

The Datasets Library

Important Agenda in this chapter:

- What do you do when your dataset is not on the Hub?
- How can you slice and dice a dataset? (And what if you *really* need to use Pandas?)
- What do you do when your dataset is huge and will melt your laptop's RAM?
- What the heck are “memory mapping” and Apache Arrow?
- How can you create your own dataset and push it to the Hub?

What if my dataset isn't on the Hub?

😊 Datasets provides loading scripts to handle the loading of local and remote datasets. It supports several common data formats, such as:

Data format	Loading script	Example
CSV & TSV	csv	<code>load_dataset("csv", data_files="my_file.csv")</code>
Text files	text	<code>load_dataset("text", data_files="my_file.txt")</code>
JSON & JSON Lines	json	<code>load_dataset("json", data_files="my_file.jsonl")</code>
Pickled DataFrames	pandas	<code>load_dataset("pandas", data_files="my_dataframe.pkl")</code>

Some important notes on the `load_dataset` method:

1. It can take input a local file in above mentioned formats.
2. It can consume a zip file directly

3. It can consume a remote url and load the data

Slice and Dice

In this example we are loading a tsv data set and using the `load_dataset` with `csv` method and passing in the `\t` delimiter to load the data

Filter Dataset (example remove None columns)

Refer to code for the example

Creating a new column

Creating a new column named `review_length`, which contains the length of each review.

Refer the module 5 code for an example

Sorting the dataset

Dataset have a method `sort` which can sort based on the column, see the code for example

The `map()` method's superpowers

The code contains the example where we use `batched=True` to speed up the processing.

map function also has `num_proc` argument to run the computation parallelly

Dataset can be converted to a pandas df using:

`Dataset.set_format('pandas')`

Under the hood, `Dataset.set_format()` changes the return format for the dataset's `__getitem__()` dunder method. This means that when we want to create a new object like `train_df` from a `Dataset` in the `"pandas"` format, we need to slice the whole dataset to obtain a `pandas.DataFrame`. You can verify for yourself that the type of `drug_dataset["train"]` is `Dataset`, irrespective of the output format.

Creating a validation set

Saving a dataset

Data format	Function
Arrow	<code>Dataset.save_to_disk()</code>
CSV	<code>Dataset.to_csv()</code>
JSON	<code>Dataset.to_json()</code>