

epiworld

0.0-1

Generated by Doxygen 1.9.1

1 Main Page	1
1.1 epiworld	1
1.2 Hello world	1
1.2.1 Tools	2
1.2.2 Contagion	2
2 Class Index	3
2.1 Class List	3
3 Class Documentation	5
3.1 AdjList Class Reference	5
3.1.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	5
3.1.1.1 AdjList()	5
3.2 DataBase< TSeq > Class Template Reference	6
3.2.1 Detailed Description	7
3.2.2 Member Function Documentation	7
3.2.2.1 record_variant()	7
3.3 LFMCMC< TData > Class Template Reference	8
3.3.1 Detailed Description	9
3.4 Location< TSeq > Class Template Reference	9
3.5 Model< TSeq > Class Template Reference	9
3.5.1 Detailed Description	15
3.5.2 Member Function Documentation	15
3.5.2.1 add_global_action()	15
3.5.2.2 record_variant()	15
3.5.2.3 reset()	16
3.5.2.4 reset_status_codes()	16
3.5.2.5 run_multiple()	16
3.5.2.6 write_data()	17
3.6 Person< TSeq > Class Template Reference	17
3.6.1 Detailed Description	18
3.6.2 Member Function Documentation	19
3.6.2.1 set_update_susceptible()	19
3.7 PersonTools< TSeq > Class Template Reference	19
3.7.1 Detailed Description	20
3.8 PersonViruses< TSeq > Class Template Reference	20
3.8.1 Detailed Description	20
3.9 Progress Class Reference	21
3.9.1 Detailed Description	21
3.10 Queue< TSeq > Class Template Reference	21
3.10.1 Detailed Description	21
3.11 RandGraph Class Reference	22
3.12 Tool< TSeq > Class Template Reference	22

3.12.1 Detailed Description	23
3.13 UserData< TSeq > Class Template Reference	23
3.13.1 Detailed Description	24
3.13.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation	25
3.13.2.1 UserData()	25
3.14 vecHasher< T > Struct Template Reference	25
3.14.1 Detailed Description	25
3.15 Virus< TSeq > Class Template Reference	26
3.15.1 Detailed Description	27
Index	29

Chapter 1

Main Page

1.1 epiworld

This C++ template-header-only library provides a general framework for epidemiologic simulation. The main features of the library are:

1. Four key classes: `Model`, `Person`, `Tool`, and `Virus`.
2. The model features a social networks of `Persons`.
3. `Persons` can have multiple `Tools` as a defense system.
4. `Tools` can reduce contagion rate, transmissibility, death rates, and improve recovery rates.
5. `Viruses` can mutate (generating new variants).
6. `Models` can feature multiple states, e.g., `HEALTHY`, `SUSCEPTIBLE`, etc.
7. `Models` can have an arbitrary number of parameters.
8. **REALLY FAST** About 6.5 Million person/day simulations per second.

1.2 Hello world

Here is a simple SIRS model implemented with

```
#include "../include/epiworld/epiworld.hpp"
using namespace epiworld;
int main()
{
    // Creating a model
    Model<> model;
    // Adding the tool and virus
    Virus<> virus("covid 19");
    virus.set_post_immunity(1.0);
    model.add_virus_n(virus, 5);

    Tool<> tool("vaccine");
    model.add_tool(tool, .5);
    // Generating a random pop
    model.pop_from_random(100000);
    // Initializing setting days and seed
    model.init(100, 123);
}
```

```
// Running the model
model.run();
model.print();

}
```

And you should get something like the following:

Running the model...

```
||||| done.

SIMULATION STUDY
Population size      : 100000
Days (duration)     : 100 (of 100)
Number of variants  : 1
Last run elapsed t   : 280.00ms
Rewiring             : off
Virus(es):
- covid 19 (baseline prevalence: 5 seeds)
Tool(s):
- vaccine (baseline prevalence: 50.00%)
Model parameters:
Distribution of the population at time 100:
- Total healthy (S)   : 99995 -> 97390
- Total recovered (S) : 0 -> 2554
- Total infected (I)  : 5 -> 56
- Total removed (R)   : 0 -> 0
(S): Susceptible, (I): Infected, (R): Recovered
```

Which took about 0.280 seconds.

1.2.1 Tools

1.2.2 Contagion

Susceptible individuals can acquire a virus from any of their infected connections. The probability that susceptible individual i gets the virus v from individual j depends on how three things:

1. The transmissibility of the virus, P_v in $[0,1]$,
2. The contagion reduction factor of i , Cr in $[0,1]$, and
3. The host's transmission reduction factor, Tr $[0,1]$.

The last two are computed from i and j 's tools. Ultimately, the probability of i getting virus v from j equals:

$$P(\text{Virus } v) = P_v * (1 - Cr) * (1 - Tr)$$

Nonetheless, the default behavior of the simulation model is to assume that individuals can acquire only one disease at a time, if any. This way, the actual probability is:

$$P(\text{Virus } v | \text{ at most one virus}) = \text{Prcond}(i, v, j)$$

The latter is calculated using Bayes' rule

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Prcond}(i, v, j) &= P(\text{at most one virus} | \text{Virus } v) * P(\text{Variant } v) / P(\text{at most one virus}) \\ &= P(\text{Only Virus } v) / P(\text{Virus } v) * P(\text{Virus } v) / P(\text{at most one virus}) \\ &= P(\text{Only Virus } v) / P(\text{at most one virus}) \end{aligned}$$

Where

$$\begin{aligned} P(\text{Only Virus } V) &= P(\text{Virus } V) * \text{Prod}(m \neq V) (1 - P(\text{Virus } m)) \\ P(\text{at most one virus}) &= P(\text{None}) + \text{Sum}(k \text{ in viruses}) P(\text{Virus } k) * \text{Prod}(m \neq k) (1 - P(\text{Virus } m)) \\ P(\text{None}) &= \text{Prod}(k \text{ in Viruses}) (1 - P(\text{Virus } k)) \end{aligned}$$

This way, viruses with higher transmissibility will be more likely to be acquired when competing with other variants.

