336C								
4 entries were displayed.								

- 14. For node1, disconnect the cable from e1/1 on c1, and then connect the cable to e1/1 on cs1, using appropriate cabling supported by Nexus 9336C-FX2.
- 15. For node2, disconnect the cable from e1/2 on c1, and then connect the cable to e1/2 on cs1, using appropriate cabling supported by Nexus 9336C-FX2.
- 16. The cluster ports on each node are now connected to cluster switches in the following way, from the nodes' perspective: network device-discovery show -protocol cdp

```
cluster1::*> network device-discovery show -protocol cdp
Node/ Local Discovered
Protocol
         Port Device (LLDP: ChassisID) Interface
                                                         Platform
node2 /cdp
                                         0/2
         e0a cs1
                                                         N9K-
C9336C
                                         0/2
         e0b cs2
                                                         N9K-
C9336C
node1
        /cdp
          e0a
                                         0/1
                cs1
                                                         N9K-
C9336C
                                         0/1
          e0b cs2
                                                         N9K-
C9336C
4 entries were displayed.
```

17. Delete the temporary ISL between cs1 and c1.

```
cs1(config)# no interface port-channel 10
cs1(config)# interface e1/41-48
cs1(config-if-range)# lldp transmit
cs1(config-if-range)# lldp receive
cs1(config-if-range)# no switchport mode trunk
cs1(config-if-range)# no channel-group
cs1(config-if-range)# description 10GbE Node Port
cs1(config-if-range)# spanning-tree bpduguard enable
cs1(config-if-range)# exit
cs1(config)# exit
```

18. Verify the final configuration of the cluster: network port show -ipspace Cluster

Each port should display up for Link and healthy for Health Status.

```
Cluster1::*> network port show -ipspace Cluster

Node: node1

Ignore

Speed(Mbps) Health

Health
Port IPspace Broadcast Domain Link MTU Admin/Oper Status
Status
```

	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	healthy
false							
	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	healthy
false							
Node: node2	2						
Ignore						Cnood (Mbna)	Uool+h
Health						Speed (Mbps)	пеатип
	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper	Status
Status						, o _F	
e0a (Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	healthy
false							
e0b (Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	healthy
false							
	Logical	Status	Netwo	rk		Current	
Current Is							
Vserver Home	Interface	Admin/Oper	Addre	ss/Mas	sk	Node	Port
Cluster							
	node1_clus	1 up/up	169.2	54.209	9.69/1	l6 node1	e0a
true							
	node1_clus	2 up/up	169.2	54.49	.125/1	l6 node1	e0b
true							
	node2_clus	1 up/up	169.2	54.47	.194/1	l6 node2	e0a
true							
CIUC				T 1 1 0	102/1		
	node2_clus	2 up/up	169.2	54.19.	.103/1	l6 node2	e0b
	node2_clus	2 up/up	169.2	54.19	.103/1	l6 node2	e0b
true	_		169.2	54.19	.103/1	L6 node2	e0b
true	node2_clus were display		169.2	54.19	.103/1	L6 node2	e0b
true	_		169.2	54.19	. 103/1	L6 node2	e0b
true 4 entries v	— were display	ed.					e0b
true 4 entries v	_	ed.					e0b

Node/	Local	Discovered	Tatomfogo	Dlatform
Protocol	Port 	Device (LLDP: ChassisID)	Interrace	Platform
node2	/cdp			
	e0a	cs1	0/2	N9K-
C9336C				
	e0b	cs2	0/2	N9K-
C9336C				
node1	/cdp			
	e0a	cs1	0/1	N9K-
C9336C				
	e0b	cs2	0/1	N9K-
C9336C				

⁴ entries were displayed.

19. Verify that both nodes each have one connection to each switch: show cdp neighbors

The following example shows the appropriate results for both switches:

```
cs1# show cdp neighbors
Capability Codes: R - Router, T - Trans-Bridge, B - Source-Route-Bridge
                 S - Switch, H - Host, I - IGMP, r - Repeater,
                 V - VoIP-Phone, D - Remotely-Managed-Device,
                 s - Supports-STP-Dispute
Device-ID
                 Local Intrfce Hldtme Capability Platform
                                                                Port
ΙD
node1
                 Eth1/1
                                124
                                       Н
                                                  FAS2750
                                                                e0a
node2
                  Eth1/2
                                                                e0a
                                124
                                                  FAS2750
                  Eth1/35
cs2
                                179
                                       RSIs
                                                  N9K-C9336C
Eth1/35
cs2
                 Eth1/36
                               179 RSIS
                                                  N9K-C9336C
Eth1/36
cs2# show cdp neighbors
Capability Codes: R - Router, T - Trans-Bridge, B - Source-Route-Bridge
                 S - Switch, H - Host, I - IGMP, r - Repeater,
                 V - VoIP-Phone, D - Remotely-Managed-Device,
                 s - Supports-STP-Dispute
Device-ID
                 Local Intrfce Hldtme Capability Platform
                                                                Port
TD
node1
                 Eth1/1
                                124
                                                                e0b
                                       Н
                                                  FAS2750
node2
                 Eth1/2
                                                                e0b
                                124
                                                  FAS2750
                                       Η
cs1
                 Eth1/35
                                179 R S I s
                                                  N9K-C9336C
Eth1/35
cs1
                 Eth1/36
                               179 RSIS
                                                  N9K-C9336C
Eth1/36
Total entries displayed: 4
```

