Name					NetID				
Section (Circle 1): Instructions:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
• Do NOT begin	n until vo	nii are l	tald ta	do so					
o .	•		ioia to	uo 30					
• Do NOT remo		-	-1 1						
• DO put your r		every s	sneet						
<ul> <li>DO write legil</li> </ul>	oly								
<ul> <li>DO write conc No additional</li> </ul>	•				of wor	ds nece	essary to a	nswer the	question
Just C things (Pick 1	.0 out of	13 to a	nswer.	Circle	the pr	oblem	numbers	you wan	t graded):
1. What happen assembly, and			e stage	es of c	ompila	ition:	Preproces	ssing, cor	npilation,
2. The new version groot does and									
3. What is a syste	em call?	When	do you	ı use s	ystem (	calls?			
4. How are string mu			in C? (	Create a	a string	ς callec	l foo with	ı the valu	e "cs214".

Name	NetID

5. What is the difference between a struct, an enum, and a union? Which of these constructs is best suited to represent the colors of the rainbow? Instantiate such a construct in C called colors. The colors of the rainbow are red, orange, yellow, green, blue, indigo, violet.

6. (a) The following code attempts to reimplement strcpy. What is wrong with it? Show an example of how it goes wrong. You may assume initial addresses for dst and src to be 0x5000 and 0x7000 respectively.

```
void strcpy(char *dst, const char *src) {
    while (*src) {
        dst = src;
        dst++;
        src++;
    }
}
```

(b) Edit the code above to fix the error. You may do this inline by crossing out and updating the code.

7. What is a segmentation fault? Name 2 different causes of segmentation faults.

Name	NetID	

8. Given this code:

```
unknown *thingy = (unknown*)malloc(4 * sizeof(unknown));
int mystery = 0;
mystery = (thingy + 1) - thingy;
What value does mystery hold?
```

9. Write a function pointer named "derp" for the following function:

```
int *oddFunction(int *values, struct stuff *storage, char delimiter) \{\dots\}
```

10. Why might the following code segfault? Add some code to make sure it returns -1 rather than segfaults.

```
int aValue = 12;
int* ptr = (int*)malloc(4 * sizeof(int));
*ptr = aValue;
```

11. What are the differences between strlen and size of a string in C? Why? Show an example.

Name	NetID	

12. The code below is supposed to increment each value in an int array of length N by 1 and save the new value in a new array. What is printed out instead? Why? Fix the code so that the right thing happens. (Hint: the numbers in someArray are indeed incremented by 1 and stored somewhere)

```
while (i < N) {
    incrementArray[i] = someArray[i]++;
    printf("%d %d\n", incrementArray[i], someArray[i]);
    i++;
}</pre>
```

13. You wish to write a function that encrypts text as numerical values. You know that in C, memory is an amorphous entity. You wish to take every 4 characters in a string, and output the integer equivalent of those 4 bytes. E.g. the string "jack" is encoded as a single integer 1784767339. You may output via printf. You may assume that strlen(str) % 4 == 0. Do NOT make assumptions about the length of a string. Hint: This solution requires fewer than 10 lines of code.

j	a	С	k	
01101010	01100001	01100011	01101011	
01101010011000010110001101101011				
1784767339				

```
void convert(char *str) {
```

Name	NetID
Memory Management (	Answer all questions)
1. Fill in the followin in one sentence, of	g memory map with the correct labels. Then describe the function, each part of memory. Possible labels: heap, stack, text, data, bss.
0xfffffff	
0×00000	
2. What is malloc()? does malloc() retu	Why do C programs tend to have malloc() statements? What
does marroc() rett	uii:
3. What is wrong wi	h the following function?
<pre>int* sum(int a,     int c = a +     return &amp;c</pre>	
}	

		Name	NetID
4.	(a)	Imagine a 32-bit system's implementat free boundary tags). Given a 4096-byte successful malloc operations within that the metadata overhead (e.g. amount of memory). Assume size and the free tag	block of memory to manage, and 100 block (and no free operations), calculate memory for metadata/total amount of
	(b)	On a 64-bit system, imagine that blocks a + size + free boundary tags). What is the same 4095 initial block and 100 malloc stored as shorts.	e metadata overhead now? Assume the
5.		at is the benefit of an explicit free list in ma size? What is a drawback of an explicit fr	<u> </u>
6.	whe	sume your malloc implementation never chen freeing malloced memory. Given entually the code:	
	chai	<pre>************************************</pre>	f(char));
	wou	ıld fail, no matter how much memory wa	s being used. Why?

Name	NetID
reduces metadata overhead.	llocator can coalesce adjacent free blocks quickly and What ways might a buddy system allocator waste more cator with block splitting would? Max 4 sentences.
8. What is a memory leak? Ho	w does it occur? How does one fix it?
Project Redux (Answer all questic	ons)
<ol> <li>One of the issues faced by green How did you parse the strin correctly?</li> </ol>	oups was to handle commas inside a movie title properly. g to ensure that movie titles with commas were parsed
groups used statically alloca	cally allocated arrays to store each movie record. Some ated arrays to store each movie record. Assume Record enting all the fields of a movie record. Also assume
Record* arr2[5000];	
(a) How much memory is	allocated for arr?
(b) How much memory is	allocated for arr2?
(c) Which of the above de initialization? Why?	clared arrays can data be copied into without further
	orithm requires swap operations. Which of the above e) efficient for swapping records? Why?

Name	NetID	
Scratch/Additional space:		