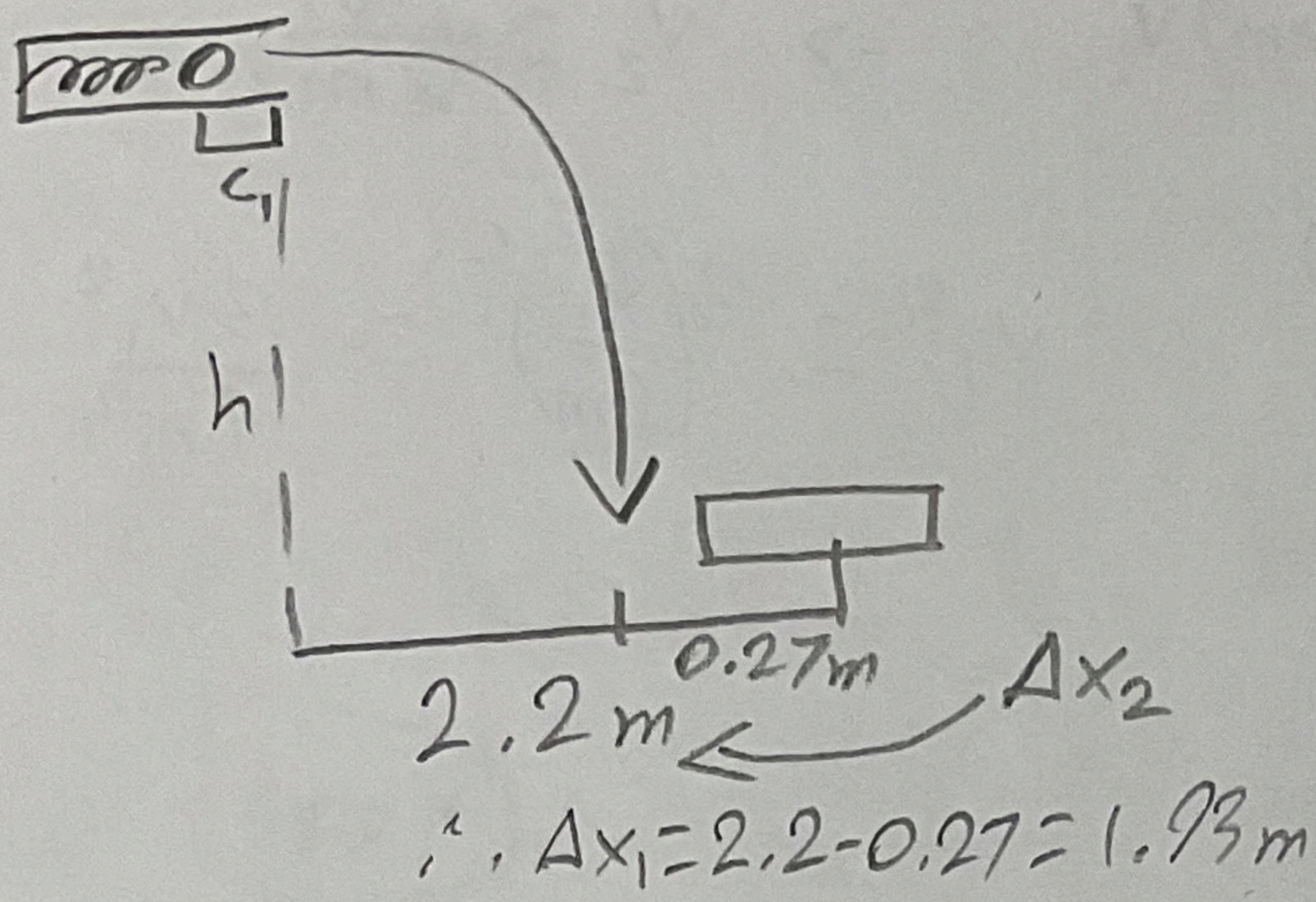


Q9



$$\frac{KC^2}{2} = \frac{mv^2}{2} \quad \Delta x = \sqrt{\Delta t}$$

$$\therefore \Delta x_1 = v_1 \Delta t \rightarrow v_1 = \frac{\Delta x_1}{\Delta t}$$

