

STAT 3690 Lecture 14

zhiyanggeezhou.github.io

Zhiyang Zhou (zhiyang.zhou@umanitoba.ca)

Mar 02, 2022

2-way MANOVA (J&W Sec. 6.7)

- Model: $\mathbf{X}_{ijk} = \boldsymbol{\mu} + \boldsymbol{\tau}_i + \boldsymbol{\beta}_j + \boldsymbol{\gamma}_{ij} + \mathbf{E}_{ijk}$ with $\mathbf{E}_{ij} \stackrel{\text{iid}}{\sim} MVN_p(\mathbf{0}, \boldsymbol{\Sigma})$, $i = 1, \dots, m$, $j = 1, \dots, b$, $k = 1, \dots, n$
 - $\boldsymbol{\tau}_i$: the main effect of factor 1 at level i
 - $\boldsymbol{\beta}_j$: the main effect of factor 2 at level j
 - $\boldsymbol{\gamma}_{ij}$: the interaction of factors 1 and 2 whose levels are i and j , respectively
 - Identifiability: $\sum_i \boldsymbol{\tau}_i = \sum_j \boldsymbol{\beta}_j = \sum_i \boldsymbol{\gamma}_{ij} = \sum_j \boldsymbol{\gamma}_{ij} = \mathbf{0}$
-

- Sum of squares and cross products matrix (SSP)

- Total corrected SSP

$$\mathbf{SSP}_{\text{cor}} = \sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^b \sum_{k=1}^n (\mathbf{X}_{ijk} - \bar{\mathbf{X}})(\mathbf{X}_{ijk} - \bar{\mathbf{X}})^\top$$

$$* \bar{\mathbf{X}} = (mbn)^{-1} \sum_{i,j,k} \mathbf{X}_{ijk}$$

- SSP for factor 1

$$\mathbf{SSP}_{\text{f1}} = \sum_{i=1}^m bn(\bar{\mathbf{X}}_{i\cdot} - \bar{\mathbf{X}})(\bar{\mathbf{X}}_{i\cdot} - \bar{\mathbf{X}})^\top$$

$$* \bar{\mathbf{X}}_{i\cdot} = (bn)^{-1} \sum_{j,k} \mathbf{X}_{ijk}$$

- SSP for factor 2

$$\mathbf{SSP}_{\text{f2}} = \sum_{j=1}^b mn(\bar{\mathbf{X}}_{\cdot j} - \bar{\mathbf{X}})(\bar{\mathbf{X}}_{\cdot j} - \bar{\mathbf{X}})^\top$$

$$* \bar{\mathbf{X}}_{\cdot j} = (mn)^{-1} \sum_{i,k} \mathbf{X}_{ijk}$$

- SSP for interaction

$$\mathbf{SSP}_{\text{int}} = \sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^b n(\bar{\mathbf{X}}_{ij} - \bar{\mathbf{X}}_{i\cdot} - \bar{\mathbf{X}}_{\cdot j} + \bar{\mathbf{X}})(\bar{\mathbf{X}}_{ij} - \bar{\mathbf{X}}_{i\cdot} - \bar{\mathbf{X}}_{\cdot j} + \bar{\mathbf{X}})^\top$$

$$* \bar{\mathbf{X}}_{ij} = n^{-1} \sum_k \mathbf{X}_{ijk}$$

- SSP for residual

$$\mathbf{SSP}_{\text{res}} = \sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^b \sum_{k=1}^n (\mathbf{X}_{ijk} - \bar{\mathbf{X}}_{ij})(\mathbf{X}_{ijk} - \bar{\mathbf{X}}_{ij})^\top$$

$$- \mathbf{SSP}_{\text{cor}} = \mathbf{SSP}_{\text{f1}} + \mathbf{SSP}_{\text{f2}} + \mathbf{SSP}_{\text{int}} + \mathbf{SSP}_{\text{res}}$$

- Testing interaction
 - Hypotheses $H_0 : \gamma_{11} = \dots = \gamma_{mb} = \mathbf{0}$ v.s. H_1 : otherwise

- Wilk's lambda test statistic

$$\Lambda = \frac{\det \mathbf{SSP}_{\text{res}}}{\det(\mathbf{SSP}_{\text{res}} + \mathbf{SSP}_{\text{int}})}$$

- * Under H_0 , by Bartlett's approximation

$$[\{p+1-(m-1)(b-1)\}/2 - mb(n-1)] \ln \Lambda \approx \chi^2((m-1)(b-1))$$

- Rejection H_0 at level α when

$$[\{p+1-(m-1)(b-1)\}/2 - mb(n-1)] \ln \Lambda \geq \chi^2_{1-\alpha, (m-1)(b-1)}$$

- p -value

$$1 - F_{\chi^2((m-1)(b-1))}([\{p+1-(m-1)(b-1)\}/2 - mb(n-1)] \ln \Lambda)$$

- Testing main effects

- Testing factor 1 main effects

- * Hypotheses $H_0 : \tau_1 = \dots = \tau_m = \mathbf{0}$ v.s. H_1 : otherwise

- * Wilk's lambda test statistic

$$\Lambda = \frac{\det \mathbf{SSP}_{\text{res}}}{\det(\mathbf{SSP}_{\text{res}} + \mathbf{SSP}_{\text{f1}})}$$

- Under H_0 , by Bartlett's approximation

$$[\{p+1-(m-1)\}/2 - mb(n-1)] \ln \Lambda \approx \chi^2(m-1)$$

- * Rejection H_0 at level α when

$$[\{p+1-(m-1)\}/2 - mb(n-1)] \ln \Lambda \geq \chi^2_{1-\alpha, m-1}$$

- * p -value

$$1 - F_{\chi^2(m-1)}([\{p+1-(m-1)\}/2 - mb(n-1)] \ln \Lambda)$$

- Testing factor 2 main effects

- * Hypotheses $H_0 : \beta_1 = \dots = \beta_b = \mathbf{0}$ v.s. H_1 : otherwise

- * Wilk's lambda test statistic

$$\Lambda = \frac{\det \mathbf{SSP}_{\text{res}}}{\det(\mathbf{SSP}_{\text{res}} + \mathbf{SSP}_{\text{f2}})}$$

- Under H_0 , by Bartlett's approximation

$$[\{p+1-(b-1)\}/2 - mb(n-1)] \ln \Lambda \approx \chi^2(b-1)$$

- * Rejection H_0 at level α when

$$[\{p+1-(b-1)\}/2 - mb(n-1)] \ln \Lambda \geq \chi^2_{1-\alpha, b-1}$$

- * p -value

$$1 - F_{\chi^2(b-1)}([\{p+1-(b-1)\}/2 - mb(n-1)] \ln \Lambda)$$

- Exercise: factors in producing plastic film (continued)

- One more factor **ADDITIVE** (amount of an additive, 2-level, low or high) in the production test