PAST AND PRESENT LEADERS



- Organizing a group of people or a team to achieve a common goal
- Ability to direct the people in the right direction

WHAT IS LEADERSHIP?

WHO IS A LEADER?



A leader is a one, who

- Knows the way
- Goes the way
- Shows the way

WHO IS A LEADER?

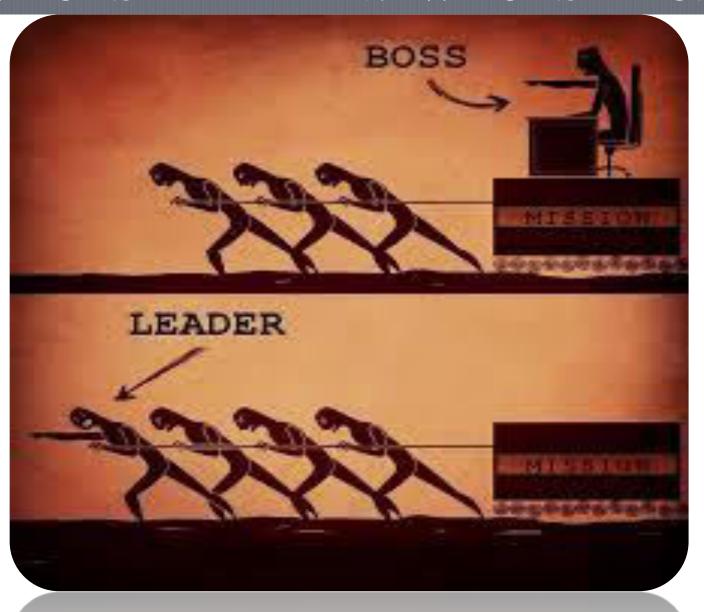
INGREDIENTS OF A GOOD LEADER



INGREDIENTS OF A GOOD LEADER

- A good teacher
- Doesn't put down his/her team
- Gets the most from them
- Works with the framework of rules

WHO IS A LEADER? WHO IS A BOSS?



Who is a Leader? Who is a Boss?

Boss/Manager

- Focus on things
- Do things right
- Organize
- Direct/Instruct
- Control the team
- An assigned position

Leader

- Focus on people
- Do the right things
- Influence
- Inspire/Motivate
- Build the team
- An achieved position

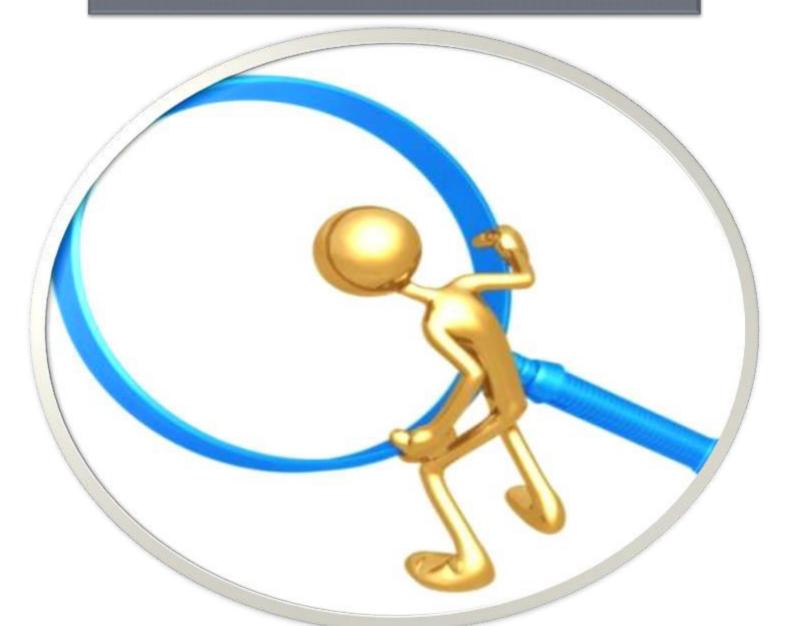
QUALITIES OF A GOOD LEADER

support teamwork strategy decision vision integrity ethic Leadership contribution motivation influence responsibility management Planning

QUALITIES/TRAITS OF A GOOD LEADER

"Leadership is not just one quality But, rather a blend of qualities"

SELF-KNOWLEDGE



1....SELF-KNOWLEDGE

- Leadership begins with self-knowledge
- Ask you the question, "What do you know about yourself as a leader?"
- It is said that,

"Self-knowledge is the basis for character;

Character is the root of integrity;

Integrity provides the foundation for Leadership"

COMMUNICATION

.....Without it you travel alone....



