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Cisco Nexus 3232C switches

ONTAP Systems Switches

NetApp March 11, 2022

This PDF was generated from https://docs.netapp.com/us-en/ontap-systems-switches/switch-cisco-3232c/index.html on March 11, 2022. Always check docs.netapp.com for the latest.

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Cisco Nexus 3232C switches

Cisco Nexus 3232C switches

You can use Cisco Nexus 3232C switches as cluster switches in your AFF or FAS cluster.

- You can install the switch, migrate from an existing switch, replace a switch, and update the RCF files on the switch.
- You can install NX-OS and reference configuration files (RCF's) on the Cisco Nexus 3232C cluster switch.
- You can migrate from a two-node switchless cluster to a cluster with Cisco Nexus 3232C cluster switches.
- You can replace a Cisco Nexus 3232C cluster or storage switch.
- You can install the Cisco Nexus 3232C switch (X190100) NetApp system cabinet with the custom brackets
 that come with the switch, or you can install it in a rack with the standard brackets that are also included
 with the switch.

Migrate a CN1610 switch to a Cisco Nexus 3232C cluster switch

You must be aware of certain configuration information, port connections, and cabling requirements when you replace CN1610 cluster switches with Cisco Nexus 3232C cluster switches.

The cluster switches support the following node connections:

- NetApp CN1610: ports 0/1 through 0/12 (10 GbE)
- Cisco Nexus 3232C: ports e1/1-30 (40 or 100 or 4x10GbE)

The cluster switches use the following inter-switch link (ISL) ports.

- NetApp CN1610: ports 0/13 through 0/16 (10 GbE)
- Cisco Nexus 3232C: ports 1/31-32 (100GbE)



You must use 4x10G breakout cables on the Cisco Nexus 3232C cluster switch.

The following table shows the cabling connections that are required at each stage as you make the transition from NetApp CN1610 switches to Cisco Nexus 3232C cluster switches:

Stage	Description	Required cables
Initial	CN1610 to CN1610 (SFP+ to SFP+)	4 SFP+ optical fiber or copper direct-attach cables
Transition	CN1610 to 3232C (QSFP to SFP+)	1 QSFP and 4 SFP+ optical fiber or copper breakout cables

Stage	Description	Required cables
Final	3232C to 3232C (QSFP to QSFP)	2 QSFP optical fiber or copper direct-attach cables

You must have downloaded the applicable reference configuration files (RCFs). The number of 10 GbE and 40/100 GbE ports are defined in the RCFs available on the Cisco® Cluster Network Switch Reference Configuration File Download page.

The ONTAP and NX-OS versions that are supported in this procedure are listed on the Cisco Ethernet Switches page.

The ONTAP and FASTPATH versions that are supported in this procedure are listed on the NetApp CN1601 and CN1610 Switches page.

Install NX-OS software and RCFs on Cisco Nexus 3232C cluster switches

The Cisco NX-OS software and reference configuration files (RCFs) must be installed on Cisco Nexus 3232C cluster switches.

Before you begin

The following conditions must exist before you install the NX-OS software and Reference Configurations Files (RCFs) on the cluster switch:

- The cluster must be fully functioning (there should be no errors in the logs or similar -ssues).
- You must have checked or set your desired boot configuration in the RCF to reflect the desired boot images if you are installing only NX-OS and keeping your current RCF version.
- If you need to change the boot configuration to reflect the current boot images, you must do so before reapplying the RCF so that the correct version is instantiated on future reboots.
- You must have a console connection to the switch, required when installing the RCF.
- You must have consulted the switch compatibility table on the Cisco Ethernet switch page for the supported ONTAP, NX-OS, and RCF versions.
- There can be command dependencies between the command syntax in the RCF and that found in versions of NX-OS.
- You must have referred to the appropriate software and upgrade guides available on the Cisco web site for complete documentation on the Cisco switch upgrade and downgrade procedures on Cisco Nexus 3000 Series Switches.
- · You must have the current RCF.

About this task

The examples in this procedure use two nodes. These nodes use two 10GbE cluster interconnect ports e0a and e0b.

See the Hardware Universe to verify the correct cluster ports on your platforms.



The command outputs might vary depending on different releases of ONTAP.

The examples in this procedure use the following switch and node nomenclature:

- The names of the two Cisco switches are cs1 and cs2.
- The node names are cluster1-01 and cluster1-02.
- The cluster LIF names are cluster1-01_clus1 and cluster1-01_clus2 for cluster1-01 and cluster1-02 clus1 and cluster1-02 clus2 for cluster1-02.
- The cluster1::*> prompt indicates the name of the cluster.



The procedure requires the use of both ONTAP commands and Cisco Nexus 3000 Series Switches commands; ONTAP commands are used unless otherwise indicated.

Steps

1. If AutoSupport is enabled on this cluster, suppress automatic case creation by invoking an AutoSupport message: system node autosupport invoke -node * -type all -message MAINT=x h

where *x* is the duration of the maintenance window in hours.



The AutoSupport message notifies technical support of this maintenance task so that automatic case creation is suppressed during the maintenance window.

2. Change the privilege level to advanced, entering y when prompted to continue:

set -privilege advanced

The advanced prompt (*>) appears.

3. Display how many cluster interconnect interfaces are configured in each node for each cluster interconnect switch: network device-discovery show -protocol cdp

Node/	Local	Discovered		
Protocol	Port	Device (LLDP: ChassisID)	Interface	Platform
cluster1-0	2/cdp			
	e0a	cs1	Eth1/2	N3K-
C3232C				
	e0b	cs2	Eth1/2	N3K-
C3232C				
cluster1-0	1/cdp			
	e0a	cs1	Eth1/1	N3K-
C3232C				
	e0b	cs2	Eth1/1	N3K-
C3232C				

- 4. Check the administrative or operational status of each cluster interface.
 - a. Display the network port attributes: network port show -ipspace Cluster

b. Display information about the LIFs: network interface show -vserver Cluster

cluster1::*	> network interface	show -vser	ver Cluster	
	Logical	Status	Network	Current
Current Is				
Vserver	Interface	Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node
Port Home	е			
Cluster				
	cluster1-01_clus1	up/up	169.254.209.69/16	
cluster1-01	e0a true			
	cluster1-01_clus2	up/up	169.254.49.125/16	
cluster1-01	e0b true	,		
	cluster1-02_clus1	up/up	169.254.47.194/16	
cluster1-02	e0a true	,		
	cluster1-02_clus2	up/up	169.254.19.183/16	
cluster1-02	e0b true			
4 entries we	ere displayed.			

5. Ping the remote cluster LIFs: cluster ping-cluster -node node-name

```
cluster1::*> **cluster ping-cluster -node cluster1-02**
Host is cluster1-02
Getting addresses from network interface table...
Cluster cluster1-01 clus1 169.254.209.69 cluster1-01
                                                           e0a
Cluster cluster1-01 clus2 169.254.49.125 cluster1-01
                                                           e0b
Cluster cluster1-02 clus1 169.254.47.194 cluster1-02
                                                           e0a
Cluster cluster1-02 clus2 169.254.19.183 cluster1-02
                                                           e0b
Local = 169.254.47.194 169.254.19.183
Remote = 169.254.209.69 169.254.49.125
Cluster Vserver Id = 4294967293
Ping status:
. . . .
Basic connectivity succeeds on 4 path(s)
Basic connectivity fails on 0 path(s)
. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
Detected 9000 byte MTU on 4 path(s):
    Local 169.254.19.183 to Remote 169.254.209.69
    Local 169.254.19.183 to Remote 169.254.49.125
    Local 169.254.47.194 to Remote 169.254.209.69
    Local 169.254.47.194 to Remote 169.254.49.125
Larger than PMTU communication succeeds on 4 path(s)
RPC status:
2 paths up, 0 paths down (tcp check)
2 paths up, 0 paths down (udp check)
```

6. Verify that the auto-revert command is enabled on all cluster LIFs: network interface show -vserver Cluster -fields auto-revert

```
Cluster1::*> network interface show -vserver Cluster -fields auto-revert

Logical

Vserver Interface Auto-revert

Cluster

cluster1-01_clus1 true
cluster1-01_clus2 true
cluster1-02_clus1 true
cluster1-02_clus2 true
4 entries were displayed.
```

7. For ONTAP 9.8 and later, enable the Ethernet switch health monitor log collection feature for collecting switch-related log files, using the commands: system switch ethernet log setup-password

system switch ethernet log enable-collection

```
cluster1::*> system switch ethernet log setup-password
Enter the switch name: <return>
The switch name entered is not recognized.
Choose from the following list:
cs1
cs2
cluster1::*> system switch ethernet log setup-password
Enter the switch name: csl
RSA key fingerprint is e5:8b:c6:dc:e2:18:18:09:36:63:d9:63:dd:03:d9:cc
Do you want to continue? {y|n}::[n] y
Enter the password: <enter switch password>
Enter the password again: <enter switch password>
cluster1::*> system switch ethernet log setup-password
Enter the switch name: cs2
RSA key fingerprint is 57:49:86:a1:b9:80:6a:61:9a:86:8e:3c:e3:b7:1f:b1
Do you want to continue? {y|n}:: [n] y
Enter the password: <enter switch password>
Enter the password again: <enter switch password>
cluster1::*> system switch ethernet log enable-collection
Do you want to enable cluster log collection for all nodes in the
cluster?
\{y|n\}: [n] y
Enabling cluster switch log collection.
cluster1::*>
```



If any of these commands return an error, contact NetApp support.

8. For ONTAP releases 9.5P16, 9.6P12, and 9.7P10 and later patch releases, enable the Ethernet switch health monitor log collection feature for collecting switch-related log files, using the commands: system cluster-switch log setup-password

system cluster-switch log enable-collection

```
cluster1::*> system cluster-switch log setup-password
Enter the switch name: <return>
The switch name entered is not recognized.
Choose from the following list:
cs1
cs2
cluster1::*> system cluster-switch log setup-password
Enter the switch name: csl
RSA key fingerprint is e5:8b:c6:dc:e2:18:18:09:36:63:d9:63:dd:03:d9:cc
Do you want to continue? {y|n}::[n] y
Enter the password: <enter switch password>
Enter the password again: <enter switch password>
cluster1::*> system cluster-switch log setup-password
Enter the switch name: cs2
RSA key fingerprint is 57:49:86:a1:b9:80:6a:61:9a:86:8e:3c:e3:b7:1f:b1
Do you want to continue? {y|n}:: [n] y
Enter the password: <enter switch password>
Enter the password again: <enter switch password>
cluster1::*> system cluster-switch log enable-collection
Do you want to enable cluster log collection for all nodes in the
cluster?
\{y|n\}: [n] y
Enabling cluster switch log collection.
cluster1::*>
```



If any of these commands return an error, contact NetApp support.

Install the NX-OS software

You can use this procedure to install the NX-OS software on the Nexus 3232C cluster switch.

