epiworld

0.0-1

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# **Chapter 1**

# Main Page

# 1.1 epiworld

This C++ template-header-only library provides a general framework for epidemiologic simulation. The main features of the library are:

- 1. Four key classes: Model, Person, Tool, and Virus.
- 2. The model features a social networks of Persons.
- 3. Persons can have multiple Tools as a defense system.
- 4. Tools can reduce contagion rate, transmissibility, death rates, and improve recovery rates.
- 5. Viruses can mutate (generating new variants).
- 6. Models can feature multiple states, e.g., HEALTHY, SUSCEPTIBLE, etc.
- 7. Models can have an arbitrary number of parameters.
- 8. **REALLY FAST** About 6.5 Million person/day simulations per second.

# 1.2 Hello world

# Here is a simple SIRS model implemented with

```
#include "../include/epiworld/epiworld.hpp"
using namespace epiworld;
int main()
{
          // Creating a model
          Model<> model;
          // Adding the tool and virus
          Virus<> virus("covid 19");
          virus.set_post_immunity(1.0);
          model.add_virus_n(virus, 5);

          Tool<> tool("vaccine");
          model.add_tool(tool, .5);
          // Generating a random pop
          model.population_smallworld(100000);
          // Initializing setting days and seed
          model.init(100, 123);
```

2 Main Page

```
// Running the model
model.run();
model.print();
```

And you should get something like the following:

Running the model...

```
SIMULATION STUDY
Population size
               : 100000
Days (duration)
               : 100 (of 100)
Number of variants : 1
Last run elapsed t : 280.00ms
Rewiring
               : off
Virus(es):
 - covid 19 (baseline prevalence: 5 seeds)
Tool(s):
  vaccine (baseline prevalence: 50.00%)
Model parameters:
- Total healthy (S) : 99995 -> 97390
- Total recovered (S) : 0 -> 2554
- Total infected (I)
                         5 -> 56
                         0 -> 0
 - Total removed (R)
(S): Susceptible, (I): Infected, (R): Recovered
```

Which took about 0.280 seconds.

### 1.2.1 **Tools**

# 1.2.2 Contagion

Susceptible individuals can acquire a virus from any of their infected connections. The probability that susceptible individual i gets the virus v from individual j depends on how three things:

- 1. The transmissibility of the virus, ,
- 2. The contagion reduction factor of i, , and
- 3. The host's transmission reduction factor, .

The last two are computed from and 's tools. Ultimately, the probability of getting virus \$v\$ from equals:

Nonetheless, the default behavior of the simulation model is to assume that individuals can acquire only one disease at a time, if any. This way, the actual probability is:

The latter is calculated using Bayes' rule

Where

This way, viruses with higher transmissibility will be more likely to be acquired when competing with other variants.

# Chapter 2

# **Class Index**

# 2.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

Action< TSeq >	
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DataBase < TSeq >	
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LFMCMC< TData >	
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PersonViruses < TSeq >	
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UserData < TSeq >	
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Virus	28

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# **Chapter 3**

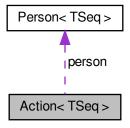
# **Class Documentation**

# 3.1 Action < TSeq > Struct Template Reference

Action data for update an agent.

#include <config.hpp>

Collaboration diagram for Action < TSeq >:



# **Public Member Functions**

Action (Person< TSeq > \*person\_, VirusPtr< TSeq > virus\_, ToolPtr< TSeq > tool\_, epiworld\_fast\_uint virus\_idx\_, epiworld\_fast\_int new\_status\_, epiworld\_fast\_int queue\_, Action← Fun< TSeq > call\_)

Construct a new Action object.

# **Public Attributes**

- Person< TSeq > \* person
- VirusPtr< TSeq > virus
- ToolPtr< TSeq > tool
- epiworld\_fast\_uint virus\_idx
- epiworld\_fast\_uint tool\_idx
- · epiworld\_fast\_int new\_status
- epiworld\_fast\_int queue
- ActionFun< TSeq > call

# 3.1.1 Detailed Description

```
template < typename TSeq > struct Action < TSeq >
```

Action data for update an agent.

**Template Parameters** 

# 3.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

# 3.1.2.1 Action()

Construct a new Action object.

All the parameters are rather optional.

## **Parameters**

person_	Person over who the action will happen
virus_	Virus to add
tool_	Tool to add
virus_idx	Index of virus to be removed (if needed)
tool_idx	Index of tool to be removed (if needed)
new_←	Next status
status_	
queue_	Efect on the queue
call_	The action call (if needed)

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• include/epiworld/config.hpp

# 3.2 AdjList Class Reference

# **Public Member Functions**

AdjList (const std::vector< unsigned int > &source, const std::vector< unsigned int > &target, bool directed, int min\_id=-1, int max\_id=-1)

Construct a new Adj List object.

