

Musical Gestures Toolbox Documentation

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Contents

1	Class MgObject	1
2	MgObject methods	2
2.1	mg_videoreader	2
2.2	mg_motionvideo	2
2.3	mg_cropvideo	3
2.4	mg_input_test	3
2.5	mg_motionhistory	4
2.6	mg_contrast_brightness	4
2.7	mg_skip_frames	5
2.8	mg_show	5
3	Functions	5
3.1	average_image	5
3.2	history	6
3.3	centroid	6
3.4	constrainNumber	6
3.5	filter_frame	7

1 Class MgObject

Initializes Musical Gestures data structure from a given parameter video file.

Parameters:

filename (str): Name of input parameter video file.

method (str): Currently 'Diff' is the only implemented method.

filtertype (str): 'Regular', 'Binary', 'Blob' (see function motionfilter).

thresh (float): a number in [0,1]. Eliminates pixel values less than given threshold.

starttime (float): cut the video from this start time (min) to analyze what is relevant.

endtime (float): cut the video at this end time (min) to analyze what is relevant.

blur (str): 'Average' to apply a blurring filter, 'None' otherwise.

skip (int): When proceeding to analyze next frame of video, this many frames are skipped. NB: skip cannot exceed number of frames per second (fps).

color (bool): True does the analysis in RGB, False in grayscale.

contrast (float): apply +/- 100 contrast to video

brightness (float): apply +/- 100 brightness to video

crop (str): 'none', 'manual', 'auto' to select cropping of relevant video frame size

2 MgObject methods

2.1 mg_videoreader

mg_videoreader(filename, starttime = 0, endtime = 0, skip = 0, contrast = 0, brightness = 0, crop = 'none'):

Reads in a video file, and by input parameters user decide if it: trims the length, skips frames, applies contrast/brightness adjustments and/or crops image width/height.

Parameters:

filename (str): Name of input parameter video file.

starttime (float): cut the video from this start time (min) to analyze what is relevant.

endtime (float): cut the video at this end time (min) to analyze what is relevant.

skip (int): When proceeding to analyze next frame of video, this many frames are skipped.

contrast (float): apply +/- 100 contrast to video

brightness (float): apply +/- 100 brightness to video

crop (str): 'None', 'Auto' or 'Manual' to crop video.

Returns:

vidcap (VideoCapture object): cv2 video capture of editevideo file

length (int), fps(int), width(int), height(int): video attributes

of (str): only-filename - filename gets updated with what procedures it went through.

2.2 mg_motionvideo

mg_motionvideo(self, method = 'Diff', filtertype = 'Regular', thresh = 0.001, blur = 'None', kernel_size = 5, inverted_motionvideo = False, inverted_motiongram = True, unit = 'seconds', equalize_motiongram = True):

Finds the difference in pixel value from one frame to the next in an input video, and saves the frames into a new video. Describes the motion in the recording. Outputs a video called filename + '_motion.avi'.

Parameters:

`kernel_size (int)`: Size of structuring element.
`method (str)`: Currently 'Diff' is the only implemented method.
`filtertype (str)`: 'Regular', 'Binary', 'Blob'(see function `motionfilter`)
`thresh (float)`: a number in [0,1]. Eliminate spixel values less than given threshold.
`blur (str)`: 'Average' to apply a blurring filter, 'None' otherwise.
`inverted_motionvideo (bool)`: Inverts colors of `motionvideo`
`inverted_motiongram (bool)`: Inverts colors of `motiongram`
`unit (str)`: Unit in QoM plot. 'seconds' or 'samples'
`equalize_motiongram (bool)`: Converts the `motiongram` to hsv-color space and flattens the value channel (`v`).

Returns:

None

2.3 mg_cropvideo

`mg_cropvideo(fps,width,height, length, of, crop_movement = 'auto', motion_box_thresh = 0.1, motion_box_margin = 1)`

Crops the video.

Parameters:

`crop_movement(str)`: 'auto' finds the bounding box that contains the total motion in the video. 'manual' opens up a simple GUI that is used to crop the video manually by looking at the first frame.
`motion_box_thresh (float)`: Only meaningful is `crop_movement = 'auto'`. Takes floats between 0 and 1, where 0 includes all the motion and 1 includes none.
`motion_box_margin (int)`: Only meaningful is `crop_movement = 'auto'`. Add margin to the bounding box.

