
# JAVASCRIPT

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# JS in Web Development

JavaScript is **lightweight , cross platform and object oriented** programming language

javaScript is one of **three core technologies** of web development (**HTML – CSS - JS**)

# JS in Web Development

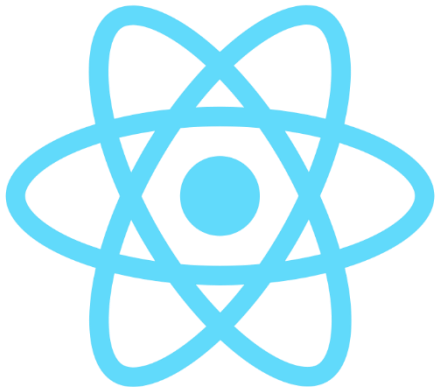
**For web development:**

- javaScript is traditionally only been used in browser environment (client-side language)
- lately: thanks to Node.JS we can use javascript on server-side

# JS in Web Development Cont.

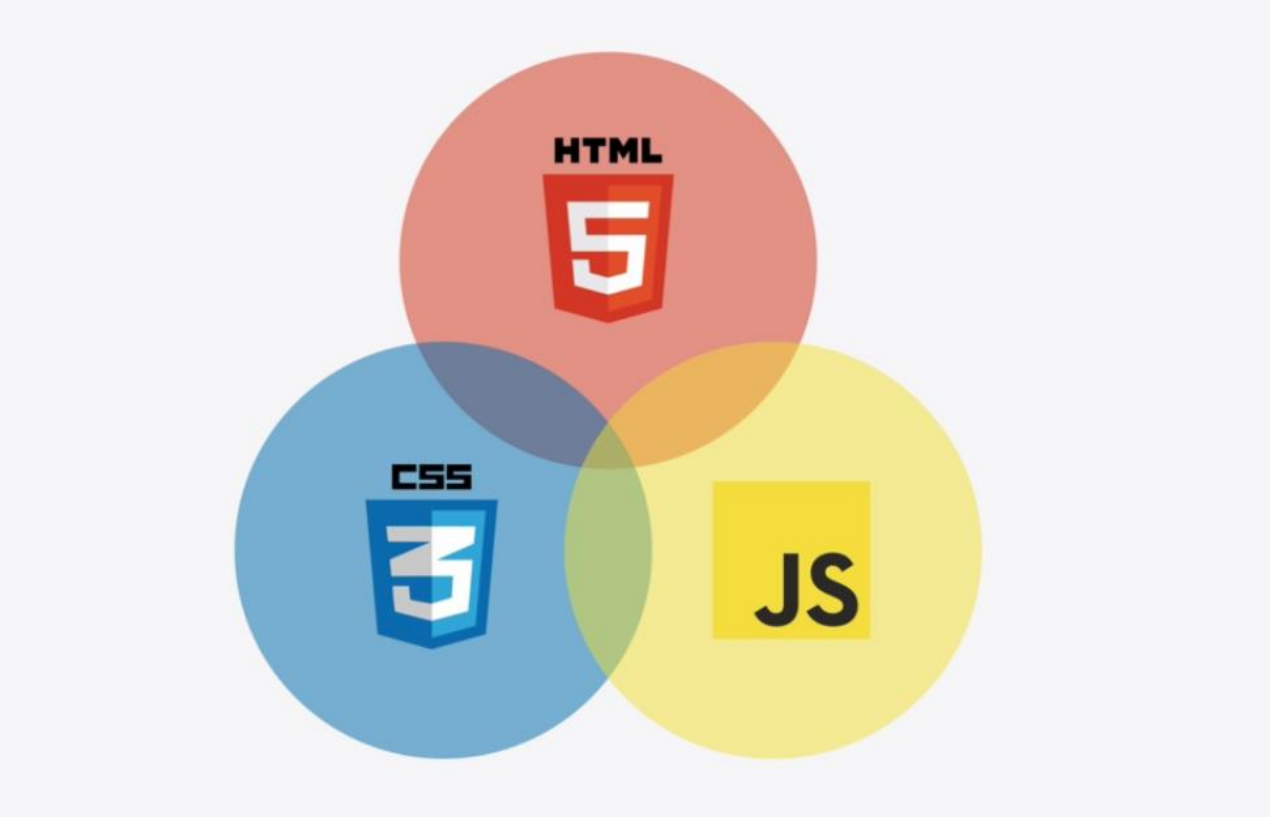
JavaScript allows us to develop complex modern web applications that we can interact with

