苏州振旺光电

赤道仪通信协议

ZWO Mount Serial Communication Protocol

版本	说明	日期
V1.0	初版	2022/1/18
V1.0	Original edition	2022/1/18
V1.1	1. 获取设备信息的命令由:GMI#改为:GVP# 2. 新增获取和配置夏令时的接口	2022/2/11
V1.1	 Command of getting the gear information changed from :GMI# to :GVP#. Added new commands of getting and configuring summer time. 	2022/2/11
V1.2	 增加通信方式说明 增加赤道仪/经纬仪模式切换说明 增加跟踪限制说明 修改设置自定义导星速率范围为 0.10-0.90 新增获取自定义导星速率接口 	2022/3/2
V1.2	 Added some extra explanations for some commands. Added explanation for mode switching between Equatorial Mode and Altazimuth Mode. 	2022/3/2

	3. Added explanation for tracking limitations.	
	4. Changed custom tracking rate to 0.10 ~ 0.90.	
	5. Added the command of getting custom	
	tracking rate.	
V1.3	1. 新增 GOTO 最低高度限制(赤道仪&经纬仪)	2022/3/7
	命令	
	2. 新增获取 GOTO 最低高度限制命令	
V1.3	1. Added the command of minimum height	2022/3/7
	limitation when GOTO a target (Equatorial mount	
	& Altazimuth mount)	
	2. Added the command of getting the minimum	
	height limitation when GOTO a target.	
V1.4	1. 新增:Rvnnnn.nn#变速接口	2022/4/15
	2. 增加错误码说明	
V1.4	1. Added variable speed command :Rvnnnn.nn#.	2022/4/15
	2. Added explanation for error codes.	
V1.5	1. 对协议格式进行详细说明	2022/6/9
	2. 增加和删减一些接口	
V1.5	1. Added explanation for protocol format.	2022/6/9
	2. Added and deleted some commands.	
V1.6	1. 增加获取状态命令:GU#	2022/12/12
V1.6	1. Added get statue command :GU#	2022/12/12
V1.7	1. 增加过中天行为命令	2023/2/25
	2. 增加 park 位命令	
V1.7	1. Added the cross Meridian behavior	2023/2/25
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	2. Added park command	

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● 通信连接说明

客户端使用串口连接赤道仪时,通信波特率为9600 客户端通过手柄的WIFI AP 网络连接赤道仪时,连接 IP:192.168.4.1, PORT:4030

About the connection

Communication to the mount via serial baud rate is 9600.

Wireless communication to the mount via the WIFI of the hand controller: IP 192.168.4.1, PORT 4030.

● 通信协议说明

协议基于 LX200 并且兼容 LX200

About the Protocol

The Protocol is based on LX200 also compatible with LX200.

协议规则如下:

命令格式以":"开头,中间是命令码,以"#"结尾,如":AA#".

Commands usually start with ":" and end with "#", such as ":AA#". Fields in the middle represent the command itself.

命令码格式 Command format			
起始字符	命令码	结束字符	
Starting character	Command Code	Ending character	
:	nnn	#	n 表示一个字符,命令码不 超过 62 字节
:	nnn	#	N represents one character. The whole length of a command code does not exceed 62 characters.

命令返回格式 Command response format					
移动命令 或者非法 命令	设置参数 命令	GOTO 命令	获取跟踪状态 命令	获取参数命令	同步命令

Moving Command or Illegal Command	Configuring Settings Command	GOTO Command	Tracking Status	Settings	Sync Command
无返回		0 成功 e+错误码#	1# 跟踪进行中 e+错误码#		N/A# e+错误码#
No response		0 Success e+ error code	0# Tracking off 1# Tracking on e+ error code	,	N/A# e+ error code

下文中出现下面的字符为通配符 Characters below are wildcards.

