# Python Performance Investigation by Example

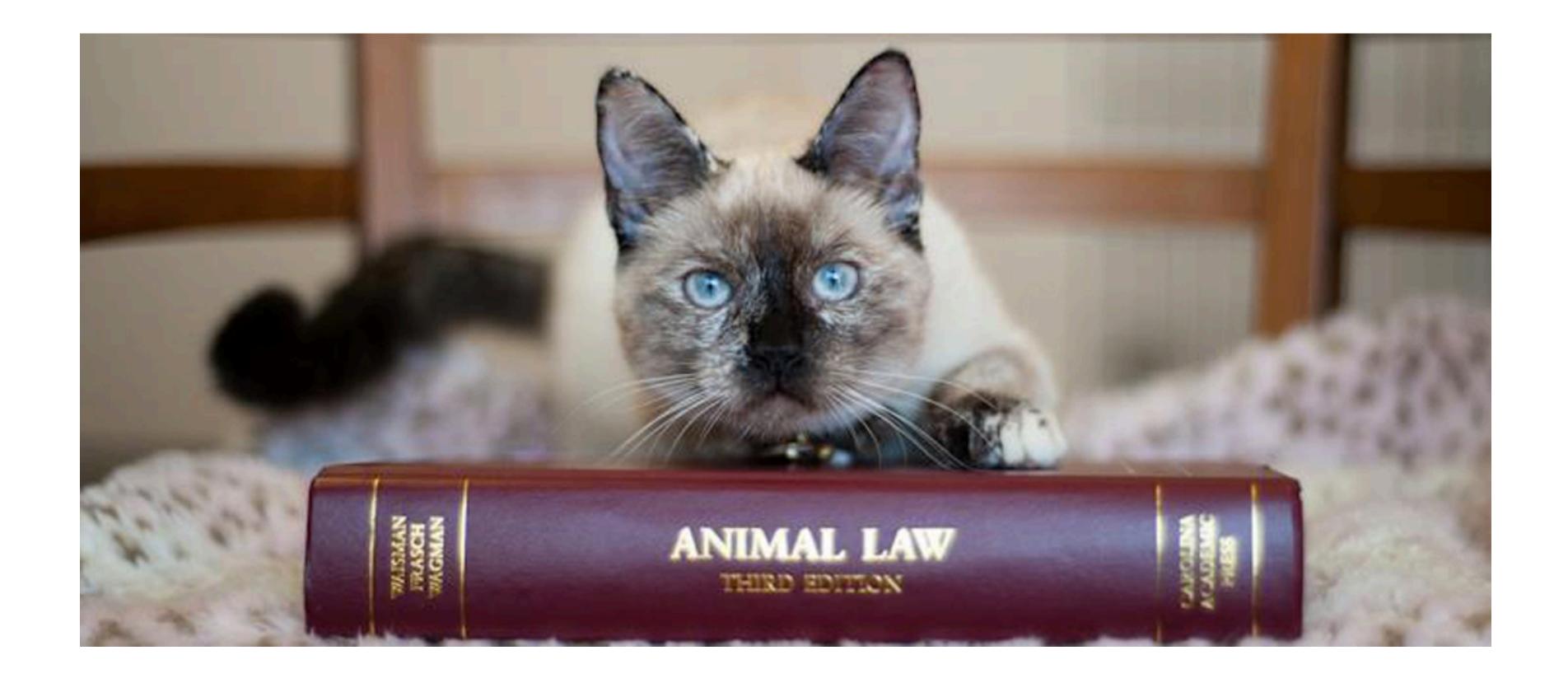
@jiffyclub

2018-05-12

## About Me

- Matt Davis aka @jiffyclub
- Data Engineer at Clover Health (visit us at the Job Fair!)
- Blog: penandpants.com
- Photos/tweets welcome
- github.com/jiffyclub/pycon-2018-talk
- License: CC BY-SA 4.0

