# PH 712 Probability and Statistical Inference

Part VI: Evaluating Estimators I

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#### **Bias**

- Bias of  $\hat{\theta}$ : Bias<sub> $\theta$ </sub>( $\hat{\theta}$ ) = E( $\hat{\theta}$ )  $\theta$
- Unbiased estimator:  $\hat{\theta}$  satisfying  $E(\hat{\theta}) = \theta$

### Mean squared error (MSE)

- $MSE_{\theta}(\hat{\theta}) = E(\hat{\theta} \theta)^2$ 
  - The lower the better
  - $= \operatorname{Bias}_{\theta}^{2}(\hat{\theta}) + \operatorname{var}(\hat{\theta})$
- For unbiased estimators, minimizing the MSE  $\Leftrightarrow$  minimizing the variance

## Cramér-Rao lower bound (CRLB, CB Thm 7.3.9 & Lemma 7.3.11)

- Recall the score  $S(\theta; x_1, \ldots, x_n) = \ell'(\theta; x_1, \ldots, x_n)$
- Hessian:  $H(\theta; x_1, \dots, x_n) = \ell''(\theta; x_1, \dots, x_n)$
- CRLB =  $I^{-1}(\theta) \left\{ \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}\theta} \mathrm{E}(\hat{\theta}) \right\}^2$ 
  - Reducing to  $I^{-1}(\theta)$  if  $E(\hat{\theta}) = \theta$  (i.e., unbiased  $\hat{\theta}$ )
  - Fisher information:

$$I(\theta) = I(\theta; X_1, \dots, X_n) = \text{var}\{S(\theta; X_1, \dots, X_n)\} = \mathbb{E}[\{S(\theta; X_1, \dots, X_n)\}^2] = -\mathbb{E}\{H(\theta; X_1, \dots, X_n)\}$$

• Under regularity conditions,  $var(\hat{\theta}) \ge CRLB$ .

#### Example Lec6.1

- Find the CRLB for all the UNBIASED estimators in the following cases.
  - a.  $X_1, \ldots, X_n \stackrel{\text{iid}}{\sim} \mathcal{N}(\mu, \sigma^2)$  with UNKNOWN  $\mu$  and GIVEN  $\sigma^2$ . b.  $X_1, \ldots, X_n \stackrel{\text{iid}}{\sim} \mathcal{N}(\mu, \sigma^2)$  with GIVEN  $\mu$  and UNKNOWN  $\sigma^2$ .