^{20.} Ensure that the cluster network has full connectivity: cluster ping-cluster -node node-name

```
cluster1::*> set -priv advanced
Warning: These advanced commands are potentially dangerous; use them
only when
         directed to do so by NetApp personnel.
Do you want to continue? \{y|n\}: y
cluster1::*> cluster ping-cluster -node node2
Host is node2
Getting addresses from network interface table...
Cluster node1 clus1 169.254.209.69 node1
Cluster node1 clus2 169.254.49.125 node1
                                               e0b
Cluster node2 clus1 169.254.47.194 node2
                                               e0a
Cluster node2 clus2 169.254.19.183 node2
                                               e0b
Local = 169.254.47.194 169.254.19.183
Remote = 169.254.209.69 169.254.49.125
Cluster Vserver Id = 4294967293
Ping status:
. . . .
Basic connectivity succeeds on 4 path(s)
Basic connectivity fails on 0 path(s)
. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
Detected 9000 byte MTU on 4 path(s):
    Local 169.254.19.183 to Remote 169.254.209.69
    Local 169.254.19.183 to Remote 169.254.49.125
    Local 169.254.47.194 to Remote 169.254.209.69
    Local 169.254.47.194 to Remote 169.254.49.125
Larger than PMTU communication succeeds on 4 path(s)
RPC status:
2 paths up, 0 paths down (tcp check)
2 paths up, 0 paths down (udp check)
cluster1::*> set -privilege admin
cluster1::*>
```

21. For ONTAP 9.8 and later, enable the Ethernet switch health monitor log collection feature for collecting switch-related log files, using the two commands: system switch ethernet log setup-password and system switch ethernet log enable-collection

```
cluster1::*> system switch ethernet log setup-password
Enter the switch name: <return>
The switch name entered is not recognized.
Choose from the following list:
cs1
cs2
cluster1::*> system switch ethernet log setup-password
Enter the switch name: csl
RSA key fingerprint is e5:8b:c6:dc:e2:18:18:09:36:63:d9:63:dd:03:d9:cc
Do you want to continue? {y|n}::[n] y
Enter the password: <enter switch password>
Enter the password again: <enter switch password>
cluster1::*> system switch ethernet log setup-password
Enter the switch name: cs2
RSA key fingerprint is 57:49:86:a1:b9:80:6a:61:9a:86:8e:3c:e3:b7:1f:b1
Do you want to continue? {y|n}:: [n] y
Enter the password: <enter switch password>
Enter the password again: <enter switch password>
cluster1::*> system switch ethernet log enable-collection
Do you want to enable cluster log collection for all nodes in the
cluster?
\{y|n\}: [n] y
Enabling cluster switch log collection.
cluster1::*>
```



If any of these commands return an error, contact NetApp support.

22. For ONTAP releases 9.5P16, 9.6P12, and 9.7P10 and later patch releases, enable the Ethernet switch health monitor log collection feature for collecting switch-related log files, using the commands: system cluster-switch log setup-password and system cluster-switch log enable-collection

```
cluster1::*> system cluster-switch log setup-password
Enter the switch name: <return>
The switch name entered is not recognized.
Choose from the following list:
cs1
cs2
cluster1::*> system cluster-switch log setup-password
Enter the switch name: csl
RSA key fingerprint is e5:8b:c6:dc:e2:18:18:09:36:63:d9:63:dd:03:d9:cc
Do you want to continue? {y|n}::[n] y
Enter the password: <enter switch password>
Enter the password again: <enter switch password>
cluster1::*> system cluster-switch log setup-password
Enter the switch name: cs2
RSA key fingerprint is 57:49:86:a1:b9:80:6a:61:9a:86:8e:3c:e3:b7:1f:b1
Do you want to continue? {y|n}:: [n] y
Enter the password: <enter switch password>
Enter the password again: <enter switch password>
cluster1::*> system cluster-switch log enable-collection
Do you want to enable cluster log collection for all nodes in the
cluster?
\{y|n\}: [n] y
Enabling cluster switch log collection.
cluster1::*>
```



If any of these commands return an error, contact NetApp support.

23. If you suppressed automatic case creation, reenable it by invoking an AutoSupport message: system node autosupport invoke -node * -type all -message MAINT=END

Copyright Information

Copyright © 2022 NetApp, Inc. All rights reserved. Printed in the U.S. No part of this document covered by copyright may be reproduced in any form or by any means-graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, taping, or storage in an electronic retrieval system- without prior written permission of the copyright owner.

Software derived from copyrighted NetApp material is subject to the following license and disclaimer:

THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY NETAPP "AS IS" AND WITHOUT ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE HEREBY DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL NETAPP BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.

NetApp reserves the right to change any products described herein at any time, and without notice. NetApp assumes no responsibility or liability arising from the use of products described herein, except as expressly agreed to in writing by NetApp. The use or purchase of this product does not convey a license under any patent rights, trademark rights, or any other intellectual property rights of NetApp.

The product described in this manual may be protected by one or more U.S. patents, foreign patents, or pending applications.

RESTRICTED RIGHTS LEGEND: Use, duplication, or disclosure by the government is subject to restrictions as set forth in subparagraph (c)(1)(ii) of the Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software clause at DFARS 252.277-7103 (October 1988) and FAR 52-227-19 (June 1987).

Trademark Information

NETAPP, the NETAPP logo, and the marks listed at http://www.netapp.com/TM are trademarks of NetApp, Inc. Other company and product names may be trademarks of their respective owners.