### Caveats about "Performance"



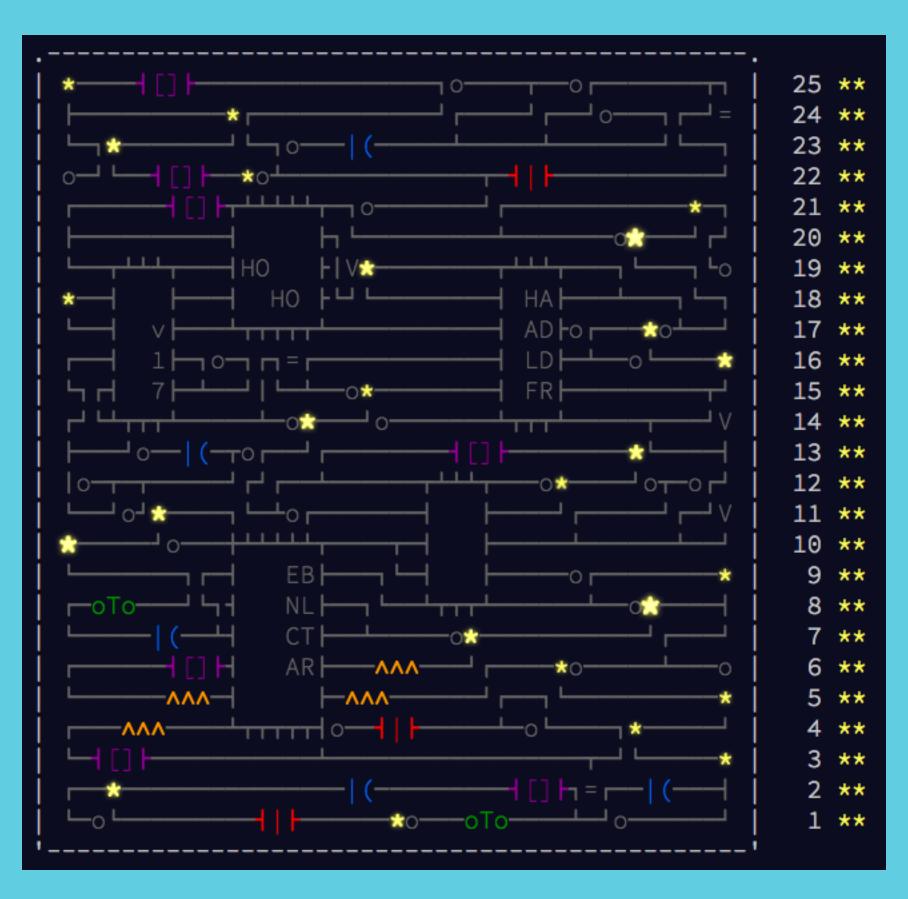
### The Recipe

- 1. Collect Data
- 2. Analyze
- 3. Experiment
- 4. GOTO 1



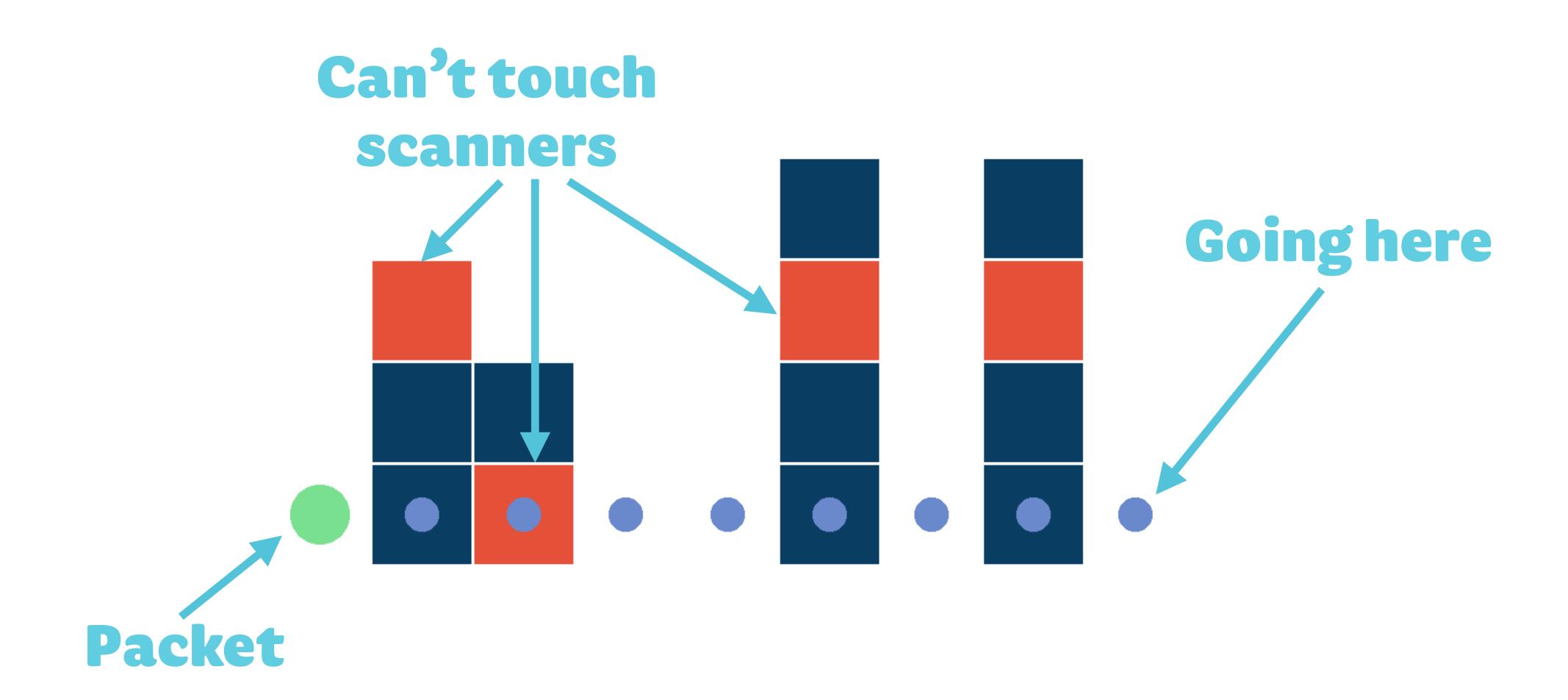
https://www.etsy.com/listing/257563486/science-cat-funny-pinback-button-cute