Chapter 2

Class Index

2.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

AdjList	5
DataBase< TSeq > Statistical data about the process	6
LFMCMC< TData > Likelihood-Free Markov Chain Monte Carlo	8
Location< TSeq >	9
Model< TSeq > Core class of epiworld	9
Person< TSeq > Person (agents)	17
PersonTools< TSeq > List of tools available for the individual to	19
PersonViruses< TSeq > Set of viruses in host	20
Progress A simple progress bar	21
Queue< TSeq > Controls which agents are verified at each step	21
RandGraph	22
Tool< TSeq > Tools for defending the host against the virus	22
UserData< TSeq > Personalized data by the user	23
vecHasher< T > Vector hasher	25
Virus< TSeq > Virus	26

Chapter 3

Class Documentation

3.1 AdjList Class Reference

Public Member Functions

- [AdjList](#) (const std::vector< unsigned int > &source, const std::vector< unsigned int > &target, bool directed, int min_id=-1, int max_id=-1)
Construct a new Adj List object.
- void **read_edgelist** (std::string fn, int skip=0, bool directed=true, int min_id=-1, int max_id=-1)
- std::map< unsigned int, unsigned int > **operator()** (unsigned int i) const
- void **print** (unsigned int limit=20u) const
- unsigned int **get_id_max** () const
- unsigned int **get_id_min** () const
- size_t **vcount** () const
- size_t **ecount** () const
- std::map< unsigned int, std::map< unsigned int, unsigned int > > & **get_dat** ()
- bool **is_directed** () const

3.1.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

3.1.1.1 AdjList()

```
AdjList::AdjList (
    const std::vector< unsigned int > & source,
    const std::vector< unsigned int > & target,
    bool directed,
    int min_id = -1,
    int max_id = -1 ) [inline]
```

Construct a new Adj List object.

It will create an adjacency list object with $\text{maxid} - \text{minid} + 1$ nodes. If min_id and max_id are not specified (both < 0), then the program will try to figure them out automatically by looking at the range of the observed ids.

Parameters

<i>source</i>	Unsigned int vector with the source
<i>target</i>	Unsigned int vector with the target
<i>directed</i>	Bool true if the network is directed
<i>min_id</i>	int min id.
<i>max_id</i>	int max id.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/epiworld/adjlist-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/adjlist-meat.hpp

3.2 DataBase< TSeq > Class Template Reference

Statistical data about the process.

```
#include <database-bones.hpp>
```

Public Member Functions

- **DataBase** (int freq=1)
- void **record_variant** ([Virus](#)< TSeq > *v)
Registering a new variant.
- void **set_seq_hasher** (std::function< std::vector< int >(TSeq)> fun)
- void **set_model** ([Model](#)< TSeq > &m)
- [Model](#)< TSeq > * **get_model** ()
- void **record** ()
- const std::vector< TSeq > & **get_sequence** () const
- const std::vector< int > & **get_nexposed** () const
- size_t **size** () const
- void **up_exposed** ([Virus](#)< TSeq > *v, epiworld_fast_uint new_status)
- void **down_exposed** ([Virus](#)< TSeq > *v, epiworld_fast_uint prev_status)
- void **state_change** (epiworld_fast_uint prev_status, epiworld_fast_uint new_status)
- void **record_transition** (epiworld_fast_uint from, epiworld_fast_uint to)
- void **write_data** (std::string fn_variant_info, std::string fn_variant_hist, std::string fn_total_hist, std::string fn←_transmission, std::string fn_transition) const
- void **record_transmission** (int i, int j, int variant)
- size_t **get_nvariants** () const
- void **reset** ()
- void **set_user_data** (std::vector< std::string > names)
- void **add_user_data** (std::vector< epiworld_double > x)
- void **add_user_data** (unsigned int j, epiworld_double x)
- [UserData](#)< TSeq > & **get_user_data** ()

Get recorded information from the model

Parameters

what	<i>std::string, The status, e.g., 0, 1, 2, ...</i>
------	----------------------------------------------------

Returns

In get_today_total, the current counts of what.

In get_today_variant, the current counts of what for each variant.

In get_hist_total, the time series of what

In get_hist_variant, the time series of what for each variant.