Steps

1. Connect the cluster switch to the management network.

2. Use the ping command to verify connectivity to the server hosting the NX-OS software and the RCF.

This example verifies that the switch can reach the server at IP address 172.19.2.1:

```
cs2# ping 172.19.2.1
Pinging 172.19.2.1 with 0 bytes of data:

Reply From 172.19.2.1: icmp_seq = 0. time= 5910 usec.
```

3. Copy the NX-OS software and EPLD images to the Nexus 3232C switch.

```
cs2# copy sftp: bootflash: vrf management
Enter source filename: /code/nxos.9.3.4.bin
Enter hostname for the sftp server: 172.19.2.1
Enter username: user1
Outbound-ReKey for 172.19.2.1:22
Inbound-ReKey for 172.19.2.1:22
user1@172.19.2.1's password:
sftp> progress
Progress meter enabled
sftp> get /code/nxos.9.3.4.bin /bootflash/nxos.9.3.4.bin
/code/nxos.9.3.4.bin 100% 1261MB 9.3MB/s 02:15
sftp> exit
Copy complete, now saving to disk (please wait)...
Copy complete.
cs2# copy sftp: bootflash: vrf management
Enter source filename: /code/n9000-epld.9.3.4.img
Enter hostname for the sftp server: 172.19.2.1
Enter username: user1
Outbound-ReKey for 172.19.2.1:22
Inbound-ReKey for 172.19.2.1:22
user1@172.19.2.1's password:
sftp> progress
Progress meter enabled
sftp> get /code/n9000-epld.9.3.4.img /bootflash/n9000-epld.9.3.4.img
/code/n9000-epld.9.3.4.img 100% 161MB 9.5MB/s 00:16
sftp> exit
Copy complete, now saving to disk (please wait)...
Copy complete.
```

4. Verify the running version of the NX-OS software:

cs2# show version Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software TAC support: http://www.cisco.com/tac Copyright (C) 2002-2019, Cisco and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved. The copyrights to certain works contained in this software are owned by other third parties and used and distributed under their own licenses, such as open source. This software is provided "as is," and unless otherwise stated, there is no warranty, express or implied, including limited to warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose. Certain components of this software are licensed under the GNU General Public License (GPL) version 2.0 or GNU General Public License (GPL) version 3.0 or the GNU Lesser General Public License (LGPL) Version 2.1 or Lesser General Public License (LGPL) Version 2.0. A copy of each such license is available at http://www.opensource.org/licenses/gpl-2.0.php and http://opensource.org/licenses/gpl-3.0.html and http://www.opensource.org/licenses/lgpl-2.1.php and http://www.gnu.org/licenses/old-licenses/library.txt. Software BIOS: version 08.37 NXOS: version 9.3(3) BIOS compile time: 01/28/2020 NXOS image file is: bootflash://nxos.9.3.3.bin NXOS compile time: 12/22/2019 2:00:00 [12/22/2019 14:00:37] Hardware cisco Nexus3000 C3232C Chassis (Nexus 9000 Series) Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E5-2403 v2 @ 1.80GHz with 8154432 kB of memory. Processor Board ID FO??????GD Device name: cs2 bootflash: 53298520 kB Kernel uptime is 0 day(s), 0 hour(s), 3 minute(s), 36 second(s) Last reset at 74117 usecs after Tue Nov 24 06:24:23 2020 Reason: Reset Requested by CLI command reload System version: 9.3(3) Service:

```
plugin
  Core Plugin, Ethernet Plugin
Active Package(s):
cs2#
```

5. Install the NX-OS image.

Installing the image file causes it to be loaded every time the switch is rebooted.

```
cs2# install all nxos bootflash:nxos.9.3.4.bin
Installer will perform compatibility check first. Please wait.
Installer is forced disruptive
Verifying image bootflash:/nxos.9.3.4.bin for boot variable "nxos".
[############### 100% -- SUCCESS
Verifying image type.
[############### 100% -- SUCCESS
Preparing "nxos" version info using image bootflash:/nxos.9.3.4.bin.
[################ 100% -- SUCCESS
Preparing "bios" version info using image bootflash:/nxos.9.3.4.bin.
[################ 100% -- SUCCESS
Performing module support checks.
[############### 100% -- SUCCESS
Notifying services about system upgrade.
[############### 100% -- SUCCESS
Compatibility check is done:
Module bootable Impact
                                  Install-type Reason
   1 yes
                      disruptive reset default
upgrade is not hitless
Images will be upgraded according to following table:
Module Image Running-Version(pri:alt)
                                                           New-
              Upg-Required
```

```
9.3(3)
                                                                9.3(4)
            nxos
yes
                        v08.37(01/28/2020):v08.32(10/18/2016)
     1
            bios
v08.37(01/28/2020)
Switch will be reloaded for disruptive upgrade.
Do you want to continue with the installation (y/n)? [n] y
Install is in progress, please wait.
Performing runtime checks.
[############### 100% -- SUCCESS
Setting boot variables.
[############### 100% -- SUCCESS
Performing configuration copy.
[############### 100% -- SUCCESS
Module 1: Refreshing compact flash and upgrading bios/loader/bootrom.
Warning: please do not remove or power off the module at this time.
[############### 100% -- SUCCESS
Finishing the upgrade, switch will reboot in 10 seconds.
cs2#
```

6. Verify the new version of NX-OS software after the switch has rebooted: show version

Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software
TAC support: http://www.cisco.com/tac
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http://opensource.org/licenses/gpl-3.0.html and
http://www.opensource.org/licenses/lgpl-2.1.php and
http://www.gnu.org/licenses/old-licenses/library.txt.
Software
  BIOS: version 08.37
 NXOS: version 9.3(4)
 BIOS compile time: 01/28/2020
 NXOS image file is: bootflash:///nxos.9.3.4.bin
 NXOS compile time: 4/28/2020 21:00:00 [04/29/2020 06:28:31]
Hardware
 cisco Nexus3000 C3232C Chassis (Nexus 9000 Series)
  Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E5-2403 v2 @ 1.80GHz with 8154432 kB of memory.
 Processor Board ID FO??????GD
  Device name: rtpnpi-mcc01-8200-ms-A1
 bootflash: 53298520 kB
Kernel uptime is 0 day(s), 0 hour(s), 3 minute(s), 14 second(s)
Last reset at 196755 usecs after Tue Nov 24 06:37:36 2020
  Reason: Reset due to upgrade
  System version: 9.3(3)
  Service:
plugin
  Core Plugin, Ethernet Plugin
Active Package(s):
cs2#
```

7. Upgrade the EPLD image and reboot the switch.

```
cs2# show version module 1 epld
EPLD Device
                       Version
_____
MI FPGA
                        0x12
IO FPGA
                        0x11
cs2# install epld bootflash:n9000-epld.9.3.4.img module 1
Compatibility check:
Module
                Upgradable
                              Impact Reason
1
          SUP
                Yes
                              disruptive Module Upgradable
Retrieving EPLD versions.... Please wait.
Images will be upgraded according to following table:
Module Type EPLD
                       Running-Version New-Version Upg-
Required
1 SUP MI FPGA
                              0x12 0x12
0x11 0x12
                                                   No
   1 SUP IO FPGA
                                                   Yes
The above modules require upgrade.
The switch will be reloaded at the end of the upgrade
Do you want to continue (y/n) ? [n] y
Proceeding to upgrade Modules.
Starting Module 1 EPLD Upgrade
Module 1: IO FPGA [Programming]: 100.00% ( 64 of 64 sectors)
Module 1 EPLD upgrade is successful.
Module Type Upgrade-Result
----- -------
  1 SUP Success
Module 1 EPLD upgrade is successful.
cs2#
```

8. After the switch reboot, log in again, upgrade the EPLD golden image and reboot the switch once again.

```
cs2# install epld bootflash:n9000-epld.9.3.4.img module 1 golden
Digital signature verification is successful
Compatibility check:
Module Type Upgradable Impact Reason
_____
                                -----
    1
             SUP Yes disruptive Module Upgradable
Retrieving EPLD versions.... Please wait.
The above modules require upgrade.
The switch will be reloaded at the end of the upgrade
Do you want to continue (y/n) ? [n] y
Proceeding to upgrade Modules.
Starting Module 1 EPLD Upgrade
Module 1: MI FPGA [Programming]: 100.00% ( 64 of
                                                64 sect
Module 1: IO FPGA [Programming]: 100.00% ( 64 of 64 sect
Module 1 EPLD upgrade is successful.
Module Type Upgrade-Result
----- -------
   1 SUP Success
EPLDs upgraded.
Module 1 EPLD upgrade is successful.
cs2#
```

9. After the switch reboot, log in to verify that the new version of EPLD loaded successfully.

```
cs2# show version module 1 epld

EPLD Device Version

MI FPGA 0x12

IO FPGA 0x12
```

Install the Reference Configuration File (RCF)

You can install the RCF after setting up the Nexus 3232C switch for the first time. You can also use this procedure to upgrade your RCF version.

About this task

The examples in this procedure use the following switch and node nomenclature:

- The names of the two Cisco switches are cs1 and cs2.
- The node names are cluster1-01, cluster1-02, cluster1-03, and cluster1-04.
- The cluster LIF names are cluster1-01_clus1, cluster1-01_clus2, cluster1-02_clus1, cluster1-02_clus2, cluster1-03_clus1, cluster1-03_clus2, cluster1-04_clus1, and cluster1-04_clus2.
- The cluster1::*> prompt indicates the name of the cluster.



The procedure requires the -se of both ONTAP commands and Cisco Nexus 3000 Series Switches commands; ONTAP commands are used unless otherwise indicated.

Steps

 Display the cluster ports on each node that are connected to the cluster switches: network devicediscovery show

		Discovered	T	D1 + 6
Protocol	Port	Device (LLDP: ChassisID)	Interface 	Platform
cluster1-0	1/cdp			
	e0a	cs1	Ethernet1/7	N3K-
C3232C				
	e0d	cs2	Ethernet1/7	N3K-
C3232C				
cluster1-0	2/cdp			
	e0a	cs1	Ethernet1/8	N3K-
C3232C				
	e0d	cs2	Ethernet1/8	N3K-
C3232C				
cluster1-0	3/cdp			
	e0a	cs1	Ethernet1/1/1	N3K-
C3232C				
	e0b	cs2	Ethernet1/1/1	N3K-
C3232C				
cluster1-0	_			
	e0a	cs1	Ethernet1/1/2	N3K-
C3232C				
	e0b	cs2	Ethernet1/1/2	N3K-
C3232C				

- 2. Check the administrative and operational status of each cluster port.
 - a. Verify that all the cluster ports are up with a healthy status: network port show -role cluster

```
cluster1::*> network port show -role cluster
```

Ignore							
_						Speed(Mbps)	Health
Health Port Status	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper	Status
 e0a healthy 1	 Cluster false	Cluster		up	9000	auto/100000	0
_	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/100000	0
Node: clı	ıster1-02						
Ignore						Speed(Mbps)	Health
Health Port Status	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper	Status
 e0a healthy 1	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/100000	0
e0d healthy 1	Cluster false			up	9000	auto/100000	0
	s were display	red.					
	uster1-03						
Ignore	=					Speed (Mbps)	Health
Health Port Status	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper	Status
					0000	/10000	h 1 + h
false	Cluster			_		auto/10000	
e0b false	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	health
Node: clı	1stor1-04						

Ignore					Speed (Mbps)	Health
Health Port Status	IPspace	Broadcast Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper	Status
e0a	Cluster	Cluster	up	9000	auto/10000	healthy
false e0b	Cluster	Cluster	up	9000	auto/10000	healthy
<pre>false cluster1:</pre>	:*>					

b. Verify that all the cluster interfaces (LIFs) are on the home port: network interface show -role cluster

		Logical	Status	Network	Current
	rent Is				
	rver		Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node
Por	t Hom	e			
Clu	ster				
		cluster1-01 clus1	up/up	169.254.3.4/23	cluster1-
01	e0a	true			
		cluster1-01_clus2	up/up	169.254.3.5/23	cluster1-
01	e0d	true			
		cluster1-02_clus1	up/up	169.254.3.8/23	cluster1-
02	e0a	true	,		
0.0	0.1	cluster1-02_clus2	up/up	169.254.3.9/23	cluster1-
02	e0d	true	/	160 054 1 2/02	ala+a1
03	e0a	cluster1-03_clus1 true	up/up	169.254.1.3/23	cluster1-
03	eua	cluster1-03 clus2	up/up	169.254.1.1/23	cluster1-
03	e0b	true	αρ/αρ	107.231.1.17.23	CIUDCCII
		cluster1-04 clus1	up/up	169.254.1.6/23	cluster1-
04	e0a	true –	1 ' 1		
		cluster1-04_clus2	up/up	169.254.1.7/23	cluster1-
04	e0b	true			
8 e	ntries w	ere displayed.			

c. Verify that the cluster displays information for both cluster switches: system cluster-switch show -is-monitoring-enabled-operational true

```
cluster1::*> system cluster-switch show -is-monitoring-enabled
-operational true
Switch
                            Type
                                              Address
                           cluster-network 10.233.205.92
cs1
NX3232C
     Serial Number: FOXXXXXXGS
     Is Monitored: true
           Reason: None
  Software Version: Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software,
Version
                    9.3(4)
   Version Source: CDP
                           cluster-network 10.233.205.93
cs2
NX3232C
     Serial Number: FOXXXXXXXGD
     Is Monitored: true
           Reason: None
  Software Version: Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software,
Version
                   9.3(4)
   Version Source: CDP
2 entries were displayed.
```

3. Disable auto-revert on the cluster LIFs.