- void read\_edgelist (std::string fn, int skip=0, bool directed=true, int min\_id=-1, int max\_id=-1)
- std::map< unsigned int, unsigned int > operator() (unsigned int i) const
- void print (unsigned int limit=20u) const
- · unsigned int get\_id\_max () const
- unsigned int get\_id\_min () const
- size\_t vcount () const
- size\_t ecount () const
- std::map< unsigned int, std::map< unsigned int, unsigned int > > & get\_dat ()
- · bool is directed () const

# 3.2.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

# 3.2.1.1 AdjList()

Construct a new Adj List object.

It will create an adjacency list object with maxid - minid + 1 nodes. If min\_id and max\_id are not specified (both < 0), then the program will try to figure them out automatically by looking at the range of the observed ids.

### **Parameters**

source	Unsigned int vector with the source
target	Unsigned int vector with the target
directed	Bool true if the network is directed
min_id	int min id.
max_id	int max id.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/epiworld/adjlist-bones.hpp
- · include/epiworld/adjlist-meat.hpp

# 3.3 DataBase < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Statistical data about the process.

#include <database-bones.hpp>

### **Public Member Functions**

- DataBase (int freg=1)
- void record\_variant (Virus < TSeq > &v)

Registering a new variant.

- void record\_tool (Tool < TSeq > &t)
- void set\_seq\_hasher (std::function< std::vector< int >(TSeq)> fun)
- void set\_model (Model < TSeq > &m)
- Model < TSeq > \* get\_model ()
- void record ()
- const std::vector< TSeq > & get\_sequence () const
- const std::vector< int > & get\_nexposed () const
- · size t size () const
- void **write\_data** (std::string fn\_variant\_info, std::string fn\_variant\_hist, std::string fn\_tool\_info, std::string fn tool\_hist, std::string fn\_toal\_hist, std::string fn\_transmission, std::string fn\_transmission) const
- void record\_transmission (int i, int j, int variant)
- size\_t get\_nvariants () const
- · void reset ()
- void set\_user\_data (std::vector< std::string > names)
- void add\_user\_data (std::vector< epiworld\_double > x)
- void **add\_user\_data** (unsigned int j, epiworld\_double x)
- UserData < TSeq > & get\_user\_data ()

# Get recorded information from the model

#### **Parameters**

what std::string, The status, e.g., 0, 1, 2, ...

#### Returns

In get\_today\_total, the current counts of what.

In get\_today\_variant, the current counts of what for each variant.

In  $get\_hist\_total$ , the time series of what

*In* get\_hist\_variant, the time series of what for each variant.

In get\_hist\_total\_date and get\_hist\_variant\_date the corresponding dates

- int get\_today\_total (std::string what) const
- int get\_today\_total (epiworld\_fast\_uint what) const
- void get today total (std::vector < std::string > \*status=nullptr, std::vector < int > \*counts=nullptr) const
- void get\_today\_variant (std::vector < std::string > &status, std::vector < int > &id, std::vector < int > &counts) const
- void get\_hist\_total (std::vector< int > \*date, std::vector< std::string > \*status, std::vector< int > \*counts) const
- void get\_hist\_variant (std::vector< int > &date, std::vector< int > &id, std::vector< std::string > &status, std::vector< int > &counts) const

### **Friends**

- class Model < TSeq >
- void default\_add\_virus (Action< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_add\_tool (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_rm\_virus (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_rm\_tool (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)

# 3.3.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq> class DataBase< TSeq>
```

Statistical data about the process.

**Template Parameters** 

# 3.3.2 Member Function Documentation

### 3.3.2.1 record\_variant()

Registering a new variant.

## **Parameters**

Pointer to the new variant. Since variants are originated in the host, the numbers simply move around.From the parent variant to the new variant. And the total number of infected does not change.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/epiworld/database-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/database-meat.hpp

# 3.4 LFMCMC< TData > Class Template Reference

Likelihood-Free Markov Chain Monte Carlo.

