Algorithms Lab

Connecting Cities

Goal

▶ find a largest set of vertex disjoint edges

Goal

find a largest matching

Goal

find a largest matching

BGL: $O(VE) = O(n^2)$.

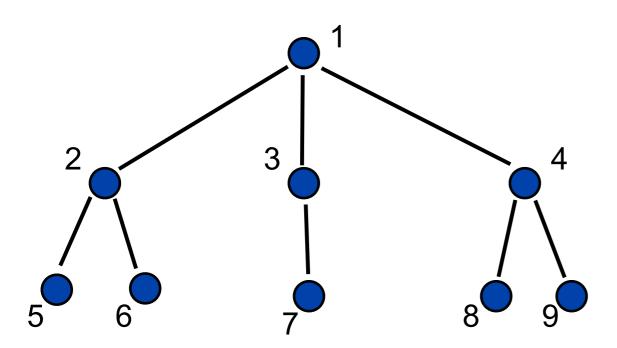
(hits timelimit on the second test set)

Observation:

input graph is a **tree**

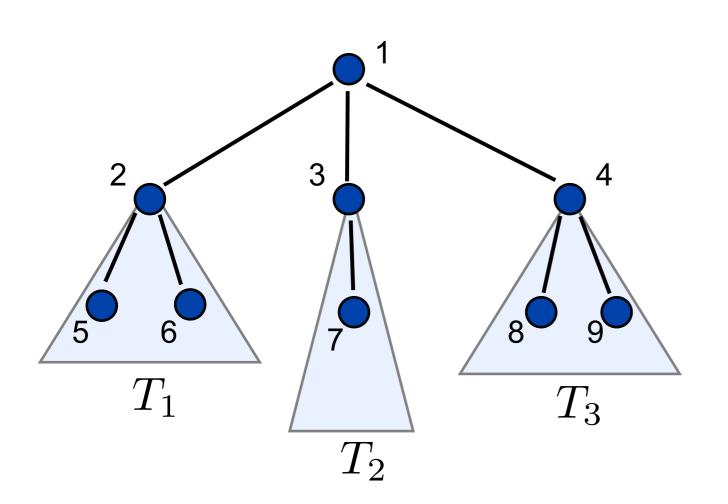
Observation:

input graph is a **tree**



Observation:

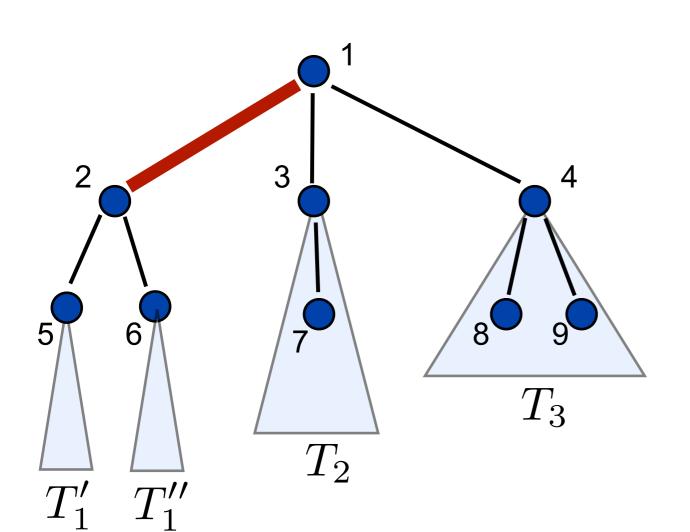
input graph is a tree



- don't take any edge incident to 1
- ightharpoonup no edge between T_1, T_2, T_3
- max-matching in each subtree can be found independently!

