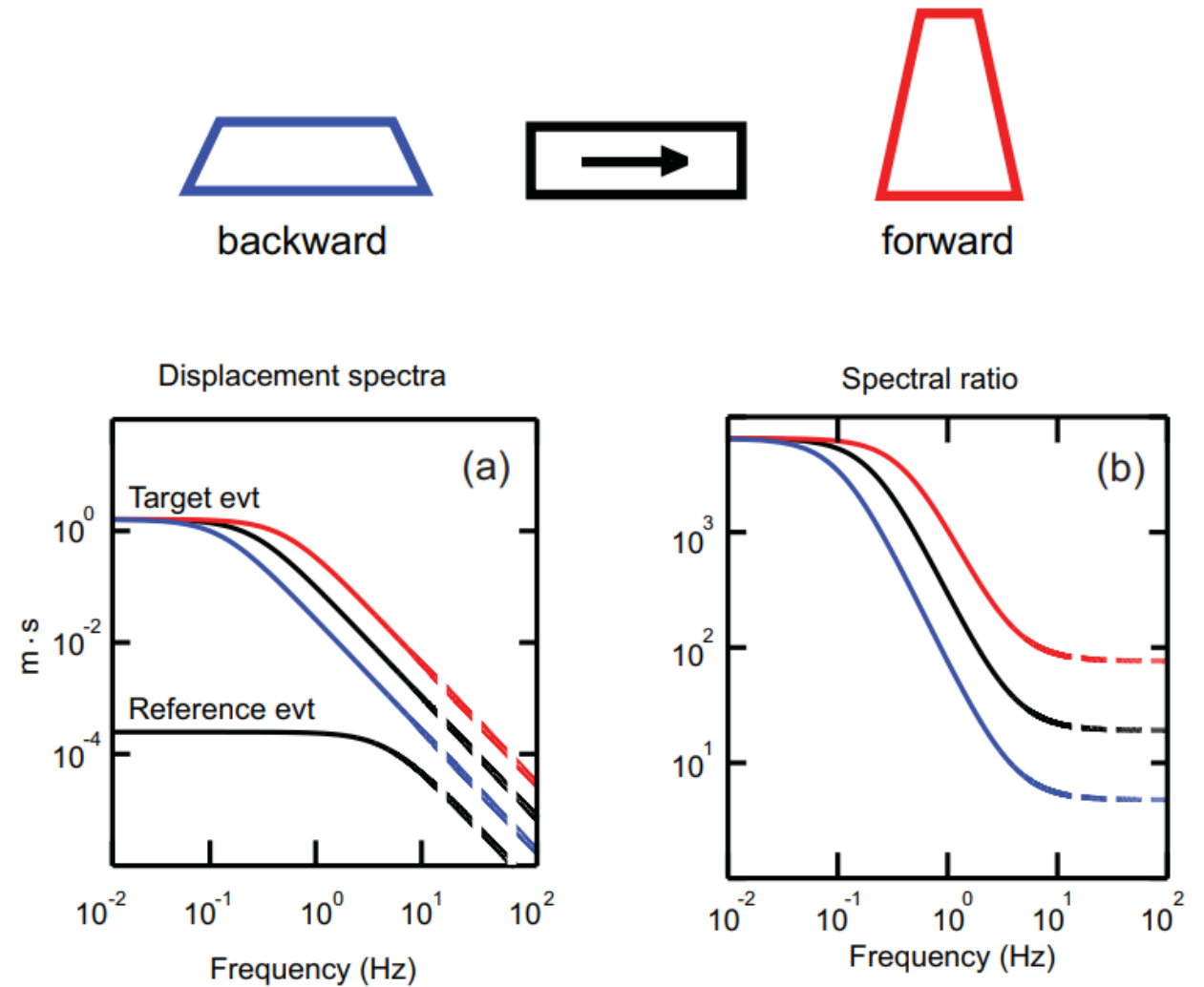


Source Spectrum

- EGF-based spectral ratio contain information on the source parameters, e.g. stress drop, rupture area etc.
- Rupture directivity can be inferred from azimuthal variation of the corner frequency and high/low frequency component (e.g. Zhou et al 2022)

