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12/13/22

Student Life Disability Services
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Physics SW Final

9) $d = 2.2\text{m}$ $\Delta x_B = 1.1\text{cm} = 0.011\text{m}$ $\Delta x_{\text{off}} = 27\text{cm} = 0.27\text{m}$

$$\frac{1}{2} k \Delta x_B^2 = \frac{1}{2} m v_B^2 \quad v_B = \frac{d - \Delta x_{\text{off}}}{t} \quad t = \frac{d - \Delta x_{\text{off}}}{v_B}$$

$$k \Delta x_R^2 = m v_R^2$$

$$v_R = \frac{d}{t}$$

$$v_R = \frac{d v_B}{(d - \Delta x_{\text{off}})}$$

$$v_R = \sqrt{\frac{k \Delta x_R^2}{m}} \quad v_B = \sqrt{\frac{k \Delta x_B^2}{m}}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{k \Delta x_R^2}{m}} = \frac{d \sqrt{\frac{k \Delta x_B^2}{m}}}{d - \Delta x_{\text{off}}}$$

$$\Delta x_R \cdot \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}} = \Delta x_B \cdot \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}} \cdot \frac{d}{d - \Delta x_{\text{off}}}$$

$$\Delta x_R = \frac{\Delta x_B d}{d - \Delta x_{\text{off}}} = \frac{0.011 \cdot 2.2}{2.2 - 0.27}$$

$$\Delta x_R \approx 0.01254\text{m} = 1.254\text{cm}$$

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$$10) R = 0.2 \text{ m} \quad m = 2 \text{ kg} \quad h_i = 3 \text{ m}$$

$$a) \Sigma F = ma = mg \sin \theta - \frac{T}{R} \quad ma + \frac{Ia}{R^2} = mg \sin \theta$$

$$ma + \frac{T}{R} = mg \sin \theta \quad ma + \frac{(\frac{1}{2}mR^2)a}{R^2} = mg \sin \theta$$

$$ma + \frac{Ia}{R} = mg \sin \theta \quad = a(1 + \frac{1}{2}) = g \sin \theta$$

$$a = \frac{g \sin \theta}{3/2} = \frac{2}{3} g \sin \theta = \frac{2}{3} \cdot 10 \cdot \sin(30^\circ)$$

$$\boxed{a = \frac{10}{3} \text{ m/s}^2}$$

$$b) mgh_i = \frac{1}{2}mv_f^2 + \frac{1}{2}I\omega_f^2 = \frac{1}{2}m(\omega_f R)^2 + \frac{1}{2}I\omega_f^2$$

$$2mgh_i = m\omega_f^2 R^2 + \frac{1}{2}mR^2\omega_f^2 = \frac{3}{2}mR^2\omega_f^2 = 3I\omega_f^2$$

$$3I\omega_f^2 = 2mgh_i \quad \frac{1}{2}I\omega_f^2 = \frac{1}{3}mgh_i = \frac{1}{3} \cdot 2 \cdot 10 \cdot 3$$

$$\boxed{\frac{1}{2}I\omega_f^2 = 20 \text{ J}}$$

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$$1) P_A = 4 \text{ atm} \quad V_A = 0.5 \text{ L} \quad P_B = 4 \text{ atm} \quad V_B = 2 \text{ L} \\ P_C = 1 \text{ atm} \quad V_C = 2 \text{ L} \quad T_C = 300 \text{ K}$$

$$a) PV = nRT \quad n = \frac{P_C V_C}{RT_C} \quad T_A = \frac{P_A V_A}{nR} = \frac{P_A V_A}{R} \cdot \frac{RT_C}{P_C V_C} = \frac{P_A V_A T_C}{P_C V_C}$$

$$T_A = \frac{4 \cdot 10^5 \cdot 0.5 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot 300}{10^5 \cdot 2 \cdot 10^{-3}} = \boxed{300 \text{ K}}$$

$$T_B = \frac{P_B V_B T_C}{P_C V_C} = \frac{4 \cdot 10^5 \cdot 2 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot 300}{10^5 \cdot 2 \cdot 10^{-3}} = \boxed{1200 \text{ K}}$$