2....COMMUNICATION

- Communication is the heart of leadership
- Involves Listening, Speaking, Feedback
- Build good rapport with your team members
- Communicate effectively,

"It is not what you say, but also how you say"

PERSONALITY



3....PERSONALITY

- Should have attractive and pleasing personality
- Honesty, Sincerity, Humility, Dignity
- Inspire people through your words and action

MOTIVATION AND SELF-CONFIDENCE



4....MOTIVATION AND SELF-CONFIDENCE

- Have self-confidence
- Instil them to others by motivating them
- It is said that,

"A good leader inspires people to have confidence in their leader; A great leader inspires people to have confidence in themselves"

EMOTIONAL INTELLIGENCE



5....EMOTIONAL INTELLIGENCE

- Be emotionally stable and shouldn't lose your temper at any stage
- Should have good Presence of Mind
- Need mental toughness since no one can lead without being criticized/discouraged

RESPONSIBILITY AND DECISION-MAKING



6....RESPONSIBILITY AND DECISION-MAKING

- Take the responsibility and always try be an initiator
- Have enough courage to accept the failure
- Should be able to judge one's decision and say

.....This will work

.....This won't

DON'T ASK THEM TO DO, MAKE THEM TO DO



8....Don't ask them to do, Make them to do

- When the best leader's work is done, the people say, "we did it ourselves"
- The job of a leader today is not to create followers; it is to create more leaders

It is said that,

"Give me a fish, I'll live for a day

Teach me to fish, I'll live for lifetime"

FOCUS



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9....Focus

- Concentrate on your task without mood-swings
- Haste makes waste....So deal everything on the basis of one-at-a-time
- Prioritise the "To-do" list
- Hard-work and Persistence are your two eyes It is said that,

"Winners never quit; Quitters never win"

POLITICAL LEADERS OF PAST

POLITICAL LEADERS OF PAST

- India is a land of great political leaders who ruled the country effectively and also by protecting its national interest.
- Leaders like Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Lal Bahadur Shastri, Indira Gandhi, Bose, etc., played an indispensable role in changing the perspective of world towards India.
- The manner, in which issues like border disputes, Kashmir and growing shortage of food grains were handled, they really deserve an honor.

CONTI..

- The far-sightedness and pragmatic characteristics of the leaders can be assumed from the fact that they framed the Constitution of India by inducting the best possible articles of the world.
- They led the country from the front, without being showing any inclination to either of the power blocs.
- To know more about the political leaders of India, read the brief biography of the Indian political leaders.



Bal Gangadhar Tilak

- Bal Gangadhar Tilak was a social reformer and freedom fighter.
- He was one of the prime architects of modern India and strongest advocates of Swaraj (Self Rule).

• He was universally recognized as the "Father of Indian Maxament"

Movement".



Bhagat Singh

- Bhagat Singh was among the prominent revolutionaries who shaped the base of a grand national movement.
- Following his execution, on March 23, 1931, the supporters and followers of Bhagat Singh regarded him as a "Shaheed", "martyr".

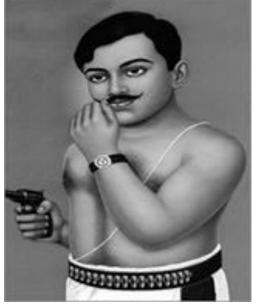


Chandrasekhar Azad

- A contemporary of Bhagat Singh, Chandrasekhar Azad was a born firebrand revolutionary.
- He engaged in a heroic battle against the British.

