

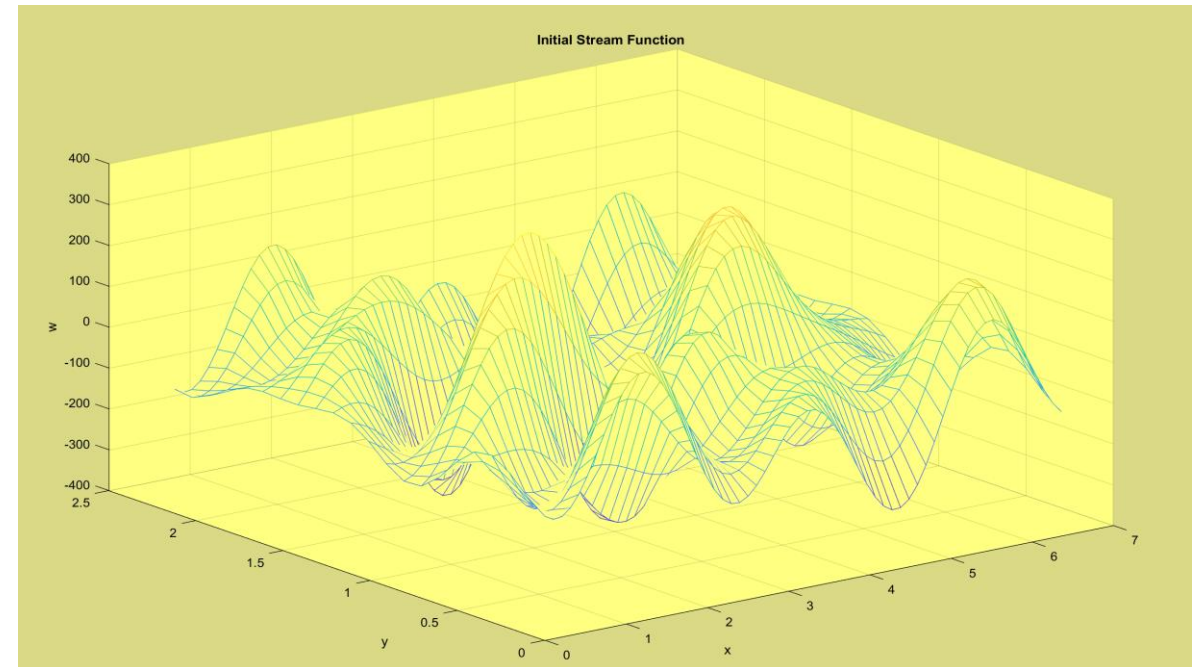
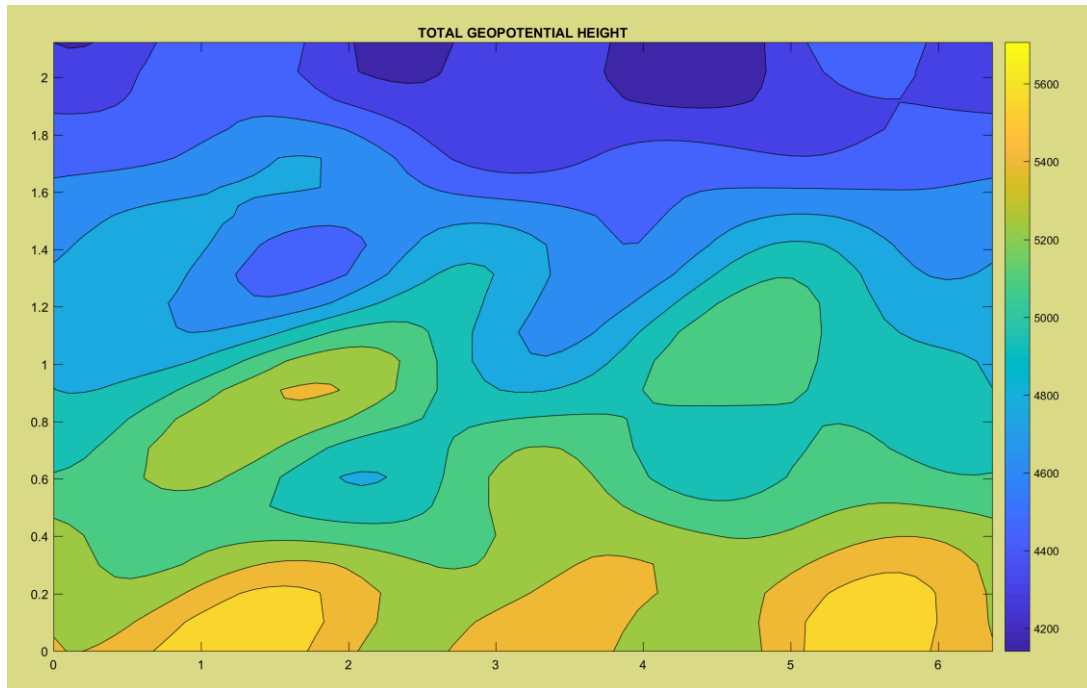
# Barotropic Vorticity Equation

$$\frac{d}{dt} (\nabla^2 - F) \psi + \frac{g}{f} J(\psi, \nabla^2 \psi) + \beta \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \psi = 0$$

