epiworld

0.0-1

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# **Chapter 1**

# Main Page

# 1.1 epiworld

This C++ template-header-only library provides a general framework for epidemiologic simulation. The main features of the library are:

- 1. Four key classes: Model, Person, Tool, and Virus.
- 2. The model features a social networks of Persons.
- 3. Persons can have multiple Tools as a defense system.
- 4. Tools can reduce contagion rate, transmissibility, death rates, and improve recovery rates.
- 5. Viruses can mutate (generating new variants).
- 6. Models can feature multiple states, e.g., HEALTHY, SUSCEPTIBLE, etc.
- 7. Models can have an arbitrary number of parameters.
- 8. **REALLY FAST** About 6.5 Million person/day simulations per second.

# 1.2 Hello world

### Here is a simple SIRS model implemented with

```
#include "../include/epiworld/epiworld.hpp"
using namespace epiworld;
int main()
{
          // Creating a model
          Model<> model;
          // Adding the tool and virus
          Virus<> virus("covid 19");
          virus.set_post_immunity(1.0);
          model.add_virus_n(virus, 5);

          Tool<> tool("vaccine");
          model.add_tool(tool, .5);
          // Generating a random pop
          model.pop_from_random(1000000);
          // Initializing setting days and seed
          model.init(100, 123);
```

2 Main Page

```
// Running the model
model.run();
model.print();
```

And you should get something like the following:

Running the model...

```
SIMULATION STUDY
Population size
                 : 100000
Days (duration)
                 : 100 (of 100)
Number of variants : 1
Last run elapsed t : 280.00ms
Rewiring
                : off
Virus(es):
 - covid 19 (baseline prevalence: 5 seeds)
Tool(s):
  vaccine (baseline prevalence: 50.00%)
Model parameters:
Distribution of the population at time 100:
- Total healthy (S) : 99995 -> 97390
- Total recovered (S) : 0 -> 2554
- Total infected (I)
                    :
                            5 -> 56
 - Total removed (R)
                            0 -> 0
(S): Susceptible, (I): Infected, (R): Recovered
```

Which took about 0.280 seconds.

### 1.2.1 **Tools**

# 1.2.2 Contagion

Susceptible individuals can acquire a virus from any of their infected connections. The probability that susceptible individual i gets the virus v from individual j depends on how three things:

- 1. The transmissibility of the virus, Pv in [0,1],
- 2. The contagion reduction factor of i, Cr in [0,1], and
- 3. The host's transmission reduction factor, Tr [0,1].

The last two are computed from i and j's tools. Ultimately, the probability of i getting virus v from j equals:  $P(Virus \ v) = Pv \ \star \ (1 - Cr) \ \star (1 - Tr)$ 

Nonetheless, the default behavior of the simulation model is to assume that individuals can acquire only one disease at a time, if any. This way, the actual probability is:

```
P(Virus \ v | at most one virus) = Prcond(i, v, j)
```

```
The latter is calculated using Bayes' rule
```

This way, viruses with higher transmissibility will be more likely to be acquired when competing with other variants.

# Chapter 2

# **Class Index**

# 2.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

AdjList		. 5
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Progress		
A simple progress bar		. 21
Queue < TSeq >		
Controls which agents are verified at each step		. 21
RandGraph		. 22
Tool< TSeq >		
Tools for defending the host against the virus		. 22
UserData < TSeq >		
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Virus< TSeq >		
Virus		. 26

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# **Chapter 3**

# **Class Documentation**

# 3.1 AdjList Class Reference

### **Public Member Functions**

AdjList (const std::vector< unsigned int > &source, const std::vector< unsigned int > &target, bool directed, int min\_id=-1, int max\_id=-1)

Construct a new Adj List object.

- void read\_edgelist (std::string fn, int skip=0, bool directed=true, int min\_id=-1, int max\_id=-1)
- std::map< unsigned int, unsigned int > operator() (unsigned int i) const
- void print (unsigned int limit=20u) const
- unsigned int **get\_id\_max** () const
- unsigned int get\_id\_min () const
- · size t vcount () const
- size\_t ecount () const
- std::map< unsigned int, std::map< unsigned int, unsigned int > > & get\_dat ()
- · bool is\_directed () const

### 3.1.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 3.1.1.1 AdjList()

Construct a new Adj List object.

It will create an adjacency list object with maxid - minid + 1 nodes. If min\_id and max\_id are not specified (both < 0), then the program will try to figure them out automatically by looking at the range of the observed ids.