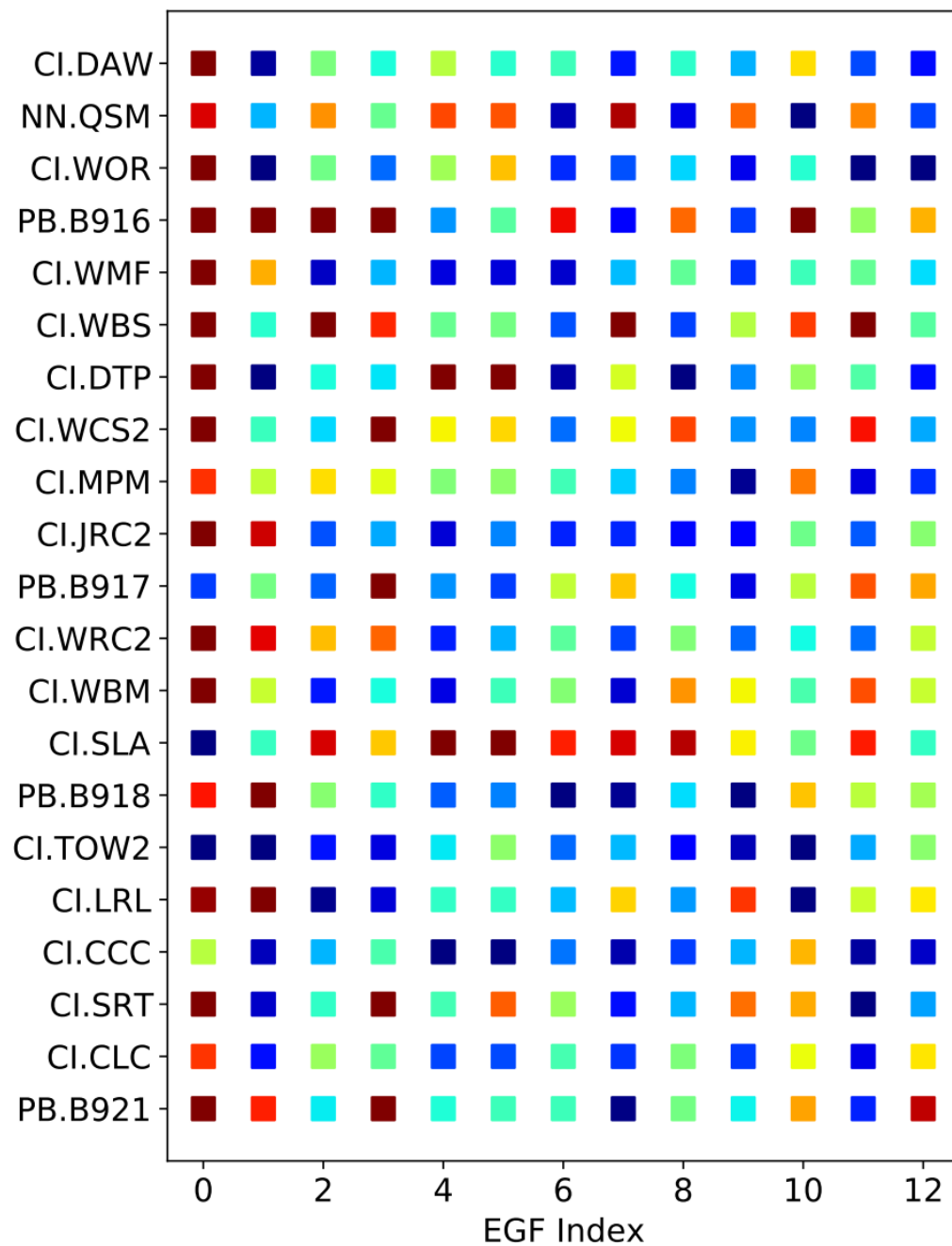


Source Spectrum

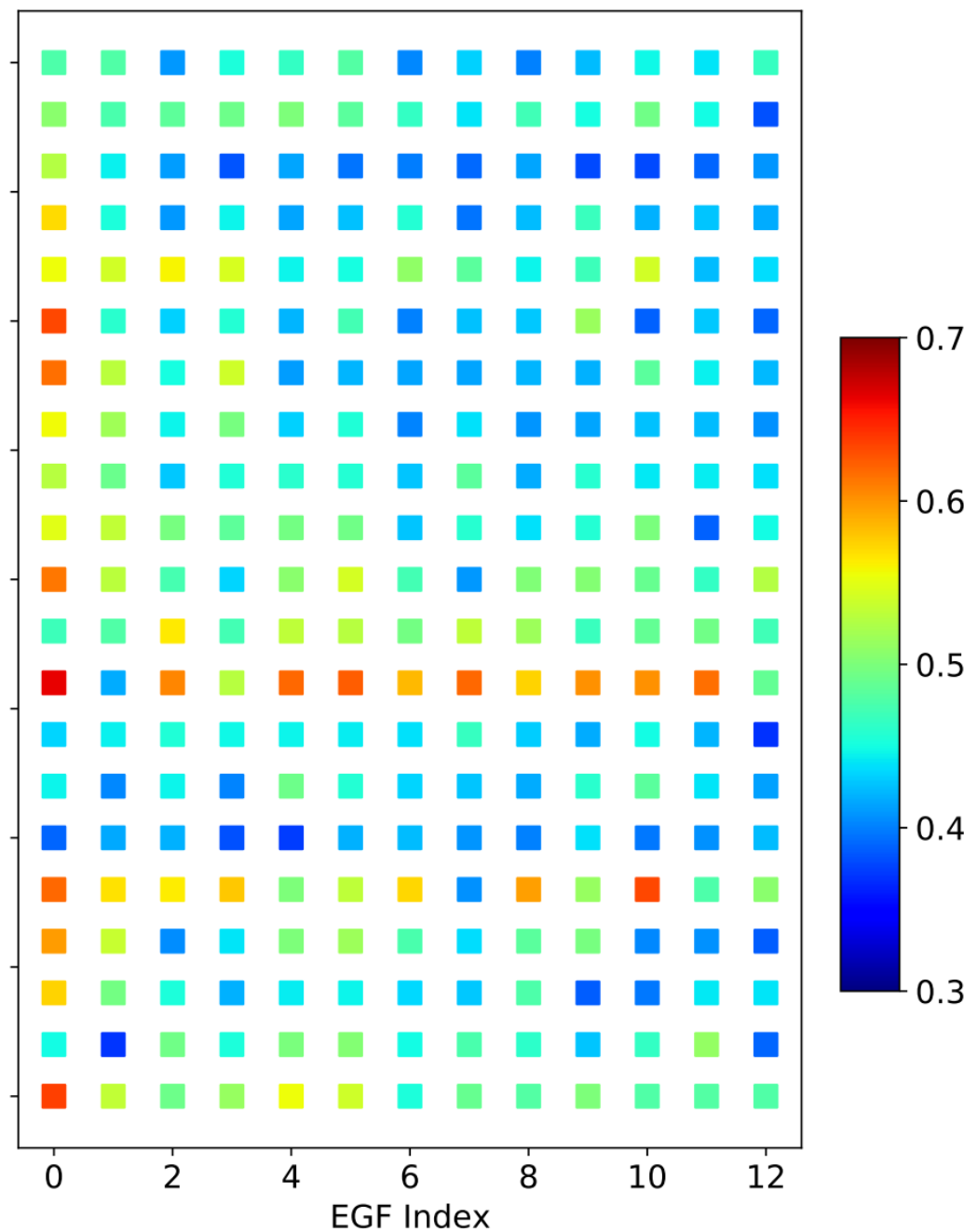
- Inputs
 - fpha_tar: phases for the target events
 - fctlg_all: catalog that contain all available events
 - fsta (station_eg.csv): station file
- Outputs
 - spectrum of target & EGFs
 - comparison of spectral ratio on different stations
 - stacked spectral ratio and estimated source parameters

Input	Operation	Output	<i>Notes</i>
fctlg_all & fsta	<i>select_egf_loc.py</i>	fpha_egf_org	select EGF by time, location, & magnitude
fpha_tar & fpha_egf_org	<i>cut_events.py</i>	input/events_tar input/events_egf	cut raw data
fpha_egf_org & input/events_egf	<i>pick_events.py</i>	fpha_egf_org	refine original pick with STA/LTA
fpha_egf_org	<i>calc_egf-cc.py</i> & <i>plot_egf-cc.py</i>	eg_tar-egf.cc & eg_tar-egf-cc.pdf	
eg_tar-egf.cc	<i>select_egf_cc.py</i>	fpha_egf	select with CC (not strict criteria as well)
fpha_egf	<i>plot_waveform-events.py</i>	evid_name.pdf	inspect selected events

