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Assignment 05



$$1) P(x|k) = \begin{cases} (1.85-k)^{x-1} k & x \in \{1, 2, 3, \dots\} \\ 0 & k \leq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$P_0(k) = \exp(-0.75 \cdot k)$$

$$0 < k < 1.85$$

a) MAP:

$$\hat{k} = \arg \max_k P(k|x)$$

$P(k|x)$

$$\hat{k} = \arg \max_k \frac{P(x|k) \cdot P(k)}{P(x)}$$

$P(x)$ uniform
for all x_i values

$$= \exp(-0.75 \cdot k) \cdot \prod_i P(x_i|k)$$

$$= \exp(-0.75 \cdot k) \cdot [(1.85-k)^1 k \cdot (1.85-k)^2 k \cdot (1.85-k)^3 k \cdot (1.85-k)^4 k \cdot (1.85-k)^5 k]$$

$$F(k) = \exp(-0.75k) \cdot []$$

$$F = e^{-0.75k} \cdot k^5 \cdot (1.85-k)^6$$

$$(u \cdot v \cdot w)' = u'vw + uv'w + uvw'$$

$$u' = -0.75e^{-0.75k}, v' = 5k^4(1.85-k)^6, w' = 6k^5(1.85-k)^5 \cdot (-1)$$

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial k} = -0.75 \cdot e^{-0.75k} \cdot k^5 \cdot (1.85-k)^6 + e^{-0.75k} \cdot 5k^4 \cdot (1.85-k)^6 + e^{-0.75k} \cdot k^5 \cdot (-1) \cdot 6 \cdot (1.85-k)^5$$

$$e^{-0.75k} \cdot k^4 \cdot (1.85-k)^5 \cdot [-0.75k \cdot (1.85-k) + 5 \cdot (1.85-k) - 6k]$$

$$= e^{-0.75k} \cdot k^4 \cdot (1.85-k)^5 \cdot [0.75k^2 - 0.75 \cdot 1.85 \cdot k + 5 \cdot 1.85 - 6k - 1 + k]$$

$$= e^{-0.75k} \cdot k^4 \cdot (1.85-k)^5 \cdot [0.75k^2 - 1.3875k + 9.25 - 22k]$$

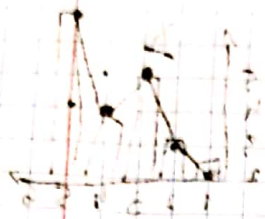
$$e^{-0.75k} \cdot k^4 \cdot (1.85-k)^5 \cdot [0.75k^2 - 23.3875k + 9.25] = 0$$

$$k=0, k=1.85, k=30.8$$

$$\hat{k} = 0.4$$

$$0 < k < 1.85$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 F}{\partial k^2} (k=0.4) = (-) \cdot (+) \cdot (+) < 0$$



20 + 28.1 = 48.1

$$x = 28.1$$

$$x^2(x+28.1) = (x+28.1)^2$$

$$(x+28.1) \cdot 9 = (x+28.1)^2$$

$$[8.1, 2.8, 5] = x$$

$$b) X = [2, 3, 5, 4, 8, 3, 7]$$

$$\hat{k} = \arg \max_k P(X|k) \cdot P(k)$$

מציאת $P(k)$

$$= e^{-0.75k} \cdot \prod_{i=1}^n P(X_i|k) = e^{-0.75k} \cdot \left[(1.85-k) \cdot k \cdot (1.85-k)^2 \cdot k \cdot (1.85-k)^4 \cdot (1.85-k)^3 \cdot k \cdot (1.85-k)^2 \cdot k \cdot (1.85-k)^3 \cdot k \right]$$

$$P = e^{-0.75k} \cdot (1.85-k)^{53} \cdot k^6$$

$$\frac{dP}{dk} = -0.75 e^{-0.75k} \cdot (1.85-k)^{53} \cdot k^6 + e^{-0.75k} \cdot 53(1.85-k)^{52} \cdot (-1) \cdot k^6 + e^{-0.75k} \cdot (1.85-k)^{53} \cdot 6k^5$$

$$= e^{-0.75k} \cdot k^5 \cdot (1.85-k)^{52} \left[-0.75(1.85-k) \cdot k + 53 \cdot (-1) \cdot k + (1.85-k) \cdot 6 \right]$$

$$= \frac{k=0}{k=1.85}$$

$$-1.3875k + 0.75k^2 - 53k + 11.1 - 6k = 0$$

$$x = 0.75k^2 - 60.3875k + 11.1 = 0$$

$$0 < k < 1.85$$

$$k_1 = 0.18, k_2 = 2.80$$

$$\frac{d^2P}{dk^2} = (-) \cdot (+) \cdot (+) < 0$$

$$0 = 22.5 + 1.25k - 53k + 11.1$$

$$8.05 = 51.75k$$

$$k = 0.155$$

$$0 = (1.85-k) \cdot k = 1.85k - k^2$$

$$c) P_0(k) = \begin{cases} 1/1.85 & 0 < k < 1.85 \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

uniform prior

Since the prior is uniform, we can omit it!
it won't affect the estimator for 5 observations $k=0.4$

d) Since the Prior probability is the same and not extremely different, the Maximum Likelihood is the same as MAP.

2) See file `ag50sex2.py`
+ `fig ag50sex2.py`

a) for each angle from $1^\circ - 360^\circ$
 $0 \leq i \leq 2\pi$

we stimulate a response of neuron.

$$\text{We have } \underline{\theta} = [0, \frac{2}{3}\pi, \frac{4}{3}\pi]$$

$$\text{where } r_i = \{55 \cdot \cos(\theta - \theta_i)\}_+$$

$$\text{population vector } \vec{V} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{r_i - r_0}{r_{\max}} \cdot \vec{V}_i}{\sum_{i=1}^n 1}$$

b) $[0^\circ, 120^\circ, 240^\circ]$ optimal direction

- 55 55 55

(x, y) for each neuron
 3×2
 $[0, \theta_2, \theta_3]$ for each θ
 3×2
 $\rightarrow 2 \times 360$
 (x, y)

c) each $\frac{2\pi}{3}$. Since
the neurons will
fire simultaneously.

$$\begin{aligned} 360 \times 1 &= 2 \\ 360 \times 1 &= 360 \times 2 \quad 2 \times 1 \\ \text{pop-vec} &= 360 \times 1 \end{aligned}$$