### **Parameters**

source	Unsigned int vector with the source
target	Unsigned int vector with the target
directed	Bool true if the network is directed
min_id	int min id.
max_id	int max id.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/epiworld/adjlist-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/adjlist-meat.hpp

# 3.2 DataBase < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Statistical data about the process.

#include <database-bones.hpp>

### **Public Member Functions**

- DataBase (int freq=1)
- void record\_variant (Virus < TSeq > \*v)

Registering a new variant.

- void  $set\_seq\_hasher$  (std::function< std::vector< int >(TSeq)> fun)
- void set\_model (Model < TSeq > &m)
- Model < TSeq > \* get\_model ()
- · void record ()
- const std::vector< TSeq > & get\_sequence () const
- const std::vector< int > & get\_nexposed () const
- size\_t size () const
- void up\_exposed (Virus < TSeq > \*v, epiworld\_fast\_uint new\_status)
- void down\_exposed (Virus< TSeq > \*v, epiworld\_fast\_uint prev\_status)
- void state\_change (epiworld\_fast\_uint prev\_status, epiworld\_fast\_uint new\_status)
- void record\_transition (epiworld\_fast\_uint from, epiworld\_fast\_uint to)
- void write\_data (std::string fn\_variant\_info, std::string fn\_variant\_hist, std::string fn\_total\_hist, std::string fn\_transmission, std::string fn\_transmission)
- void **record\_transmission** (int i, int j, int variant)
- size\_t get\_nvariants () const
- · void reset ()
- void set user\_data (std::vector< std::string > names)
- void add\_user\_data (std::vector< epiworld\_double > x)
- void add\_user\_data (unsigned int j, epiworld\_double x)
- UserData < TSeq > & get\_user\_data ()

### Get recorded information from the model

### **Parameters**

```
what std::string, The status, e.g., 0, 1, 2, ...
```

#### Returns

```
In get_today_total, the current counts of what.

In get_today_variant, the current counts of what for each variant.

In get_hist_total, the time series of what

In get_hist_variant, the time series of what for each variant.

In get_hist_total_date and get_hist_variant_date the corresponding dates
```

- int get\_today\_total (std::string what) const
- int get\_today\_total (epiworld\_fast\_uint what) const
- void get\_today\_total (std::vector < std::string > \*status=nullptr, std::vector < int > \*counts=nullptr) const
- void get\_today\_variant (std::vector< std::string > &status, std::vector< int > &id, std::vector< int > &counts) const
- void get\_hist\_total (std::vector< int > \*date, std::vector< std::string > \*status, std::vector< int > \*counts) const
- void get\_hist\_variant (std::vector< int > &date, std::vector< int > &id, std::vector< std::string > &status, std::vector< int > &counts) const

### **Friends**

class Model < TSeq >

# 3.2.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq> class DataBase< TSeq>
```

Statistical data about the process.

**Template Parameters** 

TSeq

### 3.2.2 Member Function Documentation

### 3.2.2.1 record\_variant()

Registering a new variant.

#### **Parameters**

v Pointer to the new variant.

Since variants are originated in the host, the numbers simply move around. From the parent variant to the new variant. And the total number of infected does not change.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/epiworld/database-bones.hpp
- · include/epiworld/database-meat.hpp

# 3.3 LFMCMC< TData > Class Template Reference

Likelihood-Free Markov Chain Monte Carlo.

#include <1fmcmc.hpp>

### **Public Member Functions**

- void run (VEC(epiworld\_double) param\_init, size\_t n\_samples\_, epiworld\_double epsilon\_)
- LFMCMC (TData &observed data )
- · void set observed data (TData &observed data )
- void set proposal fun (FUN< void(VEC(epiworld double)&, LFMCMC< TData > \*)> fun)
- void set\_simulation\_fun (FUN< TData(VEC(epiworld\_double)&, LFMCMC< TData > \*)> fun)
- void set\_summary\_fun (FUN< VEC(epiworld\_double)(TData &, LFMCMC< TData > \*)> fun)
- void set\_kernel\_fun (FUN< epiworld\_double(VEC(epiworld\_double)&, epiworld\_double, LFMCMC< TData > \*)> fun)
- const size\_t get\_n\_samples ()
- const size\_t get\_n\_statistics ()
- const size\_t get\_n\_parameters ()
- const epiworld\_double get\_epsilon ()
- · const VEC (epiworld double) &get params now()
- const VEC (epiworld\_double) &get\_params\_prev()
- const VEC (epiworld\_double) &get\_params\_init()
- const VEC (epiworld\_double) &get\_statistics\_obs()
- const VEC (epiworld\_double) &get\_statistics\_hist()
- · const VEC (bool) &get\_statistics\_accepted()
- const VEC (epiworld\_double) &get\_posterior\_lf\_prob()
- const VEC (epiworld\_double) &get\_acceptance\_prob()
- const VEC (epiworld\_double) &get\_drawn\_prob()
- VEC (TData) \*get\_sampled\_data()

### Random number generation

### **Parameters**

eng

- void set\_rand\_engine (std::mt19937 &eng)
- std::mt19937 \* get\_rand\_endgine ()
- void seed (unsigned int s)
- void **set\_rand\_gamma** (epiworld\_double alpha, epiworld\_double beta)
- epiworld double runif ()
- epiworld double rnorm ()
- epiworld\_double **rnorm** (epiworld\_double mean, epiworld\_double sd)
- epiworld double rgamma ()
- epiworld\_double **rgamma** (epiworld\_double alpha, epiworld\_double beta)

# 3.3.1 Detailed Description