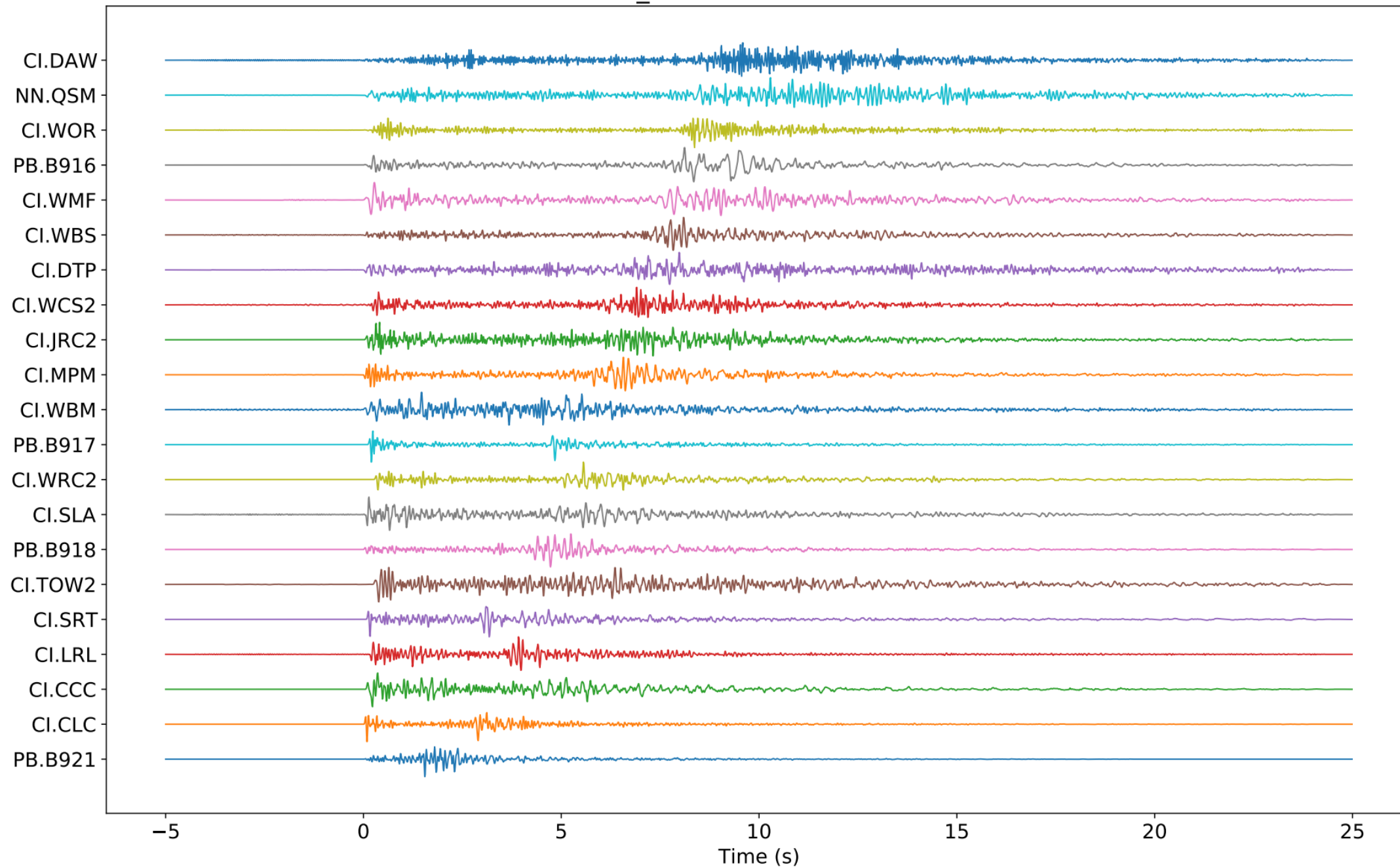
P-wave CC



S-wave CC



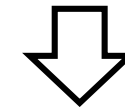
Event Waveform: 4_20190709060548.71 M2.55 Z 1-20Hz