通配符 Wildcard	说明 Statement	举例 Example
S	+或者-	:SGsHH# (:SG-08#)
	+ or -	
HH:MM:SS	小时:分钟:秒	:SLHH:MM:SS# (:SL19:44:32#)
	Hour:Minute:Second	
MM/DD/YY	月份/日/年	:SCMM/DD/YY# (:SC06/08/22#)
	Month/Date/Year	
n	数字	:Rn# (:R9#)
	Number	
x	字母或者数字	xxx# (78e36d441524#)
	Letter or number	
&	分割多个参数	MM/DD/YY&HH:MM:SS&sHH:MM#
	Separete multiple parameters	

命令返回值分4种情况

There are 4 kinds of command response values.

- 1) 无返回。某些命令不需要返回值,例如移动指令。
- 2)返回 0,或 1。该返回用来表示命令指向成功或失败,GOTO 命令使用 0 表示成功,其他命令使用 1 表示成功。

- 3)返回 0,或 1,e+错误码+#,如 e1#,数字 1代码错误码,可以在下面错误码说明查看具体原因。
- 4) 返回字符串+#结尾。如 HH:MM:SS#, 该返回用来返回数据。
- 5) 返回 N/A#或者 e+错误码#(同步命令)

注意: 以 G 开头的获取命令,返回值都会带有#

- 1) No response. Some commands do not require response values, such as moving commands.
- 2) Response 0 or 1. It stands for success or failure of the command. Success for GOTO commands is 0, for other commands is 1.
- 3) Response 0 or 1 or e+ error code+#. For example, e1#, the number 1 stands for error code. You can check the explanation below to see the reason.
- 4) Response character string ends with +#. For example, HH:MM:SS#, it was used to response data.
- 5) Response N/A# or e+ error code# (Sync commands).

Note: The response values of Get Commands starting with G all comes with #.

错误码说明:

Error code statement:

Life Code Statement.					
错误码	说明	Statement			
1	参数超出范围	Parameter beyond the range			
2	参数格式错误	Parameter format error			
3	在归零,slew,goto 的状态时, 执行 GOTO 会返回该错误码	When the mount is going to the zero position, or slewing or doing GOTO, carrying out GOTO will response this error code.			
4	设备正在移动中	Equipment moving			
5	目标低于地平线	Target under horizon line			
6	目标低于高度限制	Target under height limitation			
7	未同步时间地点	Time and position not synchronized			
8	跟踪过了中天	Meridian has been passed over in tracking			

● 赤道仪/经纬仪切换命令

命令: ":AP#" 返回: None 说明: 切换到赤道仪模式

命令: ":AA#" 返回: None

说明: 切换到经纬仪模式

注意: 切换模式后, 需要重启赤道仪

Equatorial/Altazimuth mode switching command

Command: ":AP#" Response: None

Statement: Switch to Equatorial mode

Command: ":AA#" Response: None

Statement: Switch to Altazimuth mode

Note: You need to reboot the mount after mode switched.

● 日期和时间命令

注意:连接上赤道仪后,需要先设置经纬度,时区,本地时间后,赤道仪才可以正常工作。

Date/time command

Note: You need to set the longitude and latitude, time zone and local time after the mount is turned on to ensure it can work properly.

命令: ":SCMM/DD/YY#"

返回: "1:正确,0:错误"

说明:设置日期

Command: ":SCMM/DD/YY#"
Response: "1: Success, 0: False"

Statement: Set date.

命令: ":GC#"

返回: "MM/DD/YY#" 说明: 获取日期 Command: ":GC#"

Response: "MM/DD/YY#" Statement: Get date.

命令: ":SLHH:MM:SS#"

返回: "1: 正确, 0: 错误"

说明:设置时间

Command: ":SLHH:MM:SS#"
Response: "1: Success, 0: False"

Statement: Set time.

命令: ":GL#"

返回: "HH:MM:SS#" 说明: 获取时间 Command: ":GL#"

Response: "HH:MM:SS" Statement: Get time.

命令: ":GS#"

返回: "HH:MM:SS#" 说明: 获取恒星时 Command: ":GS#"

Response: "HH:MM:SS#"
Statement: Get sidereal time.

命令: ":GH#"

返回: "1: 夏令时开启, 0: 夏令时未开启"

说明: 获取夏令时配置信息

Command: ":GH#"

Response: "1: daylight saving on, 0: daylight saving off"

Statement: Get the daylight saving setting.