In get_hist_total_date and get_hist_variant_date the corresponding dates

- int **get_today_total** (std::string what) const
- int **get_today_total** (epiworld_fast_uint what) const
- void **get_today_total** (std::vector< std::string > *status=nullptr, std::vector< int > *counts=nullptr) const
- void **get_today_variant** (std::vector< std::string > &status, std::vector< int > &id, std::vector< int > &counts) const
- void **get_hist_total** (std::vector< int > *date, std::vector< std::string > *status, std::vector< int > *counts) const
- void **get_hist_variant** (std::vector< int > &date, std::vector< int > &id, std::vector< std::string > &status, std::vector< int > &counts) const

Friends

- class **Model**< TSeq >

3.2.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq>
class DataBase< TSeq >
```

Statistical data about the process.

Template Parameters

<i>TSeq</i>	
-------------	--

3.2.2 Member Function Documentation

3.2.2.1 record_variant()

```
template<typename TSeq >
void DataBase< TSeq >::record_variant (
    Virus< TSeq > * v ) [inline]
```

Registering a new variant.

Parameters

v	Pointer to the new variant.
---	-----------------------------

Since variants are originated in the host, the numbers simply move around. From the parent variant to the new variant. And the total number of infected does not change.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/epiworld/database-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/database-meat.hpp

3.3 LFMCMC< TData > Class Template Reference

Likelihood-Free Markov Chain Monte Carlo.

```
#include <lfmcmc.hpp>
```

Public Member Functions

- void **run** (VEC(epiworld_double) param_init, size_t n_samples_, epiworld_double epsilon_)
- **LFMCMC** (TData &observed_data_)
- void **set_observed_data** (TData &observed_data_)
- void **set_proposal_fun** (FUN< void(VEC(epiworld_double)&, LFMCMC< TData > *)> fun)
- void **set_simulation_fun** (FUN< TData(VEC(epiworld_double)&, LFMCMC< TData > *)> fun)
- void **set_summary_fun** (FUN< VEC(epiworld_double)(TData &, LFMCMC< TData > *)> fun)
- void **set_kernel_fun** (FUN< epiworld_double(VEC(epiworld_double)&, epiworld_double, LFMCMC< TData > *)> fun)
- const size_t **get_n_samples** ()
- const size_t **get_n_statistics** ()
- const size_t **get_n_parameters** ()
- const epiworld_double **get_epsilon** ()
- const **VEC** (epiworld_double) &get_params_now()
- const **VEC** (epiworld_double) &get_params_prev()
- const **VEC** (epiworld_double) &get_params_init()
- const **VEC** (epiworld_double) &get_statistics_obs()
- const **VEC** (epiworld_double) &get_statistics_hist()
- const **VEC** (bool) &get_statistics_accepted()
- const **VEC** (epiworld_double) &get_posterior_lf_prob()
- const **VEC** (epiworld_double) &get_acceptance_prob()
- const **VEC** (epiworld_double) &get_drawn_prob()
- **VEC** (TData) *get_sampled_data()

Random number generation**Parameters**

eng	
-----	--

- void **set_rand_engine** (std::mt19937 &eng)
- std::mt19937 * **get_rand_engine** ()
- void **seed** (unsigned int s)
- void **set_rand_gamma** (epiworld_double alpha, epiworld_double beta)
- epiworld_double **runif** ()
- epiworld_double **rnorm** ()
- epiworld_double **rnorm** (epiworld_double mean, epiworld_double sd)
- epiworld_double **rgamma** ()
- epiworld_double **rgamma** (epiworld_double alpha, epiworld_double beta)

3.3.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TData>
class LFMCMC< TData >
```

Likelihood-Free Markov Chain Monte Carlo.

Template Parameters

<i>TData</i>	Type of data that is generated
--------------	--------------------------------

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- include/epiworld/math/lfmcmc.hpp

3.4 Location< TSeq > Class Template Reference

Public Member Functions

- **add_person** ([Person](#)< TSeq > &p)
- **add_person** ([Person](#)< TSeq > *p)
- **size_t count** () const
- void **reset** ()

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- include/epiworld/location-bones.hpp

3.5 Model< TSeq > Class Template Reference

Core class of epiworld.

```
#include <model-bones.hpp>
```

Public Member Functions

- **Model** (const [Model](#)< TSeq > &m)
- **Model** ([Model](#)< TSeq > &&m)
- [Model](#)< TSeq > & **operator=** (const [Model](#)< TSeq > &m)
- void **clone_population** (std::vector< [Person](#)< TSeq > > &p, std::map< int, int > &p_ids, bool &d, [Model](#)< TSeq > *m=nullptr) const
- void **clone_population** (const [Model](#)< TSeq > &m)
- [DataBase](#)< TSeq > & **get_db** ()
- epiworld_double & **operator()** (std::string pname)
- size_t **size** () const
- void **add_virus** ([Virus](#)< TSeq > v, epiworld_double preval)
- void **add_virus_n** ([Virus](#)< TSeq > v, unsigned int preval)
- void **add_tool** ([Tool](#)< TSeq > t, epiworld_double preval)
- void **add_tool_n** ([Tool](#)< TSeq > t, unsigned int preval)
- void **record_variant** ([Virus](#)< TSeq > *v)
Record new variants.
- int **get_nvariants** () const
- unsigned int **get_ndays** () const
- unsigned int **get_n_replicates** () const
- void **set_ndays** (unsigned int ndays)
- bool **get_verbose** () const
- void **verbose_off** ()
- void **verbose_on** ()
- int **today** () const
The current time of the model.
- void **set_update_susceptible** (UpdateFun< TSeq > fun)
- void **set_update_exposed** (UpdateFun< TSeq > fun)
- void **set_update_removed** (UpdateFun< TSeq > fun)
- void **write_data** (std::string fn_variant_info, std::string fn_variant_hist, std::string fn_total_hist, std::string fn_transmission, std::string fn_transition) const
Wrapper of DataBase::write_data
- std::map< std::string, epiworld_double > & **params** ()
- void **reset** ()
Reset the model.
- void **print** () const
- [Model](#)< TSeq > && **clone** () const
- void **reset_status_codes** (std::vector< epiworld_fast_uint > codes, std::vector< std::string > names, bool verbose=true)
Reset all the status codes of the model.
- void **get_elapsed** (std::string unit="auto", epiworld_double *last_elapsed=nullptr, epiworld_double *total_elapsed=nullptr, std::string *unit_abbr=nullptr, bool print=true) const
- void **add_global_action** (std::function< void([Model](#)< TSeq > *)> fun, int date)
Set a global action.
- void **run_global_actions** ()
- void **clear_status_set** ()