Observation:

input graph is a tree



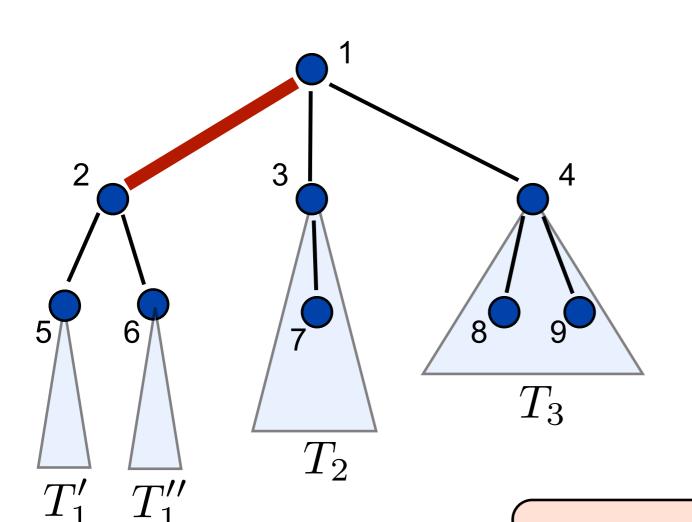
- ▶ take edge 1-2
- no edge between

$$T_1', T_1'', T_2, T_3$$

max-matching in each subtree can be found independently!

Observation:

input graph is a tree



- ▶ take edge 1-2
- no edge between

$$T_1', T_1'', T_2, T_3$$

max-matching in each subtree can be found independently!

Similarly for edges 1-3 and 1-4

Generalize previous example as a Dynamic Programming

- Let c(v) be the set of descendants of v in the tree
- Let M(v) be the size of the largest matching in the subtree rooted at v

$$M(v) = \max \left\{ \sum_{w \in c(v)} M(w) \atop \max_{a \in c(v)} 1 + \sum_{w \in c(v) \setminus a} M(w) + \sum_{w' \in c(a)} M(w') \right\}$$

```
\sum_{w \in c(v)} M(w)
                          \max_{a \in c(v)} 1 + \sum_{w \in c(v) \setminus a} M(w) + \sum_{w' \in c(a)} M(w')
matching(v) {
  S = 0;
  for all w in c(v) : S = S + M(w);
  M(v) = S;
  for all a in c(v)
      S = 1;
      for all w in c(v) \setminus a
        S = S + M(w);
      for all w' in c(a)
         S = S + M(w');
      M(v) = max(M(v), S);
```

```
\sum_{w \in c(v)} M(w)
M(v) = \max
                         \max_{a \in c(v)} 1 + \sum_{w \in c(v) \setminus a} M(w) + \sum_{w' \in c(a)} M(w')
matching(v) {
  S = 0;
  for all w in c(v) : S = S + M(w);
  M(v) = S;
                                 If v has n-1 descendants - \mathcal{O}(n^2)
  for all a in c(v)
      S = 1;
      for all w in c(v) \ a
        S = S + M(w);
      for all w' in c(a)
        S = S + M(w');
     M(v) = max(M(v), S);
```

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M(v) = \max \left\{ \sum_{w \in c(v)} M(w) \atop \max_{a \in c(v)} 1 + \sum_{w \in c(v) \setminus a} M(w) + \sum_{w' \in c(a)} M(w') \right\}
```

```
matching(v) {
   S = 0;
   for all w in c(v) : S = S + M(w);
   M(v) = S; M'(v) = S;