```
cluster1::*> network interface modify -vserver Cluster -lif \* -auto
-revert false
```

4. On cluster switch cs2, shut down the ports connected to the cluster ports of the nodes.

```
cs2(config)# interface eth1/1/1-2,eth1/7-8
cs2(config-if-range)# shutdown
```

5. Verify that the cluster ports have migrated to the ports hosted on cluster switch cs1. This might take a few seconds, network interface show -role cluster

		Logical	Status	Network	Current
Current	_				
Vserver		Interface	Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node
Port	_				
Cluster					
0145601		cluster1-01 clus1	up/up	169.254.3.4/23	cluster1-01
e0a	true	 e			
		cluster1-01_clus2	up/up	169.254.3.5/23	cluster1-01
e0a	fals	se			
		cluster1-02_clus1	up/up	169.254.3.8/23	cluster1-02
e0a	true	е			
		cluster1-02_clus2	up/up	169.254.3.9/23	cluster1-02
e0a	fals	se			
		cluster1-03_clus1	up/up	169.254.1.3/23	cluster1-03
e0a	true	е			
		cluster1-03_clus2	up/up	169.254.1.1/23	cluster1-03
e0a	fals				
		cluster1-04_clus1	up/up	169.254.1.6/23	cluster1-04
e0a	true				
		cluster1-04_clus2	up/up	169.254.1.7/23	cluster1-04
e0a		se ere displayed.			

6. Verify that the cluster is healthy: cluster show

<pre>cluster1::*> cluster</pre>	show		
Node	Health	Eligibility	Epsilon
cluster1-01	true	true	false
cluster1-02	true	true	false
cluster1-03	true	true	true
cluster1-04	true	true	false
4 entries were displ	ayed.		
cluster1::*>			

- 7. Clean the configuration on switch cs2 and perform a basic setup.
 - a. Clean the configuration. This step requires a console connection to the switch.

```
cs2# write erase Warning: This command will erase the startup-configuration. Do you wish to proceed anyway? (y/n) [n] y cs2# reload This command will reboot the system. (y/n)? [n] y cs2#
```

- b. Perform a basic setup of the switch.
- 8. Copy the RCF to the bootflash of switch cs2 using one of the following transfer protocols: FTP, TFTP, SFTP, or SCP. For more information on Cisco commands, see the appropriate guide in the Cisco Nexus 3000 Series NX-OS Command Reference guides.

This example shows TFTP being used to copy an RCF to the bootflash on switch cs2:

```
cs2# copy tftp: bootflash: vrf management
Enter source filename: Nexus_3232C_RCF_v1.6-Cluster-HA-Breakout.txt
Enter hostname for the tftp server: 172.22.201.50
Trying to connect to tftp server.....Connection to Server Established.
TFTP get operation was successful
Copy complete, now saving to disk (please wait)...
```

9. Apply the RCF previously downloaded to the bootflash.

For more information on Cisco commands, see the appropriate guide in the Cisco Nexus 3000 Series NX-OS Command Reference guides.

This example shows the RCF file Nexus_3232C_RCF_v1.6-Cluster-HA-Breakout.txt being installed on switch cs2:

```
cs2# copy Nexus_3232C_RCF_v1.6-Cluster-HA-Breakout.txt running-config echo-commands
```

10. Examine the banner output from the show banner motd command. You must read and follow the instructions under **Important Notes** to ensure the proper configuration and operation of the switch.

```
* Version : v1.6
* Port Usage : Breakout configuration
* Ports 1- 3: Breakout mode (4x10GbE) Intra-Cluster Ports, int e1/1/1-
4,
* e1/2/1-4, e1/3/1-4
* Ports 4- 6: Breakout mode (4x25GbE) Intra-Cluster/HA Ports, int
e1/4/1-4,
* e1/5/1-4, e1/6/1-4
* Ports 7-30: 40/100GbE Intra-Cluster/HA Ports, int e1/7-30
* Ports 31-32: Intra-Cluster ISL Ports, int e1/31-32
* Ports 33-34: 10GbE Intra-Cluster 10GbE Ports, int e1/33-34
* IMPORTANT NOTES
* - Load Nexus 3232C RCF v1.6-Cluster-HA.txt for non breakout config
* - This RCF utilizes QoS and requires TCAM re-configuration, requiring
RCF
  to be loaded twice with the Cluster Switch rebooted in between.
* - Perform the following 4 steps to ensure proper RCF installation:
    (1) Apply RCF first time, expect following messages:
        - Please save config and reload the system...
        - Edge port type (portfast) should only be enabled on ports...
        - TCAM region is not configured for feature QoS class IPv4
ingress...
    (2) Save running-configuration and reboot Cluster Switch
    (3) After reboot, apply same RCF second time and expect following
messages:
       - % Invalid command at '^' marker
        - Syntax error while parsing...
    (4) Save running-configuration again
******************
*****
```

11. Verify that the RCF file is the correct newer version: show running-config

When you check the output to verify you have the correct RCF, make sure that the following information is correct:

- The RCF banner
- The node and port settings

- Customizations The output varies according to your site configuration. Check the port settings and refer
 to the release notes for any changes specific to the RCF that you have installed.
- 12. After you verify the RCF versions and switch settings are correct, copy the running-config file to the startup-config file.

For more information on Cisco commands, see the appropriate guide in the Cisco Nexus 3000 Series NX-OS Command Reference guides.

13. Reboot switch cs2. You can ignore the "cluster ports down" events reported on the nodes while the switch reboots.

```
cs2# reload This command will reboot the system. (y/n)? [n] y
```

14. Apply the same RCF and save the running configuration for a second time.

```
cs2# copy Nexus_3232C_RCF_v1.6-Cluster-HA-Breakout.txt running-config echo-commands cs2# copy running-config startup-config [################################## 100% Copy complete
```

- 15. Verify the health of cluster ports on the cluster.
 - a. Verify that e0d ports are up and healthy across all nodes in the cluster: network port show -role cluster

```
cluster1::*> network port show -role cluster
Node: cluster1-01
Ignore
                                              Speed(Mbps) Health
Health
        IPspace Broadcast Domain Link MTU Admin/Oper Status
Port
Status
                                         9000 auto/10000 healthy
e0a
       Cluster
                   Cluster
                                   up
false
                                         9000 auto/10000 healthy
e0b
       Cluster
                     Cluster
                                    up
```

Node: clu	ster1-02						
Ignore						Speed (Mhna)	H021+h
Health						Speed (Mbps)	неатсп
	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper	Status
e0a false	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	healthy
e0b false	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	healthy
Node: clu	ster1-03						
Ignore						Speed(Mbps)	Health
Health						speed (Heps)	11041011
Port Status	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper	Status
e0a healthy f	Cluster alse	Cluster		up	9000	auto/100000)
e0d healthy f	Cluster alse	Cluster		up	9000	auto/100000)
Node: clu	ster1-04						
Ignore						Speed(Mbps)	Health
						speed (mpps)	iicai tii
Health					N COURT	Admin/Oper	0.1
	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	M.I.O	Admini, Open	Status
Port Status		Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU		Status
Port Status	 						
Port Status	 Cluster					auto/100000	

b. Verify the switch health from the cluster (this might not show switch cs2, since LIFs are not homed on

Node/		ork device-discovery show - Discovered		
		Device (LLDP: ChassisID)	Interface	
Platform		,		
				_
cluster1-0	1/cdp			
	e0a	cs1	Ethernet1/7	N3K-
C3232C				
	e0d	cs2	Ethernet1/7	N3K-
C3232C				
cluster01-	2/cdp			
	e0a	cs1	Ethernet1/8	N3K-
C3232C				
	e0d	cs2	Ethernet1/8	N3K-
C3232C				
cluster01-	3/cdp			
	e0a	cs1	Ethernet1/1/1	N3K-
C3232C				
	e0b	cs2	Ethernet1/1/1	N3K-
C3232C				
cluster1-0	4/cdp			
	e0a	cs1	Ethernet1/1/2	N3K-
C3232C				
	e0b	cs2	Ethernet1/1/2	N3K-
C3232C				
cluster1::	*> syste	em cluster-switch show -is-	monitoring-enable	d
-operation	al true			
Crititah		m	Address	Model
SMICCII		Type	11441 000	
			10.233.205.90	N3K-
 cs1				 N3K-
 cs1 C3232C	l Number			N3K-
 cs1 C3232C Seria	l Number	cluster-network		N3K-
 cs1 C3232C Seria	onitored	cluster-network		 N3K-
 cs1 C3232C Seria Is M	onitored Reason	cluster-network :: FOXXXXXXXGD	10.233.205.90	
cs1 C3232C Seria Is M	onitored Reason	cluster-network f: FOXXXXXXXGD d: true n: None	10.233.205.90	
Is M	onitored Reason	cluster-network f: FOXXXXXXXGD d: true n: None	10.233.205.90	
cs1 C3232C Seria Is M Software Version	onitored Reason	cluster-network :: FOXXXXXXXGD d: true n: None n: Cisco Nexus Operating Sy 9.3(4)	10.233.205.90	
cs1 C3232C Seria Is M Software Version	onitored Reason Version	cluster-network :: FOXXXXXXXGD d: true n: None n: Cisco Nexus Operating Sy 9.3(4)	10.233.205.90	
cs1 C3232C Seria Is M Software Version Versio	onitored Reason Version	cluster-network c: FOXXXXXXXGD d: true n: None n: Cisco Nexus Operating Sy 9.3(4) e: CDP	10.233.205.90	ware,
cs1 C3232C Seria Is M Software Version	onitored Reason Version	cluster-network c: FOXXXXXXXGD d: true n: None n: Cisco Nexus Operating Sy 9.3(4) e: CDP	10.233.205.90 rstem (NX-OS) Soft	ware,

```
Is Monitored: true
Reason: None
Software Version: Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software,
Version
9.3(4)
Version Source: CDP
2 entries were displayed.
```

You might observe the following output on the cs1 switch console depending on the RCF version previously loaded on the switch



```
2020 Nov 17 16:07:18 cs1 %$ VDC-1 %$ %STP-2-
UNBLOCK_CONSIST_PORT: Unblocking port port-channel1 on
VLAN0092. Port consistency restored.
2020 Nov 17 16:07:23 cs1 %$ VDC-1 %$ %STP-2-BLOCK_PVID_PEER:
Blocking port-channel1 on VLAN0001. Inconsistent peer vlan.
2020 Nov 17 16:07:23 cs1 %$ VDC-1 %$ %STP-2-BLOCK_PVID_LOCAL:
Blocking port-channel1 on VLAN0092. Inconsistent local vlan.
```

16. On cluster switch cs1, shut down the ports connected to the cluster ports of the nodes.

The following example uses the interface example output from step 1:

```
cs1(config) # interface eth1/1/1-2,eth1/7-8
cs1(config-if-range) # shutdown
```

17. Verify that the cluster LIFs have migrated to the ports hosted on switch cs2. This might take a few seconds.

network interface show -role cluster

cluster	1::*> network interfa	ace show -role	cluster	
	Logical	Status	Network	Current
Current				
	Interface	Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node
Port	Home			
				
Cluster				
	cluster1-01_clus	s1 up/up	169.254.3.4/23	cluster1-01
e0d	false			
	cluster1-01_clus	s2 up/up	169.254.3.5/23	cluster1-01
e0d	true			
	cluster1-02_clus	s1 up/up	169.254.3.8/23	cluster1-02
e0d	false		1.00 0= 1.00 0 /00	
0.1	cluster1-02_clus	s2 up/up	169.254.3.9/23	cluster1-02
e0d	true	- 1	160 054 1 2/02	-1+1 02
e0b	cluster1-03_clus	sı up/up	169.254.1.3/23	cluster1-03
aub	cluster1-03 clus	s2 up/up	169.254.1.1/23	cluster1-03
e0b	true	32 up/up	107.234.1.1/23	Clustell 05
COD	cluster1-04 clus	s1 up/up	169.254.1.6/23	cluster1-04
e0b	false			
	cluster1-04 clus	s2 up/up	169.254.1.7/23	cluster1-04
e0b	true			
8 entri	es were displayed.			
cluster	1::*>			

18. Verify that the cluster is healthy: ${\tt cluster}$ show

cluster1::*> cluste:	r show		
Node	Health	Eligibility	Epsilon
cluster1-01	true	true	false
cluster1-02	true	true	false
cluster1-03	true	true	true
cluster1-04	true	true	false
4 entries were disp	layed.		
cluster1::*>			

- 19. Repeat Steps 7 to 14 on switch cs1.
- 20. Enable auto-revert on the cluster LIFs.

