

1233.

$$1. (1) \iint_D e^{-(x^2+y^2)} dx dy = \iint_{D^*} e^{-r^2} r dr d\theta \quad D^* = \{(r, \theta) \mid 0 \leq r \leq R, 0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi\}$$

$$I = \int_0^{2\pi} d\theta \int_0^R e^{-r^2} r dr = \pi(1 - e^{-R^2})$$

$$(2) \iint_D \sqrt{x} dx dy = \iint_{D^*} \sqrt{r} r \sqrt{\cos \theta} dr d\theta \quad D^* = \{(r, \theta) \mid 0 \leq r \leq \cos \theta, -\frac{\pi}{2} \leq \theta \leq \frac{\pi}{2}\}$$

$$I = \int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{\cos \theta} d\theta \int_0^{\cos \theta} r^{\frac{3}{2}} dr = \int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{2}{5} \cos^{\frac{5}{2}} \theta d\theta = \frac{2}{5} \int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^2 \theta d\sin \theta$$

$$= \frac{4}{5} - \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{1}{3} \times 2 = \frac{8}{15}$$

$$(3) \iint_D (x+y) dx dy = \iint_{D^*} r^2 (\cos \theta + \sin \theta) dr d\theta = \int_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{3\pi}{4}} (\cos \theta + \sin \theta) d\theta \int_0^{\cos \theta + \sin \theta} r^2 dr$$

$$= \int_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{3\pi}{4}} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{3} \sin 2\theta - \frac{1}{8} \cos 4\theta \right) d\theta = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$(4) \iint_D \sqrt{\frac{1-x^2-y^2}{1+x^2+y^2}} dx dy = \iint_{D^*} \sqrt{\frac{1-r^2}{1+r^2}} r dr = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} d\theta \int_0^1 \sqrt{\frac{1-r^2}{1+r^2}} r dr = \frac{\pi^2}{8} - \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$2. (2) \iint_D dx dy \xrightarrow[u=\frac{y^2}{x}]{v=y/x} \iint_{D^*} \left| \frac{\partial(x,y)}{\partial(u,v)} \right| du dv = \iint_{D^*} \frac{u}{v^4} du dv = \int_m^n u du \int_{\alpha}^{\beta} \frac{1}{v^4} dv$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} (n^2 - m^2) \left(\frac{1}{\alpha^3} - \frac{1}{\beta^3} \right)$$

$$4. (1) \iint_D (\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y}) dx dy \xrightarrow[v=\sqrt{y}]{u=\sqrt{x}} \iint_{D^*} 4(u+v) uv du dv = 4 \int_0^1 du \int_0^u (u+v) uv dv$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} \int_0^1 (u-1)^2 (u^2+2u) du = 0.3$$

$$(2) \text{ i: } \iint_D \left(\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} \right) dx dy \xrightarrow[y=br \sin \theta]{x=ar \cos \theta} \iint_{D^*} r^2 ab r dr d\theta = ab \int_0^{2\pi} d\theta \int_0^1 r^3 dr = \frac{\pi}{2} ab$$

$$\text{ii: } \iint_D \left(\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} \right) dx dy \xrightarrow[y=r \sin \theta]{x=r \cos \theta} \iint_{D^*} \left(\frac{\cos^2 \theta}{a^2} + \frac{\sin^2 \theta}{b^2} \right) r^3 dr d\theta = \int_0^{2\pi} \left(\frac{\cos^2 \theta}{a^2} + \frac{\sin^2 \theta}{b^2} \right) d\theta \int_0^R r^3 dr$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{4} R^4 \left(\frac{1}{a^2} + \frac{1}{b^2} \right)$$

$$(3) \iint_D y \, dx \, dy = \int_{-2}^0 dx \int_0^2 y \, dy - \int_0^2 dy \int_{-\sqrt{2y-y^2}}^0 y \, dx = 4 - \int_0^2 y \sqrt{2y-y^2} \, dy \\ = 4 - \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$(4) \iint_D e^{\frac{x-y}{x+y}} \, dx \, dy \quad \begin{matrix} u=x+y \\ v=x-y \end{matrix} \int_{D^*} e^{\frac{v}{u}} \frac{1}{2} \, du \, dv = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^2 du \int_{-u}^u e^{\frac{v}{u}} \, dv = e - \frac{1}{e}$$

$$(5) \iint_D \frac{(x+y)^2}{1+(x-y)^2} \, dx \, dy \quad \begin{matrix} u=x-y \\ v=x+y \end{matrix} \int_{D^*} \frac{v^2}{1+u^2} \frac{1}{2} \, du \, dv = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-1}^1 \frac{du}{1+u^2} \int_{-1}^1 v^2 \, dv = \frac{\pi}{6}$$

$$(6) \iint_D \sqrt{\frac{x^2+y^2}{4a^2-x^2-y^2}} \, dx \, dy \quad \begin{matrix} x=r\cos\theta \\ y=r\sin\theta \end{matrix} \iint_D \sqrt{\frac{r^2}{4a^2-r^2}} \cdot r \, dr \, d\theta = \int_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^0 d\theta \int_0^{2a\sin\theta} \frac{r^2}{\sqrt{4a^2-r^2}} \, dr$$

$$\# \# : \int_0^{2a\sin\theta} -r \cdot (\sqrt{4a^2-r^2})' \, dr = -r \sqrt{4a^2-r^2} \Big|_0^{2a\sin\theta} + \int_0^{2a\sin\theta} \sqrt{4a^2-r^2} \, dr \\ = 2a^2 \sin 2\theta + \left(\frac{1}{2} r \sqrt{4a^2-r^2} + \frac{4a^2}{2} \arcsin \frac{r}{2a} \right) \Big|_0^{2a\sin\theta} \\ = a^2 \sin 2\theta - 2a^2 \theta$$

$$\text{故 } I = a^2 \int_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^0 (\sin 2\theta - \theta) \, d\theta = a^2 \left(-\frac{1}{2} \cos 2\theta - \theta^2 \right) \Big|_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^0 = \frac{\pi^2-8}{16} a^2$$

$$14. \iint_{|x|+|y| \leq 1} f(x+y) \, dx \, dy \quad \begin{matrix} u=x+y \\ v=x-y \end{matrix} \frac{1}{2} \iint_{D^*} f(v) \, du \, dv \quad \# \# D^* = [-1,1] \times [-1,1]$$

$$\text{故 } I = \frac{1}{2} \iint_{D^*} f(v) \, du \, dv = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-1}^1 u \, du \int_{-1}^1 f(v) \, dv = \int_{-1}^1 f(v) \, dv = \int_{-1}^1 f(u) \, du \quad \#.$$