```
#include <1fmcmc.hpp>
```

### **Public Member Functions**

- void run (VEC(epiworld\_double) param\_init, size\_t n\_samples\_, epiworld\_double epsilon\_)
- · LFMCMC (TData & observed data )
- void set\_observed\_data (TData &observed\_data\_)
- void set\_proposal\_fun (FUN< void(VEC(epiworld\_double)&, LFMCMC< TData > \*)> fun)
- void set\_simulation\_fun (FUN< TData(VEC(epiworld\_double)&, LFMCMC< TData > \*)> fun)
- void set\_summary\_fun (FUN< VEC(epiworld\_double)(TData &, LFMCMC< TData > \*)> fun)
- void set\_kernel\_fun (FUN< epiworld\_double(VEC(epiworld\_double)&, epiworld\_double, LFMCMC< TData > \*)> fun)
- const size t get n samples ()
- const size\_t get\_n\_statistics ()
- const size\_t get\_n\_parameters ()
- · const epiworld double get\_epsilon ()
- const VEC (epiworld\_double) &get\_params\_now()
- const VEC (epiworld double) &get params prev()
- const VEC (epiworld double) &get params init()
- const VEC (epiworld\_double) &get\_statistics\_obs()
- · const VEC (epiworld double) &get statistics hist()
- · const VEC (bool) &get\_statistics\_accepted()
- const VEC (epiworld\_double) &get\_posterior\_lf\_prob()
- const VEC (epiworld double) &get acceptance prob()
- const VEC (epiworld\_double) &get\_drawn\_prob()
- VEC (TData) \*get sampled data()

### Random number generation

#### **Parameters**

eng

- void set rand engine (std::mt19937 &eng)
- std::mt19937 \* get\_rand\_endgine ()
- void seed (unsigned int s)
- void **set\_rand\_gamma** (epiworld\_double alpha, epiworld\_double beta)
- epiworld\_double runif ()
- epiworld\_double rnorm ()
- epiworld double **rnorm** (epiworld double mean, epiworld double sd)
- epiworld double rgamma ()
- epiworld\_double rgamma (epiworld\_double alpha, epiworld\_double beta)

# 3.4.1 Detailed Description

template < typename TData > class LFMCMC < TData >

Likelihood-Free Markov Chain Monte Carlo.

**Template Parameters** 

TData Type of data that is generated

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/epiworld/math/lfmcmc.hpp

# 3.5 Location < TSeq > Class Template Reference

# **Public Member Functions**

```
    add_person (Person< TSeq > &p)
    add_person (Person< TSeq > *p)
    size_t count () const
```

· void reset ()

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/epiworld/location-bones.hpp

# 3.6 Model < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Core class of epiworld.

```
#include <model-bones.hpp>
```

### **Public Member Functions**

```
    DataBase< TSeq > & get_db ()
```

- epiworld\_double & **operator()** (std::string pname)
- size\_t size () const
- void record\_variant (Virus < TSeq > &v)
- void record\_tool (Tool < TSeq > &t)
- int get\_nvariants () const
- unsigned int get\_ndays () const
- unsigned int **get\_n\_replicates** () const
- void set\_ndays (unsigned int ndays)
- bool get\_verbose () const
- void verbose\_off ()
- void verbose\_on ()
- int today () const

The current time of the model.

void write\_data (std::string fn\_variant\_info, std::string fn\_variant\_hist, std::string fn\_tool\_info, std::string fn\_tool\_hist, std::string fn\_total\_hist, std::string fn\_transmission, std::string fn\_transition) const

