



# Our Nation's Air

## Status and Trends Through 2017

Breathe something beautiful. Drink something beautiful. Live somewhere beautiful.

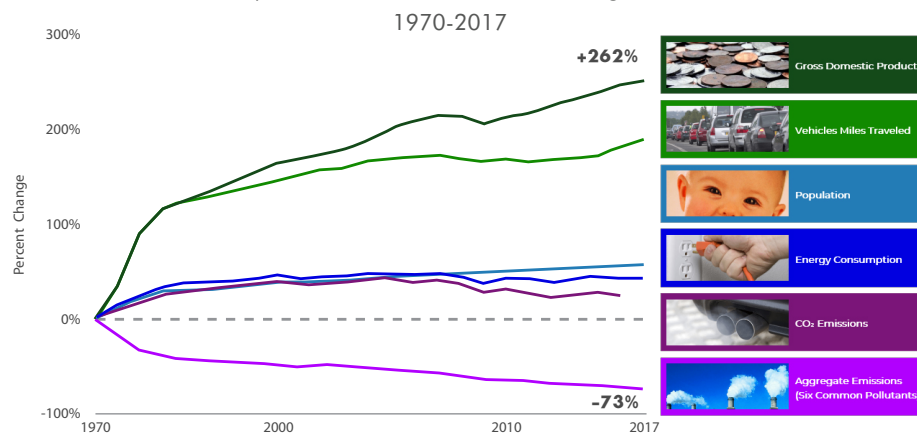


<https://gispub.epa.gov/air/trendsreport/2018>

### Economic Growth with Clean Air

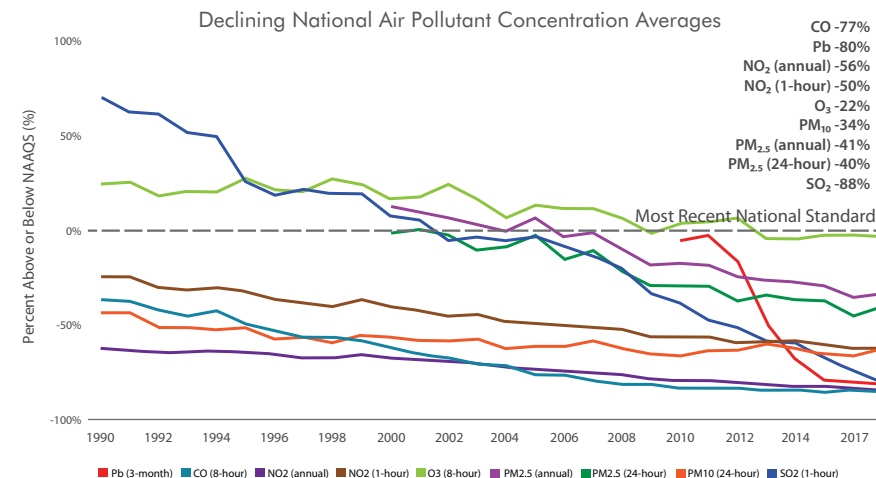
Between 1970 and 2017, the combined emissions of the six common pollutants (PM<sub>2.5</sub> and PM<sub>10</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub>, VOCs, CO and Pb) dropped by 73 percent. This progress occurred while the U.S. economy continued to grow, Americans drove more miles and population and energy use increased.

Comparison of Growth Areas and Declining Emissions



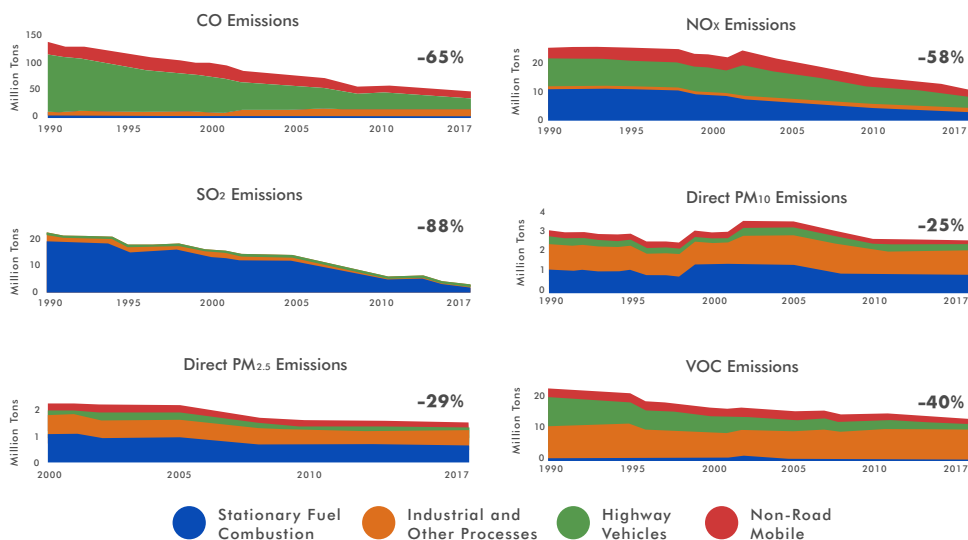
### Air Quality Improves as America Grows

Nationally, concentrations of the criteria and hazardous air pollutants have dropped significantly since 1990. During the same period, the U.S. economy continued to grow, Americans drove more miles and population and energy use increased.



### Air Pollutant Emissions Decreasing

Emissions of key air pollutants continue to decline from 1990 levels. These reductions are driven by federal and state implementation of stationary and mobile source regulations.



### Unhealthy Air Quality Days Trending Down

The Air Quality Index (AQI) is a color-coded index EPA uses to communicate daily air pollution for ozone, particle pollution, NO<sub>2</sub>, CO, and SO<sub>2</sub>. A value in the unhealthy range, above national air quality standard for any pollutant, is of concern first for sensitive groups, then for everyone as the AQI value increases. Fewer unhealthy air quality days means better health, longevity, and quality of life for all of us.

Number of Days Reaching "Unhealthy for Sensitive Groups" Level or Above on the Air Quality Index (Among 35 Major U.S. Cities for Ozone and PM<sub>2.5</sub> Combined)