## Backstory



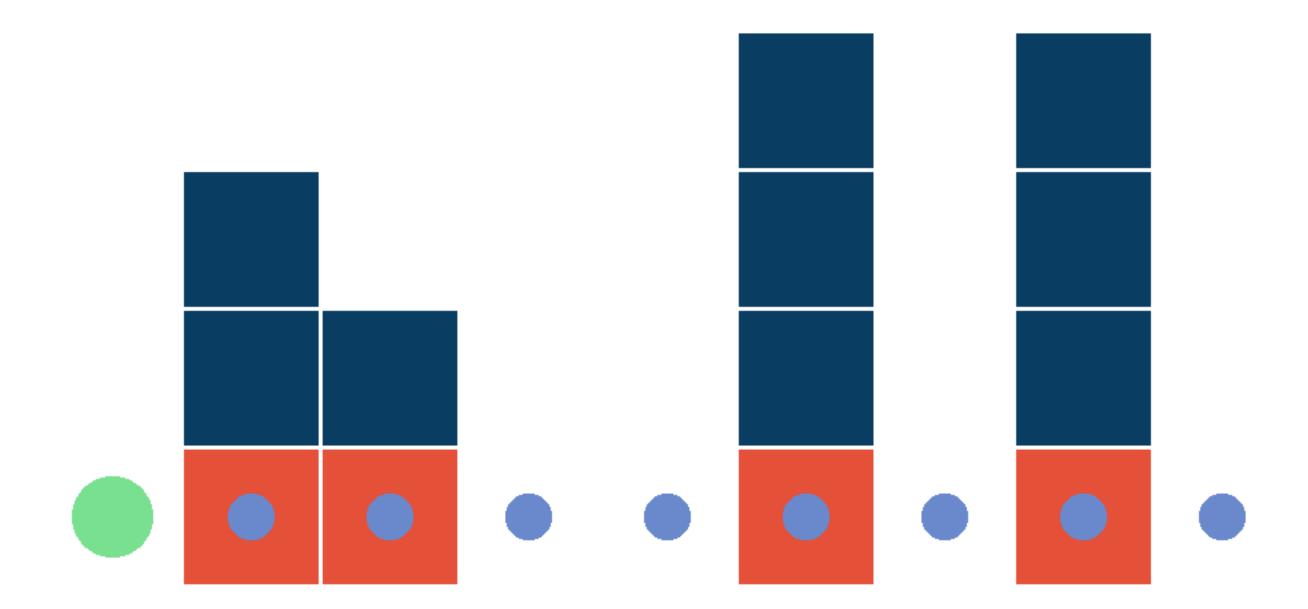
adventofcode.com/2017

## The Assignment: Evade a "Firewall"



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#### Solution Outline

```
def find_start(firewall) -> int:
                                               - Infinite loop
         for t_start in itertools.count(0):
             if caught_crossing(firewall, num_layers):
                          Break out if we didn't get caught
get caught? else:
         return t_start
```

## First Try (Scanner)

class Scanner:



- height
- position
- direction
- advance()
- copy()

### First Try (firewall)

```
firewall = {scanner_slot: Scanner()}
```

## First Try (caught\_crossing)

return False

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return False

## First Try (caught\_crossing)

return False

```
def caught_crossing(
       firewall: Dict[int, Scanner], num_layers: int) -> bool:
   for packet_pos in range(num_layers):
       if packet_pos in firewall and firewall[packet_pos].pos == 0:
           return True
       for scanner in firewall.values():
                                             Advance scanner
           scanner.advance()
                                           state one time-step
```

## First Try (find\_start)

```
def find_start(firewall: Dict[int, Scanner]) -> int:
    loop_firewall = copy_firewall(firewall)
   num_layers = max(firewall.keys()) + 1
    for t_start in itertools.count(0):
        pre_check_firewall = copy_firewall(loop_firewall)
        if caught_crossing(loop_firewall, num_layers):
            loop_firewall = copy_firewall(pre_check_firewall)
            for scanner in loop_firewall.values():
                scanner.advance()
        else:
            break
    return t_start
```

## Did It Work?

Answer: 3,823,370 time-steps

How Long Did it Take?

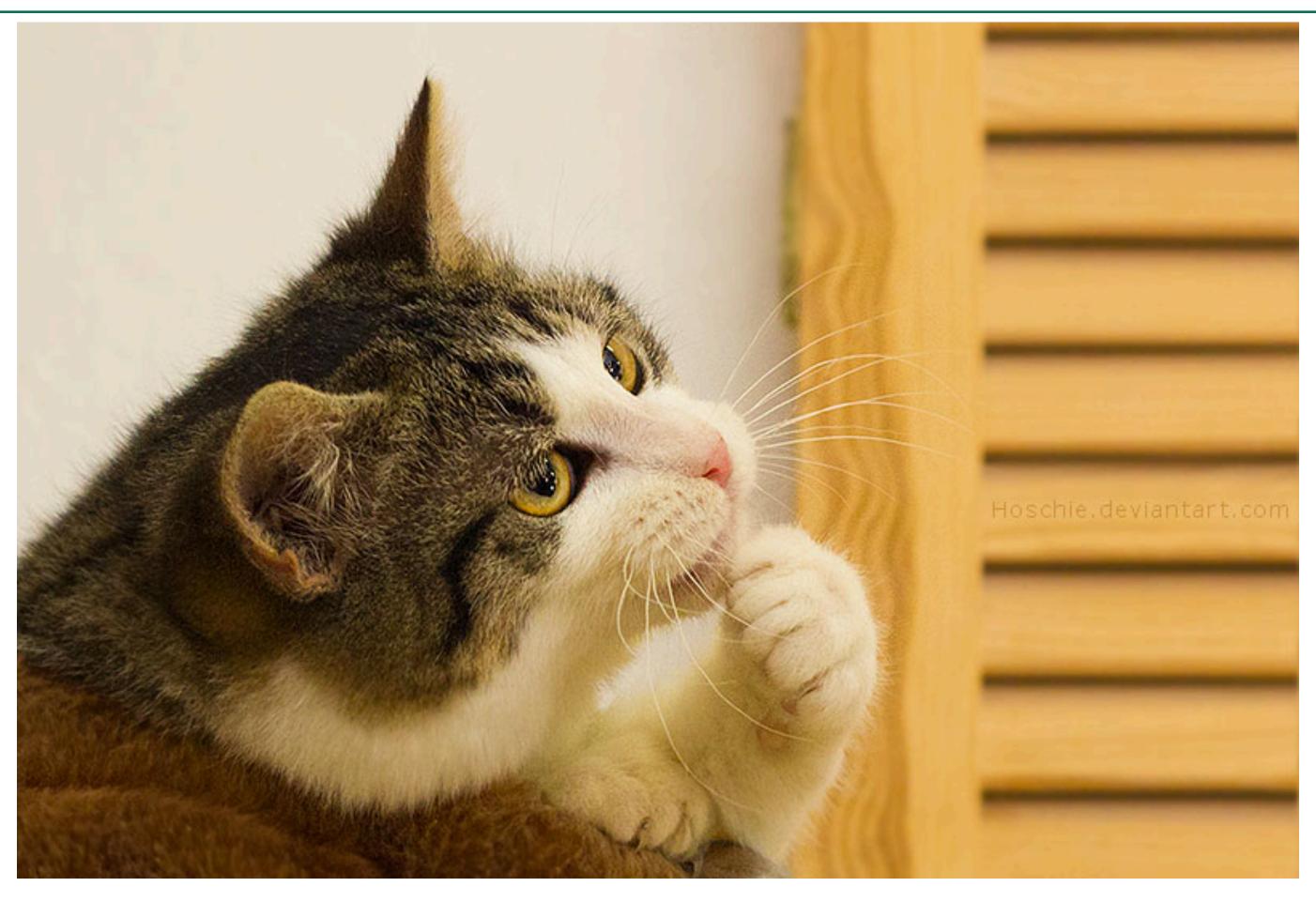
## Did It Work?