```
Wrapper of DataBase::write_data
```

- std::map< std::string, epiworld\_double > & params ()
- void reset ()

Reset the model.

- void print () const
- Model < TSeq > && clone () const

- void **get\_elapsed** (std::string unit="auto", epiworld\_double \*last\_elapsed=nullptr, epiworld\_double \*total\_
   elapsed=nullptr, std::string \*unit\_abbr=nullptr, bool print=true) const
- void add\_global\_action (std::function< void(Model< TSeq > \*)> fun, int date)

Set a global action.

- void run\_global\_actions ()
- void clear status set ()
- const std::vector< VirusPtr< TSeq > > & get\_viruses () const
- const std::vector< ToolPtr< TSeq > > & get\_tools () const

### Set the backup object

backup can be used to restore the entire object after a run. This can be useful if the user wishes to have individuals start with the same network from the beginning.

- void set backup ()
- void restore\_backup ()

### Random number generation

#### **Parameters**

eng	Random number generator	
s	Seed	

- void set\_rand\_engine (std::mt19937 &eng)
- std::mt19937 \* get\_rand\_endgine ()
- void seed (unsigned int s)
- void set\_rand\_gamma (epiworld\_double alpha, epiworld\_double beta)
- epiworld\_double runif ()
- epiworld\_double rnorm ()
- epiworld\_double **rnorm** (epiworld\_double mean, epiworld\_double sd)
- epiworld double rgamma ()
- epiworld\_double **rgamma** (epiworld\_double alpha, epiworld\_double beta)

# Add Virus/Tool to the model

This is done before the model has been initialized.

#### **Parameters**

V	Virus to be added
t	Tool to be added
preval	Initial prevalence (initial state.) It can be specified as a proportion (between zero and one,) or an integer indicating number of individuals.

- void add\_virus (Virus < TSeq > v, epiworld\_double preval)
- void add\_virus\_n (Virus< TSeq > v, unsigned int preval)
- void add\_tool (Tool < TSeq > t, epiworld\_double preval)
- void add\_tool\_n (Tool< TSeq > t, unsigned int preval)

# Accessing population of the model

# **Parameters**

#### **Parameters**

skip	int Number of lines to skip in fn.
directed	bool Whether the graph is directed or not.
min_id	int Minimum id number (if negative, the program will try to guess from the data.)
max_id	int Maximum id number (if negative, the program will try to guess from the data.)
al	AdjList to read into the model.

- void population\_from\_adjlist (std::string fn, int skip=0, bool directed=false, int min\_id=-1, int max\_id=-1)
- void population\_from\_adjlist (AdjList al)
- bool is\_directed () const
- std::vector< Person< TSeq > > \* get\_population ()
- void **population\_smallworld** (unsigned int n=1000, unsigned int k=5, bool d=false, epiworld\_double p=. ← 01)

## Functions to run the model

#### **Parameters**

seed	Seed to be used for Pseudo-RNG.
ndays	Number of days (steps) of the simulation.
fun	In the case of run_multiple, a function that is called after each experiment.

- · void init (unsigned int ndays, unsigned int seed)
- void update\_status ()
- void mutate\_variant ()
- · void next ()
- void run ()

Runs the simulation (after initialization)

 void run\_multiple (unsigned int nexperiments, std::function< void(Model< TSeq > \*)> fun, bool reset, bool verbose)

# Rewire the network preserving the degree sequence.

This implementation assumes an undirected network, thus if  $\{(i,j), (k,l)\} -> \{(i,l), (k,j)\}$ , the reciprocal is also true, i.e.,  $\{(j,i), (l,k)\} -> \{(j,k), (l,i)\}$ .

#### **Parameters**

proportion	Proportion of ties to be rewired.
------------	-----------------------------------

# Returns

A rewired version of the network.

- void set\_rewire\_fun (std::function< void(std::vector< Person< TSeq >> \*, Model< TSeq > \*, epiworld\_double)> fun)
- void set\_rewire\_prop (epiworld\_double prop)
- epiworld\_double get\_rewire\_prop () const
- · void rewire ()

# Export the network data in edgelist form

#### **Parameters**

fn	std::string. File name.
source	Integer vector
target	Integer vector

When passing the source and target, the function will write the edgelist on those.

- · void write edgelist (std::string fn) const
- void write\_edgelist (std::vector< unsigned int > &source, std::vector< unsigned int > &target) const

### Manage status (states) in the model

The functions get\_status return the current values for the statuses included in the model.

#### **Parameters**