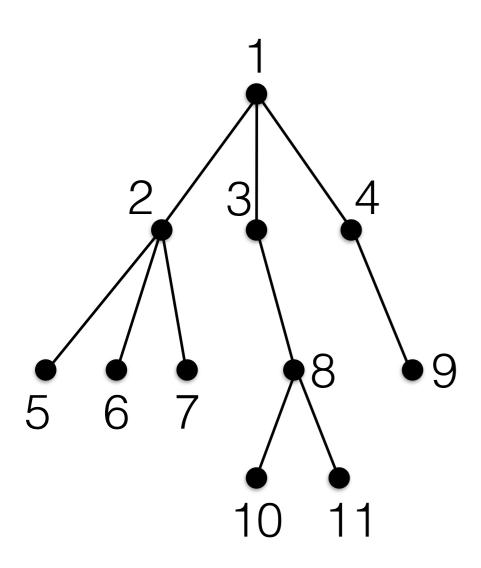
  for all a in c(v)
      S = 1 + M'(v) - M(a);
      for all w' in c(a)
        S = S + M(w');
      M(v) = max(M(v), S);
}
```

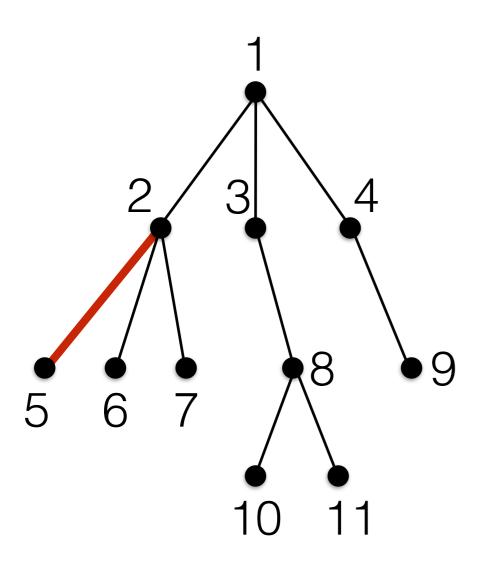
$$M(v) = \max \left\{ \sum_{w \in c(v)} M(w) \atop \max_{a \in c(v)} 1 + \sum_{w \in c(v) \setminus a} M(w) + \sum_{w' \in c(a)} M(w') \right\}$$

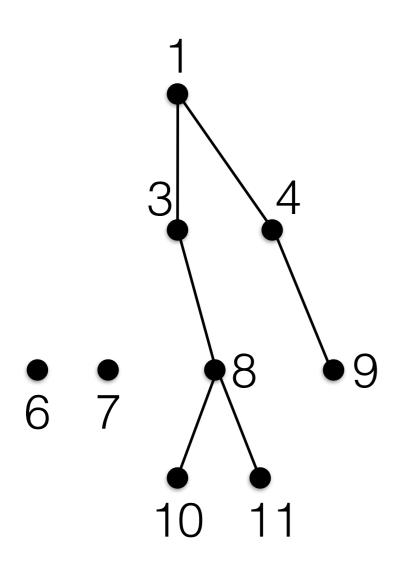
```
matching(v) {
    S = 0;
    for all w in c(v) : S = S + M(w);
    M(v) = S; M'(v) = S;

