

Pydantic

Giving your data classes awesome powers



**Data parsing and
validation using
Python type hints**

WHAT IS A DATACLASS?

```
from dataclasses import dataclass  
  
main.py @dataclass  
class Tesla:  
    style: str  
    battery_pack: float
```

```
repl >>> Tesla("model 3", 10)  
Tesla(style='model 3', battery_size=10)
```

DATACLASSES

WHAT IF WE WANTED TO CONSTRAIN IT?

```
from enum import Enum

class Battery(str, Enum):
    standard = '380 kilograms'
    long_range = '480 kilograms'

@dataclass
class Tesla:
    style: str
    battery_pack: Tuple[Battery, ...]
```

```
>>> Tesla(2, ("petrol-gas-is-not-a-liquid"))
Tesla(style=2, battery_pack='petrol-gas-is-not-a-
liquid))
```

LEVEL
UP



With dataclasses, types are
not enforced... ouch
But in this case, we'll lean on
the shoulders of a titan that
is, Pydantic.



[main.py](#)

```
from pydantic.dataclasses import dataclass
from typing import Tuple
from enum import Enum

class Battery(str, Enum):
    standard = '380 kilograms'
    long_range = '480 kilograms'

@dataclass
class Tesla:
    style: str
    battery_pack: Tuple[Battery, ...]
```



Error

```
pydantic.error_wrappers.ValidationError: 1 validation error for Tesla  
battery_pack  
    value is not a valid tuple (type=type_error.tuple)
```

But wait!

As well as `BaseModel`, `pydantic` provides a `dataclass` decorator which creates (almost) vanilla python dataclasses with input data parsing and validation.

REFERENCES

Great docs

<https://pydantic-docs.helpmanual.io/>

Awesome presentation

<http://slides.com/hultner/python-pizza-2020/>