Answer: 3,823,370 time-steps

How Long Did it Take?

10 minutes (600 seconds)

## Thoughtful Time



https://hoschie.deviantart.com/art/Thinking-cat-346209983

## Collecting Data a.k.a. Profiling

## cProfile

**Built into Python** 

Tracks time spent in functions

## Others

line\_profiler

pyflame

plop

nylas-perftools

## Running cProfile

```
python -m cProfile \
    -o output_file \
    my_script.py
```

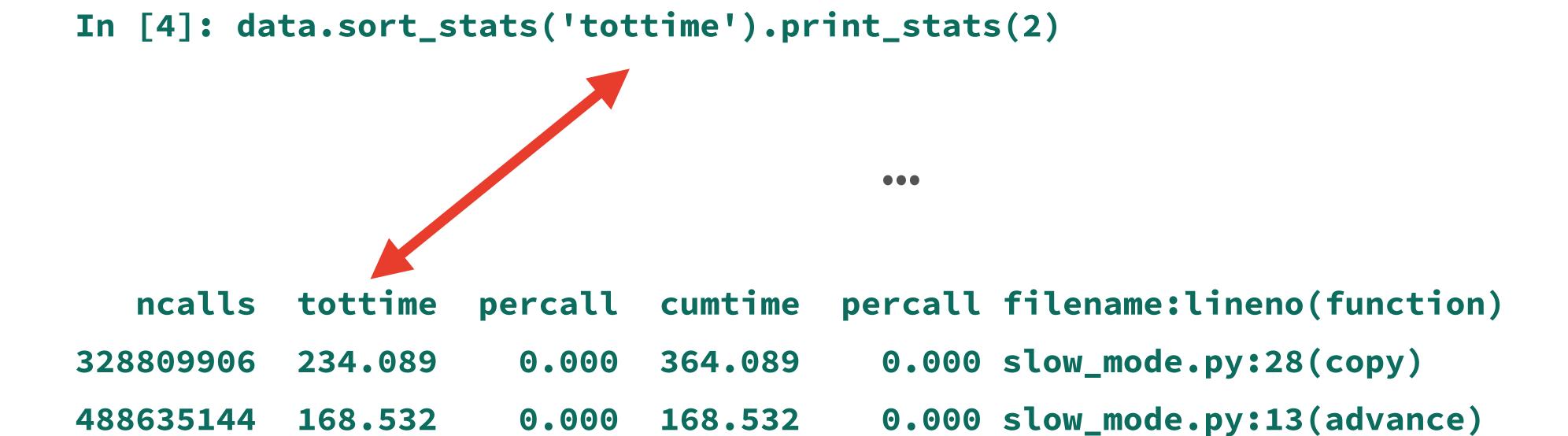
%%prun -q -D output\_file

//
IPython magic

## Viewing Data (pstats)

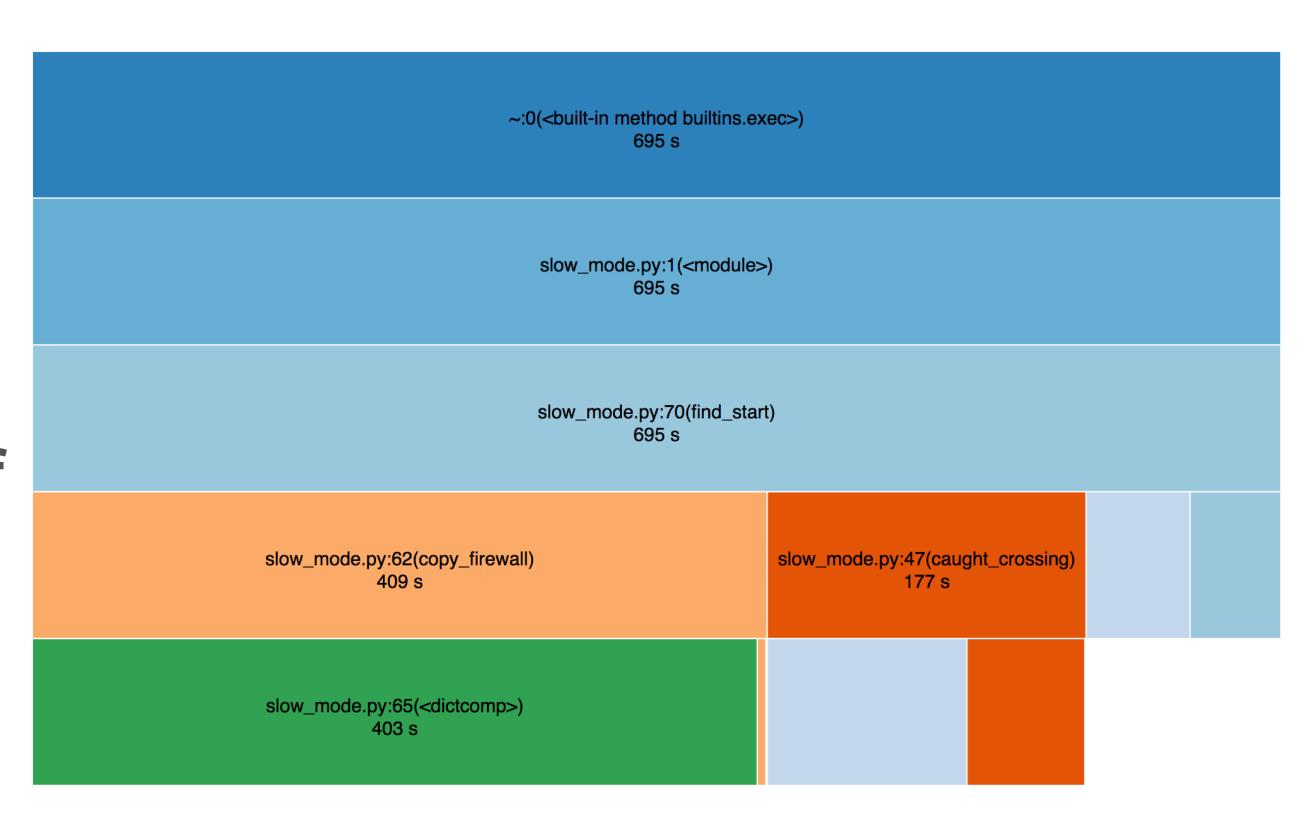
```
Loading profile data
In [2]: data = pstats.Stats('slow_mode.cprof')
In [3]: data.sort_stats('cumulative').print_stats('slow_mode', 2)
                            cumtime
                                     percall filename:lineno(function)
         tottime
  ncalls
                   percall
                                    808.171 slow_mode.py:1(<module>)
            0.000
                     0.000
                            808.171
                            808.156 808.156 slow_mode.py:74(find_start)
                    93.039
           93.039
```