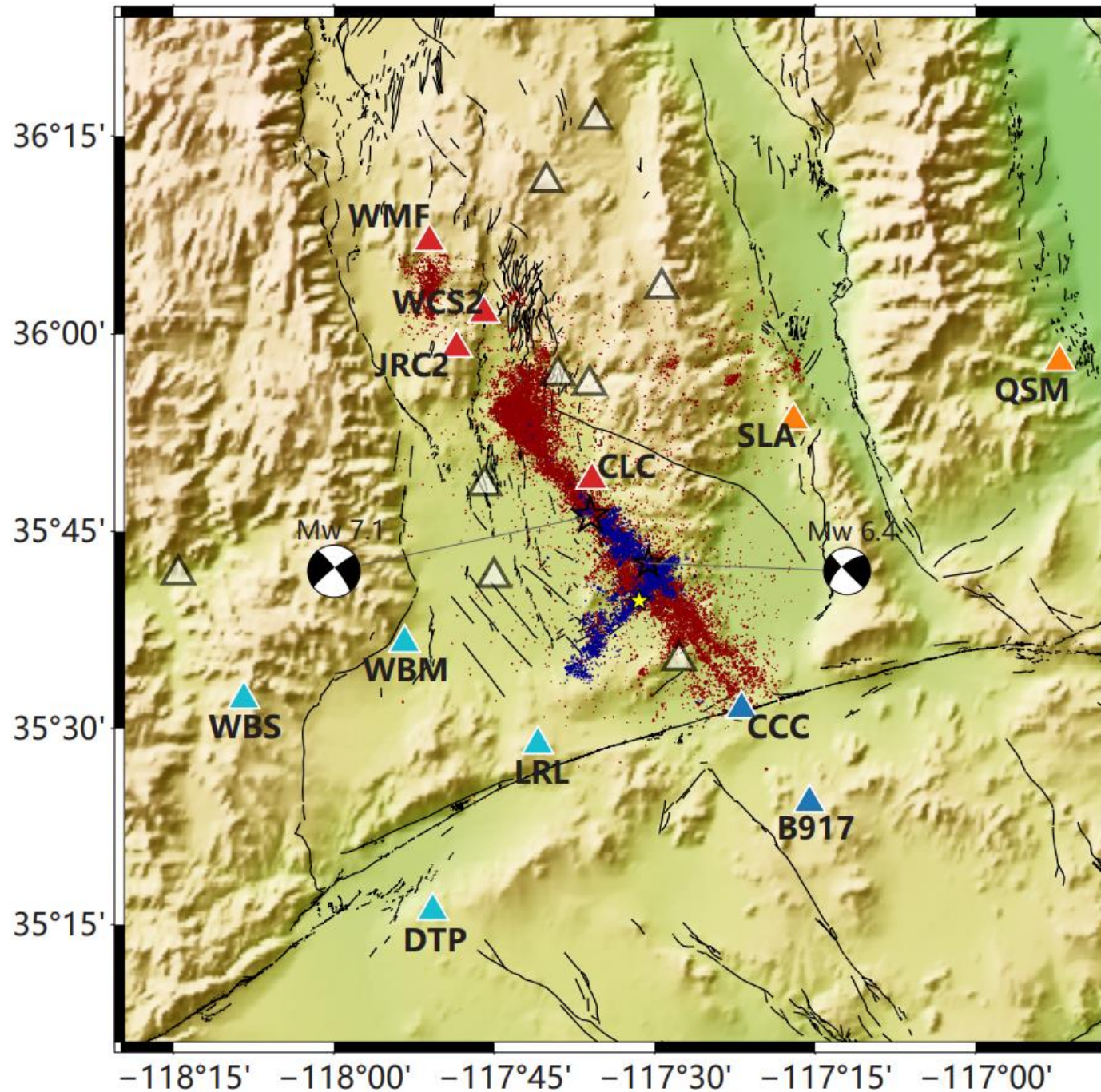
Spectral Ratio Calculation and Analysis

Input	Operation	Output	<i>Notes</i>
fpha_egf & fpha_tar	<i>plot_spec-s.py</i>	eg_spec-s_name.pdf	check the consistency between spectrum of EGFs
fpha_egf & fpha_tar	<i>plot_spec-ratio-compare.py</i>	eg_spec-ratio-compare_name.pdf	resolve rupture directivity first to determine the fault plane
fpha_egf & fpha_tar	<i>plot_spec-ratio-stack.py</i>	eg_spec-ratio-stack_name.pdf	use fault-normal stations to estimate source parameters

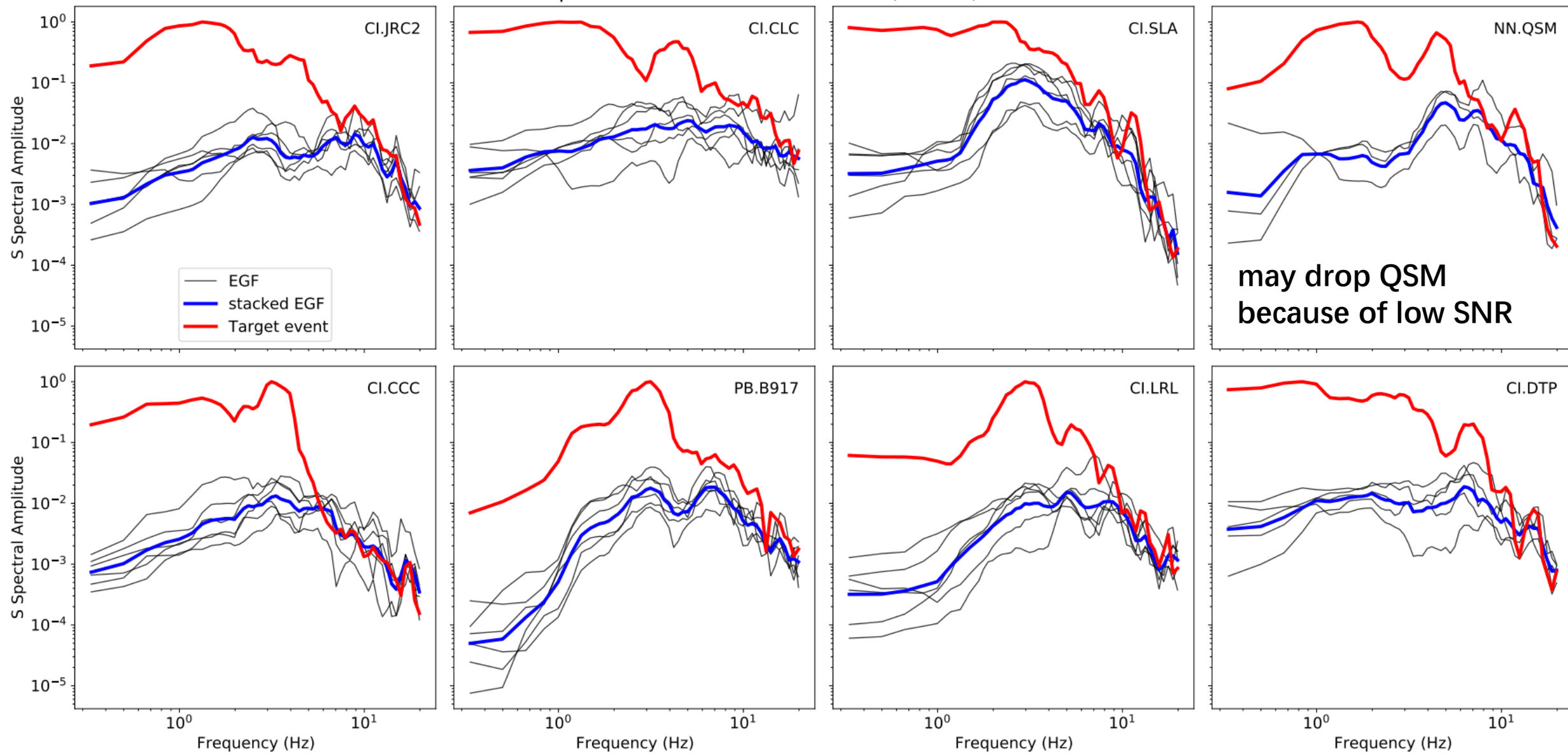
Aftershocks show two
fault trends, thus
two possible rupture
directivity exists



