Continuous remdom variables. Poplen. The joint pdf of a two dimensional sondom Vernialale (X, Y) is siven by f(n,y)= ny2+ 2/2, OLMEZ, 0 4 4 4 1 Compute i) P(x>1) (x < y)11) P(y < /2) N) D(X4X =1) iii) P(x> / Y</2) iv) P(Y<1/2/X>1) Solution: - The siven sange is 05759,05451 i) P(x>1)= [(2x2+22) dddy = \ (y^2 \frac{m^2}{2} + \frac{m3}{873} \) dy $=\int_{1}^{1}\left(y^{2},\frac{2n^{2}}{2}+\frac{3i^{3}}{24}\right)^{2}dy$ P(aexLbreyed) = [[42 (4-1) + = (8-1)) dy = Stoppen, s) dondy = 1 (= y2 + =) dy = 32 (43) + = (4) ii) P(YK1/2) = \$\int_{61/2}^{2} + \frac{n^{2}}{8} \dondy \limits = 1/2 242 + 1/3) dy = 1/4 1 Scanned by CamScanner

iii)
$$p(x>1, y<1_{2}) = \int_{0}^{1/2} (ay^{2} + \frac{n^{2}}{n^{2}}) dndy$$

$$= \frac{5}{84}$$

$$p(x>1/y<1_{2}) = P(x>1, y<1_{2})$$

$$p(y<1_{2}) = \frac{5}{19}$$
iv) $p(y<1_{2}) = p(x>1, y<1_{2})$

$$p(x>1) = \frac{5}{19}$$

$$p(x>1) =$$