	Corruption Outcomes			Mismanagement Outcomes		
	Indicator I *(Binary)*	Indicator II *(Share)*	Indicator III *(Amount)*	Indicator I *(Binary)*	Indicator II *(Share)*	Indicator III *(Amount)*
Variable:	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
			Purchases Estimates			
Proc. Category 1	0.117	0.037	234	0.049	-0.006	64
	(0.095)	(0.055)	(442)	(0.078)	(0.081)	(648)
	[$n = 2098$]	[$n = 2087$]	[$n = 1934$]	[$n = 2129$]	[$n = 2097$]	[$n = 1924$]
Proc. Category 2	-0.034	0.032	2,827	-0.100*	-0.055	-4,524
	(0.067)	(0.048)	(3,838)	(0.059)	(0.059)	(4,748)
	[$n = 2686$]	[$n = 2106$]	[$n = 2058$]	[$n = 2553$]	[$n = 2328$]	[$n = 2261$]
			Works Estimates			
Proc. Category 1	-0.210	-0.039	61	-0.416**	-0.291*	-4,611*
	(0.143)	(0.078)	(1,482)	(0.190)	(0.178)	(2,802)
	[$n = 330$]	[$n = 362$]	[$n = 314$]	[$n = 485$]	[$n = 485$]	[$n = 423$]
Proc. Category 2	0.043	0.009	537	0.016	-0.006	-726
	(0.102)	(0.058)	(8,614)	(0.079)	(0.076)	(11,265)
	[$n = 1185$]	[$n = 1014$]	[$n = 1050$]	[$n = 944$]	[$n = 858$]	[$n = 892$]
Proc. Category 3	0.043	0.158	221478	0.171	-0.077	-88,510
	(0.307)	(0.183)	(281,249)	(0.212)	(0.251)	(340,566)
	[$n = 313$]	[$n = 228$]	[$n = 205$]	[$n = 51$]	[$n = 157$]	[$n = 276$]
			Pooled Estimates			
Proc. Category 1	-0.025	-0.054*	-425	0.098*	0.091*	-114
	(0.058)	(0.033)	(291)	(0.054)	(0.050)	(451)
	[$n = 2256$]	[$n = 2263$]	[$n = 1964$]	[$n = 1977$]	[$n = 2019$]	[$n = 1905$]
Proc. Category 2	-0.018	0.009	1,344	-0.064	-0.040	-572
	(0.043)	(0.030)	(3,078)	(0.044)	(0.041)	(3,486)
	[$n = 3767$]	[$n = 2896$]	[$n = 2846$]	[$n = 2460$]	[$n = 2436$]	[$n = 4584$]
Proc. Category 3	0.099	0.085	76,083	-0.006	-0.050	-1,869
	(0.128)	(0.069)	(59,995)	(0.081)	(0.079)	(79,197)
	[$n = 517$]	[$n = 568$]	[$n = 626$]	[$n = 732$]	[$n = 751$]	[$n = 423$]

Note: This table reports the lower-bounded LATE of discretion on government performance in Brazilian municipalities. Each cell represents one non-parametric, local polynomial regression of order two between the discretion parameter (rows on first column) and performance outcome (columns 1-6). For each cell, we first report parameter estimates, then cluster-robust standard errors (at the municipal level), and lastly sample sizes around each cutoff for each regression. Corruption Indicator I (column 1) and Management Indicator I (columns 4) are binary variables turning on when the procurement call has at least one corruption or program management infraction; Corruption and Mismanagement Indicators II (columns 2 and 5) report the share of corruption and mismanagement infractions over the total number of infractions; Indicators III (columns 3 and 6) report the amount potentially lost to either problem, i.e. the transfer amount times the share of corruption or mismanagement issues over total infractions. The regressions in table do not include municipal covariates nor fixed-effects. Robust standard errors are clustered at the municipal level and are reported in parentheses. *p<.1; **p<.05; ***p<.01