## Viewing Data (pstats)



#### SnakeViz!

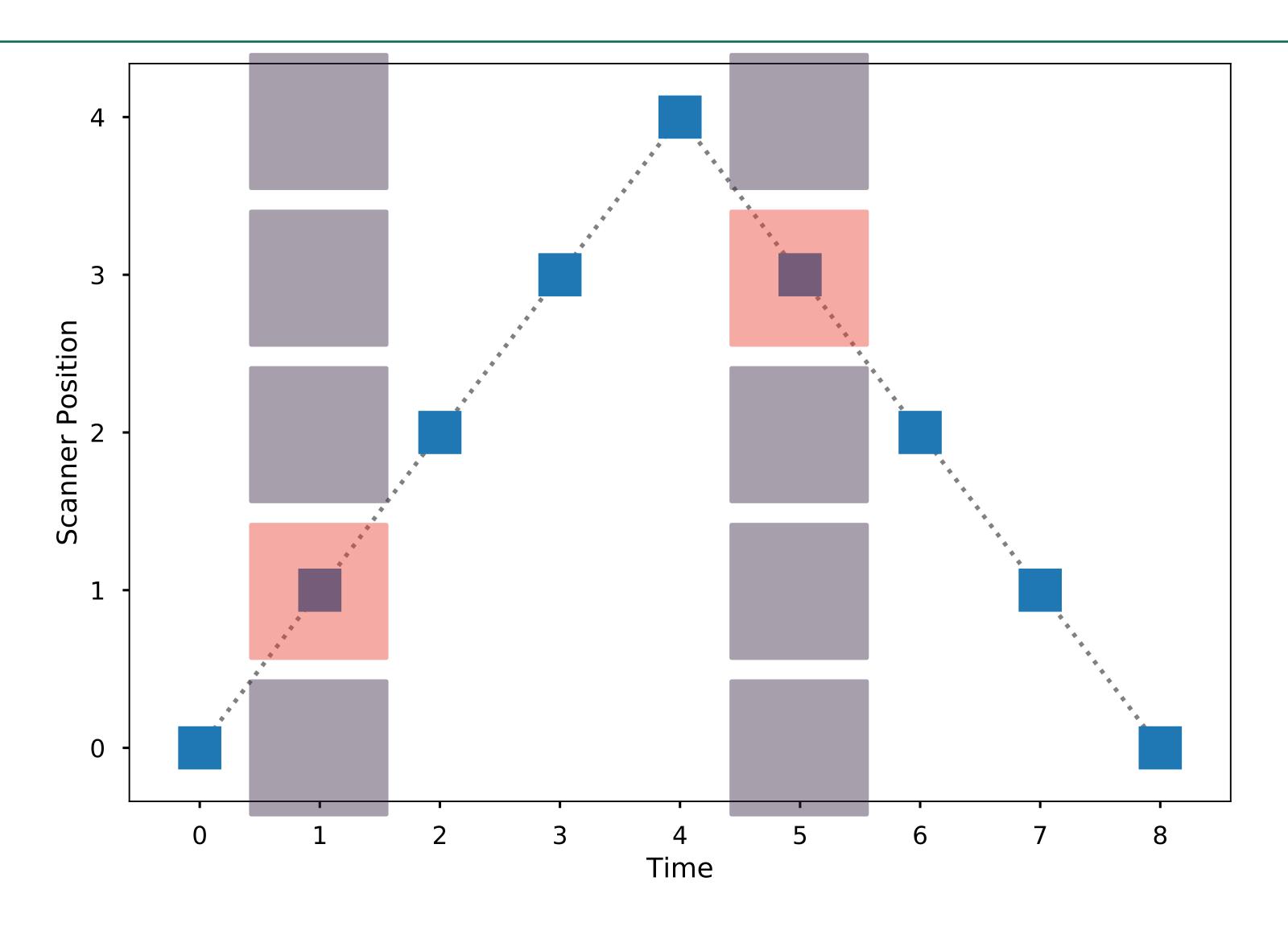
pip install snakeviz
snakeviz slow\_mode.cprof



