

1. 用定义计算下列定积分:

$$(1) \int_0^1 (ax+b) dx;$$

$$(2) \int_0^1 a^x dx (a>0).$$

解: (1) 令 $h = \frac{1}{n}$, $x_i = ih$, $f(x_i) = (iah + b)$.

$$\int_0^1 (ax+b) dx = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n f(x_i) \cdot \Delta x_i = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \left(\frac{a}{n} i + b \right) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{a}{n^2} \frac{n(n+1)}{2} \right) + b = \frac{a}{2} + b$$

$$(2) \text{ 证: } \int_0^1 a^x dx = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n a^{\frac{i}{n}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} a^{\frac{1}{n}} \frac{1-a^{\frac{1}{n}}}{1-a^{\frac{1}{n}}} = (1-a) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(-\frac{1}{n} + \frac{1}{n(1-a^{\frac{1}{n}})} \right) \\ = (1-a) \cdot \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{x}{1-a^x} = (1-a) \frac{1}{-\ln a} = \frac{a-1}{\ln a}$$