b)

$$A \rightarrow B) \text{ Isobaric: } W = -P \Delta V = -4 \cdot 10^5 \cdot (2 - 0.5) \cdot 10^{-3} = \boxed{-600 \text{ J}}$$

$$B \rightarrow C) \text{ Isochoric: } \boxed{W = 0}$$

$$C \rightarrow A) \text{ Isothermal: } W = nRT \ln\left(\frac{V_i}{V_f}\right) = \frac{P_C V_C}{RT_C} \cdot R \cdot T_C \cdot \ln\left(\frac{V_i}{V_f}\right) = P_C V_C \ln\left(\frac{V_i}{V_f}\right) \\ W = 10^5 \cdot 2 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot \ln\left(\frac{2}{0.5}\right) \approx \boxed{277.2589 \text{ J}}$$

c)

$$A \rightarrow B) \Delta E_{\text{int}} = nC_V \Delta T = \frac{P_C V_C}{RT_C} \cdot \frac{3}{2} R \cdot (T_B - T_A) = \frac{P_C V_C}{T_C} \cdot \frac{3}{2} (T_B - T_A)$$

$$\Delta E_{\text{int}} = \frac{10^5 \cdot 2 \cdot 10^{-3}}{300} \cdot \frac{3}{2} \cdot (1200 - 300) = \boxed{900 \text{ J}}$$

$$B \rightarrow C) \Delta E_{\text{int}} = nC_V \Delta T = \frac{P_C V_C}{RT_C} \cdot \frac{3}{2} R \cdot (T_A - T_B) = \frac{10^5 \cdot 2 \cdot 10^{-3}}{300} \cdot \frac{3}{2} \cdot (300 - 1200)$$

$$\Delta E_{\text{int}} = \boxed{-900 \text{ J}}$$

$$C \rightarrow A) \Delta E_{\text{int}} = 0 \text{ bc Isothermal.}$$

d)

$$A \rightarrow B) Q = n C_p \Delta T = \frac{P_c V_c}{R T_c} \cdot \frac{5}{2} R \cdot (T_B - T_A) = \frac{10^5 \cdot 2 \cdot 10^{-2}}{300} \cdot \frac{5}{2} \cdot (1200 - 300)$$

$$Q = 1500 \text{ J}$$

$$B \rightarrow C) Q = \Delta E_{int} = -900 \text{ J}$$

$$C \rightarrow A) Q = n R T \ln \left(\frac{V_f}{V_i} \right) = \frac{P_c V_c}{R T_c} \cdot R \cdot T_c \cdot \ln \left(\frac{V_c}{V_i} \right) = P_c V_c \ln \left(\frac{V_f}{V_i} \right)$$

$$Q = 10^5 \cdot 2 \cdot 10^{-2} \cdot \ln \left(\frac{0.5}{2} \right) \approx -277.2589 \text{ J}$$

e)

$$e = 1 - \frac{|Q_c|}{|Q_H|} = 1 - \frac{|-900 - 277.2589|}{|1500|} \approx 0.2152 = 21.5\%$$

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12) S: $X = 10.8 \text{ ly}$ $V = 0.3c$

S':

Earth

Probe

Epsilon

a) $V = \frac{X}{t}$ $t = \frac{X}{V} = \frac{10.8c \text{ years}}{0.3c} = \boxed{36 \text{ years}}$

b) $t = t_p \gamma$ $t_p = \frac{t}{\gamma} = t \sqrt{1 - v^2/c^2} = 36 \cdot \sqrt{1 - 0.3^2} \approx \boxed{34.3418 \text{ yrs.}}$

c) S: $X = 10.8 \text{ ly}$ $V_1 = 0.3c$ $V_2 = -0.7c$

$$u' = \frac{u - v}{1 - uv/c^2}$$

u' is velocity of interceptor by Probe.

u is velocity of interceptor by rest frame

v is velocity of probe by rest frame

$$u' = \frac{-0.7c - 0.3c}{1 - (-0.7) \cdot 0.3} \approx \boxed{-0.8264c}$$