```
lab std::string Name of the status.
```

#### Returns

```
add_status* returns nothing.
get_status_* returns a vector of pairs with the statuses and their labels.
```

- void add\_status (std::string lab, UpdateFun< TSeq > fun=nullptr)
- const std::vector< std::string > & get status () const
- const std::vector< UpdateFun< TSeq > > & get\_status\_fun () const
- void print\_status\_codes () const

# Set the user data object

## Parameters

names	string vector with the names of the variables.

- void set\_user\_data (std::vector< std::string > names)
   [@
- void add\_user\_data (unsigned int j, epiworld\_double x)
- void add\_user\_data (std::vector< epiworld\_double > x)
- UserData< TSeq > & get\_user\_data ()

# **Queuing system**

When queueing is on, the model will keep track of which agents are either in risk of exposure or exposed. This then is used at each step to act only on the aforementioned agents.

void queuing\_on ()

Activates the queuing system (default.)

void queuing\_off ()

Deactivates the queuing system.

bool is\_queuing\_on () const

Query if the queuing system is on.

Queue < TSeq > & get\_queue ()

Retrieve the Queue object.

### Get the susceptibility reduction object

#### **Parameters**



#### Returns

epiworld double

- void set\_susceptibility\_reduction\_mixer (MixerFun< TSeq > fun)
- void set\_transmission\_reduction\_mixer (MixerFun< TSeq > fun)
- void set\_recovery\_enhancer\_mixer (MixerFun< TSeq > fun)
- void set\_death\_reduction\_mixer (MixerFun< TSeq > fun)

### **Friends**

- class Person < TSeq >
- class DataBase < TSeq >
- class Queue < TSeq >

#### **Tool Mixers**

These functions combine the effects tools have to deliver a single effect. For example, wearing a mask, been vaccinated, and the immune system combine together to jointly reduce the susceptibility for a given virus.

- std::vector< epiworld\_double > array\_double\_tmp
- std::vector< VirusPtr< TSeq > \* > array\_virus\_tmp
- · Model ()
- Model (const Model < TSeq > &m)
- Model (Model < TSeq > &&m)
- Model < TSeq > & operator= (const Model < TSeq > &m)
- void clone\_population (std::vector< Person< TSeq > > &p, std::map< int, int > &p\_ids, bool &d, Model<
   TSeq > \*m=nullptr) const
- void clone\_population (const Model < TSeq > &m)

# Setting and accessing parameters from the model

Tools can incorporate parameters included in the model. Internally, parameters in the tool are stored as pointers to an std::map<> of parameters in the model. Using the unsigned int method directly fetches the parameters in the order these were added to the tool. Accessing parameters via the std::string method involves searching the parameter directly in the std::map<> member of the model (so it is not recommended.)

The function  $set\_param()$  can be used when the parameter already exists in the model.

The par() function members are aliases for get\_param().

#### **Parameters**

initial_val	
pname	Name of the parameter to add or to fetch

#### Returns

The current value of the parameter in the model.

- epiworld\_double \* p0
- epiworld double \* p1
- epiworld\_double \* p2
- epiworld double \* p3
- epiworld\_double \* p4
- epiworld\_double \* p5
- epiworld double \* p6
- epiworld double \* p7
- epiworld double \* p8
- epiworld\_double \* p9
- epiworld\_double \* p10
- epiworld double \* p11
- epiworld\_double \* p12
- epiworld\_double \* p13
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- epiworld\_double \* p20
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- epiworld double \* p33
- epiworld double \* p34
- epiworld\_double \* p35
- epiworld\_double \* p36
- epiworld double \* p37
- epiworld double \* p38
- epiworld double \* p39
- unsigned int **npar\_used** = 0u
- epiworld\_double add\_param (epiworld\_double initial\_val, std::string pname)
- epiworld\_double set\_param (std::string pname)
- epiworld double get\_param (unsigned int k)
- epiworld\_double get\_param (std::string pname)
- epiworld\_double **par** (unsigned int k)
- epiworld\_double par (std::string pname)

# 3.6.1 Detailed Description

```
template < typename TSeq = int > class Model < TSeq >
```

Core class of epiworld.

The model class provides the wrapper that puts together Person, Virus, and Tools.

# **Template Parameters**

TSeq	Type of sequence. In principle, users can build models in which virus and human sequence is
	represented as numeric vectors (if needed.)

# 3.6.2 Member Function Documentation

# 3.6.2.1 add\_global\_action()

Set a global action.

# **Parameters**

fun	A function to be called on the prescribed dates
date	Integer indicating when the function is called (see details)

When date is less than zero, then the function is called at the end of every day. Otherwise, the function will be called only at the end of the indicated date.

# 3.6.2.2 reset()

```
template<typename TSeq = int>
void Model< TSeq >::reset ( )
```

Reset the model.

Resetting the model will:

- · clear the database
- restore the population (if set\_backup() was called before)

- · re-distribute tools
- · re-distribute viruses
- set the date to 0

# 3.6.2.3 run\_multiple()

#### **Parameters**

nexperiments	Multiple runs of the simulation
--------------	---------------------------------

# 3.6.2.4 write\_data()

Wrapper of DataBase::write\_data

# **Parameters**

fn_variant_info	Filename. Information about the variant.
fn_variant_hist	Filename. History of the variant.
fn_tool_info	Filename. Information about the tool.
fn_tool_hist	Filename. History of the tool.
fn_total_hist	Filename. Aggregated history (status)
fn_transmission	Filename. Transmission history.
fn_transition	Filename. Markov transition history.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/epiworld/config.hpp
- include/epiworld/model-bones.hpp

# 3.7 Person < TSeq > Class Template Reference

# Person (agents)

#include <person-bones.hpp>

### **Public Member Functions**

- Person (const Person < TSeq > &p)
- int get\_id () const

Id of the individual.

• unsigned int get\_index () const

Location (0, ..., n-1).

- std::mt19937 \* get\_rand\_endgine()
- Model < TSeq > \* get\_model ()
- VirusPtr< TSeq > & get\_virus (int i)
- $std::vector < VirusPtr < TSeq > > & get_viruses ()$
- · size t get n viruses () const noexcept
- ToolPtr < TSeq > & get\_tool (int i)
- std::vector< ToolPtr< TSeq > > & get\_tools ()
- size t get n tools () const noexcept
- void mutate\_variant ()
- void add neighbor (Person< TSeq > \*p, bool check source=true, bool check target=true)
- std::vector< Person< TSeq > \* > & get\_neighbors ()
- void **change\_status** (epiworld\_fast\_uint new\_status, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=0)
- const epiworld\_fast\_uint & get\_status () const
- · void reset ()
- · bool has tool (unsigned int t) const
- · bool has tool (std::string name) const
- · bool has virus (unsigned int t) const
- · bool has virus (std::string name) const
- · bool is\_locked () const noexcept

# Add/Remove Virus/Tool

Calling any of these functions will lock the agent (person) until the action is applied at the end of the iteration. Calling any of this functions when the agent is locked will cause an error.

#### **Parameters**

tool	Tool to add
virus	Virus to add
status_new	Status after the change
queue	

- void **add\_tool** (ToolPtr< TSeq > tool, epiworld\_fast\_int status\_new=-99, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=-99)
- void add\_tool (Tool < TSeq > tool, epiworld\_fast\_int status\_new=-99, epiworld\_fast\_int gueue=-99)
- void add\_virus (VirusPtr< TSeq > virus, epiworld\_fast\_int status\_new=-99, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=-99)
- void add virus (Virus < TSeq > virus, epiworld fast int status new=-99, epiworld fast int queue=-99)
- void rm\_tool (epiworld\_fast\_uint tool\_idx, epiworld\_fast\_int status\_new=-99, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=-99)

void rm\_virus (epiworld\_fast\_uint virus\_idx, epiworld\_fast\_int status\_new=-99, epiworld\_fast\_int queue=-99)

### Get the rates (multipliers) for the agent

#### **Parameters**