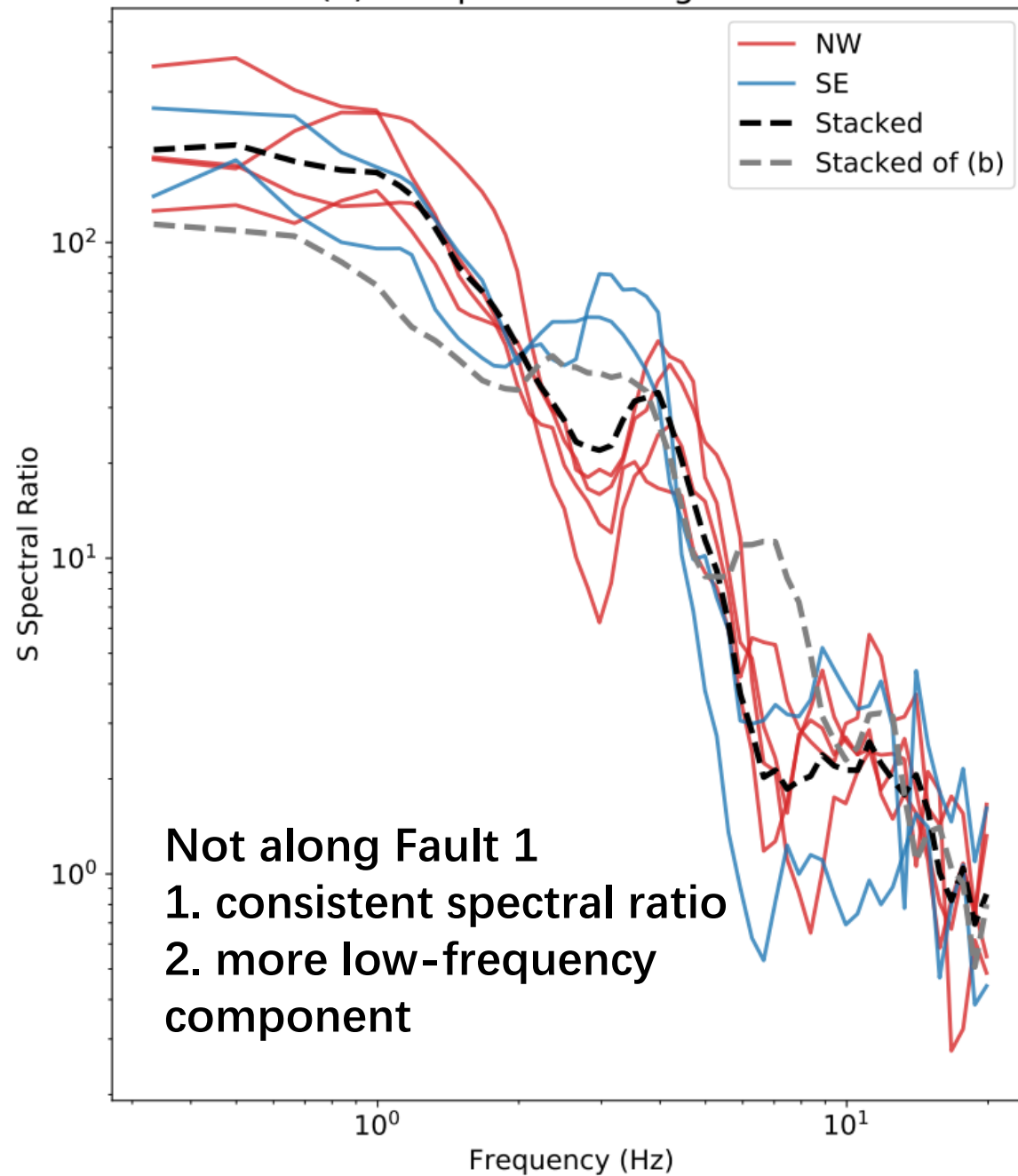
Compare **spectral ratio**
on two sets of stations:
along Fault_1 (NE) &
along Fault_2 (NW)
→ the direction with
more significant
contrast indicate the
ruptured fault



