Solving integro-differential equations in MATLAB

Case 1: $\ddot{a} + 2 a + 5 \int_{0}^{t} a(x) dx = 1$

Analytical Solution

```
In[\circ] := DSolveValue \Big[ \Big\{ eqn = a'[t] + 2a[t] = 1 - 5 \int_0^t a[x] dx, \ a[0] = 0 \Big\}, \ a[t], \ t \Big]
Out[\circ] = \mathbb{C}^{-t} Cos[t] Sin[t]
```

Numerical solution using MATLAB:

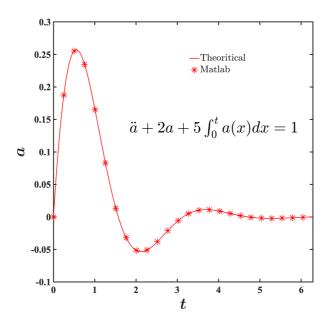
We will use the MATLAB ordinary differential equation solver **ode113** to solve this integro-differential equation. **Case1.m** contains the relevant codes for this. The idea is:

- 1. Find an initial guess of the solution. To do this, drop the integral part of the equation and solve.
- 2. Use the guess value from the first step to evaluate the integral part of the equation. Put this step in a while loop, minimizing the change in solution.

```
%% Testing the IntegroDifferential Equation solver
clc
clear
close all
%% Case 1: a'[t] == 1 - 2*a[t] - 5* \inf_0^t a[x] dx With a[0] = 0
tmax = 2*pi;
t = linspace(0,tmax,500);
%% Theoritical Solution (Using MATHEMATICA)
yth = exp(-t).*cos(t).*sin(t);
% ythGuess = 0.5*exp(-2*t).*(-1 + exp(2*t));
figure1 = figure('visible','on','WindowState','fullscreen','Color',[1x1x1]);
axes1 = axes('Parent', figure1);
hold(axes1,'on');
% plot(t, ythGuess,'r-','MarkerSize',20,'LineWidth',2,'DisplayName','Theoritical');
plot(t, yth,'r-','MarkerSize',20,'LineWidth',2,'DisplayName','Theoritical');
%% MATLAB Solution
odeOptions = odeset('AbsTol',1e-8,'RelTol',1e-8);
a0 = 0;
[t,guess] = ode45(@model0,t,a0,odeOptions);
guess = [t guess];
counter = 1; err = 1e4; Tol = 1e-8;
```

```
% [t,a] = ode113(@model, t, a0, odeOptions, guess);
while err > Tol
    [t,a] = ode113(@model, t, a0, odeOptions, guess);
    err = sum((a(:,1)-guess(:,2)).^2);
    fprintf(' %4i: %8.2e\n',[counter err]);
    wt = 0.5;
    guess = [t (1-wt)*guess(:,2) + wt*a(:,1)];
    counter = counter+1;
end
nskip = 20;
% plot(t(1:nskip:end), guess(1:nskip:end),'r*','MarkerSize',20,'LineWidth',2,'DisplayN
plot(t(1:nskip:end), a(1:nskip:end),'r*','MarkerSize',20,'LineWidth',2,'DisplayName','
legend1 = legend(axes1,'show');
set(legend1,...
    'Position',[0.45×0.75×0.263939012799944×0.0847176079734219],...
    'Interpreter','latex',...
    'FontSize',30,...
    'EdgeColor',[1×1×1]);
box(axes1,'on');
set(axes1, 'FontName', 'times new roman', 'FontSize', 30, 'FontWeight', 'bold',...
    'LineWidth',3);
axis square
xlim([0.0 tmax])
% ylim([0.0×1.0])
xlabel('\boldmath{$t$}','LineWidth',2,'FontWeight','bold','FontSize',50,...
             'FontName', 'times new roman',...
            'Interpreter', 'latex');
ylabel('\boldmath{$a$}','LineWidth',2,'FontWeight','bold','FontSize',50,...
    'FontName', 'times new roman',...
    'Interpreter', 'latex');
annotation(figure1,'textbox',...x
    [0.45\times0.53\times0.25\times0.10],...
    'String','^{\t}ddot^{\t} + 2a + ^{\t}int_^{\t}0^{\t}ta(x)dx = ^{\t}1^{\t},...
    'LineStyle', 'none',...
    'Interpreter','latex',...
    'HorizontalAlignment','center',...
    'FontSize',50,...
    'FitBoxToText','off');
function dadt = model0(~,a)
    % Generating Initial Guess
    dadt = 1.0 - 2.0*a;
end
function dadt = model(t,a,guess)
% Inside the while loop, getting to the actual solution
% Integro-differential equation
```

```
ys = @(s) interp1(guess(:,1), guess(:,2), s);
dadt = 1.0 - 2.0*a - 5*integral(@(s) ys(s), 0, t, 'RelTol', 1e-8, 'AbsTol', 1e-13);
```