命令: ":SHn#" 返回: "1"

说明:配置夏令时,n取值范围为0-1;0代表关闭夏令时,1代表打开夏令时

Command: ":SHn#"

Response: "1"

Statement: Set daylight saving. n's value: 0~1; 0 stands for turning off daylight saving.

1 stands for turning on daylight saving.

● 位置坐标命令

命令: ":SGsHH#"

返回: "1: 正确, 0: 错误"

说明:设置时区(小时),小写字母 s 代表符号(-/+),东八区设置为

SG-08#, 西区反而是正的

Position/coordinates commands:

Command: ":SGsHH#"

Response: "1: Success, 0: False"

Statement: Set time zone (hour). The lowercase s indicates symbol (-/+). UTC +8 is set

to SG-08#. The western time zones use negative offset.

命令: ":SGsHH:MM#"

返回: "1: 正确, 0: 错误"

说明:设置时区(小时:分钟),同上一个命令基本一样,增加了分钟设置,目

的是支持一些非整数时区的国家,比如印度 UTC+5:30

Command: ":SGsHH:MM#"

Response: "1: Success, 0: False"

Statement: Set time zone (hour: minute). This command is basically the same as last command, but with an extra minute setting for countries like India whose time zone

is UTC +5:30.

命令: ":GG#"

返回: "sHH:MM#"

说明: 获取时区

Command: ":GG#" Response: "sHH:MM"

Statement: Get time zone.

命令: ":StsDD*MM:SS#"

返回: "1:正确,0:错误"

说明:设置纬度,小写字母 s 代表符号 (-/+),例如:设置北纬 31°15'24''

(:St+31*15:24#)

Command: ":StsDD*MM:SS#"

Response: "1: Success, 0: False"

Statement: Set latitude. The lowercase s indicates symbol (-/+), for example: N

31°15'24"(:St+31*15:24#).

命令: ":Gt#"

返回: "sDD*MM:SS#"

说明: 获取纬度 Command: ":Gt#"

Response: "sDD*MM#" Statement: Get latitude.

命令: ":SgsDDD*MM:SS#"

返回: "1: 正确, 0: 错误"

说明: 设置经度,小写字母 s 代表符号(-/+),DDD(000°-180°),MM(00'-59'),

SS (秒值: 0-59)

Command: ":SgsDDD*MM:SS#" Response: "1: Success, 0: False"

Statement: Set longitude. The lowercase s indicates symbol (-/+). DDD (000°-180°),

MM (00'-59'), SS (Second: 0-59).

命令: ":Gg#"

返回: "sDDD*MM:SS#"

说明: 获取经度 Command: ":Gg#"

Response: "sDDD*MM#" Statement: Get longitude.

命令: ":Gm#"

返回: "E(东), W(西), N(无朝向, 即零位)"

说明: 获取赤道仪朝向

Command: ":Gm#"

Response: "E(East), W(West), N(No direction. Home/zero position)"

Statement: Get the current cardinal direction of the mount.

● 移动命令

命令: ":SrHH:MM:SS#"

返回: "1:正确,0:错误"

说明:设置目标 RA

Moving commands:

Command: ":SrHH:MM:SS#"

Response: "1: Success, 0: False"

Statement: Set target RA

命令: ":Gr#"

返回: "田:MM:SS#" 说明: 获取目标 RA Command: ":Gr#"

Response: "HH:MM:SS#" Statement: Get target RA

命令: ":SdsDD:MM:SS#" 返回: "1:正确,0:错误"

说明:设置目标 DEC, 小写字母 s 代表符号(-/+), DD(代表多少度), MM(代

表角分,1度 = 60 角分), SS (代表角秒,1角分 = 60 角秒)

Command: ":SdsDD:MM:SS#"

Response: "1: Success, e2#: False"

Statement: Set target DEC. The lowercase s indicates symbol (-/+). DD indicates degree. MM indicates arcminute ($1^{\circ} = 60$ arcminutes). SS indicates arcsecond (1 arcminute = 60 arcseconds).