```
v A pointer to a virus.
```

#### Returns

epiworld\_double

- epiworld\_double **get\_susceptibility\_reduction** (VirusPtr< TSeq > v)
- epiworld\_double get\_transmission\_reduction (VirusPtr < TSeq > v)
- epiworld\_double get\_recovery\_enhancer (VirusPtr< TSeq > v)
- epiworld\_double get\_death\_reduction (VirusPtr< TSeq > v)

### **Friends**

- class Model < TSeq >
- class Tool < TSeq >
- class Queue < TSeq >
- void default\_add\_virus (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_add\_tool (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_rm\_virus (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_rm\_tool (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)

# 3.7.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq = int> class Person< TSeq >
```

Person (agents)

**Template Parameters** 

TSeq | Sequence type (should match TSeq across the model)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/epiworld/config.hpp
- include/epiworld/person-bones.hpp

# 3.8 PersonTools < TSeq > Class Template Reference

List of tools available for the individual to.

#include <persontools-bones.hpp>

### **Public Member Functions**

- void add\_tool (int date, Tool < TSeq > tool)
- epiworld\_double get\_susceptibility\_reduction (VirusPtr< TSeq > v)
- epiworld double get\_transmission\_reduction (VirusPtr< TSeq > v)
- epiworld\_double get\_recovery\_enhancer (VirusPtr< TSeq > v)
- epiworld\_double get\_death\_reduction (VirusPtr< TSeq > v)
- void set\_susceptibility\_reduction\_mixer (MixerFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_transmission\_reduction\_mixer (MixerFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set recovery enhancer mixer (MixerFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_death\_reduction\_mixer (MixerFun < TSeq > fun)
- · size t size () const
- Tool < TSeq > & operator() (int i)
- Person < TSeq > \* get\_person ()
- Model < TSeq > \* get\_model ()
- void reset ()
- · bool has\_tool (unsigned int t) const
- · bool has\_tool (std::string name) const

#### **Friends**

- class Person < TSeq >
- class Model < TSeq >

# 3.8.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq = int> class PersonTools< TSeq >

List of tools available for the individual to.

**Template Parameters** 

TSeq

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/epiworld/config.hpp
- · include/epiworld/persontools-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/persontools-meat.hpp

# 3.9 PersonViruses < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Set of viruses in host.

#include <personviruses-bones.hpp>

# **Public Member Functions**

```
    void add_virus (epiworld_fast_uint new_status, Virus < TSeq > v)
```

- size\_t size () const
- int size active () const
- Virus< TSeq > & operator() (int i)
- · void mutate ()
- · void reset ()
- void deactivate (Virus < TSeq > &v)
- Person< TSeq > \* get\_host ()
- bool has\_virus (unsigned int v) const
- bool has\_virus (std::string vname) const

### **Friends**

- class Person < TSeq >
- class Model < TSeq >

# 3.9.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq = int> class PersonViruses< TSeq >
```

Set of viruses in host.

**Template Parameters** 

