arm **PERFORMANCE REPORTS**

Command: Resources:

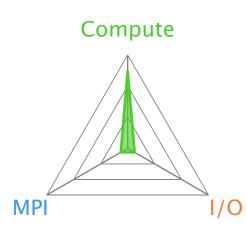
aprun -b -j 1 -n 16 python DG_advection.py 1 node (64 physical, 256 logical cores per node)

252 GiB per node Memory: 16 processes Tasks: Machine: xcimom

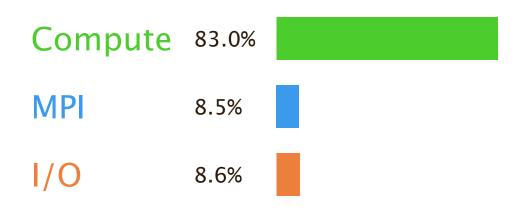
Sat Aug 7 12:00:19 2021 Start time: 141 seconds (about 2 minutes) Total time:

/lustre/home/ex-dmacreman/firedrake/firedrake/ Full path:

bin



Summary: python is Compute-bound in this configuration



Time spent running application code. High values are usually good. This is **high**; check the CPU performance section for advice

Time spent in MPI calls. High values are usually bad.

This is **very low**; this code may benefit from a higher process count

Time spent in filesystem I/O. High values are usually bad.

This is **low**; check the I/O breakdown section for optimization advice

This application run was Compute-bound. A breakdown of this time and advice for investigating further is in the CPU Metrics section below.

As very little time is spent in MPI calls, this code may also benefit from running at larger scales.

CPU Metrics

Linux perf event metrics:

Cycles per instruction 0.86 L2D cache miss 36.8% Stalled backend cycles 25.4% Stalled frontend cycles 15.1%

Cycles per instruction is low, which is good. Vectorization allows multiple instructions per clock cycle.

MPI

A breakdown of the 8.5% MPI time:

Time in collective calls 51.1% Time in point-to-point calls 48.9% Effective process collective rate 525 kB/s Effective process point-to-point rate 1.51 MB/s

Most of the time is spent in collective calls with a very low transfer rate. This suggests load imbalance is causing synchronization overhead; use an MPI profiler to investigate.

The point-to-point transfer rate is very low. This suggests load imbalance is causing synchronization overhead; use an MPI profiler to investigate.

1/0

A breakdown of the 8.6% I/O time:

Time in reads Time in writes 7.4% Effective process read rate 1.98 MB/s Effective process write rate 134 kB/s

Most of the time is spent in read operations with a very low effective transfer rate. This may be caused by contention for the filesystem or inefficient access patterns. Use an I/O profiler to investigate which write calls are affected.

Threads

A breakdown of how multiple threads were used:

Computation 0.0% **Synchronization** 0.0% Physical core utilization 23.0% System load 23.6%

No measurable time is spent in multithreaded code.

Physical core utilization is low. Try increasing the number of processes to improve performance.

Memory

Per-process memory usage may also affect scaling:

Mean process memory usage 268 MiB Peak process memory usage 396 MiB 3.0% Peak node memory usage

The peak node memory usage is very low. Running with fewer MPI processes and more data on each process may be more efficient.

Energy

A breakdown of how energy was used:

CPU not supported % not supported % System Mean node power not supported W Peak node power 0.00 W

Energy metrics are not available on this system.