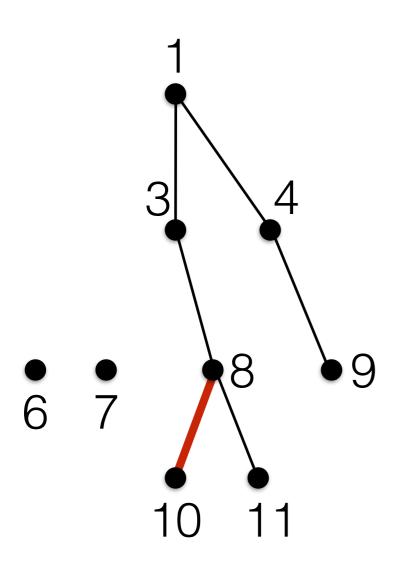
    for all a in c(v)
        S = 1 + M'(v) - M(a);
        for all w' in c(a)
        S = S + M(w');
        M(v) = max(M(v), S);
}
```

Exercise: show that the running time is linear!



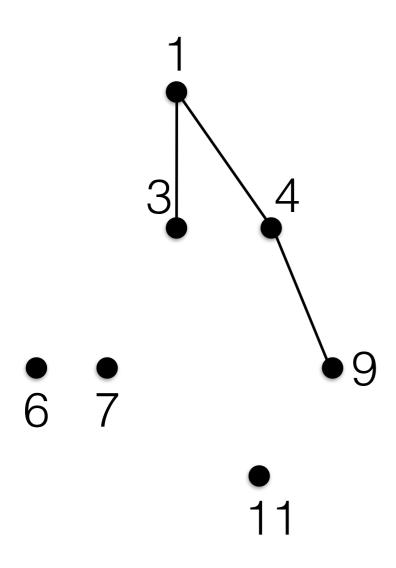






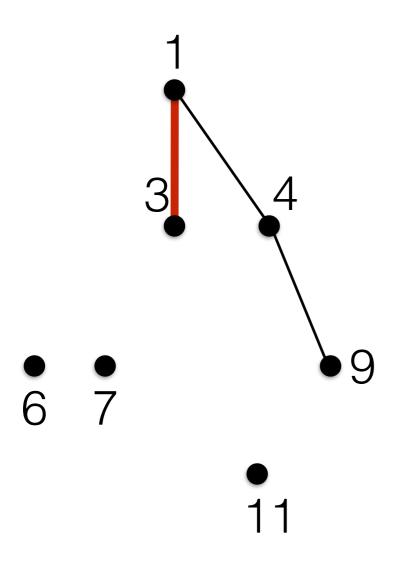
Repeat: take an edge which contains a leaf and remove its endpoints

{2,5},{10,8}



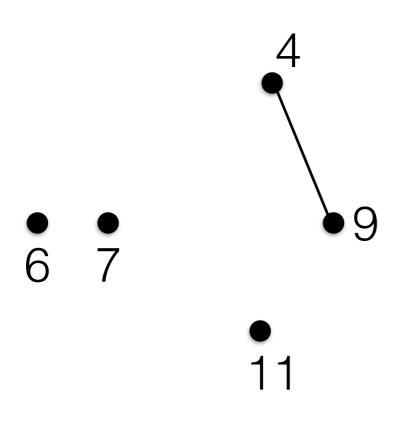
Repeat: take an edge which contains a leaf and remove its endpoints

{2,5},{10,8}

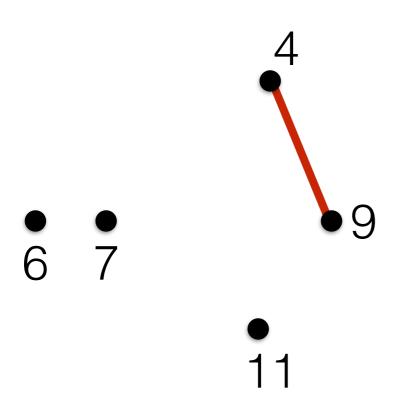


Repeat: take an edge which contains a leaf and remove its endpoints

{2,5},{10,8},{1,3}



{2,5},{10,8},{1,3}



Repeat: take an edge which contains a leaf and remove its endpoints

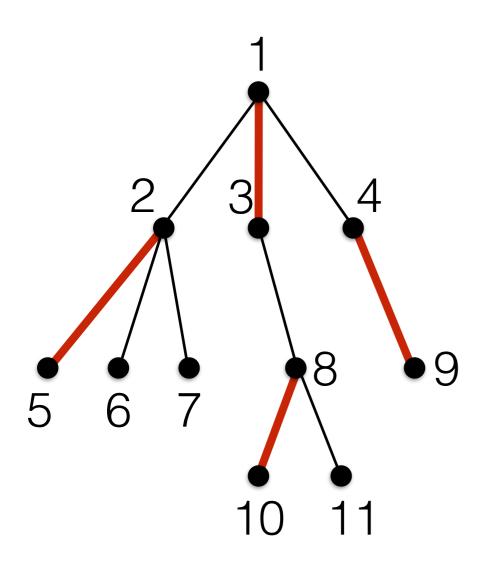
{2,5},{10,8},{1,3},{4,9}

Repeat: take an edge which contains a leaf and remove its endpoints

6 7

• 11

 $\{2,5\},\{10,8\},\{1,3\},\{4,9\}$



Repeat: take an edge which contains a leaf and remove its endpoints

Correctness can be proven using the exchange argument (see slides from Week 2)

{2,5},{10,8},{1,3},{4,9}