## PHP MySQL WHERE Clause

In this tutorial you will learn how to select the records from a MySQL database table based on specific conditions using PHP.

## Filtering the Records

The WHERE clause is used to extract only those records that fulfill a specified condition.

The basic syntax of the WHERE clause can be given with:

```
SELECT column_name(s) FROM table_name WHERE column_name operator value
```

Let's make a SQL query using the WHERE clause in SELECT statement, after that we'll execute this query through passing it to the PHP mysqli\_query() function to get the filtered data.

Consider we've a *persons* table inside the *demo* database that has following records:

The following PHP code selects all the rows from the *persons* table where first\_name='john':

```
$sql = "SELECT * FROM persons WHERE first_name='john'";
if($result = mysqli_query($link, $sql)){
   if(mysqli_num_rows($result) > 0){
       echo "";
          echo "";
              echo "id";
              echo "first_name";
              echo "last_name";
              echo "email";
          echo "":
       while($row = mysqli_fetch_array($result)){
          echo "";
              echo "" . $row['id'] . "";
              echo "" . $row['first_name'] . "";
              echo "" . $row['last_name'] . "";
              echo "" . $row['email'] . "";
          echo "";
       echo "";
       // Close result set
       mysqli_free_result($result);
   } else{
       echo "No records matching your query were found.";
}
} else{
   echo "ERROR: Could not able to execute $sql. " .
mysqli_error($link);
}
// Close connection
mysqli_close($link);
?>
```

After filtration the result set will look something like this:

```
+---+
| id | first_name | last_name | email | |
+---+
| 2 | John | Rambo | johnrambo@mail.com |
| 4 | John | Carter | johncarter@mail.com |
+---+
```