```
template < typename TData > class LFMCMC < TData >
```

Likelihood-Free Markov Chain Monte Carlo.

**Template Parameters** 

```
TData Type of data that is generated
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/epiworld/math/lfmcmc.hpp

# 3.4 Location < TSeq > Class Template Reference

### **Public Member Functions**

- add\_person (Person < TSeq > &p)
- add\_person (Person< TSeq > \*p)
- size\_t count () const
- · void reset ()

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/epiworld/location-bones.hpp

# 3.5 Model < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Core class of epiworld.

```
#include <model-bones.hpp>
```

### **Public Member Functions**

- Model (const Model < TSeq > &m)
- Model (Model < TSeq > &&m)
- Model < TSeq > & operator= (const Model < TSeq > &m)
- void clone\_population (std::vector< Person< TSeq > > &p, std::map< int, int > &p\_ids, bool &d, Model<
   TSeq > \*m=nullptr) const
- void clone population (const Model < TSeg > &m)
- DataBase < TSeq > & get\_db ()
- epiworld double & operator() (std::string pname)
- size t size () const
- void add\_virus (Virus < TSeq > v, epiworld\_double preval)
- void add\_virus\_n (Virus< TSeq > v, unsigned int preval)
- void add\_tool (Tool < TSeq > t, epiworld\_double preval)
- void add\_tool\_n (Tool< TSeq > t, unsigned int preval)
- void record variant (Virus < TSeq > \*v)

Record new variants.

- int get nvariants () const
- · unsigned int get\_ndays () const
- unsigned int **get\_n\_replicates** () const
- void set\_ndays (unsigned int ndays)
- · bool get\_verbose () const
- void verbose off ()
- void verbose\_on ()
- int today () const

The current time of the model.

- void set\_update\_susceptible (UpdateFun< TSeq > fun)
- void set update exposed (UpdateFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_update\_removed (UpdateFun< TSeq > fun)
- void write\_data (std::string fn\_variant\_info, std::string fn\_variant\_hist, std::string fn\_total\_hist, std::string fn\_transmission, std::string fn\_transmission)

Wrapper of DataBase::write\_data

- std::map< std::string, epiworld\_double > & params ()
- void reset ()

Reset the model.

- void print () const
- Model < TSeq > && clone () const
- void reset\_status\_codes (std::vector< epiworld\_fast\_uint > codes, std::vector< std::string > names, bool verbose=true)

Reset all the status codes of the model.

- void **get\_elapsed** (std::string unit="auto", epiworld\_double \*last\_elapsed=nullptr, epiworld\_double \*total\_←
  elapsed=nullptr, std::string \*unit\_abbr=nullptr, bool print=true) const
- void add\_global\_action (std::function< void(Model< TSeq > \*)> fun, int date)

Set a global action.

- void run\_global\_actions ()
- void clear status set ()

### Set the backup object

backup can be used to restore the entire object after a run. This can be useful if the user wishes to have individuals start with the same network from the beginning.

