

PROBABILITY AND STATISTICS – PROBLEM SET 4

- (X, Y) is a two dimensional random variable with joint pdf $f(x, y) = x + y$, $0 < x < 1$, $0 < y < 1$. Compute the following.
 - $P[2X + 2Y < 1]$.
 - $P[2X + 2Y < 3]$.
 - $P[X \geq \frac{1}{2}]$.
 - $P[X \geq \frac{1}{2}, Y \geq \frac{1}{2}]$.
 - $P[Y \geq \frac{1}{2} | X \geq \frac{1}{2}]$.
 - $P[X + Y > 1 | X \geq \frac{1}{2}]$.
- Let $f(x, y) = x^2 + \frac{xy}{3}$, $0 \leq x \leq 1$, $0 \leq y \leq 2$. Verify that $f(x, y)$ is a joint pdf, and find $P[X + Y > 1]$.
- Let $f(x, y) = kx(x - y)$, $|y| < x \leq 2$. Find the value k such that $f(x, y)$ is a joint pdf, and compute the marginal pdfs of X and Y .
- From a box containing r red, g green, and b blue marbles, n marbles are drawn successively **with replacement**. Let X and Y respectively be the number of blue marbles and number of green marbles obtained in these n draws.
 - Determine the joint pmf of (X, Y) and compute the marginal pmfs.
 - Are X and Y independent?
 - For the particular case $r = 3$, $g = b = 2$, tabulate the joint pmf values and compute the coefficient of correlation between X and Y .
- The joint pdf of (X, Y) is $f(x, y) = 2e^{-x-2y}$, $x, y > 0$. Compute
 - $P[X > 1, Y < 1]$.
 - $P[X < Y]$.
 - $P[X < a]$.
- Compute the joint pdf of the random variable (X, Y) that is uniformly distributed over the region bounded by the curves $y = x^2$ and $y = x$. Also find the marginal pdfs of X and Y .
- If $f(x, y) = 2(x + y - 2xy)$, $0 \leq x, y \leq 1$, show that $Y \sim U[0, 1]$.
- Compute the marginal pdfs of X and Y and show that they are independent, given their joint pdf $f(X, Y)$.
 - $f(x, y) = 3 - 6x - y + 2xy$, $0 < x < \frac{1}{2}$, $0 < y < 2$.

- (b) $f(x, y) = e^{-2x - \frac{y}{2}}, x, y > 0$.
9. For each random variable (X, Y) with joint pdf $f(x, y)$ as given below, compute the coefficient of correlation ρ .
- (a) $f(x, y) = x + y, 0 < x, y < 1$.
- (b) $f(x, y) = 2x + 2y, 0 < y < x < 1$.
- (c) $f(x, y) = 8xy, 0 < x < y < 1$.
- (d) $f(x, y) = 2x - xy, 0 < x < 1, 0 < y < 2$.
- (e) $f(x, y) = \frac{1}{\pi}, x^2 + y^2 \leq 1$ [Uniform distribution in the unit disc centred at the origin].
- (f) $f(x, y) = \frac{2}{\pi}, y \geq 0, x^2 + y^2 \leq 1$.
- (g) $f(x, y) = \frac{4}{\pi}, x, y \geq 0, x^2 + y^2 \leq 1$.
- (h) $f(x, y) = \frac{1}{4}, (x, y) \in R$, where R is the square with vertices $(1, 1), (-1, 1), (-1, -1), (1, -1)$.
- (i) $f(x, y) = \frac{1}{2}, (x, y) \in R$, where R is the square with vertices $(1, 0), (0, 1), (-1, 0), (0, -1)$.

Are X and Y independent in all the cases where $\rho = 0$?