$$\Delta x_2 = v_2 \Delta t \rightarrow v_2 = \frac{\Delta x_2}{\Delta t}$$

$$\frac{KC_1^2}{2} = \frac{mv_1^2}{2} \rightarrow K = \frac{mv_1^2}{C_1^2}$$

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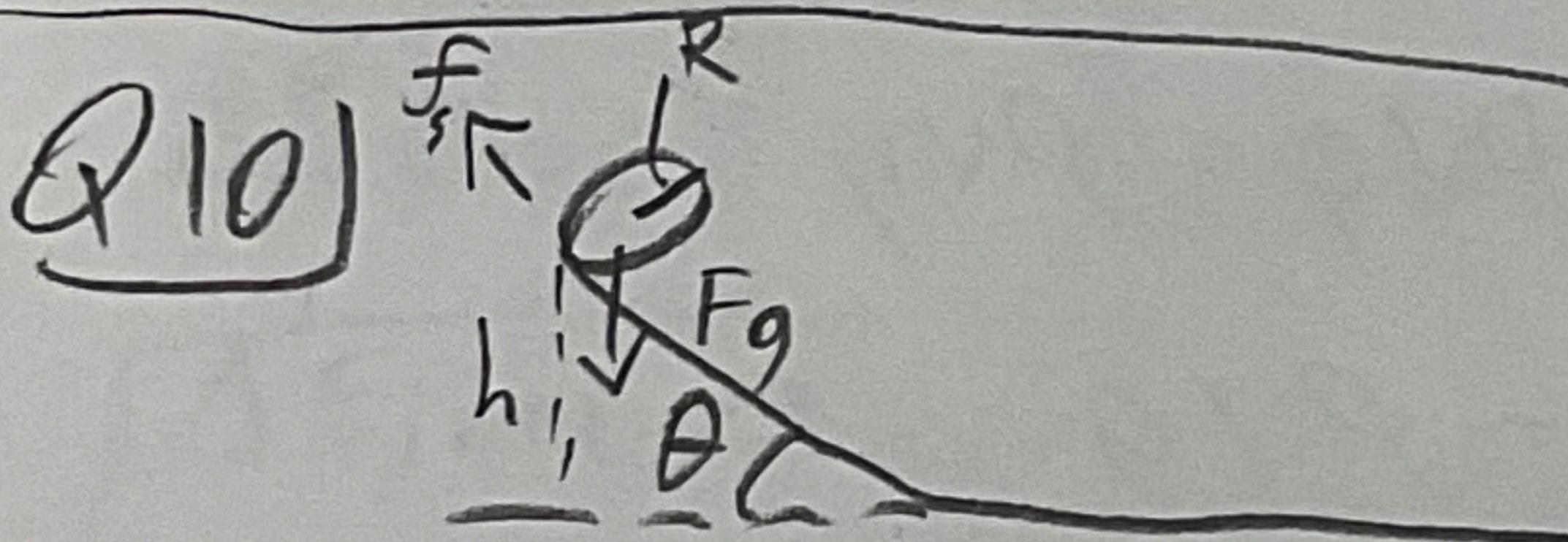
$$\therefore \frac{mv_1^2}{C_1^2} = \frac{mv_2^2}{C_2^2}$$

$$\frac{(\Delta x_1)^2}{C_1^2} = \frac{(\Delta x_2)^2}{C_2^2}$$

$$\frac{\Delta x_1^2}{C_1^2} = \frac{\Delta x_2^2}{C_2^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} C_2 &= \sqrt{\frac{\Delta x_2^2 C_1^2}{\Delta x_1^2}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{2.2^2 \cdot 0.011^2}{1.93^2}} \\ &= 0.01254 \text{ m} \\ C_2 &= 1.254 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

Since h is constant, Δt is constant.



$$R = 0.2 \text{ m} \quad m = 2 \text{ kg} \quad h = 3 \text{ m} \quad \theta = 30^\circ$$

$$a) \sum F_x = ma = m \sin \theta g - f_s \quad \alpha = \frac{a}{R}$$

$$\sum F = I\alpha = R f_s$$

$$\hookrightarrow f_s = m g \sin \theta - ma = \frac{I\alpha}{R} = \frac{Ia}{R^2}$$

$$\hookrightarrow m g \sin \theta = \frac{Ia}{R^2} + ma$$

$$3 \triangle \sin \theta = \frac{3}{x} \rightarrow x = \frac{3}{\sin \theta} = 6$$

$$\therefore \sqrt{2 \cdot 3 \cdot 33 \cdot 6} = 6.3246 \text{ m}$$

$$\rightarrow \Delta t = \frac{6.3246}{3.33} = 1.897 \text{ s} \quad \text{never mind...} \quad \hookrightarrow a = \frac{m g \sin \theta}{m + \frac{I}{R^2}} = \frac{2 \cdot 10 \cdot \sin(30)}{2 + \frac{0.04}{0.2^2}}$$

$$\therefore \omega = \frac{3.33}{0.2} \cdot 1.897 = 31.62278 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}}$$

$$\therefore 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 10 = \frac{2 \cdot 6.3246^2}{2} + K_{\text{rot}}$$

$$\therefore K_{\text{rot}} = 19.999 \rightarrow B$$

A	$a = 3.33 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$
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