Case 2: $\ddot{a} = \int_{0}^{t} a(x) dx$

Analytical Solution

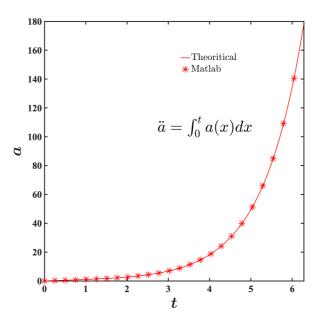
Numerical Solution using MATLAB

Case2.m contains the relevant codes for this.

```
%% Testing the IntegroDifferential Equation solver
clc
clear
close all
%% Case 2: a''[t] == a[t] - \int_0^t a[x]dx With a[0] = 0
tmax = 2*pi;
t = linspace(0,tmax,500);
%% Theoritical Solution (Using MATHEMATICA)
yth = (1/3) * \exp(-t/2) * (\exp(3*t/2) - \cos(\operatorname{sqrt}(3)*t/2) + \operatorname{sqrt}(3)*\sin(\operatorname{sqrt}(3)*t/2));
```

```
figure1 = figure('visible','on','WindowState','fullscreen','Color',[1x1x1]);
axes1 = axes('Parent',figure1);
hold(axes1,'on');
% plot(t, ythGuess,'r-','MarkerSize',20,'LineWidth',2,'DisplayName','Theoritical');
plot(t, yth,'r-','MarkerSize',20,'LineWidth',2,'DisplayName','Theoritical');
%% MATLAB Solution
odeOptions = odeset('AbsTol',1e-8,'RelTol',1e-8);
IC = [0; 1]; % IC = [a(0); a'(0)]
[t,guess] = ode45(@model0,t,IC,odeOptions);
guess = [t guess];
counter = 1; err = 1e4; Tol = 1e-8;
% [t,a] = ode113(@model, t, IC, odeOptions, guess);
while err > Tol
    [t,a] = ode113(@model, t, IC, ode0ptions, guess);
    err = sum((a(:,1)-guess(:,2)).^2);
    fprintf(' %4i: %8.2e\n',[counter err]);
    wt = 0.5;
    guess = [t (1-wt)*guess(:,2) + wt*a(:,1) guess(:,3)];
    counter = counter+1;
end
nskip = 20;
% plot(t(1:nskip:end), guess(1:nskip:end,1),'r*','MarkerSize',20,'LineWidth',2,'Displa
plot(t(1:nskip:end), a(1:nskip:end,1),'r*','MarkerSize',20,'LineWidth',2,'DisplayName'
legend1 = legend(axes1,'show');
set(legend1,...
    'Position',[0.45×0.75×0.263939012799944×0.0847176079734219],...
    'Interpreter', 'latex',...
    'FontSize',30,...
    'EdgeColor',[1×1×1]);
box(axes1,'on');
set(axes1,'FontName','times new roman','FontSize',30,'FontWeight','bold',...
    'LineWidth',3);
axis square
xlim([0.0 tmax])
% ylim([0.0×1.0])
xlabel('\boldmath{$t$}','LineWidth',2,'FontWeight','bold','FontSize',50,...
            'FontName', 'times new roman',...
            'Interpreter', 'latex');
ylabel('\boldmath{$a$}','LineWidth',2,'FontWeight','bold','FontSize',50,...
    'FontName', 'times new roman',...
    'Interpreter', 'latex');
annotation(figure1,'textbox',...x
    [0.45\times0.53\times0.25\times0.10],...
    'String','$\ddot{a} = \int_0^ta(x)dx$',...
    'LineStyle','none',...
    'Interpreter','latex',...
```

```
'HorizontalAlignment','center',...
    'FontSize',50,...
    'FitBoxToText','off');
function dadt = model0(~,a)
    % Generating Initial Guess
    dadt = [a(2); 0];
end
function dadt = model(t,a,guess)
% Inside the while loop, getting to the actual solution
% Integro-differential equation
ys = @(s) interp1(guess(:,1), guess(:,2), s);
dadt = [a(2); integral(@(s) ys(s), 0, t,'RelTol',1e-8,'AbsTol',1e-13)];
end
```