According to **Angular** (javaScript framework), you need to master javaScript in order to use Angular



# JS in Web Development Cont.

all work together to create beautiful interactive and dynamic web applications



# JS in Web Development Cont.


CONTENT


PRESENTATION


DYNAMIC EFFECTS/
PROGRAMMING

**NOUNS**

`<p></p>`

means "paragraph"

**ADJECTIVES**

```
p {color: red;}
```

means "the paragraph text is red"

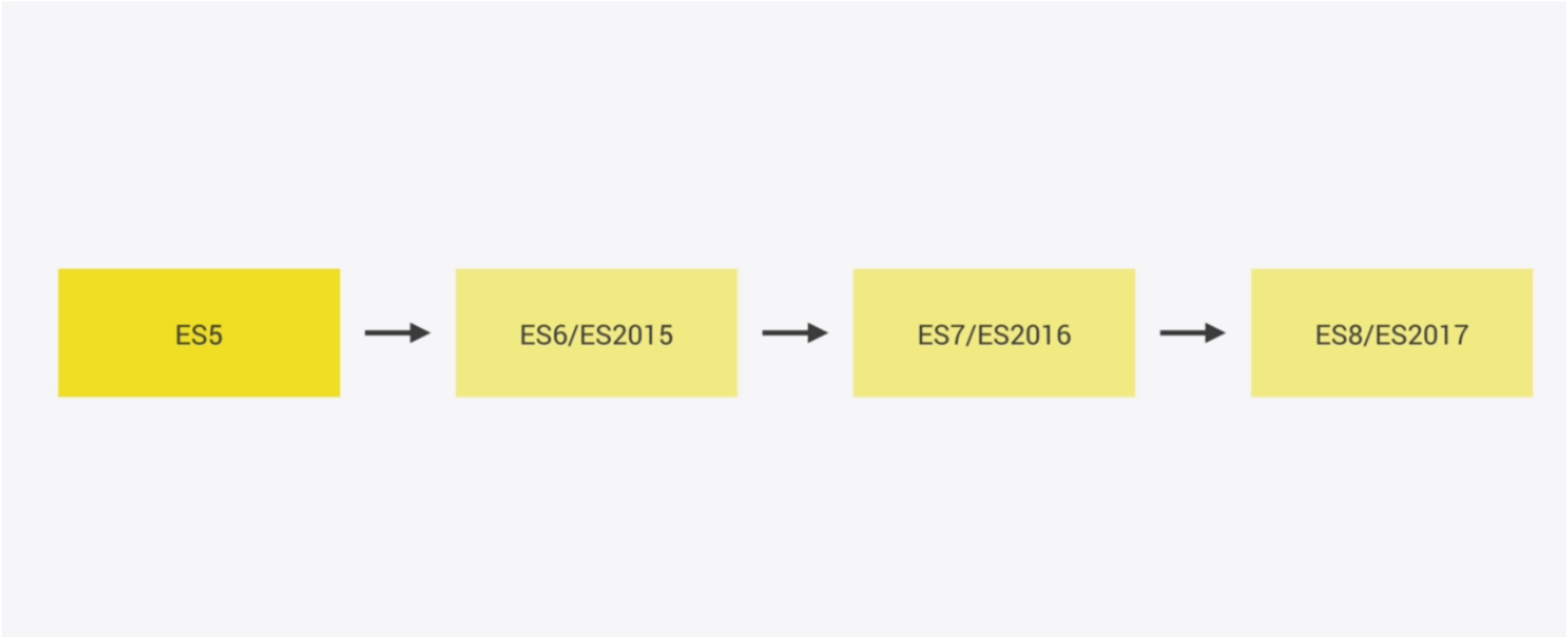
**VERBS**

```
p.hide();
```

means "hide the paragraph"

# JS Versions

- ECMAScript (Standard)