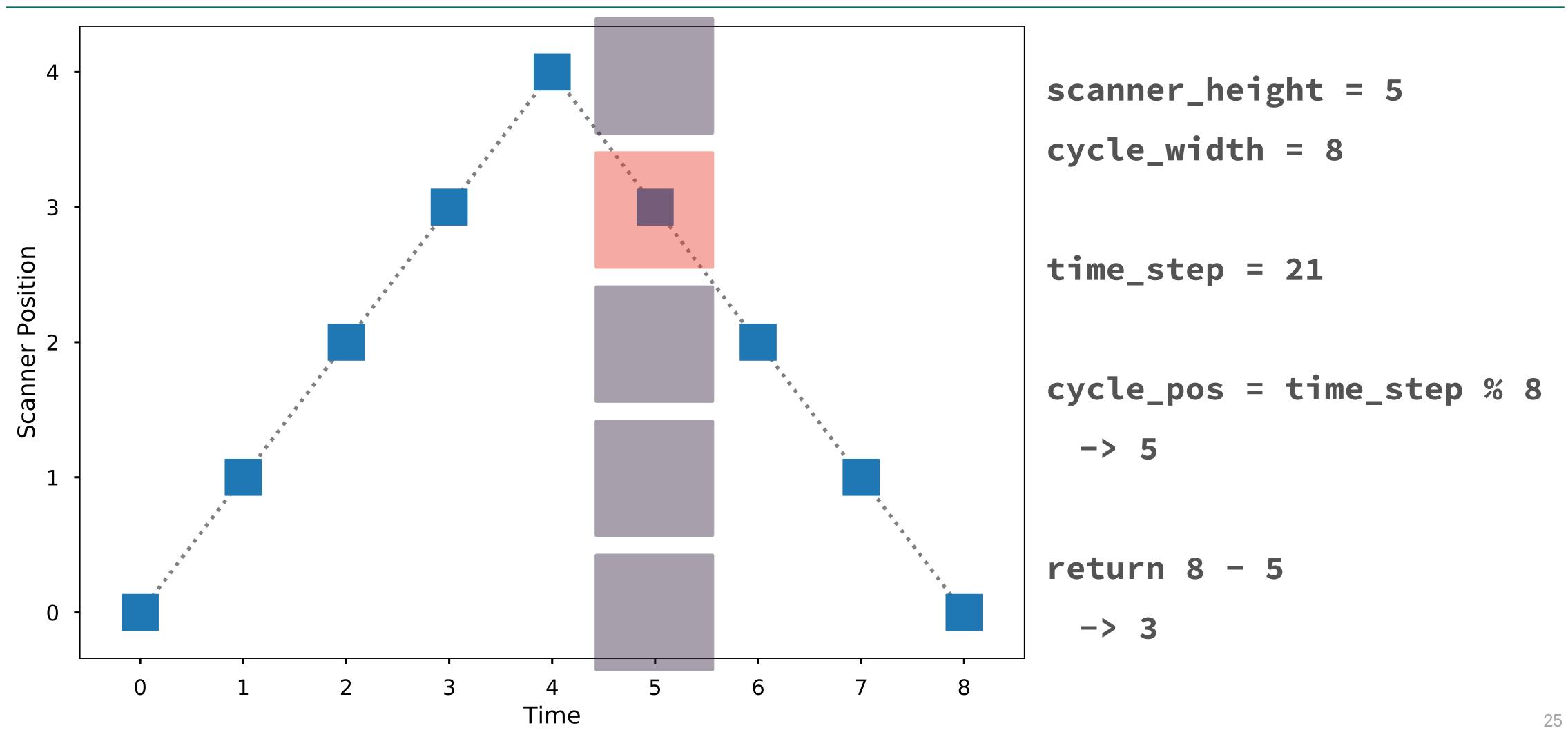
## First Try (find\_start)

```
def find_start(firewall: Dict[int, Scanner]) -> int:
    loop_firewall = copy_firewall(firewall)
   num_layers = max(firewall.keys()) + 1
    for t_start in itertools.count(0):
        pre_check_firewall = copy_firewall(loop_firewall)
        if caught_crossing(loop_firewall, num_layers):
            loop_firewall = copy_firewall(pre_check_firewall)
            for scanner in loop_firewall.values():
                scanner.advance()
        else:
            break
    return t_start
```

