

### 32-bit microcontroller

# HC32L110 / HC32F003 / HC32F005 Series Base Timer

Huada MCU exchange group: 164973950

#### Suitable

series	Product number
HC32L110	HC32L110C6UA
	HC32L110C6PA
	HC32L110C4UA
	HC32L110C4PA
	HC32L110B6PA
	HC32L110B4PA
HC32F003	HC32F003C4UA
	HC32F003C4PA
HC32F005	HC32F005C6UA
	HC32F005C6PA
	HC32F005D6UA



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#### 1 Summary

This application note mainly introduces the function and usage of Base Timer of HC32L110 / HC32F003 / HC32F005 series Law.

#### 2 Introduction to Timer

What is a Timer?

Timer, timer, the function is to repeatedly trigger the timer event of the specified window within the specified time interval.

(Quoted from 'Baidu Encyclopedia', 'Interactive Encyclopedia', 'Wikipedia')

Timer basic principle?

The timer generally counts or measures the time by counting the number of pulses of the known input clock signal, and the internal structure of each timer is realized.

In fact, it is a programmable adding counter, plus some control logic, and is programmed to set its working mode and state.

Timer application? da MCU exchange group: 164973950

A timer, a very common external device that can be used to measure time intervals, used to generate events or determine

The time interval between two events can also be used to count external events, generate specific waveforms, etc.



### 3 Base Timer

- Buzzer function

#### 3.1 Introduction

The Base timer of BGI HC32L110 / HC32F003 / HC32F005 series MCU includes three timers TIM0/1/2.
The TIM0/1/2 functions are identical. TIM0/1/2 is a synchronous timer/counter, which can be used as a timer for the 16-bit auto-reload function
/counter, can also be used as a 32-bit timer/counter without reload function. TIM0/1/2 can count external pulses or
implement system timing.
The functions of this module include:
- Counting function
Used to measure the number of times an event occurs, the input signal is sampled by the internal Pclk.
- Timing function
Used to generate interval timing, the timer accumulates once every clock, and counts to the maximum value to generate an overflow interrupt.

The function of driving the Buzzer can be realized through the inversion output function of the timer.

- Interconnect function da MCU exchange group: 164973950

Through the internal interconnection, the automatic identification of the UART baud rate can be realized, the width of the VC comparison output can be measured, and the external control counting can be realized.



#### 3.2 Description

In this part, the Base Timer of the HC32L110 / HC32F003 / HC32F005 series will be mainly introduced, including registers and functions. work process.

#### 3.2.1 Register introduction

The operation of the Base Timer module is mainly carried out through the following registers:

abbreviation	register name
TIMx_ARR	TIM0/1/2 reload registers
TIMx_CNT	TIM0/1/2 16-bit mode count register
TIMx_CNT32	TIM0/1/2 32-bit mode count register
TIMx_CR	TIM0/1/2 Control Register
TIMx_IFR	TIM0/1/2 Interrupt Flags
TIMx_ICLR	TIM0/1/2 Interrupt Clear Register

#### 3.2.2 Workflow Introduction

#### Base Timer unified workflow:

- 1. Configure counting clock, working mode, gating, etc.; ange group: 164973950
- 2. Set initial count value or comparison value, reload value;
- 3. Start the timer;
- 4. Wait for the interrupt and process the result (if needed);
- 5. Stop the timer.



### 4 Sample code

#### 4.1 Code introduction

Users can write their own code to learn and verify the module according to the above workflow, or directly through Huada Semiconductor

The sample code downloaded from the website to BT (Base Timer) directly uses the API functions provided by the BT driver library for coding and calibration.

test application.

