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Chronic Respiratory Disease: Exploring the Potentials and Limitations for Risk Modeling

Alexander He and Thilanka Munasinghe, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Troy, NY, United States

Abstract Text:

According to the Global Burden of Diseases (GDB) Study for the year 2017, there were 545 million prevalent cases and 62 million incident cases of Chronic Respiratory Diseases (CRDs), which include Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) and asthma. In terms of mortality, there were 3.2 million deaths due to COPD and 495,000 deaths due to asthma. COPD was the seventh leading cause of years of life lost (YLLs). Tobacco, ambient air pollution, airborne allergens, and occupational exposures are the main risk factors associated with a lifetime increase of respiratory diseases and symptoms. Changes in temperature and humidity also exacerbate symptoms of noninfectious CRDs.

During this study, we explored the application of machine learning to forecast CRD risk and discuss its merits and limitations. We trained and tested a Random Forest regressor with CRD mortality rate as the target variable. Using recursive feature elimination with the scikit-learn Python package, we selected a subset of features from many datasets over the United States for 2000-2016. These datasets include climate variables from NOAA, fire emissions and biosphere fluxes from the Global Fire Emissions Database, and particulate matter from WashU's Atmospheric Composition Analysis Group.

We used data of county population and county borders from the U.S. Census Bureau to aggregate features by county and adjust mortality rates by population density. Due to data limitations on the country-wide level, we did not evaluate the effects of tobacco, occupational exposures, and air conditioning overuse. The final Random Forest regression model produced similar R-squared values between cross-validation and prediction on an unseen dataset (0.7526 and 0.7528, respectively). This implies that our model generalizes well to some degree on unseen data. The selected features comprise location and temporal encoders, population density, and net primary production. This study reveals it is feasible to model CRD risk on a country-wide scale, but highlights setbacks such as the primarily noninfectious nature of CRDs, phenomena only identifiable on finer spatiotemporal scales, and data limitations. We intend to investigate methods to improve our model, such as using datasets from alternative sources and exploring hyperparameter optimization techniques.

Session Selection:

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hea2@rpi.edu

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First Presenting Author

Presenting Author

Alexander He

Primary Email: hea2@rpi.edu

Affiliation(s):

Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute

Troy NY (United States)

Second Author

Thilanka Munasinghe

Primary Email: munast@rpi.edu

Affiliation(s):

Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute

Troy NY 12180 (United States)

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