```
cluster1::*> network interface modify -vserver Cluster -lif \* -auto
-revert True
```

21. Reboot switch cs1. You do this to trigger the cluster LIFs to revert to their home ports. You can ignore the "cluster ports down" events reported on the nodes while the switch reboots.

```
cs1# reload This command will reboot the system. (y/n)? [n] y
```

22. Verify that the switch ports connected to the cluster ports are up.

cs1# show	interface	brief	\ grep	up		
•	1	eth	access	up	none	10G(D)
 Eth1/1/2	1	eth	access	up	none	10G(D)
Eth1/7	1	eth	trunk	up	none	100G(D)
Eth1/8	1	eth	trunk	up	none	100G(D)
•						
·						

23. Verify that the ISL between cs1 and cs2 is functional: show port-channel summary

24. Verify that the cluster LIFs have reverted to their home port: network interface show -role cluster

		Logical	Status	Network	Current
Current	Is				
Vserver	•	Interface	Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node
Port	_	e 			
Cluster					
		cluster1-01_clus1	up/up	169.254.3.4/23	cluster1-01
e0d	tru				
		cluster1-01_clus2	up/up	169.254.3.5/23	cluster1-01
e0d	tru		,	1.00 0.7.1 0.0/00	
- 0 -1	4	cluster1-02_clus1	up/up	169.254.3.8/23	cluster1-02
e0d	tru	e cluster1-02 clus2	110/110	169.254.3.9/23	cluster1-02
e0d	true	_	up/up	109.234.3.9/23	Clustell-02
00 a	or a	cluster1-03 clus1	up/up	169.254.1.3/23	cluster1-03
e0b	tru	_	-1, -1		
		cluster1-03_clus2	up/up	169.254.1.1/23	cluster1-03
e0b	tru	e –			
		cluster1-04_clus1	up/up	169.254.1.6/23	cluster1-04
e0b	tru	е			
		cluster1-04_clus2	up/up	169.254.1.7/23	cluster1-04
e0b	tru	e ere displayed.			

25. Verify that the cluster is healthy: ${\tt cluster}\ {\tt show}$

cluster1::*> cluster	show		
Node	Health	Eligibility	Epsilon
cluster1-01	true	true	false
cluster1-02	true	true	false
cluster1-03	true	true	true
cluster1-04	true	true	false
4 entries were displ	ayed.		
cluster1::*>			

26. Ping the remote cluster interfaces to verify connectivity: cluster ping-cluster -node local

```
cluster1::*> cluster ping-cluster -node local
Host is cluster1-03
Getting addresses from network interface table...
Cluster cluster1-03 clus1 169.254.1.3 cluster1-03 e0a
Cluster cluster1-03 clus2 169.254.1.1 cluster1-03 e0b
Cluster cluster1-04 clus1 169.254.1.6 cluster1-04 e0a
Cluster cluster1-04 clus2 169.254.1.7 cluster1-04 e0b
Cluster cluster1-01 clus1 169.254.3.4 cluster1-01 e0a
Cluster cluster1-01 clus2 169.254.3.5 cluster1-01 e0d
Cluster cluster1-02 clus1 169.254.3.8 cluster1-02 e0a
Cluster cluster1-02 clus2 169.254.3.9 cluster1-02 e0d
Local = 169.254.1.3 169.254.1.1
Remote = 169.254.1.6 169.254.1.7 169.254.3.4 169.254.3.5 169.254.3.8
169.254.3.9
Cluster Vserver Id = 4294967293
Ping status:
. . . . . . . . . . . .
Basic connectivity succeeds on 12 path(s)
Basic connectivity fails on 0 path(s)
Detected 9000 byte MTU on 12 path(s):
    Local 169.254.1.3 to Remote 169.254.1.6
   Local 169.254.1.3 to Remote 169.254.1.7
   Local 169.254.1.3 to Remote 169.254.3.4
    Local 169.254.1.3 to Remote 169.254.3.5
    Local 169.254.1.3 to Remote 169.254.3.8
    Local 169.254.1.3 to Remote 169.254.3.9
    Local 169.254.1.1 to Remote 169.254.1.6
    Local 169.254.1.1 to Remote 169.254.1.7
    Local 169.254.1.1 to Remote 169.254.3.4
    Local 169.254.1.1 to Remote 169.254.3.5
    Local 169.254.1.1 to Remote 169.254.3.8
    Local 169.254.1.1 to Remote 169.254.3.9
Larger than PMTU communication succeeds on 12 path(s)
RPC status:
6 paths up, 0 paths down (tcp check)
6 paths up, 0 paths down (udp check)
```

Migrate from a Cisco Nexus 5596 switch to a Cisco Nexus 3232C switch

You must be aware of certain configuration information, port connections and cabling requirements when you are replacing Cisco Nexus 5596 cluster switches with Cisco Nexus 3232C cluster switches.

- The following cluster switches are used as examples in this procedure:
 - Nexus 5596
 - Nexus 3232C
- The cluster switches use the following ports for connections to nodes:
 - Ports e1/1-40 (10 GbE): Nexus 5596
 - Ports e1/1-30 (10/40/100 GbE): Nexus 3232C
- The cluster switches use the following Inter-Switch Link (ISL) ports:
 - Ports e1/41-48 (10 GbE): Nexus 5596
 - Ports e1/31-32 (40/100 GbE): Nexus 3232C
- The *Hardware Universe* contains information about supported cabling to Nexus 3232C switches:
 - Nodes with 10 GbE cluster connections require QSFP to SFP+ optical fiber breakout cables or QSFP to SFP+ copper breakout cables.
 - Nodes with 40/100 GbE cluster connections require supported QSFP/QSFP28 optical modules with fiber cables or QSFP/QSFP28 copper direct-attach cables.
- The cluster switches use the appropriate ISL cabling:
 - Beginning: Nexus 5596 (SFP+ to SFP+)
 - 8x SFP+ fiber or copper direct-attach cables
 - Interim: Nexus 5596 to Nexus 3232C (QSFP to 4xSFP+ break-out)
 - 1x QSFP to SFP+ fiber break-out or copper break-out cables
 - Final: Nexus 3232C to Nexus 3232C (QSFP28 to QSFP28)
 - 2x QSFP28 fiber or copper direct-attach cables
- On Nexus 3232C switches, you can operate QSFP/QSFP28 ports in either 40/100 Gigabit Ethernet or 4 x10 Gigabit Ethernet modes.

By default, there are 32 ports in the 40/100 Gigabit Ethernet mode. These 40 Gigabit Ethernet ports are numbered in a 2-tuple naming convention. For example, the second 40 Gigabit Ethernet port is numbered as 1/2. The process of changing the configuration from 40 Gigabit Ethernet to 10 Gigabit Ethernet is called *breakout* and the process of changing the configuration from 10 Gigabit Ethernet to 40 Gigabit Ethernet is called *breakin*. When you break out a 40/100 Gigabit Ethernet port into 10 Gigabit Ethernet ports, the resulting ports are numbered using a 3-tuple naming convention. For example, the break-out ports of the second 40/100 Gigabit Ethernet port are numbered as 1/2/1, 1/2/2, 1/2/3, and 1/2/4.

- On the left side of Nexus 3232C switches are 2 SFP+ ports, called 1/33 and 1/34.
- You have configured some of the ports on Nexus 3232C switches to run at 10 GbE or 40/100 GbE.



You can break out the first six ports into 4x10 GbE mode by using the <code>interface</code> breakout module 1 port 1-6 map 10g-4x command. Similarly, you can regroup the first six QSFP+ ports from breakout configuration by using the no interface breakout module 1 port 1-6 map 10g-4x command.

- You have done the planning, migration, and read the required documentation on 10 GbE and 40/100 GbE connectivity from nodes to Nexus 3232C cluster switches.
- The ONTAP and NX-OS versions supported in this procedure are on the Cisco Ethernet Switches page.

Migrate from a two-node switchless cluster to a cluster with Cisco Nexus 3232C cluster switches

Replace a Cisco Nexus 3232C cluster switch

You must be aware of certain configuration information, port connections and cabling requirements when you replace Cisco Nexus 3232C cluster switches.

You -ust verify the following conditions exist before installing the NX-OS software and RCFs on a Cisco Nexus cluster switch:

- Your system can support Cisco Nexus 3232C switches.
- The cluster must be fully functioning.
- You must have consulted the switch compatibility table on the Cisco Ethernet Switch page for the supported ONTAP, NX-OS, and RCF versions.



You should be aware there can be dependencies between command syntax in the RCF and NX-OS versions.

- You must have referred to the appropriate software and upgrade guides available on the Cisco web site for complete documentation on the Cisco switch upgrade and downgrade procedures.
- · You must have downloaded the applicable RCFs.

How to replace a Cisco Nexus 3232C cluster switch

You can nondisruptively replace a defective Cisco Nexus 3232C switch in a cluster by performing a specific sequence of tasks.

Before you begin

The existing cluster and network configuration must have the following characteristics:

• The Nexus 3232C cluster infrastructure must be redundant and fully functional on both switches.

The Cisco Ethernet Switches page has the latest RCF and NX-OS versions on your switches.

- · All cluster ports must be in the up state.
- · Management connectivity must exist on both switches.
- All cluster logical interfaces (LIFs) must be in the up state and must not have been migrated.

The replacement Cisco Nexus 3232C switch must have the following characteristics:

- Management network connectivity must be functional.
- Console access to the replacement switch must be in place.
- The appropriate RCF and NX-OS operating system image must be loaded onto the switch.
- Initial customization of the switch must be complete.

About this task

Procedure summary

- Display and migrate the cluster ports to switch C2 (Steps 1-7)
- Reconnect ISL cables from switch CL2 to switch C2, then migrate ISLs to switch CL1 and C2 (Steps 8-14)
- Revert all LIFs to originally assigned ports (Steps 15-18)
- Verify all ports and LIF are correctly migrated (Steps 19-21)

This procedure replaces the second Nexus 3232C cluster switch CL2 with the new 3232C switch C2. The examples in this procedure use the following switch and node nomenclature:

- The four nodes are n1, n2, n3, and n4.
- n1_clus1 is the first cluster logical interface (LIF) connected to cluster switch C1 for node n1.
- n1_clus2 is the first cluster LIF connected to cluster switch CL2 or C2 for node n1.
- n1 clus3 is the second LIF connected to cluster switch C2 for node n1.-
- n1_clus4 is the second LIF connected to cluster switch CL1, for node n1.

The number of 10 GbE and 40/100 GbE ports are defined in the reference configuration files (RCFs) available on the Cisco® Cluster Network Switch Reference Configuration File Download page.

The examples in this procedure use four nodes. Two of the nodes use four 10 GB cluster interconnect ports: e0a, e0b, e0c, and e0d. The other two nodes use two 40 GB cluster interconnect ports: e4a and e4e. See the Hardware Universe to verify the correct cluster ports for your platform.

This procedure describes the following scenario:

- The cluster initially has four nodes connected to two Nexus 3232C cluster switches, CL1 and CL2.
- You plan to replace cluster switch CL2 with C2 (steps 1 to 21):
 - On each node, you migrate the cluster LIFs connected to cluster switch CL2 to cluster ports connected to cluster switch CL1.
 - You disconnect the cabling from all ports on cluster switch CL2 and reconnect the cabling to the same ports on the replacement cluster switch C2.
 - You revert the migrated cluster LIFs on each node.

Steps

 If AutoSupport is enabled on this cluster, suppress automatic case creation by invoking an AutoSupport message:

```
system node autosupport invoke -node * -type all - message MAINT=xh
```

+ x is the duration of the maintenance window in hours.



The AutoSupport message notifies technical support of this maintenance task so that automatic case creation is suppressed during the maintenance window.

1. Display information about the devices in your configuration:

network device-discovery show

		device-discovery sl Discovered	now	
Node	Port	Device	Interface	Platform
n1	/cdp			
	e0a	CL1	Ethernet1/1/1	N3K-C3232C
	e0b	CL2	Ethernet1/1/1	N3K-C3232C
	e0c	CL2	Ethernet1/1/2	N3K-C3232C
	e0d	CL1	Ethernet1/1/2	N3K-C3232C
n2	/cdp			
	e0a	CL1	Ethernet1/1/3	N3K-C3232C
	e0b	CL2	Ethernet1/1/3	N3K-C3232C
	e0c	CL2	Ethernet1/1/4	N3K-C3232C
	e0d	CL1	Ethernet1/1/4	N3K-C3232C
n3	/cdp			
	e4a	CL1	Ethernet1/7	N3K-C3232C
	e4e	CL2	Ethernet1/7	N3K-C3232C
14	/cdp			
	_	CL1	Ethernet1/8	N3K-C3232C

- 2. Determine the administrative or operational status for each cluster interface.
 - a. Display the network port attributes:

network port show -role cluster

```
cluster::*> network port show -role cluster
(network port show)
Node: n1
Ignore
                                           Speed(Mbps) Health
Health
Port IPspace Broadcast Domain Link MTU Admin/Oper Status
Status
                             up 9000 auto/10000 -
e0a
      Cluster
                  Cluster
e0b
       Cluster
                  Cluster
                                  up 9000 auto/10000 -
```

e0c	Cluster	Cluster			0000	auto/10000	
	Cluster	Cluster		up up		auto/10000 auto/10000	_
<u>-</u>	Cluster	Clustel		uр	9000	aut0/10000	_
Node: n2							
Ignore							
						Speed(Mbps)	Health
Health				- ' 1		7.1.1.70	~
	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper	Status
Status							
 e0a	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	_
	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000		
	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000		
	Cluster			up	9000		
_	0140001	0140 001		~p	5000	4450/10000	
Node: n3							
Ignore						G 1 (25)	** 7.1
Health						Speed (Mbps)	Healtr
	IPspace	Prondenst	Domain	Tink	MTTT	Admin/Onor	Status
Status	113pace	bioadcasc	DOMATH	ПТПК	MIO	Admini/Open	Status
e4a	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/40000	_
_				1		,	
e4e	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/40000	_
_				-			
Node: n4							
Ignore							
						Speed(Mbps)	Health
Health							
	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper	Status
Status							
	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/40000	-
e4a						auto/40000	

b. Display information about the logical interfaces (LIFs):

network interface show -role cluster

	Logical	Status	Network	Current
Current				
Vserver	Interface	Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node
Port	Home			
Cluster	2			
		up/up	10.10.0.1/24	n1
e0a	-			
	n1_clus2	up/up	10.10.0.2/24	n1
e0b	true			
	n1_clus3	up/up	10.10.0.3/24	n1
e0c	true			
	-	up/up	10.10.0.4/24	n1
e0d	true	,	10 10 0 5 /04	0
e0a	nz_clusi true	up/up	10.10.0.5/24	n2
eva		un/un	10.10.0.6/24	n2
e0b	true	αρ, αρ	10.10.0.0,21	112
		up/up	10.10.0.7/24	n2
e0c	true			
	n2_clus4	up/up	10.10.0.8/24	n2
e0d	true			
	n3_clus1	up/up	10.10.0.9/24	n3
e0a	true			
	-	up/up	10.10.0.10/24	n3
e0e	true	/	10 10 0 11 /04	4
e0a	n4_clusl true	up/up	10.10.0.11/24	n4
=Ua		up/up	10.10.0.12/24	n4
e0e	true	αρ/ αρ	10.10.0.12/24	11.1
	0140			

c. Display the discovered cluster switches:

system cluster-switch show

The following output example displays the cluster switches:

cluster::> system cluster-switch show Switch Type Address Model cluster-network 10.10.1.101 CL1 NX3232C Serial Number: FOX00001 Is Monitored: true Reason: Software Version: Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software, Version 7.0(3)16(1)Version Source: CDP CL2 cluster-network 10.10.1.102 NX3232C Serial Number: FOX000002 Is Monitored: true Reason: Software Version: Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software, Version 7.0(3)16(1)Version Source: CDP 2 entries were displayed.

- 3. Verify that the appropriate RCF and image are installed on the new Nexus 3232C switch and make any necessary site customizations.
 - a. Go to the NetApp Support Site.

mysupport.netapp.com

b. Go to the Cisco Ethernet Switches page and note the required software versions in the table.

Cisco Ethernet Switches

- c. Download the appropriate version of the RCF.
- d. Click **CONTINUE** on the **Description** page, accept the license agreement, and then navigate to the **Download** page.
- e. Download the correct version of the image software from the Cisco® Cluster and Management Network Switch Reference Configuration File Download page.

Cisco® Cluster and Management Network Switch Reference Configuration File Download

4. Migrate the cluster LIFs to the physical node ports connected to the replacement switch C2:

network interface migrate -vserver Cluster -lif lif-name -source-node node-

name -destination-node node-name -destination-port port-name

You must migrate all the cluster LIFs individually as shown in the following example:

```
cluster::*> network interface migrate -vserver Cluster -lif n1 clus2
-source-node n1 -destination-
node n1 -destination-port e0a
cluster::*> network interface migrate -vserver Cluster -lif n1 clus3
-source-node n1 -destination-
node n1 -destination-port e0d
cluster::*> network interface migrate -vserver Cluster -lif n2 clus2
-source-node n2 -destination-
node n2 -destination-port e0a
cluster::*> network interface migrate -vserver Cluster -lif n2 clus3
-source-node n2 -destination-
node n2 -destination-port e0d
cluster::*> network interface migrate -vserver Cluster -lif n3 clus2
-source-node n3 -destination-
node n3 -destination-port e4a
cluster::*> network interface migrate -vserver Cluster -lif n4 clus2
-source-node n4 -destinationnode
n4 -destination-port e4a
```

5. Verify the status of the cluster ports and their home designations:

network interface show -role cluster

	Logical	Status	Network	Current	
Current Is Vserver Home	Interface	Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node	Port
Cluster		,		_	
true	n1_clus1	up/up	10.10.0.1/24	n1	e0a
	n1_clus2	up/up	10.10.0.2/24	n1	e0a
false	n1 clus3	up/up	10.10.0.3/24	n1	e0d
false	_				
true	n1_clus4	up/up	10.10.0.4/24	n1	e0d
	n2_clus1	up/up	10.10.0.5/24	n2	e0a
true	n2 clus2	up/up	10.10.0.6/24	n2	e0a
false	_				
false	n2_clus3	up/up	10.10.0.7/24	n2	e0d
	n2_clus4	up/up	10.10.0.8/24	n2	e0d
true	n3 clus1	up/up	10.10.0.9/24	n3	e4a
true	_	,	10 10 0 10/04	2	4
false	n3_clus2	up/up	10.10.0.10/24	n3	e4a
	n4_clus1	up/up	10.10.0.11/24	n4	e4a
true	n4 clus2	up/up	10.10.0.12/24	n4	e4a

^{6.} Shut down the cluster interconnect ports that are physically connected to the original switch CL2: network port modify -node node-name -port port-name -up-admin false

The following example shows the cluster interconnect ports are shut down on all nodes:

```
cluster::*> network port modify -node n1 -port e0b -up-admin false
cluster::*> network port modify -node n1 -port e0c -up-admin false
cluster::*> network port modify -node n2 -port e0b -up-admin false
cluster::*> network port modify -node n2 -port e0c -up-admin false
cluster::*> network port modify -node n3 -port e4e -up-admin false
cluster::*> network port modify -node n4 -port e4e -up-admin false
```

7. Ping the remote cluster interfaces and perform an RPC server check:

```
cluster ping-cluster -node node-name
```

The following example shows node n1 being pinged and the RPC status indicated afterward:

```
cluster::*> cluster ping-cluster -node n1
Host is n1 Getting addresses from network interface table...
Cluster n1 clus1 n1
                        e0a
                               10.10.0.1
Cluster n1 clus2 n1
                        e0b
                               10.10.0.2
Cluster n1 clus3 n1
                        e0c
                               10.10.0.3
Cluster n1 clus4 n1
                        e0d
                               10.10.0.4
Cluster n2 clus1 n2
                        e0a
                               10.10.0.5
Cluster n2 clus2 n2
                        e0b
                               10.10.0.6
Cluster n2 clus3 n2
                        e0c
                               10.10.0.7
Cluster n2 clus4 n2
                        e0d
                               10.10.0.8
Cluster n3 clus1 n4
                               10.10.0.9
                        e0a
Cluster n3 clus2 n3
                        e0e
                               10.10.0.10
Cluster n4 clus1 n4
                        e0a
                               10.10.0.11
                        e0e
                                10.10.0.12
Cluster n4 clus2 n4
Local = 10.10.0.1 10.10.0.2 10.10.0.3 10.10.0.4
Remote = 10.10.0.5 10.10.0.6 10.10.0.7 10.10.0.8 10.10.0.9 10.10.0.10
10.10.0.11
10.10.0.12 Cluster Vserver Id = 4294967293 Ping status:
Basic connectivity succeeds on 32 path(s)
Basic connectivity fails on 0 path(s) ......
Detected 9000 byte MTU on 32 path(s):
    Local 10.10.0.1 to Remote 10.10.0.5
    Local 10.10.0.1 to Remote 10.10.0.6
   Local 10.10.0.1 to Remote 10.10.0.7
   Local 10.10.0.1 to Remote 10.10.0.8
   Local 10.10.0.1 to Remote 10.10.0.9
   Local 10.10.0.1 to Remote 10.10.0.10
   Local 10.10.0.1 to Remote 10.10.0.11
   Local 10.10.0.1 to Remote 10.10.0.12
    Local 10.10.0.2 to Remote 10.10.0.5
    Local 10.10.0.2 to Remote 10.10.0.6
```

```
Local 10.10.0.2 to Remote 10.10.0.7
    Local 10.10.0.2 to Remote 10.10.0.8
    Local 10.10.0.2 to Remote 10.10.0.9
    Local 10.10.0.2 to Remote 10.10.0.10
    Local 10.10.0.2 to Remote 10.10.0.11
    Local 10.10.0.2 to Remote 10.10.0.12
    Local 10.10.0.3 to Remote 10.10.0.5
    Local 10.10.0.3 to Remote 10.10.0.6
    Local 10.10.0.3 to Remote 10.10.0.7
    Local 10.10.0.3 to Remote 10.10.0.8
    Local 10.10.0.3 to Remote 10.10.0.9
    Local 10.10.0.3 to Remote 10.10.0.10
    Local 10.10.0.3 to Remote 10.10.0.11
    Local 10.10.0.3 to Remote 10.10.0.12
    Local 10.10.0.4 to Remote 10.10.0.5
    Local 10.10.0.4 to Remote 10.10.0.6
    Local 10.10.0.4 to Remote 10.10.0.7
    Local 10.10.0.4 to Remote 10.10.0.8
    Local 10.10.0.4 to Remote 10.10.0.9
    Local 10.10.0.4 to Remote 10.10.0.10
    Local 10.10.0.4 to Remote 10.10.0.11
    Local 10.10.0.4 to Remote 10.10.0.12
Larger than PMTU communication succeeds on 32 path(s) RPC status:
8 paths up, 0 paths down (tcp check)
    paths up, 0 paths down (udp check)
```

8. Shut down the ports 1/31 and 1/32 on cluster switch CL1.

For more information on Cisco commands, see the guides listed in the Cisco Nexus 3000 Series NX-OS Command References.