```
TSeq Type of sequence
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/epiworld/personviruses-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/personviruses-meat.hpp

# 3.10 Progress Class Reference

A simple progress bar.

```
#include progress.hpp>
```

# **Public Member Functions**

- Progress (int n\_, int width\_)
- void start ()
- · void next ()
- void end ()

# 3.10.1 Detailed Description

A simple progress bar.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· include/epiworld/progress.hpp

# 3.11 Queue < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Controls which agents are verified at each step.

```
#include <queue-bones.hpp>
```

# **Public Member Functions**

- void operator+= (Person< TSeq > \*p)
- void operator-= (Person< TSeq > \*p)
- epiworld fast int operator[] (unsigned int i) const
- void set\_model (Model < TSeq > \*m)

# 3.11.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq = int> class Queue< TSeq >
```

Controls which agents are verified at each step.

The idea is that only agents who are either in an infected state or have an infected neighbor should be checked. Otherwise it makes no sense (no chance to recover or capture the disease).

**Template Parameters** 



The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/epiworld/model-bones.hpp
- · include/epiworld/queue-bones.hpp

# 3.12 RandGraph Class Reference

### **Public Member Functions**

RandGraph (int N\_)

- · void init (int s)
- void set\_rand\_engine (std::mt19937 &e)
- epiworld double runif ()

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· include/epiworld/random graph.hpp

# 3.13 Tool < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Tools for defending the host against the virus.

```
#include <tools-bones.hpp>
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

- Tool (std::string name="unknown tool")
- void set\_sequence (TSeq d)
- void set\_sequence\_unique (TSeq d)
- void set\_sequence (std::shared\_ptr< TSeq > d)
- std::shared\_ptr< TSeq > get\_sequence ()
- TSeq & get\_sequence\_unique ()
- void set\_name (std::string name)
- std::string **get\_name** () const
- Person < TSeq > \* get\_person ()
- void set\_person (Person < TSeq > \*p)
- int get\_id () const
- void set\_id (int id)
- · void set date (int d)
- · void set\_status (epiworld\_fast\_int init, epiworld\_fast\_int post)
- void set\_queue (epiworld\_fast\_int init, epiworld\_fast\_int post)
- void get\_status (epiworld\_fast\_int \*init, epiworld\_fast\_int \*post)
- void **get\_queue** (epiworld fast int \*init, epiworld fast int \*post)

#### Get and set the tool functions

#### **Parameters**

V	The virus over which to operate
fun	the function to be used

### Returns

epiworld double

- epiworld double get\_susceptibility\_reduction (VirusPtr< TSeq > v)
- epiworld\_double get\_transmission\_reduction (VirusPtr< TSeq > v)
- epiworld\_double get\_recovery\_enhancer (VirusPtr< TSeq > v)
- epiworld\_double get\_death\_reduction (VirusPtr< TSeq > v)
- void set\_susceptibility\_reduction\_fun (ToolFun < TSeq > fun)

- void set\_transmission\_reduction\_fun (ToolFun< TSeq > fun)
- void set\_recovery\_enhancer\_fun (ToolFun< TSeq > fun)
- void set\_death\_reduction\_fun (ToolFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_susceptibility\_reduction (epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set\_transmission\_reduction (epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set\_recovery\_enhancer (epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set\_death\_reduction (epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set\_susceptibility\_reduction (epiworld\_double prob)
- void set\_transmission\_reduction (epiworld\_double prob)
- void set recovery enhancer (epiworld double prob)
- void set\_death\_reduction (epiworld\_double prob)

### **Friends**

- class PersonTools < TSeq >
- class Person < TSeq >
- class Model < TSeq >
- void default\_add\_virus (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_add\_tool (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_rm\_virus (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_rm\_tool (Action< TSeq > &a, Model< TSeq > \*m)

# 3.13.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq = int> class Tool< TSeq >
```

Tools for defending the host against the virus.

**Template Parameters** 

TSeq	Type of sequence

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/epiworld/config.hpp
- · include/epiworld/tools-bones.hpp
- · include/epiworld/tools-meat.hpp

# 3.14 UserData < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Personalized data by the user.