- void set backup ()
- void restore backup ()

### Random number generation

#### **Parameters**

eng

- void set\_rand\_engine (std::mt19937 &eng)
- std::mt19937 \* get\_rand\_endgine ()
- void **seed** (unsigned int s)
- void set\_rand\_gamma (epiworld\_double alpha, epiworld\_double beta)
- epiworld double runif ()
- epiworld double rnorm ()
- epiworld double **rnorm** (epiworld double mean, epiworld double sd)
- epiworld double rgamma ()
- epiworld\_double **rgamma** (epiworld\_double alpha, epiworld\_double beta)

# Accessing population of the model

#### **Parameters**

fn	std::string Filename of the edgelist file.	
skip	int Number of lines to skip in fn.	
directed	bool Whether the graph is directed or not.	
min_id	int Minimum id number (if negative, the program will try to guess from the data.)	
max_id	max_id int Maximum id number (if negative, the program will try to guess from the data.,	
al	AdjList to read into the model.	

- void pop\_from\_adjlist (std::string fn, int skip=0, bool directed=false, int min\_id=-1, int max\_id=-1)
- void pop\_from\_adjlist (AdjList al)
- bool is\_directed () const
- std::vector<  $\mbox{Person} < \mbox{TSeq} > \mbox{$*$ get\_population ()}$
- void pop\_from\_random (unsigned int n=1000, unsigned int k=5, bool d=false, epiworld\_double p=.01)

### Functions to run the model

### **Parameters**

seed	Seed to be used for Pseudo-RNG.
ndays	Number of days (steps) of the simulation.
fun	In the case of run_multiple, a function that is called after each experiment.

- · void init (unsigned int ndays, unsigned int seed)
- void update\_status ()
- void mutate\_variant ()
- void next\_status ()
- void run ()

Runs the simulation (after initialization)

 void run\_multiple (unsigned int nexperiments, std::function< void(Model< TSeq > \*)> fun, bool reset, bool verbose)

### Rewire the network preserving the degree sequence.

This implementation assumes an undirected network, thus if  $\{(i,j), (k,l)\} -> \{(i,l), (k,j)\}$ , the reciprocal is also true, i.e.,  $\{(j,i), (l,k)\} -> \{(j,k), (l,i)\}$ .

### **Parameters**

Proportion of ties to be rewired.

#### Returns

A rewired version of the network.

- void **set\_rewire\_fun** (std::function< void(std::vector< Person< TSeq >> \*, Model< TSeq > \*, epiworld double)> fun)
- void **set\_rewire\_prop** (epiworld\_double prop)
- epiworld\_double get\_rewire\_prop () const
- void rewire ()

### Export the network data in edgelist form

### **Parameters**

fn	std::string. File name.
source	Integer vector
target	Integer vector

When passing the source and target, the function will write the edgelist on those.

- · void write edgelist (std::string fn) const
- void write\_edgelist (std::vector< unsigned int > &source, std::vector< unsigned int > &target) const

### Manage status (states) in the model

Adding values of s that are already present in the model will result in an error.

The functions get\_status\_\* return the current values for the statuses included in the model.

### **Parameters**

S	unsigned int Code of the status
lab	std::string Name of the status.

### Returns

add\_status\* returns nothing.

get\_status\_\* returns a vector of pairs with the statuses and their labels.

- void add\_status\_susceptible (epiworld\_fast\_uint s, std::string lab)
- void add status exposed (epiworld fast uint s, std::string lab)
- void add\_status\_removed (epiworld\_fast\_uint s, std::string lab)
- void add\_status\_susceptible (std::string lab)
- void add status exposed (std::string lab)
- void add\_status\_removed (std::string lab)
- const std::vector< epiworld\_fast\_uint > & get\_status\_susceptible () const
- const std::vector< epiworld fast uint > & get status exposed () const
- const std::vector< epiworld fast uint > & get status removed () const
- const std::vector< std::string > & get\_status\_susceptible\_labels () const
- const std::vector< std::string > & get\_status\_exposed\_labels () const
- const std::vector< std::string > & get\_status\_removed\_labels () const
- void print\_status\_codes () const
- · epiworld\_fast\_uint get\_default\_susceptible () const
- epiworld\_fast\_uint get\_default\_exposed () const

epiworld\_fast\_uint get\_default\_removed () const

### Set the user data object

#### **Parameters**

names string vector with the names of the variables.

- void set\_user\_data (std::vector< std::string > names)
- void add\_user\_data (unsigned int j, epiworld\_double x)
- void add\_user\_data (std::vector< epiworld\_double > x)
- UserData< TSeq > & get\_user\_data ()

### Queuing system

When queueing is on, the model will keep track of which agents are either in risk of exposure or exposed. This then is used at each step to act only on the aforementioned agents.

