Date: Reg. No.

CLEAN ENERGY

Apparatus Required:

- Solar cell (*p-n* junction diode)
- Light source (100 W bulb)
- Ammeter
- Voltmeter
- Load circuit
- Connecting wires

SLO:

• To draw the I-V characteristics of a solar cell and to find out its efficiency and fill factor

The maximum power generated: $P_{max} = V_{mp}I_{mp}$ (where V_{mp} and I_{mp} are the current and voltage values corresponding to maximum power.

$$FF = \frac{V_{mp}I_{mp}}{V_{oc}I_{sc}}$$

$$\eta = \frac{P_{\text{max}}}{A_C \Omega}$$
 (where, A_C – Area of the solar cell, Ω - Incident intensity)

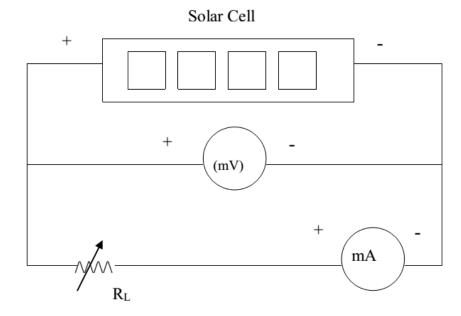


Figure 1: Study of I-V characteristics of a solar cell

Date:

Reg. No.

Table: (I-V Characteristics)

 $I_{SC} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}, V_{OC} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

Load Resistance	Distance (x) = Intensity of light =		
		()	()

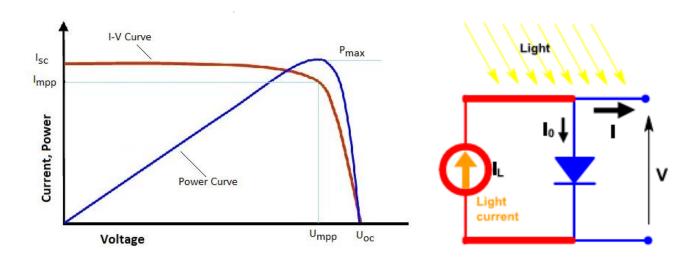


Figure 2: I-V Characteristics of a solar cell

Date:

Reg. No.

Observations:

1. For distance $(x_1 =$)

$$I_{
m mp}=$$
 ______, $V_{
m mp}=$ ______

$$P_{\text{max}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$\Omega = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}, A_{\mathrm{C}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

Results:

I-V characteristics of the solar cell were studied and the maximum power generated, FF and efficiency were calculated for two different source – cell distances.

For,
$$x_1 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$
 Efficiency, $\eta = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$; $FF = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$