# JS Versions

**ES5**

- Fully supported in all browsers;
- Ready to be used today 👍

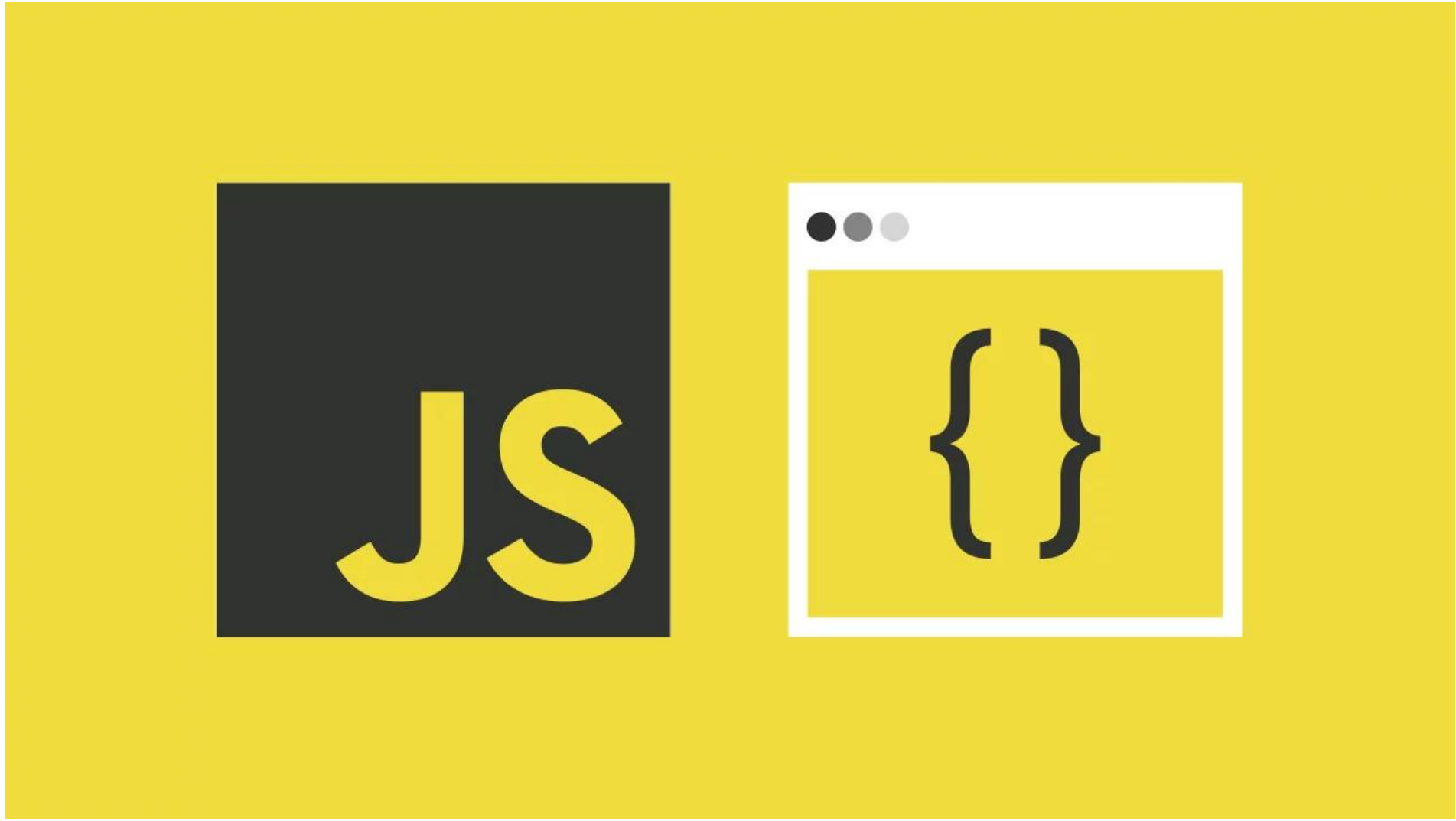
**ES6/ES2015**

**ES7/ES2016**

**ES8/ES2017**

- Well supported in all **modern** browsers
- No support in older browsers;
- Can use **most** features in production with transpiling and polyfilling (converting to ES5)

# Practice



# Primitive data types

1. **Number:** Floating point numbers, for decimals and integers
2. **String:** Sequence of characters, used for text
3. **Boolean:** Logical data type that can only be `true` or `false`
4. **Undefined:** Data type of a variable that does not have a value yet
5. **Null:** Also means 'non-existent'