Returns:

None

2.4 mg_input_test

`mg_input_test(filename,method,filtertype,thresh,starttime,endtime,blur,skip):`

Gives feedback to user if initialization from input went wrong. Ex: `raise InputError(msg) msg = 'Please specify a filter type as str: Regular or Binary'`

2.5 mg_motionhistory

`mg_motionhistory(self, history_length = 20, kernel_size = 5, method = 'Diff', filtertype = 'Regular', thresh = 0.001, blur = 'None', inverted_motionhistory = False):`

Finds the difference in pixel value from one frame to the next in an input video, and saves the difference frame to a history tail. The history frames are summed up and normalized, and added to the current difference frame to show the history of motion.

Outputs a video called filename + '_motionhistory.avi'.

Parameters:

`history_length (int)`: How many frames will be saved to the history tail.

`kernel_size (int)`: Size of structuring element.

`method (str)`: Currently 'Diff' is the only implemented method.

`filtertype (str)`: 'Regular', 'Binary', 'Blob' (see function `motionfilter`)

`thresh (float)`: a number in [0,1]. Eliminates pixel values less than given threshold.

`blur (str)`: 'Average' to apply a blurring filter, 'None' otherwise.

`inverted_motionhistory (bool)`: Inverts the colors of motionhistory video

Returns:

None

2.6 mg_contrast_brightness

`mg_contrast_brightness(of, vidcap, fps, width, height, contrast, brightness):`

Edit contrast and brightness of the video.

Parameters:

`of (str)`: filename without extension

`vidcap (VideoCapture object)`: cv2 capture of video file, with all frames ready to read with `vidcap.read()`.

`fps (int)`, `width (int)`, `height (int)` are simply info about vidcap

`contrast (float)`: apply +/- 100 contrast to video

`brightness (float)`: apply +/- 100 brightness to video

Returns:

`vidcap (VideoCapture object)`: cv2 video capture of edited video file

2.7 mg_skip_frames

`mg_skip_frames(of, vidcap, skip, fps, width, height):`

Frame skip, convenient for saving time/space in an analysis of less detail looking at big picture movement. Skips the given number of frames, making a compressed version of the input video file.

Parameters:

`of (str)`: filename without extension

`vidcap (VideoCapture object)`: `cv2` capture of video file, with all frames ready to read with `vidcap.read()`.

`fps (int)`, `width (int)`, `height (int)` are simply info about `vidcap`

`skip (int)`: When proceeding to analyze next frame of video, this many frames are skipped.

Returns:

`vidcap (VideoCapture object)`: `cv2` video capture of edited video file.

`length (int)`, `fps (int)`, `width (int)`, `height(int)`: new video attributes.

2.8 mg_show

`mg_show(self, filename = None):`

This function simply plays the current `vidcap VideoObject`. The speed of the video playback might not match the true `fps` due to non-optimized code.

Parameters:

`filename(str)`: If left empty, the current `vidcap` object is played. If `filename` is given, this file is played instead.

Returns:

`None`

3 Functions

3.1 average_image

`average_image(filename, normalize = True):`

Post-processing tool. Finds and saves an average image of entire video.

Usage:

```
from __motionaverage import motionaverage
motionaverage('filename.avi')
```

Parameters:

`filename (str)`: name of video

normalize (bool): Scales pixel values to lie between 0 and 255. Additionally the pixel value (in HSV color space) histogram is flattened.

Returns:

None

3.2 history

history(filename,history_length = 10):

This function creates a video where each frame is the average of the n previous frames, where n is determined from history_length. The history frames are summed up and normalized, and added to the current frame to show the history.

Outputs a video called filename + '_history.avi'.

Parameters:

history_length (int): How many frames will be saved to the history tail.

Returns:

None

3.3 centroid

centroid(image, width, height):

Computes the centroid of motion and quantity of motion of an image/frame.

Parameters:

image (numpy array(uint8))

width (int)

height (int)

Returns:

Centroid of motion ([X(int),Y(int)]): X,Y(origo in bottom left corner) coordinate of the maximum change in pixel value

Quantity of motion (int): How large was the change in pixel value

3.4 constrainNumber

constrainNumber(n, minn, maxn)

Constrains number to having a value between minn and maxn

Parameters:

n (int, float): number to constrain

minn (int, float): lower limit n can be

maxn (int, float): lower limit n can be

Returns:

Constrained number(int, float)

3.5 filter_frame

`filter_frame(motion_frame, filtertype, thresh, kernel_size)`

Apply a filter to a picture/videoframe

Parameters:

`motion_frame (array(uint8))`: input motion image

`filtertype (str)`: 'Regular', turns all values below thresh to 0, 'Binary' turns all values below thresh to 0, above thresh to 1, 'Blob' removes individual pixels with erosion method.

`thresh (float)`: for 'Regular' and 'Binary' option, thresh is a value of threshold [0,1];

`kernel_size(int)`: Size of structuring element

Returns:

`filtered frame (array(uint8))`