• void queuing on ()

Activates the queuing system (default.)

• void queuing\_off ()

Deactivates the queuing system.

bool is\_queuing\_on () const

Query if the queuing system is on.

Queue < TSeq > & get\_queue ()

Retrieve the Queue object.

# **Public Attributes**

- std::vector< epiworld double > array double tmp
- std::vector< Virus< TSeq > \* > array\_virus\_tmp

## **Friends**

- class Person < TSeq >
- class DataBase < TSeq >
- class Queue < TSeq >

# Setting and accessing parameters from the model

Tools can incorporate parameters included in the model. Internally, parameters in the tool are stored as pointers to an std::map<> of parameters in the model. Using the unsigned int method directly fetches the parameters in the order these were added to the tool. Accessing parameters via the std::string method involves searching the parameter directly in the std::map<> member of the model (so it is not recommended.)

The function  $set\_param()$  can be used when the parameter already exists in the model.

The par () function members are aliases for get\_param().

### **Parameters**

initial_val	
pname	Name of the parameter to add or to fetch

### Returns

The current value of the parameter in the model.

- epiworld\_double \* **p0**
- epiworld\_double \* p1
- epiworld double \* p2
- epiworld\_double \* p3
- epiworld double \* p4
- epiworld\_double \* p5
- epiworld double \* p6
- epiworld\_double \* p7
- epiworld\_double \* p8
- epiworld double \* p9
- epiworld\_double \* p10
- epiworld double \* p11
- epiworld\_double \* p12
- epiworld double \* p13
- epiworld\_double \* p14
- epiworld double \* p15
- epiworld double \* p16
- epiworld\_double \* p17
- epiworld double \* p18
- epiworld\_double \* p19
- epiworld double \* p20
- epiworld double \* p21
- epiworld double \* p22 epiworld double \* p23
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- epiworld\_double \* p25
- epiworld\_double \* p26
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- epiworld double \* p29
- epiworld double \* p30
- epiworld\_double \* p31
- epiworld\_double \* p32
- epiworld\_double \* p33
- epiworld double \* p34
- epiworld double \* p35
- epiworld\_double \* p36
- epiworld double \* p37
- epiworld\_double \* p38
- epiworld\_double \* p39
- unsigned int npar\_used = 0u
- epiworld double add param (epiworld double initial val, std::string pname)
- epiworld double set param (std::string pname)
- epiworld\_double get\_param (unsigned int k)
- epiworld double get param (std::string pname)
- epiworld\_double par (unsigned int k)
- epiworld\_double **par** (std::string pname)

# 3.5.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq = bool> class Model< TSeq >
```

Core class of epiworld.

The model class provides the wrapper that puts together Person, Virus, and Tools.

### **Template Parameters**

TSeq	Type of sequence. In principle, users can build models in which virus and human sequence is
	represented as numeric vectors (if needed.)

# 3.5.2 Member Function Documentation

### 3.5.2.1 add\_global\_action()

```
template<typename TSeq = bool>
void Model< TSeq >::add_global_action (
          std::function< void(Model< TSeq > *)> fun,
          int date )
```

Set a global action.

### **Parameters**

fun	A function to be called on the prescribed dates
date	Integer indicating when the function is called (see details)

When date is less than zero, then the function is called at the end of every day. Otherwise, the function will be called only at the end of the indicated date.

### 3.5.2.2 record\_variant()

Record new variants.

See function of the same name in in the DataBase class.

### 3.5.2.3 reset()

```
template<typename TSeq = bool>
void Model< TSeq >::reset ( )
```

Reset the model.

Resetting the model will:

- · clear the database
- restore the population (if set\_backup() was called before)
- · re-distribute tools
- · re-distribute viruses
- set the date to 0

### 3.5.2.4 reset status codes()

Reset all the status codes of the model.

The default values are those specified in the enum STATUS.

### **Parameters**

codes	In the following order: Susceptible, Infected, Removed
names	Names matching the codes
verbose	When true, it will print the new mappings.

# 3.5.2.5 run\_multiple()

### **Parameters**

nexperiments	Multiple runs of the simulation
--------------	---------------------------------

### 3.5.2.6 write\_data()