The following sections briefly describe the functionality of the various parts of the code:

1) BT data declaration and initialization:

```
//BT TEST DATA INIT
stc_bt_config_t stcConfig;
en_result_t enResuith3Ærtor;
u32InitCntData = 0xFFFF0000;
```

2) Interrupt and initialization configuration code:

```
//INT ENABLE
  EnableNvic(TIM0_IRQn, 3, TRUE);
  Bt_EnableIrq(TIM0);
                           Jexchange group: 164973950
  //Count external ext0, GPIO configuration
  Gpio_SetFunc_EXT0_P34();
  stcConfig.enGateP = BtPositive;
  stcConfig.enGate = BtGateDisable;
  stcConfig.enPRS = BtPCLKDiv8;
  stcConfig.enTog = TogDisable;
  stcConfig.enCT = BtCounter;
  stcConfig.enMD = BtMode1;
  stcConfig.pfnTim0Cb = Bt0Int;
  if (Ok != Bt_Init(TIM0, &stcConfig)) {
    enResult = Error;
Bt_Cnt32Set(TIM0, u32InitCntData);
```

3) BT starts and runs:

Bt\_Run(TIM0);



4) BT waits for the interruption to stop and process the result:

The counting function operation of external 32K clk using BT's TIM0 can be completed through the above code.

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#### 4.2 Code running

Users can download the BT sample code through the website of Huada Semiconductor, and run the relevant code with the evaluation board to learn and use

BT module.

The following sections describe how to run the BT sample code on the evaluation board and observe the results:

- Make sure to install the correct IAR (or Keil, here IAR is used as a sample description, the operation method in Keil is similar) tool (please download the corresponding installation package from Huada Semiconductor, and refer to the user manual for installation).
- Download the BT sample code from the Huada Semiconductor website.
- Download and run the sample code:
  - 1) Open the bt\_cnt project, and open the 'main.c' view as follows:

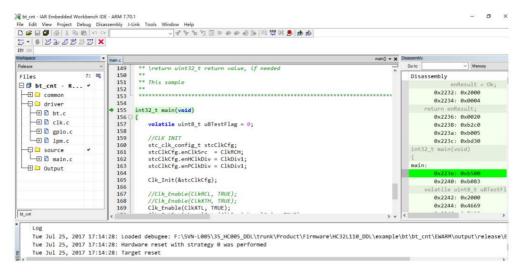


2) Click Recompile to link the entire project.

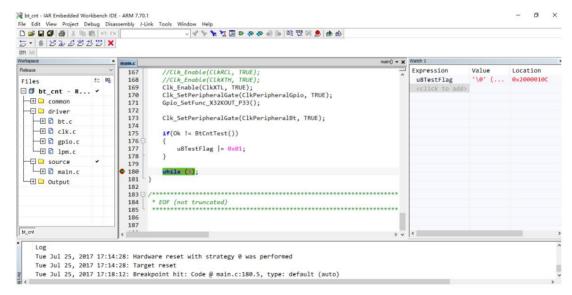
3) Click to download the code to the evaluation board.



4) You can see a view similar to the following:



- 5) Set a breakpoint on the line after 'main(void)':
- 6) This example needs to use jumper to connect P33 and P34 ports on the Demo board.
- 7) Click "View -> Watch -> Watch1" to open a 'watch1' window, and add the 'u8TestFlag' variable to observe its value.
- 8) Click Run.
- 9) The code runs and stops at the breakpoint of 'main(void)'. If 'u8TestFlag = 0', it means that the encoding and verification functions are executed correctly, as shown in the following figure:



- 10) You can close the project file after running.
- 11) Users can also learn the timing, Buzzer and other functions of Base Timer through other samples or their own research.



### 5 Summary

The above chapters briefly introduced the Base Timer of the HC32L110 / HC32F003 / HC32F005 series, and explained in detail

The registers and operation flow of the Base Timer module demonstrate how to use the relevant sample code for operation and use.

During development, users can configure and use other functions of Base Timer according to their own needs.

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#### 6 Version Information & Contact Information

date	Version rev	ision record
2018/6/4	Rev1.0 initia	al release



If you have any comments or suggestions in the process of purchasing and using, please feel free to contact us.

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Application Note

