

Вопрос 1

Задача 1

а)

$$(1) \ell_e(x) \leq p(x, x, x).$$

$$(5) \ell_=(x, y) \leq \forall z \forall t (p(z, t, x) \Leftrightarrow p(z, t, y)).$$

$$(2) \ell_{\%3}(x) \leq \exists y_1 \exists y_2 \exists y_3 (r(y_1, y_2) \& r(y_2, y_3) \& r(y_1, y_3) \& \exists z (p(y_1, y_2, z) \& p(y_3, z, x))).$$

$$(3) \ell_z(x) \leq \forall y \forall z (p(y, z, x) \Rightarrow (\ell_e(y) \vee \ell_e(z)) \& \neg \ell_e(x)).$$

$$(4) \ell_{diff}(x) \leq \exists y \exists y' \exists z \exists z' (p(y, y', x) \& p(z', z, x) \& \ell_z(y) \& \ell_z(z) \& \neg \ell_=(y, z)).$$

б)

$$\ell \leq \exists x \exists y \exists z (\ell_z(x) \& \ell_z(y) \& \ell_z(z) \& \neg \ell_=(x, y) \& \neg \ell_=(x, z) \& \neg \ell_=(y, z)).$$

заг (2)

За Γ_1 модел е следната стр. (ако
за $\Gamma \subseteq \Gamma_1$)

$$A = \langle \Sigma^A; p^A, e^A, c^A \rangle$$

за всяка азбука Σ с поне 2 букви

$$p^A(u, v, w) \leq u \vee v = w$$

$$e^A \leq e$$

$$e^A(u) \text{ може за } e \begin{cases} \leq u = e \\ \leq u \in \Sigma \end{cases}$$

Следователно за Γ модел е

$$B = \langle N; p^B, e^B \rangle$$

$$p^B(n, m, k) \leq n + m = k$$

$$c^B \leq 0$$

Задание 2

30210 a)

$$(1) \mathcal{L}_e(x) \equiv f(x, x) \doteq x.$$

$$(2) \mathcal{L}_{\%3}(x) \equiv \exists y_1 \exists y_2 \exists y_3 (g(y_1) \doteq g(y_2) \wedge g(y_2) \doteq g(y_3) \wedge g(y_1) \doteq g(y_3) \wedge f(f(y_1, y_2), y_3) \doteq x).$$

$$(3) \mathcal{L}_2(x) \equiv \forall y \forall z (f(y, z) \doteq x \Rightarrow \mathcal{L}_e(y) \vee \mathcal{L}_e(z) \wedge \neg \mathcal{L}_e(x)).$$

$$(4) \mathcal{L}_{diff}(x) \equiv \exists y \exists z \exists t (f(y, f(z, t)) \doteq x \wedge$$

$$\mathcal{L}_z(y) \wedge \mathcal{L}_z(t) \wedge \neg (y \doteq t)).$$

$$(5) \mathcal{L}_{(5)}(x) \equiv \forall z \forall t (f(z, t) \doteq x \wedge \neg \mathcal{L}_e(z) \wedge \neg (t \doteq z) \Rightarrow \neg \exists t' (f(t', z) \doteq y))$$

3002 zeigen zu P_1, Q u zu $P \subseteq P_1$

$$f = \langle \overline{2}^k; f^{\pi}, c^{\pi}, h^{\pi} \rangle$$

$$\varphi^A(u, v) \leq u \circ v$$

$$e^{\mathcal{A}} \leq e$$

$$h^A(u) \leq u$$