Set the backup object

backup can be used to restore the entire object after a run. This can be useful if the user wishes to have individuals start with the same network from the beginning.

- void **set_backup** ()
- void **restore_backup** ()

Random number generation

Parameters

eng	
-----	--

- void **set_rand_engine** (std::mt19937 &eng)
- std::mt19937 * **get_rand_engine** ()
- void **seed** (unsigned int s)
- void **set_rand_gamma** (epiworld_double alpha, epiworld_double beta)
- epiworld_double **runif** ()
- epiworld_double **rnorm** ()
- epiworld_double **rnorm** (epiworld_double mean, epiworld_double sd)
- epiworld_double **rgamma** ()
- epiworld_double **rgamma** (epiworld_double alpha, epiworld_double beta)

Accessing population of the model*Parameters*

fn	<i>std::string Filename of the edgelist file.</i>
skip	<i>int Number of lines to skip in fn.</i>
directed	<i>bool Whether the graph is directed or not.</i>
min_id	<i>int Minimum id number (if negative, the program will try to guess from the data.)</i>
max_id	<i>int Maximum id number (if negative, the program will try to guess from the data.)</i>
al	<i>AdjList to read into the model.</i>

- void **pop_from_adjlist** (std::string fn, int skip=0, bool directed=false, int min_id=-1, int max_id=-1)
- void **pop_from_adjlist** ([AdjList](#) al)
- bool **is_directed** () const
- std::vector< [Person](#)< TSeq > > * **get_population** ()
- void **pop_from_random** (unsigned int n=1000, unsigned int k=5, bool d=false, epiworld_double p=.01)

Functions to run the model*Parameters*

seed	<i>Seed to be used for Pseudo-RNG.</i>
ndays	<i>Number of days (steps) of the simulation.</i>
fun	<i>In the case of <code>run_multiple</code>, a function that is called after each experiment.</i>

- void **init** (unsigned int ndays, unsigned int seed)
- void **update_status** ()
- void **mutate_variant** ()
- void **next_status** ()
- void **run** ()
Runs the simulation (after initialization)
- void **run_multiple** (unsigned int nexperiments, std::function< void([Model](#)< TSeq > *)> fun, bool [reset](#), bool verbose)

Rewire the network preserving the degree sequence.

This implementation assumes an undirected network, thus if $\{(i,j), (k,l)\} \rightarrow \{(i,l), (k,j)\}$, the reciprocal is also true, i.e., $\{(j,i), (l,k)\} \rightarrow \{(j,k), (l,i)\}$.

Parameters

proportion	<i>Proportion of ties to be rewired.</i>
------------	------------------------------------------

Returns

A rewired version of the network.

- void **set_rewire_fun** (std::function< void(std::vector< [Person](#)< TSeq >> *, [Model](#)< TSeq > *,
epiworld_double)> fun)
- void **set_rewire_prop** (epiworld_double prop)
- epiworld_double **get_rewire_prop** () const
- void **rewire** ()

Export the network data in edgelist form

Parameters

fn	<i>std::string. File name.</i>
source	<i>Integer vector</i>
target	<i>Integer vector</i>

When passing the source and target, the function will write the edgelist on those.

- void **write_edgelist** (std::string fn) const
- void **write_edgelist** (std::vector< unsigned int > &source, std::vector< unsigned int > &target) const

Manage status (states) in the model

Adding values of s that are already present in the model will result in an error.

The functions get_status_ return the current values for the statuses included in the model.*

Parameters

s	<i>unsigned int Code of the status</i>
lab	<i>std::string Name of the status.</i>

Returns

add_status returns nothing.*

get_status_ returns a vector of pairs with the statuses and their labels.*

- void **add_status_susceptible** (epiworld_fast_uint s, std::string lab)
- void **add_status_exposed** (epiworld_fast_uint s, std::string lab)
- void **add_status_removed** (epiworld_fast_uint s, std::string lab)
- void **add_status_susceptible** (std::string lab)
- void **add_status_exposed** (std::string lab)
- void **add_status_removed** (std::string lab)
- const std::vector< epiworld_fast_uint > & **get_status_susceptible** () const
- const std::vector< epiworld_fast_uint > & **get_status_exposed** () const
- const std::vector< epiworld_fast_uint > & **get_status_removed** () const
- const std::vector< std::string > & **get_status_susceptible_labels** () const
- const std::vector< std::string > & **get_status_exposed_labels** () const
- const std::vector< std::string > & **get_status_removed_labels** () const
- void **print_status_codes** () const
- epiworld_fast_uint **get_default_susceptible** () const
- epiworld_fast_uint **get_default_exposed** () const

- `epiworld_fast_uint` **get_default_removed** () const

Set the user data object

Parameters

names	<i>string vector with the names of the variables.</i>
-------	-------------------------------------------------------

- void **set_user_data** (std::vector< std::string > names)
[*@*]
- void **add_user_data** (unsigned int j, epiworld_double x)
- void **add_user_data** (std::vector< epiworld_double > x)
- **UserData**< TSeq > & **get_user_data** ()

Queuing system

When queueing is on, the model will keep track of which agents are either in risk of exposure or exposed. This then is used at each step to act only on the aforementioned agents.