命令: ":Gd#"

返回: "sDD*MM:SS#" 说明: 获取目标 DEC Command: ":Gd#"

Response: "sDD*MM:SS#" Statement: Get target DEC

命令: ":GR#"

返回: "III:MM:SS#" 说明: 获取当前 RA Command: ":GR#"

Response: "HH:MM:SS#"

Statement: Get current RA of mount.

命令: ":GD#"

返回: "sDD*MM:SS#" 说明: 获取当前 DEC Command: ":GD#"

Response: "sDD*MM:SS#"

Statement: Get current DEC of mount.

命令: ":GZ#"

返回: "DDD*MM:SS#" 说明: 获取方位角 Command: ":GZ#"

Response: "DDD*MM:SS#"
Statement: Get Azimuth

命令: ":GA#"

返回: "sDD*MM:SS#" 说明: 获取高度角 Command: ":GA#"

Response: "sDD*MM:SS#" Statement: Get altitude

命令: ":MS#"

返回: "0: 正确, e+错误码+#"

说明: GOTO

注意:必须同步过时间地点后才可以进行 GOTO,在归零,slew,goto 的状态时发送 GOTO 指令会返回 e3#。

Command: ":MS#"

Response: "1: Success, e2#: False"

Statement: GOTO

Note: The mount will not be able to GOTO before time and position get synchronized. When it is going to zero position, or slewing, or doing GOTO, sending the GOTO

command will response e3#.

命令: ":Q#" 返回: None 说明: 停止运动 Command: ":Q#"

Statement: Stop moving.

命令: ":Rn#" 返回: None

Response: None

说明: 设置移动速度, n 代表速度等级, 从 0 到 9, 代表 0.25, 0.5, 1, 2, 4,

8, 20, 60, 720, 1440 倍恒星速

Command: ":Rn#" Response: None

Statement: Set moving speed. n indicates speed level; The range 0 - 9 stands for

0.25x, 0.5x, 1x, 2x, 4x, 8x, 20x, 60x, 720x and 1440x sidereal tracking rate.

命令: ":RG#" 返回: None

说明:设置移动速度为 0.5倍恒星速(对应 R1)

Command: ":RG#" Response: None

Statement: Set the moving speed to 0.5x sidereal tracking rate (R1).

命令: ":RC#" 返回: None

说明:设置移动速度为 1 倍恒星速(对应 R2)

Command: ":RC#" Response: None

Statement: Set the moving speed to 1x sidereal tracking rate (R2).

命令: ":RM#" 返回: None

说明:设置移动速度为 720 倍恒星速(对应 R8)

Command: ":RM#" Response: None

Statement: Set the moving speed to 720x sidereal tracking rate (R8).

命令: ":RS#" 返回: None

说明:设置移动速度为1440倍恒星速(对应 R9)

Command: ":RS#" Response: None

Statement: Set the moving speed to 1440x sidereal tracking rate (R9).

命令: ":Rvnnnn.nn#"

返回: None

说明: 设置移动速度, nnnn. nn 代表 0.00-1440.00 之间的恒星速, 可以取 2 位

小数

Command: ":Rvnnnn.nn#"

Response: None

Statement: Set the moving speed. nnnn.nn stands for sidereal tracking rate between

0.00 ~ 1440.00. The figure is accurate to two decimal places.

命令: ":Me#"

返回: None

说明: 向东移动(移动前必须设置速度)

Command: ":Me#" Response: None

Statement: Move towards east (You should set moving speed before it actually

moves).

命令: ":Qe#" 返回: None

说明:停止向东移动 Command: ":Qe#" Response: None

response. None

Statement: Stop moving towards east.

命令: ":Mw#" 返回: None

说明: 向西移动(移动前必须设置速度)

Command: ":Mw#"
Response: None

Statement: Move towards west (You should set moving speed before it actually

moves).

命令: ":Qw#"

返回: None

说明:停止向西移动 Command: ":Qw#"

Response: None

Statement: Stop moving towards west.

命令: ":Mn#" 返回: None

说明: 向北移动(移动前必须设置速度)

Command: ":Mn#" Response: None

Statement: Move towards north (You should set moving speed before it actually

moves).