```
(CL1) # configure
(CL1) (Config) # interface e1/31-32
(CL1 (config-if-range) # shutdown
(CL1 (config-if-range) # exit
(CL1) (Config) # exit (CL1) #
```

- 9. Remove all the cables attached to the cluster switch CL2 and reconnect them to the replacement switch C2 for all the nodes.
- 10. Remove the inter-switch link (ISL) cables from ports e1/31 and e1/32 on cluster switch CL2 and reconnect them to the same ports on the replacement switch C2.
- 11. Bring up ISL ports 1/31 and 1/32 on the cluster switch CL1.

For more information on Cisco commands, see the guides listed in the Cisco Nexus 3000 Series NX-OS Command References.

```
(CL1) # configure
(CL1) (Config) # interface e1/31-32
(CL1(config-if-range) # no shutdown
(CL1(config-if-range) # exit
(CL1) (Config) # exit
(CL1) #
```

12. Verify that the ISLs are up on CL1.

For more information on Cisco commands, see the guides listed in the Cisco Nexus 3000 Series NX-OS Command References.

Ports Eth1/31 and Eth1/32 should indicate (P), which means that the ISL ports are up in the port-channel:

13. Verify that the ISLs are up on cluster switch C2.

For more information on Cisco commands, see the guides listed in the Cisco Nexus 3000 Series NX-OS Command References.

14. On all nodes, bring up all the cluster interconnect ports connected to the replacement switch C2: network port modify -node node-name -port port-name -up-admin true

```
cluster::*> network port modify -node n1 -port e0b -up-admin true cluster::*> network port modify -node n1 -port e0c -up-admin true cluster::*> network port modify -node n2 -port e0b -up-admin true cluster::*> network port modify -node n2 -port e0c -up-admin true cluster::*> network port modify -node n3 -port e4e -up-admin true cluster::*> network port modify -node n4 -port e4e -up-admin true
```

15. Revert all the migrated cluster interconnect LIFs on all the nodes:

```
network interface revert -vserver cluster -lif lif-name
```

You must revert all the cluster interconnect LIFs individually as shown in the following example:

```
cluster::*> network interface revert -vserver cluster -lif n1_clus2
cluster::*> network interface revert -vserver cluster -lif n1_clus3
cluster::*> network interface revert -vserver cluster -lif n2_clus2
cluster::*> network interface revert -vserver cluster -lif n2_clus3
Cluster::*> network interface revert -vserver cluster -lif n3_clus2
Cluster::*> network interface revert -vserver cluster -lif n4_clus2
```

16. Verify that the cluster interconnect ports are now reverted to their home:

```
network interface show
```

The following example shows that all the LIFs have been successfully reverted because the ports listed under the Current Port column have a status of true in the Is Home column. If a port has a value of false, the LIF has not been reverted.

(interface sh	Status	Network	Current	
Current Is	_	beacus	NCCWOIN	Carrene	
Vserver Home		Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node	Port
Cluster					
	n1_clus1	up/up	10.10.0.1/24	n1	e0a
true	1 1 0	/	10 10 0 0 /04	1	0.1
true	n1_clus2	up/up	10.10.0.2/24	n1	e0b
0100	n1_clus3	up/up	10.10.0.3/24	n1	e0c
true		,			
true	n1_clus4	up/up	10.10.0.4/24	n1	e0d
cruc	n2_clus1	up/up	10.10.0.5/24	n2	e0a
true					
true	n2_clus2	up/up	10.10.0.6/24	n2	e0b
crue	n2 clus3	up/up	10.10.0.7/24	n2	e0c
true	_				
	n2_clus4	up/up	10.10.0.8/24	n2	e0d
true	n3 clus1	up/up	10.10.0.9/24	n3	e4a
true	_	1 . 1			
	n3_clus2	up/up	10.10.0.10/24	n3	e4e
true	n4 clus1	up/up	10.10.0.11/24	n4	e4a
true			3 3. 3 3. 1. 2. 1		2 14
	n4_clus2	up/up	10.10.0.12/24	n4	e4e

17. Verify that the cluster ports are connected:

network port show -role cluster

```
cluster::*> network port show -role cluster
  (network port show)
```

Node: n1								
Ignore						Speed(Mbps)	Health	
Health								
Port	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper	Status	
Status								
 e0a	Cluster	Cluster		110	9000	auto/10000	_	
e0b	Cluster			up up		auto/10000 auto/10000		
e0c		Cluster		-		auto/10000		
e0d		Cluster		_		auto/10000		_
Coa	Olubect	Clubcci		αр	3000	440710000		
Node: n2								
Ignore								
II 1 + l-						Speed (Mbps)	Health	
Health	T.D. a.a. a.a.	Description	Damaia	T	MODIT	7 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	0+-+	
Port Status	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	ТТИК	MTO	Admin/Oper	Status	
								_
e0a	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	-	
e0b	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	-	
e0c	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	_	
e0d	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/10000	-	-
Node: n3								
Ignore								
Health						Speed (Mbps)	Health	
Port	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	МТП	Admin/Oper	Status	
Status	IIBpace	Dioadease	Domain		1110	namin, open	beacab	
e4a	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/40000	-	
e4e	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/40000	-	-
Node: n4								
Ignore								
II o o l + l·						Speed (Mbps)	неаlth	
Health	TPanaga	Prondenst	Domain	Tiple	МПТТ	Admin/Onor	Status	
Status	IPspace	DIOAUCAST	DOMINATI	ТТПК	MIO	Admin/Oper	SLALUS	

```
e4a Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/40000 -
e4e Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/40000 -
12 entries were displayed.
```

18. Ping the remote cluster interfaces and perform an RPC server check:

```
cluster ping-cluster -node node-name
```

The following example shows node n1 being pinged and the RPC status indicated afterward:

```
cluster::*> cluster ping-cluster -node n1
Host is n1 Getting addresses from network interface table...
Cluster n1 clus1 n1
                         e0a
                                10.10.0.1
Cluster n1 clus2 n1
                                10.10.0.2
                         e0b
Cluster n1 clus3 n1
                         e0c
                                10.10.0.3
Cluster n1 clus4 n1
                         e0d
                               10.10.0.4
Cluster n2 clus1 n2
                                10.10.0.5
                        e0a
Cluster n2 clus2 n2
                        e0b
                               10.10.0.6
Cluster n2 clus3 n2
                        e0c
                                10.10.0.7
                         e0d
                                10.10.0.8
Cluster n2 clus4 n2
Cluster n3 clus1 n3
                        e0a
                               10.10.0.9
Cluster n3 clus2 n3
                         e0e
                                10.10.0.10
Cluster n4 clus1 n4
                         e0a
                               10.10.0.11
Cluster n4 clus2 n4
                                10.10.0.12
                         e0e
Local = 10.10.0.1 10.10.0.2 10.10.0.3 10.10.0.4
Remote = 10.10.0.5 10.10.0.6 10.10.0.7 10.10.0.8 10.10.0.9 10.10.0.10
10.10.0.11 10.10.0.12
Cluster Vserver Id = 4294967293 Ping status:
Basic connectivity succeeds on 32 path(s)
Basic connectivity fails on 0 path(s) ......
Detected 1500 byte MTU on 32 path(s):
    Local 10.10.0.1 to Remote 10.10.0.5
   Local 10.10.0.1 to Remote 10.10.0.6
   Local 10.10.0.1 to Remote 10.10.0.7
   Local 10.10.0.1 to Remote 10.10.0.8
    Local 10.10.0.1 to Remote 10.10.0.9
   Local 10.10.0.1 to Remote 10.10.0.10
   Local 10.10.0.1 to Remote 10.10.0.11
   Local 10.10.0.1 to Remote 10.10.0.12
    Local 10.10.0.2 to Remote 10.10.0.5
    Local 10.10.0.2 to Remote 10.10.0.6
    Local 10.10.0.2 to Remote 10.10.0.7
    Local 10.10.0.2 to Remote 10.10.0.8
    Local 10.10.0.2 to Remote 10.10.0.9
```

```
Local 10.10.0.2 to Remote 10.10.0.10
    Local 10.10.0.2 to Remote 10.10.0.11
    Local 10.10.0.2 to Remote 10.10.0.12
    Local 10.10.0.3 to Remote 10.10.0.5
    Local 10.10.0.3 to Remote 10.10.0.6
    Local 10.10.0.3 to Remote 10.10.0.7
    Local 10.10.0.3 to Remote 10.10.0.8
    Local 10.10.0.3 to Remote 10.10.0.9
    Local 10.10.0.3 to Remote 10.10.0.10
    Local 10.10.0.3 to Remote 10.10.0.11
    Local 10.10.0.3 to Remote 10.10.0.12
    Local 10.10.0.4 to Remote 10.10.0.5
    Local 10.10.0.4 to Remote 10.10.0.6
    Local 10.10.0.4 to Remote 10.10.0.7
    Local 10.10.0.4 to Remote 10.10.0.8
    Local 10.10.0.4 to Remote 10.10.0.9
    Local 10.10.0.4 to Remote 10.10.0.10
    Local 10.10.0.4 to Remote 10.10.0.11
    Local 10.10.0.4 to Remote 10.10.0.12
Larger than PMTU communication succeeds on 32 path(s) RPC status:
8 paths up, 0 paths down (tcp check)
   paths up, 0 paths down (udp check)
```

19. Display the information about the devices in your configuration by entering the following commands:

You can execute the following commands in any order:

o network interface show -role cluster

```
network device-discovery shownetwork port show -role cluster
```

[°] system cluster-switch show

		Discovered		
Node	Port	Device	Interface	Platform
n1	/cdp			
	e0a	C1	Ethernet1/1/1	N3K-C3232C
	e0b	C2	Ethernet1/1/1	N3K-C3232C
	e0c	C2	Ethernet1/1/2	N3K-C3232C
	e0d	C1	Ethernet1/1/2	N3K-C3232C
n2	/cdp			
	e0a	C1	Ethernet1/1/3	N3K-C3232C
	e0b	C2	Ethernet1/1/3	N3K-C3232C
	e0c	C2	Ethernet1/1/4	N3K-C3232C
	e0d	C1	Ethernet1/1/4	N3K-C3232C
n3	/cdp			
	e4a	C1	Ethernet1/7	N3K-C3232C
	e4e	C2	Ethernet1/7	N3K-C3232C
n4	/cdp			
	_	C1	Ethernet1/8	N3K-C3232C
	e4e	C2	Ethernet1/8	