- void **queuing_on** ()
Activates the queuing system (default.)
- void **queuing_off** ()
Deactivates the queuing system.
- bool **is_queuing_on** () const
Query if the queuing system is on.
- **Queue**< TSeq > & **get_queue** ()
*Retrieve the **Queue** object.*

Public Attributes

- std::vector< epiworld_double > **array_double_tmp**
- std::vector< **Virus**< TSeq > * > **array_virus_tmp**

Friends

- class **Person**< TSeq >
- class **DataBase**< TSeq >
- class **Queue**< TSeq >

Setting and accessing parameters from the model

Tools can incorporate parameters included in the model. Internally, parameters in the tool are stored as pointers to an std::map<> of parameters in the model. Using the `unsigned int` method directly fetches the parameters in the order these were added to the tool. Accessing parameters via the `std::string` method involves searching the parameter directly in the std::map<> member of the model (so it is not recommended.)

The function `set_param()` can be used when the parameter already exists in the model.

The `par()` function members are aliases for `get_param()`.

Parameters

<i>initial_val</i>	
<i>pname</i>	Name of the parameter to add or to fetch

Returns

The current value of the parameter in the model.

- `epiworld_double * p0`
- `epiworld_double * p1`
- `epiworld_double * p2`
- `epiworld_double * p3`
- `epiworld_double * p4`
- `epiworld_double * p5`
- `epiworld_double * p6`
- `epiworld_double * p7`
- `epiworld_double * p8`
- `epiworld_double * p9`
- `epiworld_double * p10`
- `epiworld_double * p11`
- `epiworld_double * p12`
- `epiworld_double * p13`
- `epiworld_double * p14`
- `epiworld_double * p15`
- `epiworld_double * p16`
- `epiworld_double * p17`
- `epiworld_double * p18`
- `epiworld_double * p19`
- `epiworld_double * p20`
- `epiworld_double * p21`
- `epiworld_double * p22`
- `epiworld_double * p23`
- `epiworld_double * p24`
- `epiworld_double * p25`
- `epiworld_double * p26`
- `epiworld_double * p27`
- `epiworld_double * p28`
- `epiworld_double * p29`
- `epiworld_double * p30`
- `epiworld_double * p31`
- `epiworld_double * p32`
- `epiworld_double * p33`
- `epiworld_double * p34`
- `epiworld_double * p35`
- `epiworld_double * p36`
- `epiworld_double * p37`
- `epiworld_double * p38`
- `epiworld_double * p39`
- `unsigned int npar_used = 0u`
- `epiworld_double add_param (epiworld_double initial_val, std::string pname)`
- `epiworld_double set_param (std::string pname)`
- `epiworld_double get_param (unsigned int k)`
- `epiworld_double get_param (std::string pname)`
- `epiworld_double par (unsigned int k)`
- `epiworld_double par (std::string pname)`

3.5.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq = bool>
class Model< TSeq >
```

Core class of epiworld.

The model class provides the wrapper that puts together [Person](#), [Virus](#), and [Tools](#).

Template Parameters

<i>TSeq</i>	Type of sequence. In principle, users can build models in which virus and human sequence is represented as numeric vectors (if needed.)
-------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

3.5.2 Member Function Documentation

3.5.2.1 add_global_action()

```
template<typename TSeq = bool>
void Model< TSeq >::add_global_action (
    std::function< void (Model< TSeq > *)> fun,
    int date )
```

Set a global action.

Parameters

<i>fun</i>	A function to be called on the prescribed dates
<i>date</i>	Integer indicating when the function is called (see details)

When date is less than zero, then the function is called at the end of every day. Otherwise, the function will be called only at the end of the indicated date.

3.5.2.2 record_variant()

```
template<typename TSeq = bool>
void Model< TSeq >::record_variant (
    Virus< TSeq > * v )
```

Record new variants.

See function of the same name in in the [DataBase](#) class.

3.5.2.3 reset()

```
template<typename TSeq = bool>
void Model< TSeq >::reset ( )
```

Reset the model.

Resetting the model will:

- clear the database
- restore the population (if `set_backup()` was called before)
- re-distribute tools
- re-distribute viruses
- set the date to 0

3.5.2.4 reset_status_codes()

```
template<typename TSeq = bool>
void Model< TSeq >::reset_status_codes (
    std::vector< epiworld_fast_uint > codes,
    std::vector< std::string > names,
    bool verbose = true )
```

Reset all the status codes of the model.

The default values are those specified in the enum STATUS.

Parameters

<i>codes</i>	In the following order: Susceptible, Infected, Removed
<i>names</i>	Names matching the codes
<i>verbose</i>	When <code>true</code> , it will print the new mappings.

3.5.2.5 run_multiple()