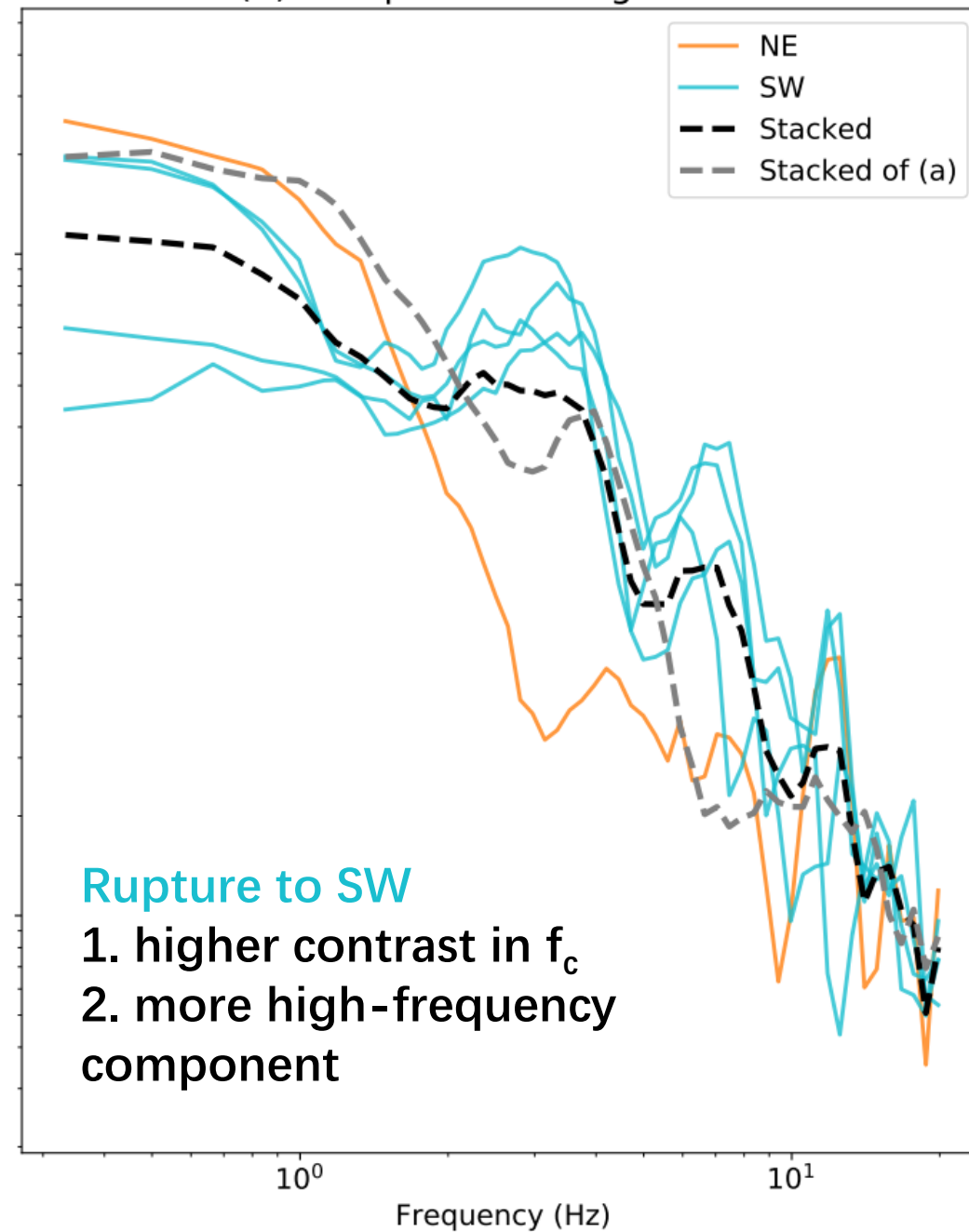
S Spectrum of 20190704195600.50 (Ml 4.16) & EGFs