命令: ":Qn#" 返回: None

说明:停止向北移动 Command: ":Qn#" Response: None

Statement: Stop moving towards north.

命令: ":Ms#" 返回: None

说明: 向南移动(移动前必须设置速度)

Command: ":Ms#"
Response: None

Statement: Move towards south (You should set moving speed before it actually

moves).

命令: ":Qs#" 返回: None

说明:停止向南移动 Command: ":Qs#" Response: None

Statement: Stop moving towards south.

● 跟踪和导星命令

命令: ":TQ#" 返回: None

说明:使用恒星速跟踪 Tracking/guiding command

Command: ":TQ#" Response: None

Statement: Use sidereal tracking rate.

命令: ":TS#" 返回: None

说明: 使用太阳速跟踪

Command: ":TS#" Response: None

Statement: Use solar tracking rate.

命令: ":TL#" 返回: None

说明: 使用月亮速跟踪

Command: ":TL#" Response: None

Statement: Use lunar tracking rate.

命令: ":GT#"

返回: "0#, 1#, 2#"

说明: 获取跟踪速度(0: 恒星速,1: 月亮速,2: 太阳速)

Command: ":GT#"

Response: "1#, 2#, 3#"

Statement: Get tracking rate (0: Sidereal rate, 1: Solar rate, 2: Lunar rate).

命令: ":Te#"

返回: "1: 正确, 0: 错误"

说明: 开始跟踪

注意:返回失败可以通过:GAT#命令来获取跟踪失败原因

Command: ":Te#"

Response: "1: Success, 0: False"

Statement: Start tracking.

Note: If failed in starting tracking, you can get the failure reason through

command:GAT#.

命令: ":Td#"

返回: "1: 正确, 0: 错误"

说明: 停止跟踪

注意: 在归零, slew, goto 的状态下会返回失败

Command: ":Te#"

Response: "1: Success, 0: False"

Statement: Stop tracking.

Note: It will fail stop tracking when the mount is going to zero position, slewing and

doing GOTO.

命令: ":GAT#"

返回: "0# 跟踪未开启, 1# 跟踪进行中, e+错误码+#"

说明: 获取跟踪状态

注意:

跟踪打开情形:打开跟踪,GOTO 到位 跟踪正常关闭情形:关闭跟踪,归零

跟踪异常关闭情形: 跟踪低于地平线, 跟踪过中天(赤道仪), 没有同步时间地点(经纬仪)

Command: ":GAT#"

Response: "0# tracking off, 1# tracking on, e+ error code+#"

Statement: Get tracking status.

Note: Conditions of tracking on — It has already been turned on manually; Successfully GOTO target.

Normal conditions of tracking off – It has already been turned off manually; Mount in zero position.

Abnormal conditions of tracking off – Target below the horizon line; Meridian has been passed over in tracking; Time and position are not synchronized (Altazimuth mount).

命令: ":Mgdnnnn#"

返回: None

说明:导星,d(e\w\s\n)代表方向东、西、南、北 nnnn (0000-3000)代表导

星时间,单位 ms

Command: ":Mgdnnnn#"

Response: None

Statement: Guiding. d (e\w\s\n) indicates direction east, west, south, north. nnnn

(0000-3000) indicates guiding rate (unit: ms).

命令: ":RgO.nn#"

返回: None

说明: 设置导星速度, 数值范围为 0.10-0.90

Command: ":Rg0.nn#"

Response: None

Statement: Set guiding rate from 0.10 to 0.90.

命令: ":Ggr#" 返回: "0.nn#" 说明: 获取导星速度 Command: ":Ggr#" Response: 0.nn#

Statement: Get guiding rate.