Case 3: $\ddot{a} = \int_0^t \dot{a}(x) dx$

```
log_{log} = DSolveValue[{eqn = b'[t] == \int_{0}^{t} b[x] dx, b[0] == 1}, b[t], t]
Out[*]= Cosh[t]
ln[\cdot]:= DSolveValue[{eqn = a'[t] == Cosh[t], a[0] == 0}, a[t], t]
Out[*]= Sinh[t]
```

Numerical Solution using MATLAB

Case3.m contains the relevant codes for this.

```
%% Testing the IntegroDifferential Equation solver
clc
```

```
clear
close all
%% Case 3: a''[t] == \int_0^t a'[x]dx With a[0] = 0
tmax = 2*pi;
t = linspace(0,tmax,500);
%% Theoritical Solution (Using MATHEMATICA)
% ythGuess = t;
yth = sinh(t);
figure1 = figure('visible','on','WindowState','fullscreen','Color',[1x1x1]);
axes1 = axes('Parent', figure1);
hold(axes1,'on');
% plot(t, ythGuess,'r-','MarkerSize',20,'LineWidth',2,'DisplayName','Theoritical');
plot(t, yth,'r-','MarkerSize',20,'LineWidth',2,'DisplayName','Theoritical');
%% MATLAB Solution
odeOptions = odeset('AbsTol',1e-8,'RelTol',1e-8);
IC = [0; 1]; % IC = [a(0); a'(0)]
[t,guess] = ode45(@model0,t,IC,odeOptions);
guess = [t guess];
counter = 1; err = 1e4; Tol = 1e-8;
% [t,a] = ode113(@model, t, IC, odeOptions, guess);
while err > Tol
    [t,a] = ode113(@model, t, IC, odeOptions, guess);
    err1 = sum((a(:,1)-guess(:,2)).^2);
    err2 = sum((a(:,2)-guess(:,3)).^2);
    err = max(err1,err2);
    fprintf(' %4i: %8.2e\n',[counter err]);
    wt = 0.5;
    guess = [t (1-wt)*guess(:,2) + wt*a(:,1) a(:,2)];
    counter = counter+1;
end
nskip = 20;
% plot(t(1:nskip:end), guess(1:nskip:end,1),'r*','MarkerSize',20,'LineWidth',2,'Displa
plot(t(1:nskip:end), a(1:nskip:end,1),'r*','MarkerSize',20,'LineWidth',2,'DisplayName'
legend1 = legend(axes1,'show');
set(legend1,...
    'Position',[0.45×0.75×0.263939012799944×0.0847176079734219],...
    'Interpreter', 'latex',...
    'FontSize',30,...
    'EdgeColor',[1×1×1]);
box(axes1,'on');
set(axes1, 'FontName', 'times new roman', 'FontSize', 30, 'FontWeight', 'bold',...
    'LineWidth',3);
axis square
xlim([0.0 tmax])
% ylim([0.0×1.0])
xlabel('\boldmath{$t$}','LineWidth',2,'FontWeight','bold','FontSize',50,...
```

```
'FontName', 'times new roman',...
            'Interpreter', 'latex');
ylabel('\boldmath{$a$}','LineWidth',2,'FontWeight','bold','FontSize',50,...
    'FontName','times new roman',...
    'Interpreter', 'latex');
annotation(figure1,'textbox',...x
    [0.45×0.53×0.25×0.10],...
    'String','$\ddot{a} = \int_0^t\dot{a}(x) dx$',...
    'LineStyle', 'none',...
    'Interpreter', 'latex',...
    'HorizontalAlignment','center',...
    'FontSize',50,...
    'FitBoxToText','off');
function dadt = model0(~,a)
    % Generating Initial Guess
    dadt = [a(2); 0];
end
function dadt = model(t,a,guess)
% Inside the while loop, getting to the actual solution
% Integro-differential equation
ys = @(s) interp1(guess(:,1), guess(:,3), s);
dadt = [a(2); integral(@(s) ys(s), 0, t,'RelTol',1e-8,'AbsTol',1e-13)];
end
```