```
#include <userdata-bones.hpp>
```

# **Public Member Functions**

UserData (std::vector< std::string > names)

Construct a new User Data object.

- std::vector< std::string > & get\_names ()
- std::vector< int > & get\_dates ()
- std::vector< epiworld\_double > & get\_data ()
- void **get\_all** (std::vector< std::string > \*names=nullptr, std::vector< int > \*date=nullptr, std::vector< epiworld\_double > \*data=nullptr)
- · unsigned int nrow () const
- unsigned int ncol () const
- void write (std::string fn)
- · void print () const

# Append data

#### **Parameters**

Х	(	A vector of length ncol () (if vector), otherwise a epiworld_double.
j		Index of the data point, from 0 to ncol () - 1.

- void add (std::vector< epiworld\_double > x)
- void add (unsigned int j, epiworld\_double x)

## Access data

#### **Parameters**

i	Row (0 through ndays - 1.)
j	Column (0 through ncols()).

# Returns

epiworld\_double&

- epiworld\_double & operator() (unsigned int i, unsigned int j)
- epiworld\_double & operator() (unsigned int i, std::string name)

# **Friends**

- class Model < TSeq >
- class DataBase< TSeq >

# 3.14.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq> class UserData< TSeq>

Personalized data by the user.

**Template Parameters** 

### 3.14.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

# 3.14.2.1 UserData()

Construct a new User Data object.

#### **Parameters**

names A vector of names. The length of the vector sets the number of columns to record.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/epiworld/database-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/userdata-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/userdata-meat.hpp

# 3.15 vecHasher < T > Struct Template Reference

Vector hasher.

```
#include <misc.hpp>
```

# **Public Member Functions**

• std::size\_t **operator()** (std::vector< T > const &dat) const noexcept

# 3.15.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename T> struct vecHasher< T>
```

Vector hasher.

# **Template Parameters**



The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· include/epiworld/misc.hpp

# 3.16 Virus < TSeq > Class Template Reference

### Virus.

```
#include <virus-bones.hpp>
```

# **Public Member Functions**

- Virus (std::string name="unknown virus")
- · void mutate ()
- void set\_mutation (MutFun< TSeq > fun)
- const TSeq \* get\_sequence ()
- void **set\_sequence** (TSeq sequence)
- Person< TSeq > \* get\_host ()
- void set\_host (Person< TSeq > \*p)
- Model < TSeq > \* get\_model ()
- void set\_date (int d)
- int get\_date () const
- void set\_id (int idx)
- int get\_id () const
- void set\_name (std::string name)
- std::string get\_name () const
- $std::vector < epiworld\_double > & get\_data ()$

## Get and set the tool functions

# **Parameters**

V	The virus over which to operate
fun	the function to be used

#### Returns

epiworld\_double

- epiworld double get prob infecting ()
- epiworld\_double get\_prob\_recovery ()
- epiworld double get prob death ()
- void post recovery ()
- void set\_post\_recovery (PostRecoveryFun< TSeq > fun)
- void set\_post\_immunity (epiworld\_double prob)
- void set\_post\_immunity (epiworld\_double \*prob)

- void set\_prob\_infecting\_fun (VirusFun< TSeq > fun)
- void set\_prob\_recovery\_fun (VirusFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_prob\_death\_fun (VirusFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_prob\_infecting (epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set\_prob\_recovery (epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set\_prob\_death (epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set\_prob\_infecting (epiworld\_double prob)
- void set\_prob\_recovery (epiworld\_double prob)
- void set\_prob\_death (epiworld\_double prob)

### Get and set the status and queue

After applied, viruses can change the status and affect the queue of agents. These function sets the default values, which are retrieved when adding or removing a virus does not specify a change in status or in queue.

#### **Parameters**

init	After the virus/tool is added to the host.
end	After the virus/tool is removed.
removed	After the host (Person) is removed.

- void set\_status (epiworld\_fast\_int init, epiworld\_fast\_int end, epiworld\_fast\_int removed)
- void set\_queue (epiworld\_fast\_int init, epiworld\_fast\_int end, epiworld\_fast\_int removed)
- void get\_status (epiworld\_fast\_int \*init, epiworld\_fast\_int \*end, epiworld\_fast\_int \*removed)
- void get\_queue (epiworld\_fast\_int \*init, epiworld\_fast\_int \*end, epiworld\_fast\_int \*removed)

### **Friends**

- class Person < TSeq >
- class Model < TSeq >
- class PersonViruses < TSeq >
- class DataBase< TSeq >
- void default\_add\_virus (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_add\_tool (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_rm\_virus (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)
- void default\_rm\_tool (Action < TSeq > &a, Model < TSeq > \*m)

# 3.16.1 Detailed Description

template < typename TSeq = int >	>
class Virus $<$ TSeq $>$	

#### Virus.

## **Template Parameters**

TSeq
------

Raw transmisibility of a virus should be a function of its genetic sequence. Nonetheless, transmisibility can be reduced as a result of having one or more tools to fight the virus. Because of this, transmisibility should be a function of the host.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/epiworld/config.hpp
- include/epiworld/virus-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/virus-meat.hpp

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