```
cluster::*> network port show -role cluster
  (network port show)
Node: n1
Ignore
                                             Speed(Mbps) Health
Health
Port IPspace Broadcast Domain Link MTU Admin/Oper Status
Status
e0a Cluster Cluster up 9000 auto/10000 -
                   Cluster up 9000 auto/10000 - Cluster up 9000 auto/10000 -
       Cluster Cluster
Cluster Cluster
e0b
e0c
                                   up 9000 auto/10000 -
       Cluster Cluster
e0d
Node: n2
```

Ignore						Speed (Mbps)	Health
Health						ppeca (Hpps)	nearen
Port	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	MTU	Admin/Oper	Status
Status							
							_
		Q1 .			0000	/10000	
	Cluster Cluster			up	9000		
	Cluster			up up	9000		
		Cluster		up	9000		
-	Clustel	CIUSCCI		αр	3000	auco/10000	
Node: n3							
Ignore							
IIool+1						Speed (Mbps)	Health
Health	IPspace	Droadaaat	Domain	Tiple	MITT	Admin/Onor	Ctatua
Status	irspace	bloadcast	DOMATH	TITIK	MIO	Admitit/Oper	Status
e4a	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/40000	-
e4e	Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/40000	-
-							
Node: n4							
Ignore							
Health						Speed(Mbps)	Health
	IPspace	Broadcast	Domain	Link	МТП	Admin/Oper	Status
Status	0pacc	210000000	20maili		-11	iiamiii, opei	200000
 e4a	 Cluster	Cluster		up	9000	auto/40000	_
e4e	Cluster	Cluster		_		auto/40000	
12 entries	s were display	yed.					

cluster	::*> network in	nterface sho	w -role cluster	
	Logical	Status	Network	Current
Current	Is			
		Admin/Oper	Address/Mask	Node
Port	Home			
Cluster				
	nm1_clus1	up/up	10.10.0.1/24	n1
e0a	true	,	10.10.0.0/01	
e0b	nl_clus2 true	up/up	10.10.0.2/24	n1
600		מנו/מנו	10.10.0.3/24	n1
e0c	true			
	n1_clus4	up/up	10.10.0.4/24	n1
e0d	true			
- 0 -	_	up/up	10.10.0.5/24	n2
e0a	true n2 clus2	up/up	10.10.0.6/24	n2
e0b	true	αρ/ αρ	10.10.0.0721	112
	n2_clus3	up/up	10.10.0.7/24	n2
e0c	true			
0.1	_	up/up	10.10.0.8/24	n2
e0d	true	11n / 11n	10.10.0.9/24	n3
e4a	true	ир/ ир	10.10.0.3/24	113
		up/up	10.10.0.10/24	n3
e4e	true			
	-	up/up	10.10.0.11/24	n4
e4a	true		10 10 0 10/04	n 1
e4e	n4_clus2 true	up/up	10.10.0.12/24	n4
	ries were disp	layed.		
		1		

cluster::*> system cluster-switch show

Switch Type Address Model

CL1 cluster-network 10.10.1.101 NX3232C

Serial Number: FOX000001

Is Monitored: true

Reason:

Software Version: Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software, Version

7.0(3)16(1)

Version Source: CDP

CL2 cluster-network 10.10.1.102 NX3232C

Serial Number: FOX000002

Is Monitored: true

Reason:

Software Version: Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software, Version

7.0(3)16(1)

Version Source: CDP

C2 cluster-network 10.10.1.103 NX3232C

Serial Number: FOX000003

Is Monitored: true

Reason:

Software Version: Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software, Version

7.0(3)I6(1) Version Source: CDP 3 entries were

displayed.

20. Delete the replaced cluster switch CL2 if it has not been removed automatically:

system cluster-switch delete -device cluster-switch-name

21. Verify that the proper cluster switches are monitored: system cluster-switch show

The following example shows the cluster switches are monitored because the Is Monitored state is true.

cluster::> system cluster-switch show

Switch Type Address Model

------ -----

CL1 cluster-network 10.10.1.101 NX3232C

Serial Number: FOX00001

Is Monitored: true

Reason:

Software Version: Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software, Version

7.0(3) I6(1)

Version Source: CDP

C2 cluster-network 10.10.1.103 NX3232C

Serial Number: FOX000002

Is Monitored: true

Reason:

Software Version: Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software, Version

7.0(3) I6(1)

Version Source: CDP

2 entries were displayed.

22. Enable the cluster switch health monitor log collection feature for collecting switch-related log files:

system cluster-switch log setup-password

system cluster-switch log enable-collection

```
cluster::*> system cluster-switch log setup-password
Enter the switch name: <return>
The switch name entered is not recognized.
Choose from the following list:
CL1
C2
cluster::*> system cluster-switch log setup-password
Enter the switch name: CL1
**RSA key fingerprint is e5:8b:c6:dc:e2:18:18:09:36:63:d9:63:dd:03:d9:cc
Do you want to continue? {y|n}::[n] y
Enter the password: <enter switch password>
Enter the password again: <enter switch password>
cluster::*> system cluster-switch log setup-password
Enter the switch name: C2
RSA key fingerprint is 57:49:86:a1:b9:80:6a:61:9a:86:8e:3c:e3:b7:1f:b1
Do you want to continue? {y|n}:: [n] y
Enter the password: <enter switch password>
Enter the password again: <enter switch password>
cluster::*> system cluster-switch log enable-collection
Do you want to enable cluster log collection for all nodes in the
cluster?
\{y|n\}: [n] y
Enabling cluster switch log collection.
cluster::*>
```



If any of these commands return an error, contact NetApp support.

23. If you suppressed automatic case creation, re-enable it by invoking an AutoSupport message:

```
system node autosupport invoke -node * -type all -message MAINT=END
```

Related information

Cisco Ethernet Switch description page

Hardware Universe

Replace a Cisco Nexus 3232C storage switch

You must be aware of certain configuration information, port connections and cabling requirements when you replace Cisco Nexus 3232C storage switches.

You must verify the following conditions exist before installing the NX-OS software and RCFs on a Cisco Nexus storage switch:

- Your system can support Cisco Nexus 3232C storage switches.
- You must have consulted the switch compatibility table on the Cisco Ethernet Switch page for the supported ONTAP, NX-OS, and RCF versions.



You should be aware there can be dependencies between command syntax in the RCF and NX-OS versions.

- You must have referred to the appropriate software and upgrade guides available on the Cisco web site for complete documentation on the Cisco switch upgrade and downgrade procedures at Cisco Nexus 3000 Series Switches.
- · You must have downloaded the applicable RCFs.

Steps to replace a Cisco Nexus 3232C storage switch

You can nondisruptively replace a defective Cisco Nexus 3232C storage switch by performing a specific sequence of tasks.

Before you begin

The existing network configuration must have the following characteristics:

- The Cisco Ethernet Switches page has the latest RCF and NX-OS versions on your switches.
- Management connectivity must exist on both switches.



Make sure that all troubleshooting steps have been completed to confirm that your switch needs replacing.

The replacement Cisco Nexus 3232C switch must have the following characteristics:

- · Management network connectivity must be functional.
- Console access to the replacement switch must be in place.
- The appropriate RCF and NX-OS operating system image must be loaded onto the switch.
- Initial customization of the switch must be complete.

Procedure summary:

- Confirm the switch to be replaced is S2 (Steps 1-5)
- Disconnect the cables from switch S2 (Step 6)
- Reconnect the cables to switch NS2 (Step 7)
- Verify all device configurations on switch NS2 (Steps 8-10)

- This procedure replaces the second Nexus 3232C storage switch S2 with the new 3232C switch NS2.
- The two nodes are node1 and node2.

Steps

1. If AutoSupport is enabled on this cluster, suppress automatic case creation by invoking an AutoSupport message: system node autosupport invoke -node * -type all - message MAINT=xh

x is the duration of the maintenance window in hours.



The AutoSupport message notifies technical support of this maintenance task so that automatic case creation is suppressed during the maintenance window.

2. Check on the health status of the storage node ports to make sure that there is connection to storage switch S1: storage port show -port-type ENET

storage::*> storag	e por	t show	-port-ty	pe ENE	Γ		
				Speed			VLAN
Node	Port	Type	Mode	(Gb/s)	State	Status	ID
node1							
	e3a	ENET	storage	100	enabled	online	30
	e3b	ENET	storage	0	enabled	offline	30
	e7a	ENET	storage	0	enabled	offline	30
	e7b	ENET	storage	0	enabled	offline	30
node2							
	e3a	ENET	storage	100	enabled	online	30
	e3b	ENET	storage	0	enabled	offline	30
	e7a	ENET	storage	0	enabled	offline	30
	e7b	ENET	storage	0	enabled	offline	30

3. Verify that storage switch S1 is available: network device-discovery show

		ck device-discovery show Discovered		
		Device (LLDP: ChassisID)	Interface	Platform
				_
node1/cdp				
	e3a	S1	Ethernet1/1	NX3232C
	e4a	node2	e4a	AFF-A700
	e4e	node2	e4e	AFF-A700
node1/lldp				
	e3a	S1	Ethernet1/1	-
	e4a	node2	e4a	-
	e4e	node2	e4e	-
node2/cdp				
	e3a	S1	Ethernet1/2	NX3232C
	e4a	node1	e4a	AFF-A700
	e4e	node1	e4e	AFF-A700
node2/11dp				
	e3a	S1	Ethernet1/2	-
	e4a	node1	e4a	_
	e4e	node1	e4e	-

4. Run the show 11dp neighbors command on the working switch to confirm that you can see both nodes and all shelves: show 11dp neighbors

```
S1# show lldp neighbors
Capability codes:
  (R) Router, (B) Bridge, (T) Telephone, (C) DOCSIS Cable Device
  (W) WLAN Access Point, (P) Repeater, (S) Station, (O) Other
Device ID
                        Local Intf
                                        Hold-time Capability Port ID
node1
                        Eth1/1
                                        121
                                                    S
                                                                еЗа
node2
                        Eth1/2
                                        121
                                                                еЗа
                                                    S
                        Eth1/5
SHFGD2008000011
                                        121
                                                    S
                                                                e0a
SHFGD2008000011
                        Eth1/6
                                        120
                                                    S
                                                                e0a
SHFGD2008000022
                        Eth1/7
                                        120
                                                    S
                                                                e0a
SHFGD2008000022
                        Eth1/8
                                        120
                                                    S
                                                                e0a
```

5. Verify the shelf ports in the storage system: storage shelf port show -fields remotedevice, remote-port

```
storage::*> storage shelf port show -fields remote-device, remote-port
shelf id remote-port remote-device
     --
        _____
3.20
     0
        Ethernet1/5 S1
3.20 1
3.20
    2 Ethernet1/6 S1
3.20 3
3.30 0 Ethernet1/7 S1
3.20 1 -
3.30 2 Ethernet1/8 S1
3.20
     3
```

- 6. Remove all cables attached to storage switch S2.
- 7. Reconnect all cables to the replacement switch NS2.
- 8. Recheck the health status of the storage node ports: storage port show -port-type ENET

storage::*> storag	ge por	t show	-port-ty	pe ENE	Г		
				Speed			VLAN
Node	Port	Type	Mode	(Gb/s)	State	Status	ID
node1							
	e3a	ENET	storage	100	enabled	online	30
	e3b	ENET	storage	0	enabled	offline	30
	e7a	ENET	storage	0	enabled	offline	30
	e7b	ENET	storage	100	enabled	online	30
node2							
	e3a	ENET	storage	100	enabled	online	30
	e3b	ENET	storage	0	enabled	offline	30
	e7a	ENET	storage	0	enabled	offline	30
	e7b	ENET	storage	100	enabled	online	30

9. Verify that both switches are available: network device-discovery show

-		k device-discovery show		
Node/	Local	Discovered		
Protocol	Port	Device (LLDP: ChassisID)	Interface	Platform
node1/cdp				
	e3a	S1	Ethernet1/1	NX3232C
	e4a	node2	e4a	AFF-A700
	e4e	node2	e4e	AFF-A700
	e7b	NS2	Ethernet1/1	NX3232C
node1/lldp				
	e3a	S1	Ethernet1/1	_
	e4a	node2	e4a	_
	e4e	node2	e4e	_
	e7b	NS2	Ethernet1/1	-
node2/cdp				
	e3a	S1	Ethernet1/2	NX3232C
	e4a	node1	e4a	AFF-A700
	e4e	node1	e4e	AFF-A700
	e7b	NS2	Ethernet1/2	NX3232C
node2/11dp				
	e3a	S1	Ethernet1/2	-
	e4a	node1	e4a	-
	e4e	node1	e4e	-
	e7b	NS2	Ethernet1/2	-

10. Verify the shelf ports in the storage system: storage shelf port show -fields remote-device, remote-port

11. If you suppressed automatic case creation, re-enable it by invoking an AutoSupport message: system node autosupport invoke -node * -type all -message MAINT=END

Upgrade a Cisco Nexus 3232C storage switch

The Cisco NX-OS software and reference configuration files (RCFs) can be upgraded on Cisco Nexus 3232C storage switches.

Before you begin

The following conditions must exist before you upgrade the NX-OS software and RCFs on the storage switch:

- The switch must be fully functioning (there should be no errors in the logs or similar issues).
- You must have checked or set your desired boot variables in the RCF to reflect the desired boot images if you are installing only NX-OS and keeping your current RCF version.

If you need to change the boot variables to reflect the current boot images, you must do so before reapplying the RCF so that the correct version is instantiated on future reboots.

- You must have referred to the appropriate software and upgrade guides available on the Cisco Nexus 3000 Series Switches page for complete documentation on the Cisco storage upgrade and downgrade procedures.
- The number of 10 GbE and 40/100 GbE ports are defined in the reference configuration files (RCFs) available on the Cisco® Ethernet Switches page.

Procedure summary:

- I. Check the health status of switches and ports (Steps 1-4)
- II. Copy the RCF to Cisco switch S2 (Steps 5 8)
- III. Download the NX-OS image to Cisco switch S2 and reboot (Steps 9 12)
- IV. Recheck the health status of switches and ports (Steps 13 15)
- V. Repeat Steps 1- 17 for Cisco switch S1.

The examples in this procedure use two nodes; node1 with two storage ports and node2 with two storage ports. See the Hardware Universe to verify the correct storage ports on your platforms.



The command outputs might vary depending on different releases of ONTAP.

The examples in this procedure use the following switch and node nomenclature:

- The names of the two storage switches are S1 and S2.
- The nodes are node1 and node2.



The procedure requires the use of both ONTAP commands and Cisco Nexus 3000 Series Switches commands; ONTAP commands are used unless otherwise indicated.

Steps

1. If AutoSupport is enabled on this cluster, suppress automatic case creation by invoking an AutoSupport message: system node autosupport invoke -node * -type all - message MAINT=xh

x is the duration of the maintenance window in hours.



The AutoSupport message notifies technical support of this maintenance task so that automatic case creation is suppressed during the maintenance window.

2. Check that the storage switches are available: system switch ethernet show