```
template<typename TSeq = bool>
void Model< TSeq >::write_data (
    std::string fn_variant_info,
    std::string fn_variant_hist,
    std::string fn_total_hist,
    std::string fn_transmission,
    std::string fn_transition ) const
```

Wrapper of DataBase::write\_data

### **Parameters**

fn_variant_info	Filename. Information about the variant.
fn_variant_hist	Filename. History of the variant.
fn_total_hist	Filename. Aggregated history (status)
fn_transmission	Filename. Transmission history.
fn_transition	Filename. Markov transition history.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/epiworld/config.hpp
- include/epiworld/model-bones.hpp

# 3.6 Person < TSeq > Class Template Reference

### Person (agents)

```
#include <person-bones.hpp>
```

## **Public Member Functions**

- void init (epiworld\_fast\_uint baseline\_status)
- void  ${\bf add\_tool}$  (int d,  ${\bf Tool}{<{\sf TSeq}>{\sf tool}}$ )
- void add\_virus (Virus < TSeq > \*virus)
- void rm\_virus (Virus < TSeq > \*virus)
- int get\_id () const

Id of the individual.

· unsigned int get index () const

```
Location (0, ..., n-1).
```

- std::mt19937 \* get\_rand\_endgine ()
- Model < TSeq > \* get\_model ()
- Virus< TSeq > & get\_virus (int i)
- PersonViruses < TSeq > & get\_viruses ()
- Tool < TSeq > & get\_tool (int i)
- PersonTools < TSeq > & get\_tools ()
- void mutate\_variant ()
- void add neighbor (Person< TSeq > \*p, bool check source=true, bool check target=true)
- std::vector< Person<  $TSeq > * > & get_neighbors ()$
- void update\_status ()
- · void update status (epiworld fast uint new status)
- · const epiworld\_fast\_uint & get\_status () const
- · const epiworld\_fast\_uint & get\_status\_next () const
- · void reset ()
- · bool has tool (unsigned int t) const
- bool has\_tool (std::string name) const
- · bool has\_virus (unsigned int t) const
- · bool has virus (std::string name) const

## Get the rates (multipliers) for the agent

### **Parameters**

v A pointer to a virus.

### Returns

epiworld\_double

- epiworld\_double get\_susceptibility\_reduction (Virus< TSeq > \*v)
- epiworld\_double get\_transmission\_reduction (Virus< TSeq > \*v)
- epiworld\_double get\_recovery\_enhancer (Virus < TSeq > \*v)
- epiworld\_double get\_death\_reduction (Virus< TSeq > \*v)
- void set update susceptible (UpdateFun < TSeq > fun)

Set the update functions.

- void set\_update\_exposed (UpdateFun< TSeq > fun)
- void set\_update\_removed (UpdateFun< TSeq > fun)

### **Friends**

- class Model < TSeq >
- class Tool < TSeq >
- class Queue < TSeq >

### 3.6.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq = bool> class Person< TSeq >

Person (agents)

**Template Parameters** 

TSeq | Sequence type (should match TSeq across the model)

### 3.6.2 Member Function Documentation

### 3.6.2.1 set\_update\_susceptible()

Set the update functions.

### **Parameters**



The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/epiworld/config.hpp
- include/epiworld/person-bones.hpp
- · include/epiworld/person-meat.hpp

# 3.7 PersonTools < TSeq > Class Template Reference

List of tools available for the individual to.

```
#include <persontools-bones.hpp>
```

# **Public Member Functions**

- void add\_tool (int date, Tool < TSeq > tool)
- epiworld\_double get\_susceptibility\_reduction (Virus< TSeq > \*v)
- epiworld double get\_transmission\_reduction (Virus< TSeq > \*v)
- epiworld\_double get\_recovery\_enhancer (Virus< TSeq > \*v)
- epiworld\_double get\_death\_reduction (Virus < TSeq > \*v)
- void set\_susceptibility\_reduction\_mixer (MixerFun< TSeq > fun)
- void set\_transmission\_reduction\_mixer (MixerFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_recovery\_enhancer\_mixer (MixerFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_death\_reduction\_mixer (MixerFun < TSeq > fun)
- size\_t size () const
- Tool < TSeq > & operator() (int i)
- Person < TSeq > \* get\_person ()
- Model < TSeq > \* get\_model ()
- · void reset ()
- · bool has\_tool (unsigned int t) const
- bool has\_tool (std::string name) const

### **Friends**

- class Person < TSeq >
- class Model < TSeq >

# 3.7.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq = bool> class PersonTools< TSeq >
```

List of tools available for the individual to.

