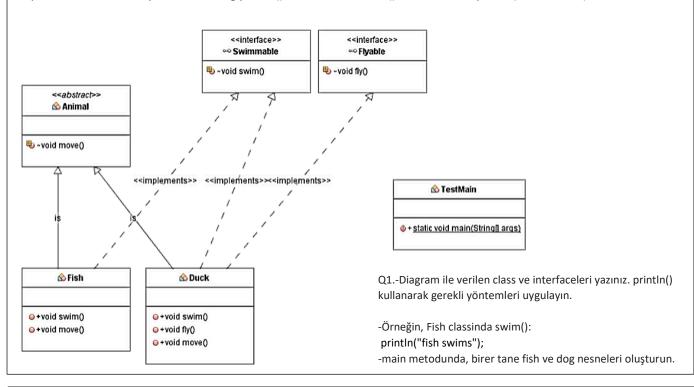
| NAME: | |
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| ~~~~ | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 | Q5 | TOTAL |
|-------|----|----|----|----|----|-------|
| SCORE | | | | | | |

OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING FINAL EXAM

Q1 (25p): Write the classes and interfaces given by following diagram. In the main method, create fish and dog objects. Implement the necessary methods using println(). For instance swim() in class Fish: println("fish swims");



Q2(28p): Using the relationship given in the previous question, check if the following compiles and runs.

//WRITE YOUR ANSWER IN THE TABLE

public class TestMain {
 public static void main(String[] args){
 Animal a= new Duck();
 a.swim();
 a.fly();
 a.move();
 Flyable f =(Flyable)new Fish();
 Animal a = new Duck();
 a.fly();
}

a.fly

Q2.Önceki soruda verilen ilişkiyi kullanarak, tabloda verilen ifadelerin derlenip calistigini kontrol ediniz. Tam puan almak icin cevabinizi aciklayin.

| Statement | Compile? | Run? | If compiles or runs, explain why? If not, Correct it (if it is possible) |
|----------------------------|----------|------|--|
| Animal a= new Duck(); | | | |
| a.swim(); | | | |
| a.fly(); | | | |
| a.move(); | | | |
| Flyable f = | | | |
| (Flyable)new Fish(); | | | |
| <pre>f = new Duck();</pre> | | | |
| f.fly(); | | | |

Q3 (18p): 1.What is multiple inheritance in Java? Write the differences between classes and abstract classes. [Java'da çoklu miras nedir? Classlar ve abstract classlar arasındaki farkları yazın.] // Write answer here

Q4 (24): Write the output. Explain your answer. Otherwise you will get half score. abstract class Worker { private String name; protected int hour; protected int wage; public Worker(String name, int hour) { this.name = name; this.hour = hour; public Worker(String name){ this.name = name; abstract int Salary(); @Override public String toString() { return name +" "+ this.Salary(); int baseSalary(){ return 1000; } } class Engineer extends Worker{ public Engineer(String name) { super(name); this.hour =10; this.wage = 50; @Override int Salary() { return this.hour * wage + super.baseSalary(); } } class ChiefEngineer extends Worker{ public ChiefEngineer(String name, int hour) { super(name, hour); this.wage = 20; } @Override int Salary() { return this.hour * wage * 2 + super.baseSalary(); } } class TestClass{ public static void main(String[] args){ Worker w1 = new Engineer("newbie"); Worker w2 = new ChiefEngineer("senior", 40); System.out.println(w1); System.out.println(w2); } }

Q4.Write answer in here

Q4. Çıktıyı yazın<u>. Cevabınızı açıklayın. Aksi takdirde yarım puan alırsınız.</u>

YOU HAVE 90 MINS.

ANSWER QUESTION 2, 3, 4 in the given spaces.

(Soru 2,3,4 uzerinde cevaplanacaktir)

GOOD LUCK!

Q5:

Book adında bir class yazın. Classin 2 attribute'u olmalı: name (String) ve price (double).

- a) Constructor bu 2 attribute atamak zorundadır.
- b) Toplam fiyatı döndüren bir totalPrice () metodu oluşturun (price +% 8 * price).
- c) Bu Classtan 4 (b1,b2,b3,b4) nesne oluşturun ve hepsini books olarak adlandırılan LinkedList'e ekleyin. d) Listedeki nesneleri toplam fiyata göre sıralayın. (İpucu: Comparable interface'ini kullanın)
- e) Listede sıralanmış olan nesneleri Iterator kullanarak yazdırın.

Q5(25p): Write a class called Book. The class must have 2 attributes: name(String) and price(double).

- a) Class constructor will have to set these 2 attributes.
- b) Create a totalPrice() method, which returns total price (price + %8 * price).
- c) Create 4 objects (b1, b2, b3,b4) from this class and add them all to a LinkedList called **books**.
- d) Sort objects in the list by total Price (Hint: Use Comparable interface)
- e) Print sorted objects in the list using **Iterator**.