命令: ":STannsnn#"

返回: "1: 正确, 0: 错误"

说明: 过中天行为设置

注意:

- 1) nnsnn 一共 5 位,第 1 位代表是否进行中天翻转,1:翻转,0:不翻转,翻转后继续跟踪,直到低于地平线。(暂时不支持)
- 2) 第2位代表过中天是否继续跟踪,1: 跟踪,0: 停止,如果选择跟踪,则按照限位进行停止。如果选择停止,停止角度是过中天后1度。
- 3) 第 3-5 位代表过中天后限位的角度(赤道仪过中天后 RA 轴继续跟踪所旋转的角度,s 表示符号,nn 的范围是 0°-15°)(注:角度设置为 0 时不可再配置过中天后继续跟踪)
- 4) 以上任何情况低于地平线默认停止跟踪。
- 5) 仅赤道仪模式下支持此功能
- 6) 过中天后限位的角度设置为负数时表示在中天前 n° 时会停止
- 7)翻中天仅支持过中天后翻转(在中天前停止则不会翻转)
- 8) 设置在中天后停止且使能翻转后,会在跟踪到达限位停止后开始翻转

Command: ":STannsnn#"

Response: "1:Success, 0: False"

Statement: Set the act of crossing the meridian

Note:

- 1) nnsnn has a total of 5 digits, the first digit represents whether to perform meridian flip, 1: flip, 0: no flip, continue to track after flip, until it is below the horizon. (temporarily not supported)
- 2) The second digit represents whether to continue to track after meridian, 1: track, 0: stop, if you choose to track, stop according to the limit. If you choose to stop, the stop angle is 1 degree after meridian.
- 3) The 3rd to 5th digits represent the limit angle after meridian (the RA axis of the equatorial mount continues to track the angle of rotation, s represents the sign, and the range of nn is 0°-15°) (Note: the angle is set to At 0 o'clock, it can no longer be configured to continue tracking after meridian)
- 4) Any of the above conditions below the horizon will stop tracking by default.
- 5) This function is only supported in equatorial mode
- 6) When the limit angle is set to a negative number after meridian, it means that it will stop at n° before meridian
- 7) Flip meridian only supports flipping after passing meridian (it will not flip if it stops before meridian)
- 8) After it is set to stop after meridian and the flip is enabled, it will start to flip after the tracking reaches the limit stop

命令: ":GTa#" 返回: "nnsnn#"

说明: 获取过中天行为

Command: ":GTa#"

Response: "nnsnn#"

Statement: Get the act of crossing the meridian

● 同步命令

命令: ":CM#"

返回: "N/A#: 成功, e+错误码#"

说明:同步位置(需要先设置目标 RA 和 DEC)

Sync commands:

Command: ":CM#"

Response: "N/A#: Success, e2#: Error"

Statement: Synchronization. It requires you to set target RA and DEC first.

● 归零命令

命令: ":hC#" 返回: None

说明: RA 和 DEC 归零位(机械归零)

Zero/home position command:

Command: ":hC#"
Response: None

Statement: Stop at zero position (Both RA and DEC).

● 获取状态命令

命令: ":GU#"

返回:

n: 当前不在跟踪(或者无此状态)

N: 静止或者跟踪(其他状态不显示)

L:低电压(或者无此状态)

H: 设备在零位(或者无此状态)

G/Z:赤道仪/经纬仪模式

S: RA 轴 stall (或者无此状态)

s: DEC 轴 stall (或者无此状态)

T: RA ST4 导星中(或者无此状态)

t: DEC ST4 导星中(或者无此状态)

P: 设备处于 PARK 位

nn: RA 轴一些标志位

nn: DEC 轴一些标志位

n: RA 轴速度

n: DEC 轴速度

n: 状态

说明: 举例: nNG001000060#

• Get status

Command: ":GU#"

Response:

n: no tracking (or not show)N: stop or tracking (or not show)

L:Low power (or not show)

H: at home position (or not show)

G / Z: GEM/AZ Mode

S: RA stall (or not show)

s: DEC stall (or not show)

T: RA ST4 guiding (or not show)

t: DEC ST4 guiding (or not show)

P: 设备处于 PARK 位

nn: some flags of RA axisnn: some flags of DEC axis

n: RA raten: DEC raten: state

● Park 命令

命令: ":hP#"

返回: "1: 正确, 0: 错误"

说明:设置 Park

注意:

1) GOTO 到默认的 PARK 位

2) 只在赤道仪模式生效

Command: ":hP#"

Response: "1: Success, 0: False" Statement: Goto Park position

Note:

1) goto default park position

2) Only support in equatorial mode

● 复合命令

命令: ":SMGEsDD*MM:SS&sDDD*MM:SS#"

返回: "1: 正确, 0: 错误"

说明:设置纬度,经度

Compound commands:

Command: ":SMTIMM/DD/YY&HH:MM:SS&sHH:MM#"

Response: "1: Success, 0: False"

Statement: Set latitude and longitude.