**Template Parameters** 



The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/epiworld/config.hpp
- include/epiworld/persontools-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/persontools-meat.hpp

# 3.8 PersonViruses < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Set of viruses in host.

#include <personviruses-bones.hpp>

# **Public Member Functions**

- void add\_virus (epiworld\_fast\_uint new\_status, Virus < TSeq > v)
- · size t size () const
- int size active () const
- Virus< TSeq > & operator() (int i)
- void mutate ()
- void reset ()
- void deactivate (Virus < TSeq > &v)
- Person< TSeq > \* get\_host ()
- bool has\_virus (unsigned int v) const
- bool has\_virus (std::string vname) const

### **Friends**

- class Person< TSeq >
- class Model < TSeq >
- class Virus < TSeq >

# 3.8.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq = bool> class PersonViruses< TSeq >

Set of viruses in host.

**Template Parameters** 

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/epiworld/person-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/personviruses-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/personviruses-meat.hpp

# 3.9 Progress Class Reference

A simple progress bar.

```
#include cprogress.hpp>
```

### **Public Member Functions**

- Progress (int n\_, int width\_)
- void start ()
- · void next ()
- · void end ()

# 3.9.1 Detailed Description

A simple progress bar.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/epiworld/progress.hpp

# 3.10 Queue < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Controls which agents are verified at each step.

```
#include <queue-bones.hpp>
```

### **Public Member Functions**

- void operator+= (Person< TSeq > \*p)
- void operator-= (Person < TSeq > \*p)
- epiworld\_fast\_int operator[] (unsigned int i) const
- void set\_model (Model < TSeq > \*m)
- void update ()

### 3.10.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq = bool> class Queue< TSeq >
```

Controls which agents are verified at each step.

The idea is that only agents who are either in an infected state or have an infected neighbor should be checked. Otherwise it makes no sense (no chance to recover or capture the disease).

### **Template Parameters**

TSea	
1004	

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/epiworld/model-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/queue-bones.hpp

# 3.11 RandGraph Class Reference

### **Public Member Functions**

- RandGraph (int N\_)
- void init (int s)
- void set\_rand\_engine (std::mt19937 &e)
- epiworld\_double runif ()

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• include/epiworld/random\_graph.hpp

# 3.12 Tool< TSeq > Class Template Reference

Tools for defending the host against the virus.

#include <tools-bones.hpp>

# **Public Member Functions**

- Tool (std::string name="unknown tool")
- void **set\_sequence** (TSeq d)
- void set\_sequence\_unique (TSeq d)
- void set\_sequence (std::shared\_ptr< TSeq > d)
- std::shared\_ptr< TSeq > get\_sequence ()
- TSeq & get\_sequence\_unique ()
- void set\_name (std::string name)
- std::string **get\_name** () const
- Person< TSeq > \* get\_person ()
- unsigned int **get\_id** () const

### Get and set the tool functions

### **Parameters**

V	The virus over which to operate
fun	the function to be used

#### Returns

epiworld\_double

- epiworld\_double get\_susceptibility\_reduction (Virus< TSeq > \*v)
- epiworld\_double get\_transmission\_reduction (Virus< TSeq > \*v)
- epiworld\_double get\_recovery\_enhancer (Virus< TSeq > \*v)
- epiworld\_double get\_death\_reduction (Virus< TSeq > \*v)
- void set\_susceptibility\_reduction\_fun (ToolFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_transmission\_reduction\_fun (ToolFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_recovery\_enhancer\_fun (ToolFun< TSeq > fun)
- void set\_death\_reduction\_fun (ToolFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_susceptibility\_reduction (epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set\_transmission\_reduction (epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set\_recovery\_enhancer (epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set\_death\_reduction (epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set\_susceptibility\_reduction (epiworld\_double prob)
- void **set\_transmission\_reduction** (epiworld\_double prob)
- void set\_recovery\_enhancer (epiworld\_double prob)
- void set\_death\_reduction (epiworld\_double prob)

### **Friends**

- class PersonTools < TSeq >
- class Person < TSeq >
- class Model < TSeq >

## 3.12.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename TSeq = bool> class Tool< TSeq >
```

Tools for defending the host against the virus.

**Template Parameters** 

TSeq	Type of sequence

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/epiworld/config.hpp
- · include/epiworld/tools-bones.hpp
- · include/epiworld/tools-meat.hpp

# 3.13 UserData < TSeq > Class Template Reference

Personalized data by the user.

```
#include <userdata-bones.hpp>
```

### **Public Member Functions**

UserData (std::vector< std::string > names)

Construct a new User Data object.