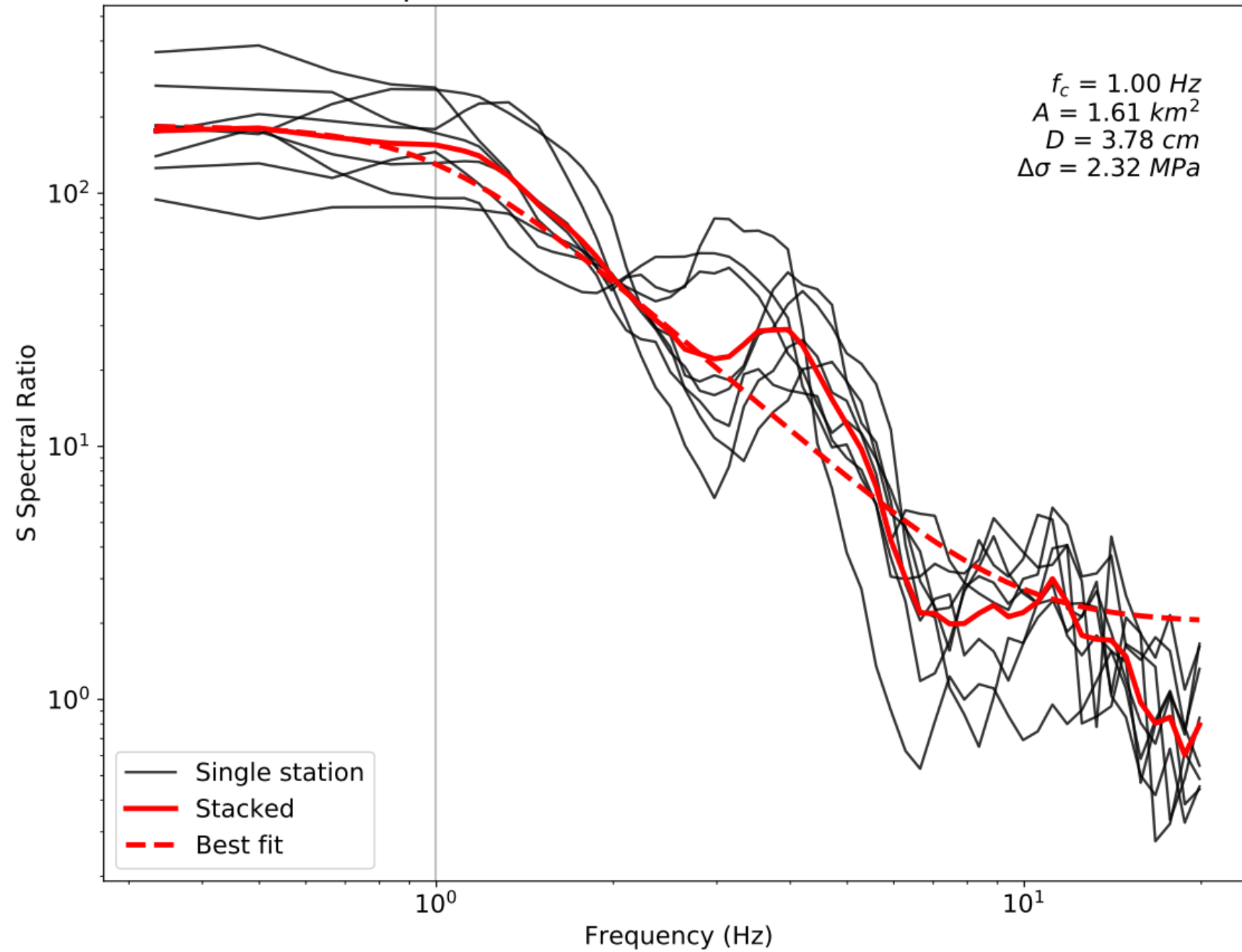
(a) Comparison Along Fault 1



(b) Comparison Along Fault 2



Stacked Spectral Ratio: 20190704195600.50 (Ml 4.16)



References

- Calderoni, G., Rovelli, A., Ben-Zion, Y., & Di Giovambattista, R. (2015). Along-strike rupture directivity of earthquakes of the 2009 L'Aquila, central Italy, seismic sequence. *Geophysical Journal International*, 203(1), 399-415.
<https://doi.org/10.1093/gji/ggv275>
- Yoon, C. E., Yoshimitsu, N., Ellsworth, W. L., & Beroza, G. C. (2019). Foreshocks and mainshock nucleation of the 1999 M w 7.1 Hector Mine, California, Earthquake. *Journal of Geophysical Research: Solid Earth*, 124(2), 1569-1582. <https://doi.org/10.1029/2018JB016383>
- **Zhou, Y.**, C. Ren, A. Ghosh, H. Meng, L. Fang, H. Yue, S. Zhou, & Y. Su (2022, under review). Seismological Characterization of the 2021 Yangbi Foreshock-Mainshock Sequence, Yunnan, China: More than a Triggered Cascade. *Journal of Geophysical Research: Solid Earth*