```
template<typename TSeq = bool>
void Model< TSeq >::run_multiple (
    unsigned int n_experiments,
    std::function< void(Model< TSeq > *)> fun,
    bool reset,
    bool verbose )
```

Parameters

<i>nexperiments</i>	Multiple runs of the simulation
---------------------	---------------------------------

3.5.2.6 write_data()

```
template<typename TSeq = bool>
void Model< TSeq >::write_data (
    std::string fn_variant_info,
    std::string fn_variant_hist,
    std::string fn_total_hist,
    std::string fn_transmission,
    std::string fn_transition ) const
```

Wrapper of DataBase::write_data

Parameters

<i>fn_variant_info</i>	Filename. Information about the variant.
<i>fn_variant_hist</i>	Filename. History of the variant.
<i>fn_total_hist</i>	Filename. Aggregated history (status)
<i>fn_transmission</i>	Filename. Transmission history.
<i>fn_transition</i>	Filename. Markov transition history.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/epiworld/config.hpp
- include/epiworld/model-bones.hpp

3.6 Person< TSeq > Class Template Reference

Person (agents)

```
#include <person-bones.hpp>
```

Public Member Functions

- void **init** (epiworld_fast_uint baseline_status)
- void **add_tool** (int d, Tool< TSeq > tool)
- void **add_virus** (Virus< TSeq > *virus)
- void **rm_virus** (Virus< TSeq > *virus)
- int **get_id** () const
Id of the individual.
- unsigned int **get_index** () const
Location (0, ..., n-1).

- `std::mt19937 * get_rand_engine ()`
- `Model< TSeq > * get_model ()`
- `Virus< TSeq > & get_virus (int i)`
- `PersonViruses< TSeq > & get_viruses ()`
- `Tool< TSeq > & get_tool (int i)`
- `PersonTools< TSeq > & get_tools ()`
- `void mutate_variant ()`
- `void add_neighbor (Person< TSeq > *p, bool check_source=true, bool check_target=true)`
- `std::vector< Person< TSeq > * > & get_neighbors ()`
- `void update_status ()`
- `void update_status (epiworld_fast_uint new_status)`
- `const epiworld_fast_uint & get_status () const`
- `const epiworld_fast_uint & get_status_next () const`
- `void reset ()`
- `bool has_tool (unsigned int t) const`
- `bool has_tool (std::string name) const`
- `bool has_virus (unsigned int t) const`
- `bool has_virus (std::string name) const`

Get the rates (multipliers) for the agent

Parameters

v	A pointer to a virus.
---	-----------------------

Returns

epiworld_double

- `epiworld_double get_susceptibility_reduction (Virus< TSeq > *v)`
 - `epiworld_double get_transmission_reduction (Virus< TSeq > *v)`
 - `epiworld_double get_recovery_enhancer (Virus< TSeq > *v)`
 - `epiworld_double get_death_reduction (Virus< TSeq > *v)`
-
- `void set_update_susceptible (UpdateFun< TSeq > fun)`
Set the update functions.
 - `void set_update_exposed (UpdateFun< TSeq > fun)`
 - `void set_update_removed (UpdateFun< TSeq > fun)`

Friends

- `class Model< TSeq >`
- `class Tool< TSeq >`
- `class Queue< TSeq >`

3.6.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq = bool>
class Person< TSeq >
```

[Person](#) (agents)

Template Parameters

<i>TSeq</i>	Sequence type (should match TSeq across the model)
-------------	----------------------------------------------------

3.6.2 Member Function Documentation

3.6.2.1 set_update_susceptible()

```
template<typename TSeq >
void Person< TSeq >::set_update_susceptible (
    UpdateFun< TSeq > fun ) [inline]
```

Set the update functions.

Parameters

<i>fun</i>	
------------	--

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/epiworld/config.hpp
- include/epiworld/person-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/person-meat.hpp

3.7 PersonTools< TSeq > Class Template Reference

List of tools available for the individual to.

```
#include <persontools-bones.hpp>
```

Public Member Functions

- void **add_tool** (int date, Tool< TSeq > tool)
- epiworld_double **get_susceptibility_reduction** (Virus< TSeq > *v)
- epiworld_double **get_transmission_reduction** (Virus< TSeq > *v)
- epiworld_double **get_recovery_enhancer** (Virus< TSeq > *v)
- epiworld_double **get_death_reduction** (Virus< TSeq > *v)
- void **set_susceptibility_reduction_mixer** (MixerFun< TSeq > fun)
- void **set_transmission_reduction_mixer** (MixerFun< TSeq > fun)
- void **set_recovery_enhancer_mixer** (MixerFun< TSeq > fun)
- void **set_death_reduction_mixer** (MixerFun< TSeq > fun)
- size_t **size** () const
- Tool< TSeq > & **operator**() (int i)
- Person< TSeq > * **get_person** ()
- Model< TSeq > * **get_model** ()
- void **reset** ()
- bool **has_tool** (unsigned int t) const
- bool **has_tool** (std::string name) const

Friends

- class **Person**< TSeq >
- class **Model**< TSeq >

3.7.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq = bool>
class PersonTools< TSeq >
```

List of tools available for the individual to.

Template Parameters

<i>TSeq</i>	
-------------	--

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/epiworld/config.hpp
- include/epiworld/persontools-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/persontools-meat.hpp

3.8 PersonViruses< TSeq > Class Template Reference

Set of viruses in host.