```
storage::*> system switch ethernet show
                        Type
                                         Address
                                                        Model
_____________
_____
S1
                         storage-network 172.17.227.5 NX3232C
    Serial Number: FOC221206C2
     Is Monitored: true
          Reason: None
 Software Version: Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software,
Version
                 9.3(3)
   Version Source: CDP
S2
                         storage-network 172.17.227.6 NX3232C
    Serial Number: FOC220443LZ
     Is Monitored: true
          Reason: None
 Software Version: Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software,
Version
                  9.3(3)
   Version Source: CDP
2 entries were displayed.
storage::*>
```

3. Verify that the node ports are healthy and operational: storage port show -port-type ENET

storage::*> storage port show -port-type ENET										
		Speed								
Node	Port	Type	Mode	(Gb/s)	State	Status	ID			
node1										
	e3a	ENET	storage	100	enabled	online	30			
	e3b	ENET	storage	0	enabled	offline	30			
	e7a	ENET	storage	0	enabled	offline	30			
	e7b	ENET	storage	100	enabled	online	30			
node2										
	e3a	ENET	storage	100	enabled	online	30			
	e3b	ENET	storage	0	enabled	offline	30			
	e7a	ENET	storage	0	enabled	offline	30			
	e7b	ENET	storage	100	enabled	online	30			

4. Check that there are no storage switch or cabling issues with the cluster: system health alert show -instance

```
storage::*> system health alert show -instance
There are no entries matching your query.
```

5. Copy the RCF on switch S2 to the switch bootflash using one of the following transfer protocols: FTP, HTTP, TFTP, SFTP, or SCP.

For more information on Cisco commands, see the appropriate guide in the Cisco Nexus 3000 Series NX-OS Command References.

The following example shows HTTP being used to copy an RCF to the bootflash on switch S2:

```
S2# copy http://172.16.10.1//cfg/Nexus 3232C RCF v1.6-Storage.txt
bootflash: vrf management
         % Received % Xferd Average Speed
                                           Time
                                                  Time
% Total
                                                          Time
Current
                            Dload
                                    Upload Total
                                                  Spent
                                                          Left
Speed
 100
           3254
                100
                            3254
                                           0
                                    0
                                                  8175
                                                          0 --:
--:-- 8301
Copy complete, now saving to disk (please wait)...
Copy complete.
S2#
```

6. Apply the RCF previously downloaded to the bootflash: copy bootflash:

The following example shows the RCF file <code>Nexus_3232C_RCF_v1.6-Storage.txt</code> being installed on switch S2:

S2# copy Nexus 3232C RCF v1.6-Storage.txt running-config echo-commands

7. Verify that the RCF file is the correct newer version: show running-config

When you check the output to verify you have the correct RCF, make sure that the following information is correct:

- The RCF banner
- The node and port settings
- Customizations The output varies according to your site configuration. Check the port settings and refer
 to the release notes for any changes specific to the RCF that you have installed.



In the banner output from the show banner motd command, you must read and follow the instructions in the **IMPORTANT NOTES** section to ensure the proper configuration and operation of the switch.

```
S2# show banner motd
******************
* NetApp Reference Configuration File (RCF)
* Switch : Cisco Nexus 3232C
* Filename : Nexus 3232C RCF v1.6-Storage.txt
* Date : Oct-20-2020
* Version : v1.6
* Port Usage : Storage configuration
* Ports 1-32: Controller and Shelf Storage Ports
* Ports 33-34: Disabled
* IMPORTANT NOTES*
* - This RCF utilizes QoS and requires TCAM re-configuration, requiring
RCF
   to be loaded twice with the Storage Switch rebooted in between.
* - Perform the following 4 steps to ensure proper RCF installation:
   (1) Apply RCF first time, expect following messages:
       - Please save config and reload the system...
       - Edge port type (portfast) should only be enabled on ports...
       - TCAM region is not configured for feature QoS class IPv4
ingress...
    (2) Save running-configuration and reboot Cluster Switch
    (3) After reboot, apply same RCF second time and expect following
messages:
       - % Invalid command at '^' marker
       - Syntax error while parsing...
   (4) Save running-configuration again
*****************
*****
S2#
```

8. After you verify that the software versions and switch settings are correct, copy the running-config file to the startup-config file on switch S2.

For more information on Cisco commands, see the appropriate guide in the Cisco Nexus 3000 Series NX-OS Command References.

The following example shows the running-config file successfully copied to the startup-config file:

```
S2# copy running-config startup-config
[#############################] 100% Copy complete.
```

- 9. Download the NX-OS image to switch S2.
- 10. Install the system image so that the new version will be loaded the next time switch S2 is rebooted.

The switch will be reboot in 10 seconds with the new image as shown in the following output:

```
S2# install all nxos bootflash:nxos.9.3.4.bin
Installer will perform compatibility check first. Please wait.
Installer is forced disruptive
Verifying image bootflash:/nxos.9.3.4.bin for boot variable "nxos".
[############### 100% -- SUCCESS
Verifying image type.
[[############### 100% -- SUCCESS
Preparing "nxos" version info using image bootflash:/nxos.9.3.4.bin.
[############### 100% -- SUCCESS
Preparing "bios" version info using image bootflash:/nxos.9.3.4.bin.
[############### 100% -- SUCCESS
Performing module support checks.
[############### 100% -- SUCCESS
Notifying services about system upgrade.
[############### 100% -- SUCCESS
Compatibility check is done:
Module bootable
                      Impact Install-type Reason
                ----- -----
_____
   1 yes disruptive reset default upgrade is not
hitless
Images will be upgraded according to following table:
                               Running-Version(pri:alt)
Module
           Image
New-Version Upg-Required
```

```
9.3(3)
             nxos
9.3(4)
                yes
                      v08.37(01/28/2020):v08.23(09/23/2015)
     1
             bios
v08.38(05/29/2020)
                             no
Switch will be reloaded for disruptive upgrade.
Do you want to continue with the installation (y/n)? [n] y
input string too long
Do you want to continue with the installation (y/n)? [n] y
Install is in progress, please wait.
Performing runtime checks.
[############### 100% -- SUCCESS
Setting boot variables.
[############### 100% -- SUCCESS
Performing configuration copy.
[############### 100% -- SUCCESS
Module 1: Refreshing compact flash and upgrading bios/loader/bootrom.
Warning: please do not remove or power off the module at this time.
[############### 100% -- SUCCESS
Finishing the upgrade, switch will reboot in 10 seconds.
S2#
```

11. Save the configuration.

For more information on Cisco commands, see the appropriate guide in the Cisco Nexus 3000 Series NX-OS Command References.

You are prompted to reboot the system as shown in the following example:

12. Confirm that the new NX-OS version number is on the switch:

```
S2# show version
Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software
```

```
TAC support: http://www.cisco.com/tac
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owned by other third parties and used and distributed under their own
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limited to warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular
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Certain components of this software are licensed under
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GNU General Public License (GPL) version 3.0 or the GNU
Lesser General Public License (LGPL) Version 2.1 or
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http://opensource.org/licenses/gpl-3.0.html and
http://www.opensource.org/licenses/lgpl-2.1.php and
http://www.gnu.org/licenses/old-licenses/library.txt.
Software
 BIOS: version 08.38
NXOS: version 9.3(4)
 BIOS compile time: 05/29/2020
 NXOS image file is: bootflash://nxos.9.3.4.bin
 NXOS compile time: 4/28/2020 21:00:00 [04/29/2020 02:28:31]
Hardware
  cisco Nexus3000 C3232C Chassis (Nexus 9000 Series)
  Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E5-2403 v2 @ 1.80GHz with 8154432 kB of memory.
  Processor Board ID FOC20291J6K
 Device name: S2
 bootflash: 53298520 kB
Kernel uptime is 0 day(s), 0 hour(s), 3 minute(s), 42 second(s)
Last reset at 157524 usecs after Mon Nov 2 18:32:06 2020
  Reason: Reset due to upgrade
  System version: 9.3(3)
  Service:
plugin
  Core Plugin, Ethernet Plugin
```

```
Active Package(s):
S2#
```

13. Recheck that the storage switches are available after the reboot: system switch ethernet show

```
storage::*> system switch ethernet show
                        Type
                                                        Model
                                         Address
____________
_____
S1
                         storage-network 172.17.227.5 NX3232C
    Serial Number: FOC221206C2
     Is Monitored: true
          Reason: None
  Software Version: Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software,
Version
                 9.3(4)
   Version Source: CDP
S2
                         storage-network 172.17.227.6 NX3232C
    Serial Number: FOC220443LZ
     Is Monitored: true
          Reason: None
  Software Version: Cisco Nexus Operating System (NX-OS) Software,
Version
                  9.3(4)
   Version Source: CDP
2 entries were displayed.
storage::*>
```

14. Verify that the switch ports are healthy and operational after the reboot: storage port show -port -type ENET

storage::*> storage port show -port-type ENET										
				VLAN						
Node	Port	Type	Mode	(Gb/s)	State	Status	ID			
node1										
	e3a	ENET	storage	100	enabled	online	30			
	e3b	ENET	storage	0	enabled	offline	30			
	e7a	ENET	storage	0	enabled	offline	30			
	e7b	ENET	storage	100	enabled	online	30			
node2										
	e3a	ENET	storage	100	enabled	online	30			
	e3b	ENET	storage	0	enabled	offline	30			
	e7a	ENET	storage	0	enabled	offline	30			
	e7b	ENET	storage	100	enabled	online	30			

15. Recheck that there are no storage switch or cabling issues with the cluster: system health alert show -instance

```
storage::*> system health alert show -instance
There are no entries matching your query.
```

- 16. Repeat the procedure to upgrade the NX-OS software and RCF on switch S1.
- 17. If you suppressed automatic case creation, re-enable it by invoking an AutoSupport message: system node autosupport invoke -node * -type all -message MAINT=END

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