- $\psi$  is stream function,  $\psi = \frac{g}{f} \Phi$ ,  $\Phi$  = Geopotential Height
- $g$  is gravity,  $f$  is Coriolis parameter:  $2\Omega \sin(\text{latitude})$ ,  $\Omega$  is planetary rotation rate
- $F$  is a regional average flow

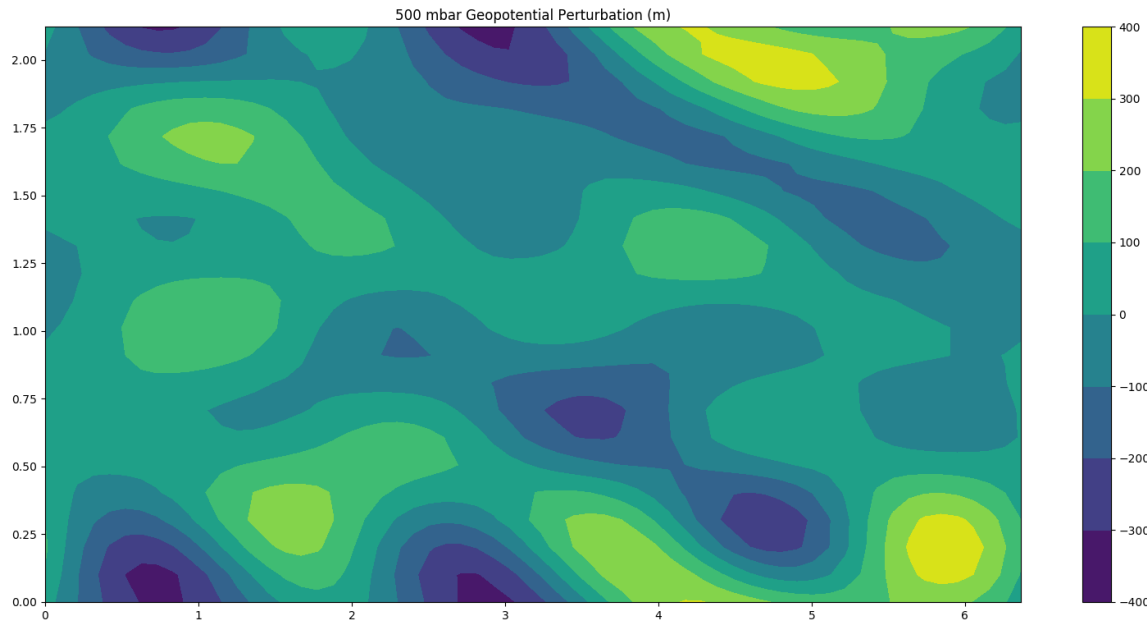
- $\beta = \frac{2\Omega \cos(\text{latitude})}{\text{Radius of Earth}}$

- $J(\psi, \nabla^2 \psi)$  is the Arakawa Jacobian,  $J(\psi, \nabla^2 \psi) = \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x} \frac{\partial (\nabla^2 \psi)}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial y} \frac{\partial (\nabla^2 \psi)}{\partial x}$



# Solving the Equation

- Generate an initial field, i.e. Geopotential Height/Stream Function



```
#set seed for same initial conditions every time
seed(a=2)

#randomize seed for different initial conditions
seed()

Z_0 = zeros((nx+1,ny+1));
# Set the incoming values.
Nwavex = 3
Nwavey = 3
Nwaves = (2*Nwavex+1)*(2*Nwavey+1)

for kwave in range(-Nwavex,Nwavex+1):
    for lwave in range(-Nwavey,Nwavey+1):
        Amplitude = (2000.0*2*(random()-0.5)) / Nwaves
        phase= 2*pi*(random()-0.5)
        term = cos(2*pi*(kwave*(XX/xlen)+lwave*(YY/ylen)+phase))
        Z_0 = Z_0 + Amplitude*term
```

- Take derivatives using finite difference method
- Solve the equation
- End up with solving Helmholtz equation over and over
- Adaptation of Leapfrog and Spectral methods (want something that preserves energy)