命令: ":GMGE#"

返回: "sDD*MM:SS&sDDD*MM:SS#"

说明: 获取纬度, 经度 Command: ":GMGE#"

Response: "sDD*MM&sDDD*MM#"
Statement: Get longitude and latitude.

命令: ":SMTIMM/DD/YY&HH:MM:SS&sHH:MM#"

返回: "1:正确,0:错误" 说明:设置日期,时间,时区

Command: ":SMTIMM/DD/YY&HH:MM:SS&sHH:MM#"

Response: "1: Success, 0: False"

Statement: Set date, time and time zone.

命令: ":GMTI#"

返回: "MM/DD/YY&HH:MM:SS&sHH:MM#"

说明: 获取日期, 时间, 时区

Command: ":GMTI#"

Response: "MM/DD/YY&HH:MM:SS&sHH:MM#"

Statement: Get date, time and time zone.

命令: ":GMeq#"

返回: "HH:MM:SS&sDD*MM:SS#" 说明: 获取目标 RA,目标 DEC

Command: ":GMeg#"

Response: "HH:MM:SS&sDD*MM:SS#" Statement: Get target RA and DEC.

命令: ":GMEQ#"

返回: "HH:MM:SS&sDD*MM:SS#"

说明: 获取 RA, DEC Command: ":GMEQ#"

Response: "HH:MM:SS&sDD*MM:SS#"

Statement: Get the current RA/DEC coordinates.

命令: ":GMZA#"

返回: "DDD*MM:SS&sDD*MM:SS#"

说明: 获取方位角, 高度角

Command: ":GMZA#"

Response: "DDD*MM:SS&sDD*MM:SS#"

Statement: Get Azimuth/altitude.

命令: ":SMeqHH:MM:SS&sDD*MM:SS#"

返回: "0: 正确, e+错误码+#"

说明:设置目标 RA,目标 DEC,并进行 GOTO

注意:必须同步过时间地点后才可以进行 GOTO,在归零,slew,goto 的状态时

发送 GOTO 指令会返回 e3#。

Command: ":SMeqHH:MM:SS&sDD*MM:SS#"

Response: "0: Success, e+ error code+#"

Statement: Set target RA and DEC and GOTO.

Note: The mount will not be able to GOTO before time and position get synchronized. When it is going to zero position, or slewing, or doing GOTO, sending the GOTO

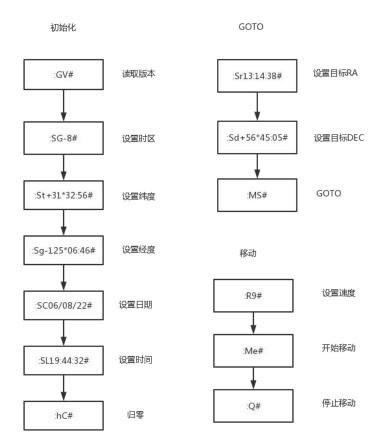
command will response e3#.

命令: ":SMMCHH:MM:SS&sDD*MM:SS#" 返回: "N/A#: 成功, e+错误码#"

说明: 设置目标 RA 和 DEC, 并且同步位置 Command: ":SMMCHH:MM:SS&sDD*MM:SS#" Response: "N/A#: Success, e+ error code+#"

Statement: Set target RA and DEC and sync position.

● 使用流程举例



Procedure example:

Initialization
Set time zone
Set latitude
Set longitude
Set date
Set time

Go to zero position

GOTO

Set target RA

Set target DEC

GOTO

Move

Set speed

Start moving

Stop moving