• His role was crucial in inspiring the others of his generation to participate in the national movement for

freedom.



BHIMRAO RAMJI AMBEDKAR

- Bhimrao Ramji Ambedkar, popularly known as Babasaheb, was an Indian jurist, economist, politican and social reformer.
- campaigned against social discrimination against Untouchables, while also supporting the rights of women and labour.
- He was Independent India's first law minister and the principal architect of the constitution.

 India.

Gopal Krishna Gokhale

- Gopal Krishna Gokhale was one of the pioneers of the Indian Independence Movement.
- Gokhale was a senior leader of the Indian National Congress.
- He was one of the most learned men in the country, a leader of social and political reformists and one of the earliest and founding leaders of the Indian Independence Movement.







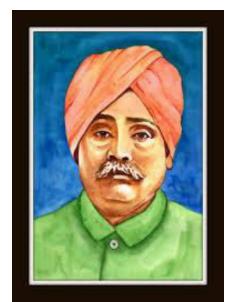
- Jawaharlal Nehru was the first Prime Minister of independent India.
- He was a member the Congress Party that led the freedom movement against British Empire.
- Nehru was one of the architects who had the opportunity to steer the newly freed-nation.
- He was also the chief framer of domestic and international policies between 1947 and 1964.

Indira Gandhi

- Indira Gandhi was, undoubtedly, one of the greatest political leaders of India.
- She was the first and only woman to be elected as the Prime Minister.
- She is also regarded as the most controversial political leader of the country for her unprecedented decision of imposing "a state of emergency".

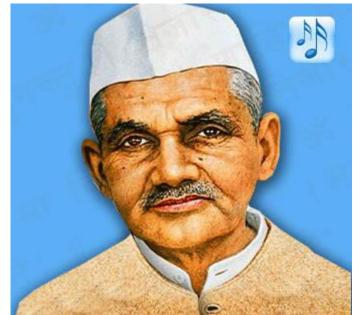
Lala Lajpat Rai

- Lala Lajpat Rai immensely contributed in attaining independence the nation.
- He helped in establishing few schools in the country. He also initiated the foundation of Punjab National Bank.
- In 1897, he founded the Hindu Orphan Relief Movement to keep the Christian missions from securing custody of these children.



Lal Bahadur Shastri

- He devoted his life for the pride and honor of the country.
- Shastri was regarded as man of principles.
- Lal Bahadur Shastri offered his resignation as Union Railway Minister; hours after he was made aware of a train accident that killed around 150 people.



Maulana Abul Kalam Azad

- Maulana Abul Kalam Azad was a renowned journalist of his time.
- Disturbed by his provocative articles, the British Government decided to deport him off Calcutta.
- Despite of his house-arrest and imprisonment, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad continued to write against the anti-people policies of the British Government.

Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose

- Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose was a freedom fighter of India.
- He was the founder of the Indian National Army.
- During pre-independence period Netaji had visited London to discuss the future of India, with the members of the Labor party.





Dr. Rajendra Prasad

- Rajendra Prasad was a great leader of the Indian Nationalist Movement and also one of the architects of the Indian Constitution.
- He was elected as the first President of Republic of India.
- Rajendra Prasad was a crucial leader of the Indian Independence Movement, who left his lucrative profession to participate in the nationalist movement of India.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel

- Vallabhbhai Patel was one of the great social leaders of India.
- He played a crucial role during the freedom struggle of India and was instrumental in the integration of over 500 princely states into the Indian Union.
- Despite the choice of the people, on the request of Mahatma Gandhi, Sardar Patel stepped down from the candidacy of Congress president.

Sarojini Naidu

- Sarojini Naidu was truly one of the gems of the 20th century India.
- She was known by the sobriquet "The Nightingale of India".
- Her contribution was not confined to the fields of politics only but she was also a renowned poet.
- The play "Maher Muneer", written by Naidu at an early age, fetched a scholarship to study abroad.





Present young leaders in india

• http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=uEDt28aTvss