```
#include <personviruses-bones.hpp>
```

Public Member Functions

- void **add_virus** (epiworld_fast_uint new_status, [Virus](#)< TSeq > v)
- size_t **size** () const
- int **size_active** () const
- [Virus](#)< TSeq > & **operator()** (int i)
- void **mutate** ()
- void **reset** ()
- void **deactivate** ([Virus](#)< TSeq > &v)
- [Person](#)< TSeq > * **get_host** ()
- bool **has_virus** (unsigned int v) const
- bool **has_virus** (std::string vname) const

Friends

- class **Person**< TSeq >
- class **Model**< TSeq >

3.8.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq = bool>
class PersonViruses< TSeq >
```

Set of viruses in host.

Template Parameters

<i>TSeq</i>	Type of sequence
-------------	------------------

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/epiworld/person-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/personviruses-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/personviruses-meat.hpp

3.9 Progress Class Reference

A simple progress bar.

```
#include <progress.hpp>
```

Public Member Functions

- **Progress** (int n_, int width_)
- void **start** ()
- void **next** ()
- void **end** ()

3.9.1 Detailed Description

A simple progress bar.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- include/epiworld/progress.hpp

3.10 Queue< TSeq > Class Template Reference

Controls which agents are verified at each step.

```
#include <queue-bones.hpp>
```

Public Member Functions

- void **operator+=** ([Person](#)< TSeq > *p)
- void **operator-=** ([Person](#)< TSeq > *p)
- epiworld_fast_int **operator[]** (unsigned int i) const
- void **set_model** ([Model](#)< TSeq > *m)
- void **update** ()

3.10.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq = bool>
class Queue< TSeq >
```

Controls which agents are verified at each step.

The idea is that only agents who are either in an infected state or have an infected neighbor should be checked. Otherwise it makes no sense (no chance to recover or capture the disease).

Template Parameters

<i>TSeq</i>	
-------------	--

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/epiworld/model-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/queue-bones.hpp

3.11 RandGraph Class Reference

Public Member Functions

- **RandGraph** (int N_)
- void **init** (int s)
- void **set_rand_engine** (std::mt19937 &e)
- epiworld_double **runif** ()

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- include/epiworld/random_graph.hpp

3.12 Tool< TSeq > Class Template Reference

Tools for defending the host against the virus.

```
#include <tools-bones.hpp>
```

Public Member Functions

- **Tool** (std::string name="unknown tool")
- void **set_sequence** (TSeq d)
- void **set_sequence_unique** (TSeq d)
- void **set_sequence** (std::shared_ptr< TSeq > d)
- std::shared_ptr< TSeq > **get_sequence** ()
- TSeq & **get_sequence_unique** ()
- void **set_name** (std::string name)
- std::string **get_name** () const
- [Person](#)< TSeq > * **get_person** ()
- unsigned int **get_id** () const

Get and set the tool functions

Parameters

v	<i>The virus over which to operate</i>
fun	<i>the function to be used</i>

*Returns**epiworld_double*

- *epiworld_double* **get_susceptibility_reduction** (*Virus*< TSeq > *v)
- *epiworld_double* **get_transmission_reduction** (*Virus*< TSeq > *v)
- *epiworld_double* **get_recovery_enhancer** (*Virus*< TSeq > *v)
- *epiworld_double* **get_death_reduction** (*Virus*< TSeq > *v)
- void **set_susceptibility_reduction_fun** (ToolFun< TSeq > fun)
- void **set_transmission_reduction_fun** (ToolFun< TSeq > fun)
- void **set_recovery_enhancer_fun** (ToolFun< TSeq > fun)
- void **set_death_reduction_fun** (ToolFun< TSeq > fun)
- void **set_susceptibility_reduction** (*epiworld_double* *prob)
- void **set_transmission_reduction** (*epiworld_double* *prob)
- void **set_recovery_enhancer** (*epiworld_double* *prob)
- void **set_death_reduction** (*epiworld_double* *prob)
- void **set_susceptibility_reduction** (*epiworld_double* prob)
- void **set_transmission_reduction** (*epiworld_double* prob)
- void **set_recovery_enhancer** (*epiworld_double* prob)
- void **set_death_reduction** (*epiworld_double* prob)

Friends

- class **PersonTools**< TSeq >
- class **Person**< TSeq >
- class **Model**< TSeq >

3.12.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq = bool>
class Tool< TSeq >
```

Tools for defending the host against the virus.

Template Parameters

<i>TSeq</i>	Type of sequence
-------------	------------------

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/epiworld/config.hpp
- include/epiworld/tools-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/tools-meat.hpp

3.13 UserData< TSeq > Class Template Reference

Personalized data by the user.

```
#include <userdata-bones.hpp>
```

Public Member Functions

- [UserData](#) (std::vector< std::string > names)
Construct a new User Data object.
- std::vector< std::string > & **get_names** ()
- std::vector< int > & **get_dates** ()
- std::vector< epiworld_double > & **get_data** ()
- void **get_all** (std::vector< std::string > *names=nullptr, std::vector< int > *date=nullptr, std::vector< epiworld_double > *data=nullptr)
- unsigned int **nrow** () const
- unsigned int **ncol** () const
- void **write** (std::string fn)
- void **print** () const

Append data

Parameters

x	A vector of length <code>ncol()</code> (if vector), otherwise a <code>epiworld_double</code> .
j	Index of the data point, from 0 to <code>ncol() - 1</code> .