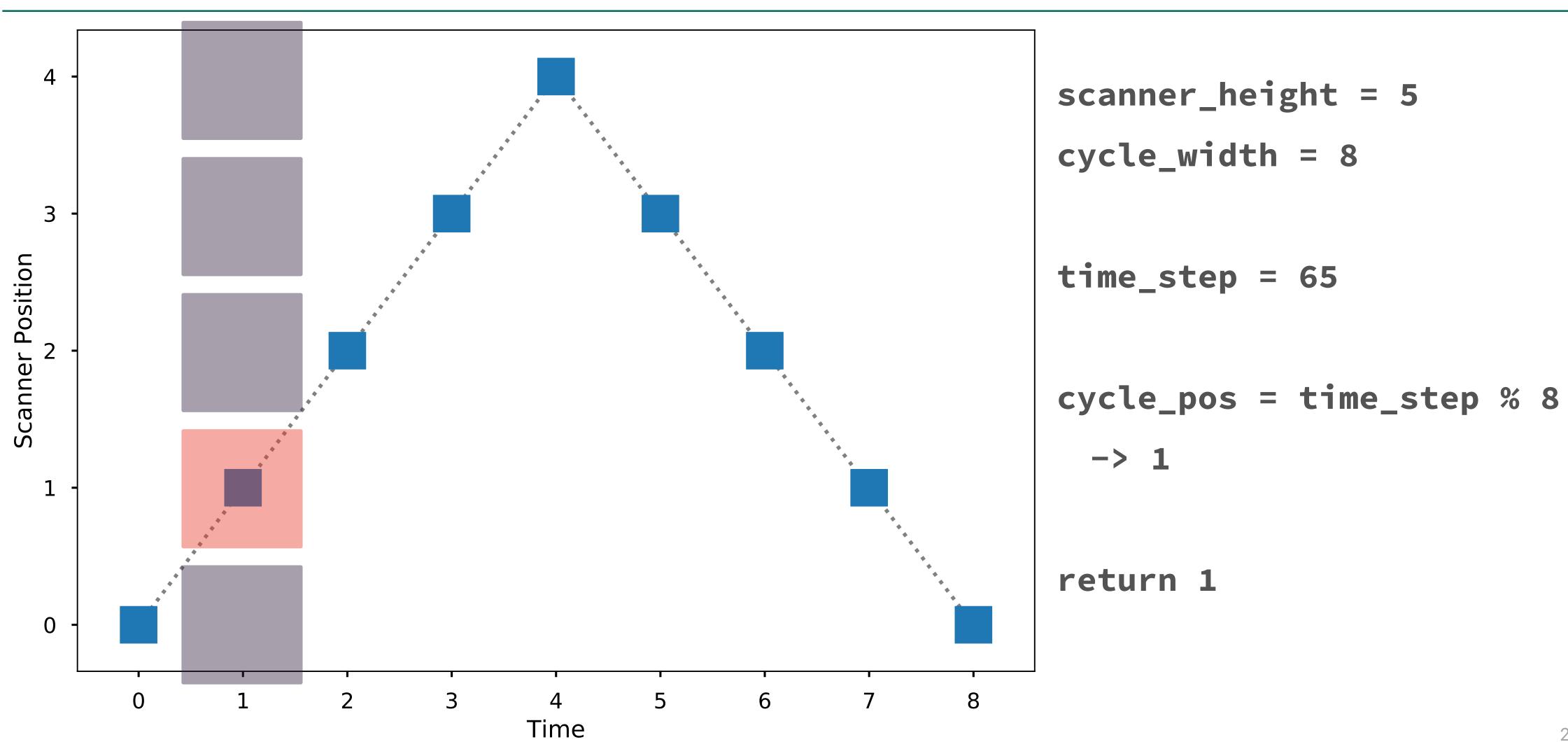
## Math is Magic



## Math is Magic



## Math is Magic



#### Second Try (calc\_scanner\_pos)

```
def calc_scanner_pos(
        scanner_height: int, time_step: int) -> int:
    cycle_midpoint = scanner_height - 1
    cycle_width = cycle_midpoint * 2
    cycle_position = time_step % cycle_width
    return (
        cycle_position
        if cycle_position <= cycle_midpoint</pre>
        else cycle_width - cycle_position)
```

## Second Try (firewall)

```
firewall = {scanner_slot: scanner_height}
```

## Second Try (caught\_crossing)

```
def caught_crossing(firewall: dict, num_layers: int, t_start: int) -> bool:
   for pos in range(num_layers):
                                         Is there a scanner?
       if pos in firewall:
           scanner_height = firewall[pos]
           scanner_pos = calc_scanner_pos(scanner_range, t_start + pos)
           if scanner_pos == 0:
               return True
                              Is the scanner at the
   return False
                                      bottom?
```

### Second Try (find\_start)

Break out if we didn't get caught

30

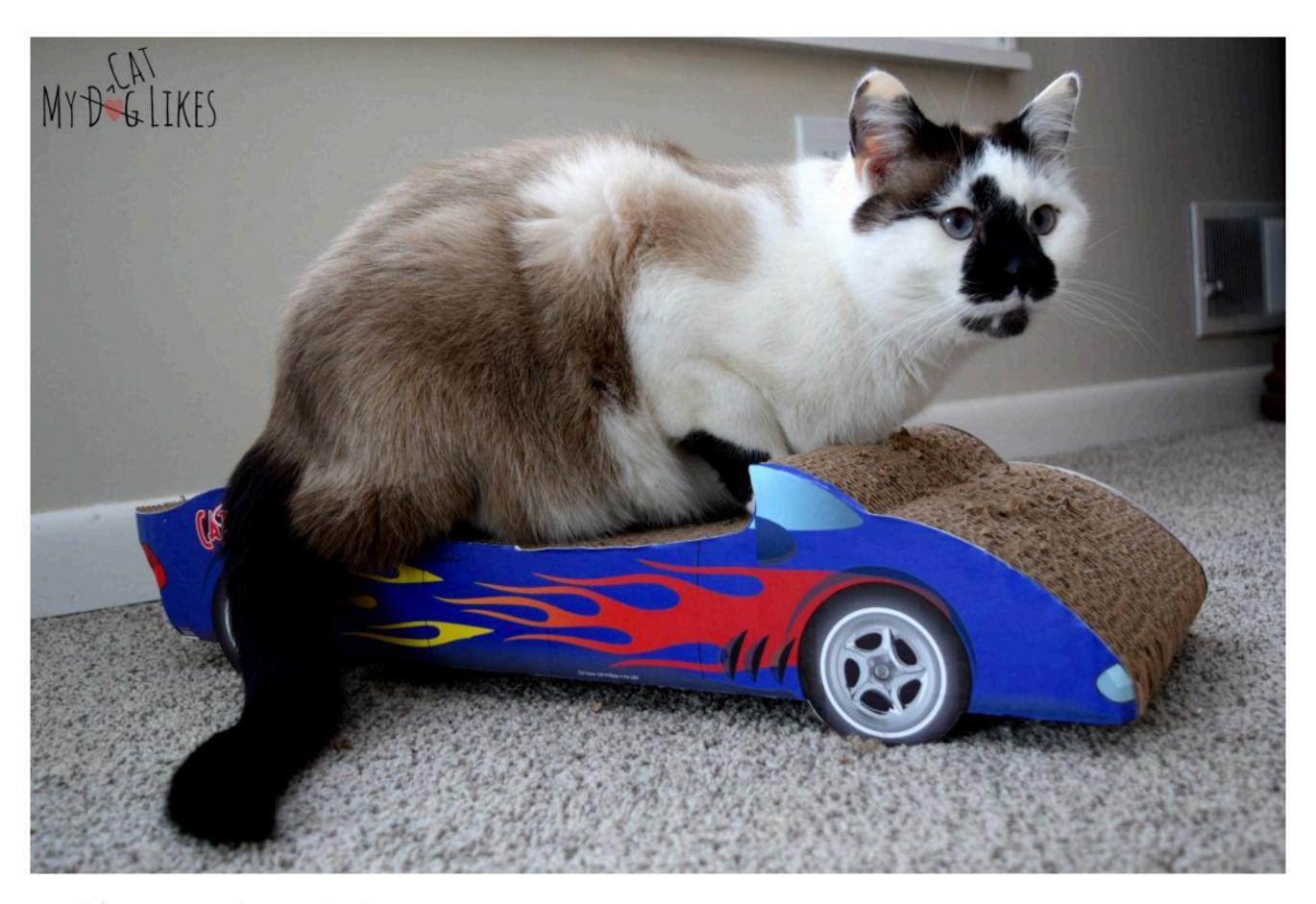
## Did It Work?