- std::vector< std::string > & get\_names ()
- std::vector< int > & get\_dates ()
- std::vector< epiworld\_double > & get\_data ()
- void **get\_all** (std::vector< std::string > \*names=nullptr, std::vector< int > \*date=nullptr, std::vector< epiworld\_double > \*data=nullptr)
- · unsigned int nrow () const
- unsigned int ncol () const
- void write (std::string fn)
- · void print () const

# Append data

### **Parameters**

)	X	A vector of length ncol() (if vector), otherwise a epiworld_double.
j		Index of the data point, from 0 to ncol () - 1.

- void add (std::vector< epiworld\_double > x)
- void add (unsigned int j, epiworld\_double x)

### Access data

### **Parameters**

i	Row (0 through ndays - 1.)
j	Column (0 through ncols()).

### Returns

epiworld\_double&

- epiworld\_double & operator() (unsigned int i, unsigned int j)
- epiworld\_double & operator() (unsigned int i, std::string name)

# **Friends**

- class Model < TSeq >
- class DataBase< TSeq >

# 3.13.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq> class UserData< TSeq>

Personalized data by the user.

**Template Parameters** 

### 3.13.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 3.13.2.1 UserData()

Construct a new User Data object.

### **Parameters**

names A vector of names. The length of the vector sets the number of columns to record.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/epiworld/database-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/userdata-bones.hpp
- include/epiworld/userdata-meat.hpp

# 3.14 vecHasher < T > Struct Template Reference

Vector hasher.

```
#include <misc.hpp>
```

### **Public Member Functions**

• std::size\_t **operator()** (std::vector< T > const &dat) const noexcept

# 3.14.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename T> struct vecHasher< T>
```

Vector hasher.

### **Template Parameters**



The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· include/epiworld/misc.hpp

# 3.15 Virus < TSeq > Class Template Reference

### Virus.

```
#include <virus-bones.hpp>
```

### **Public Member Functions**

- Virus (std::string name="unknown virus")
- Virus (const Virus < TSeq > &v)
- Virus (Virus < TSeq > &&v)
- Virus< TSeq > & operator= (const Virus< TSeq > &v)
- · void mutate ()
- void set\_mutation (MutFun< TSeq > fun)
- const TSeq \* get\_sequence ()
- void set\_sequence (TSeq sequence)
- Person< TSeq > \* get\_host ()
- Model < TSeq > \* get\_model ()
- void set\_date (int d)
- int get\_date () const
- void set\_id (int idx)
- int **get\_id** () const
- bool is\_active () const
- void deactivate ()
- void **set\_name** (std::string name)
- std::string **get\_name** () const
- $std::vector < epiworld\_double > \& get\_data ()$

## Get and set the tool functions

### **Parameters**

٧	The virus over which to operate
fun	the function to be used

### Returns

epiworld\_double

- epiworld\_double get\_prob\_infecting ()
- epiworld\_double get\_prob\_recovery ()
- epiworld\_double get\_prob\_death ()

- void post\_recovery ()
- void set\_post\_recovery (PostRecoveryFun< TSeq > fun)
- void set\_post\_immunity (epiworld\_double prob)
- void set\_post\_immunity (epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set\_prob\_infecting\_fun (VirusFun< TSeq > fun)
- void set\_prob\_recovery\_fun (VirusFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_prob\_death\_fun (VirusFun < TSeq > fun)
- void set\_prob\_infecting (epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set\_prob\_recovery (epiworld\_double \*prob)
- void set prob death (epiworld double \*prob)
- void **set\_prob\_infecting** (epiworld\_double prob)
- void set\_prob\_recovery (epiworld\_double prob)
- void set\_prob\_death (epiworld\_double prob)

### **Friends**

- class Person < TSeq >
- class Model < TSeq >
- class PersonViruses < TSeq >
- class DataBase< TSeq >

# 3.15.1 Detailed Description

template<typename TSeq = bool> class Virus< TSeq >

### Virus.

**Template Parameters** 

TSeq

Raw transmisibility of a virus should be a function of its genetic sequence. Nonetheless, transmisibility can be reduced as a result of having one or more tools to fight the virus. Because of this, transmisibility should be a function of the host.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · include/epiworld/config.hpp
- include/epiworld/virus-bones.hpp
- · include/epiworld/virus-meat.hpp

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