- void **add** (std::vector< epiworld_double > x)
- void **add** (unsigned int j, epiworld_double x)

Access data

Parameters

i	Row (0 through <code>ndays - 1</code> .)
j	Column (0 through <code>ncols()</code>).

Returns

`epiworld_double&`

- `epiworld_double & operator()` (unsigned int i, unsigned int j)
- `epiworld_double & operator()` (unsigned int i, std::string name)

Friends

- class **Model**< TSeq >
- class **DataBase**< TSeq >

3.13.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq>
class UserData< TSeq >
```

Personalized data by the user.

Template Parameters

<i>TSeq</i>	
-------------	--

3.13.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

3.13.2.1 UserData()

```
template<typename TSeq >
UserData< TSeq >::UserData (
    std::vector< std::string > names ) [inline]
```

Construct a new User Data object.

Parameters

<i>names</i>	A vector of names. The length of the vector sets the number of columns to record.
--------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/epiworld/database-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/userdata-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/userdata-meat.hpp

3.14 vecHasher< T > Struct Template Reference

Vector hasher.

```
#include <misc.hpp>
```

Public Member Functions

- `std::size_t operator() (std::vector< T > const &dat) const` noexcept

3.14.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename T>
struct vecHasher< T >
```

Vector hasher.

Template Parameters

<i>T</i>	
----------	--

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- include/epiworld/misc.hpp

3.15 Virus< TSeq > Class Template Reference

[Virus.](#)

```
#include <virus-bones.hpp>
```

Public Member Functions

- **Virus** (std::string name="unknown virus")
- void **mutate** ()
- void **set_mutation** (MutFun< TSeq > fun)
- const TSeq * **get_sequence** ()
- void **set_sequence** (TSeq sequence)
- [Person](#)< TSeq > * **get_host** ()
- [Model](#)< TSeq > * **get_model** ()
- void **set_date** (int d)
- int **get_date** () const
- void **set_id** (int idx)
- int **get_id** () const
- bool **is_active** () const
- void **deactivate** ()
- void **set_name** (std::string name)
- std::string **get_name** () const
- std::vector< epiworld_double > & **get_data** ()

Get and set the tool functions

Parameters

v	<i>The virus over which to operate</i>
fun	<i>the function to be used</i>

Returns

epiworld_double

- epiworld_double **get_prob_infecting** ()
- epiworld_double **get_prob_recovery** ()
- epiworld_double **get_prob_death** ()
- void **post_recovery** ()
- void **set_post_recovery** (PostRecoveryFun< TSeq > fun)
- void **set_post_immunity** (epiworld_double prob)

- void **set_post_immunity** (epiworld_double *prob)
- void **set_prob_infecting_fun** (VirusFun< TSeq > fun)
- void **set_prob_recovery_fun** (VirusFun< TSeq > fun)
- void **set_prob_death_fun** (VirusFun< TSeq > fun)
- void **set_prob_infecting** (epiworld_double *prob)
- void **set_prob_recovery** (epiworld_double *prob)
- void **set_prob_death** (epiworld_double *prob)
- void **set_prob_infecting** (epiworld_double prob)
- void **set_prob_recovery** (epiworld_double prob)
- void **set_prob_death** (epiworld_double prob)

Friends

- class **Person**< TSeq >
- class **Model**< TSeq >
- class **PersonViruses**< TSeq >
- class **DataBase**< TSeq >

3.15.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq = bool>
class Virus< TSeq >
```

[Virus.](#)

Template Parameters

<i>TSeq</i>	
-------------	--

Raw transmissibility of a virus should be a function of its genetic sequence. Nonetheless, transmissibility can be reduced as a result of having one or more tools to fight the virus. Because of this, transmissibility should be a function of the host.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/epiworld/config.hpp
- include/epiworld/virus-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/virus-meat.hpp

Index

- add_global_action
 - Model< TSeq >, [15](#)
- AdjList, [5](#)
 - AdjList, [5](#)
- DataBase< TSeq >, [6](#)
 - record_variant, [7](#)
- LFMCMC< TData >, [8](#)
- Location< TSeq >, [9](#)
- Model< TSeq >, [9](#)
 - add_global_action, [15](#)
 - record_variant, [15](#)
 - reset, [15](#)
 - reset_status_codes, [16](#)
 - run_multiple, [16](#)
 - write_data, [17](#)
- Person< TSeq >, [17](#)
 - set_update_susceptible, [19](#)
- PersonTools< TSeq >, [19](#)
- PersonViruses< TSeq >, [20](#)
- Progress, [21](#)
- Queue< TSeq >, [21](#)
- RandGraph, [22](#)
- record_variant
 - DataBase< TSeq >, [7](#)
 - Model< TSeq >, [15](#)
- reset
 - Model< TSeq >, [15](#)
- reset_status_codes
 - Model< TSeq >, [16](#)
- run_multiple
 - Model< TSeq >, [16](#)
- set_update_susceptible
 - Person< TSeq >, [19](#)
- Tool< TSeq >, [22](#)
- UserData
 - UserData< TSeq >, [25](#)
- UserData< TSeq >, [23](#)
 - UserData, [25](#)
- vecHasher< T >, [25](#)
- Virus< TSeq >, [26](#)
- write_data
 - Model< TSeq >, [17](#)