Answer: 3,823,370 time-steps

How Long Did it Take?

~6 seconds

## Cool, cool. Can we go faster?



https://mycatlikes.com/cat-claws-convertible-cat-scratcher-review/

## Results

	Time (milliseconds)
First Try	600,000
Second Try	6,000
PyPy	600
Numba	2
Cython	1

## Array Firewall

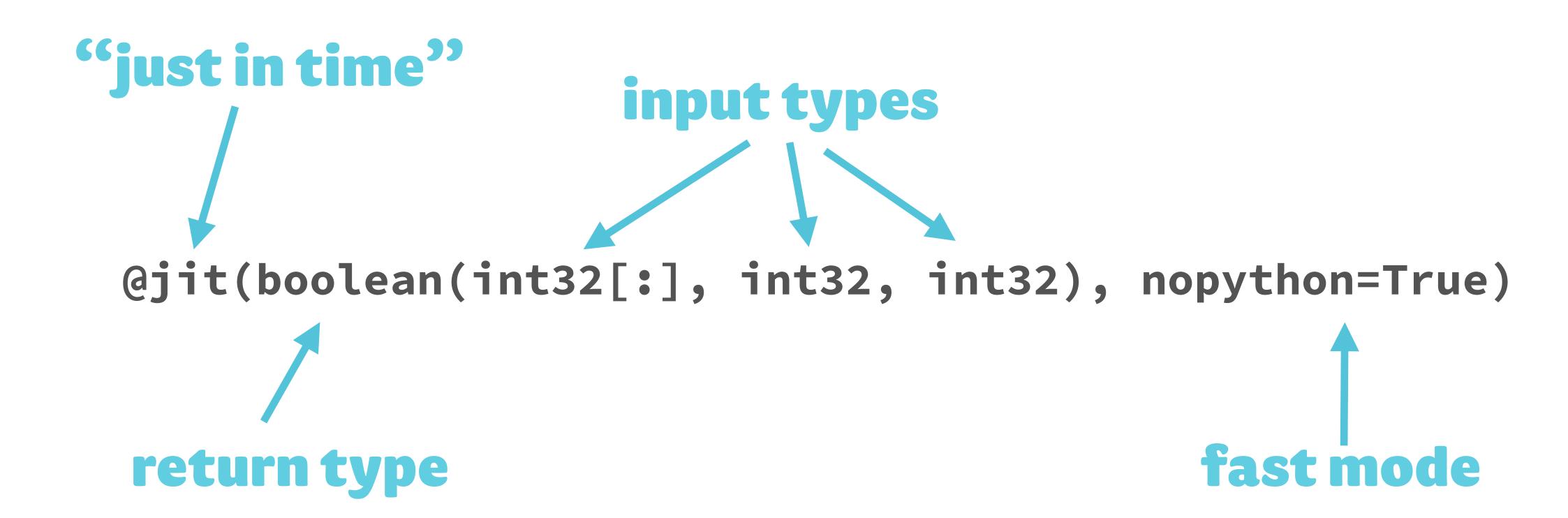
## Numba

## Compiles Python on-the-fly

100% plain Python

Used with NumPy for maths

### Numba@jit



## Numba (caught\_crossing)

```
Numba decorator
@jit(boolean(int32[:], int32, int32), nopython=True)
def caught_crossing(
       firewall: np.array, num_layers: int, t_start: int) -> bool:
   for pos in range(num_layers):
                                           Is there a scanner?
       if firewall[pos] != 0:
           scanner_pos = scanner_layer(firewall[pos], t_start + pos)
           if scanner_pos == 0:
               return True
                                 Is the scanner at the
   return False
                                        bottom?
```

#### Numba (find\_start)

```
@jit(int32(int32[:]), nopython=True)
def py_find_start(ranges: np.array) -> int:
   t_start = 0
                                              Infinite loop
   num_layers = len(ranges)
   while True:
       if check_capture(ranges, num_layers, t_start):
           t start += 1
                                     Did we get caught?
       else:
          break
                          Break out if we didn't get caught
   return t_start
```

# Cython

# Extended Python-like language

Compiles to C

Great for wrapping C libraries

## Cython (caught\_crossing)

```
@cython.boundscheck(False) turn off safety checks
@cython.wraparound(False)
cdef bint caught_crossing(int[:] firewall, int num_layers, int t_start):
   cdef int pos, scanner_pos, scanner_range
   for pos in range(num_layers):
                                              types on everything
       if firewall[pos] != 0:
           scanner_pos = scanner_layer(firewall[pos], t_start + pos)
           if scanner_pos == 0:
               return False
    return True
```

## Results

	Time (milliseconds)
First Try	600,000
Second Try	6,000
PyPy	600
Numba	2
Cython	1

#### THANK YOU!!!

## (tweet me: @jiffyclub)

- 1. Collect Data
- 2. Analyze
- 3. Experiment
- 4. GOTO 1