**JavaScript has dynamic typing:** data types are **automatically** assigned to variables

# logic operators

var A

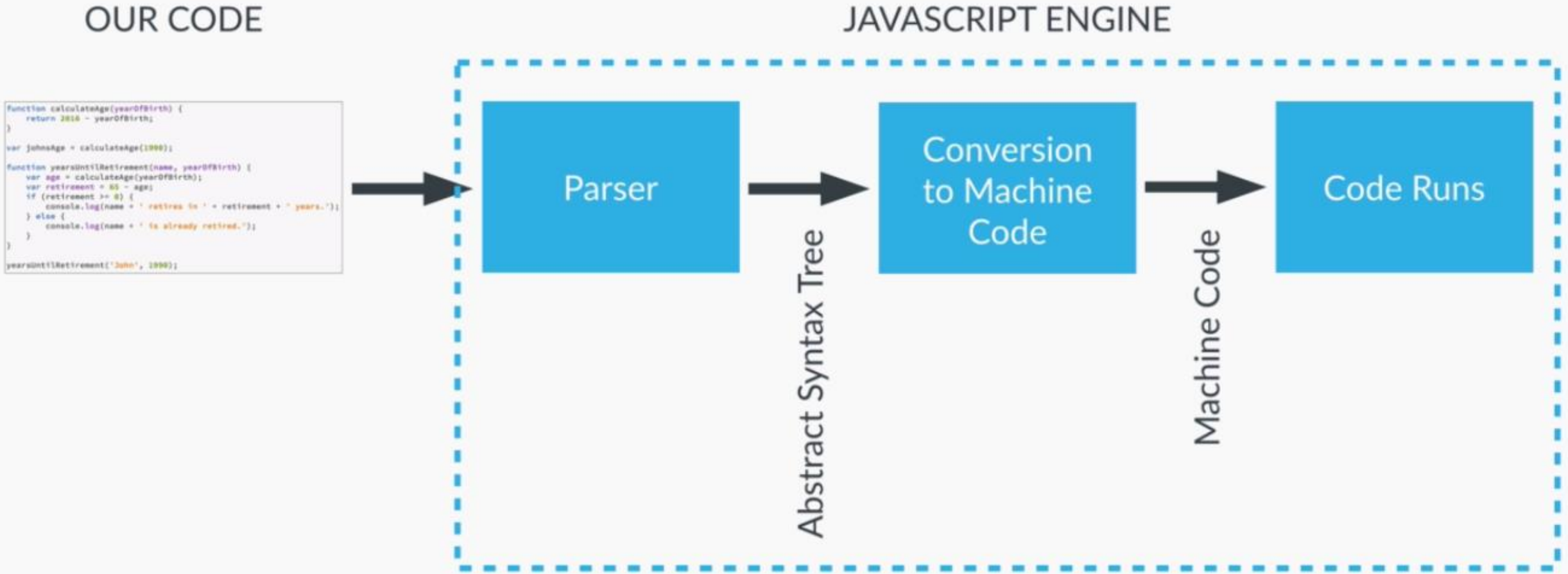
| var B | AND | TRUE | FALSE |
|---|---|---|---|
| | TRUE | TRUE | FALSE |
| | FALSE | FALSE | FALSE |

var A

| var B | OR | TRUE | FALSE |
|---|---|---|---|
| | TRUE | TRUE | TRUE |
| | FALSE | TRUE | FALSE |

- AND (&&) => `true` if **ALL** are `true`
- OR (||) => `true` if **ONE** is `true`
- NOT (!) => inverts `true`/`false` value

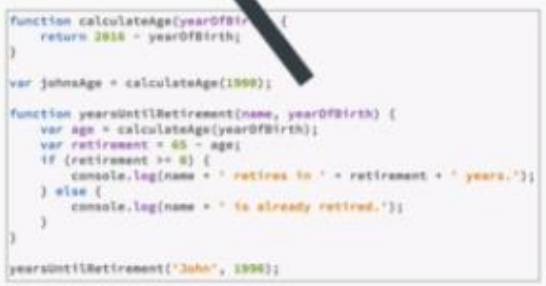
# How Our Code Is Executed



# How Our Code Is Executed

**Execution Context**

(A box, a container, or a wrapper which stores variables and in which a piece of our code is evaluated and executed)



THE DEFAULT

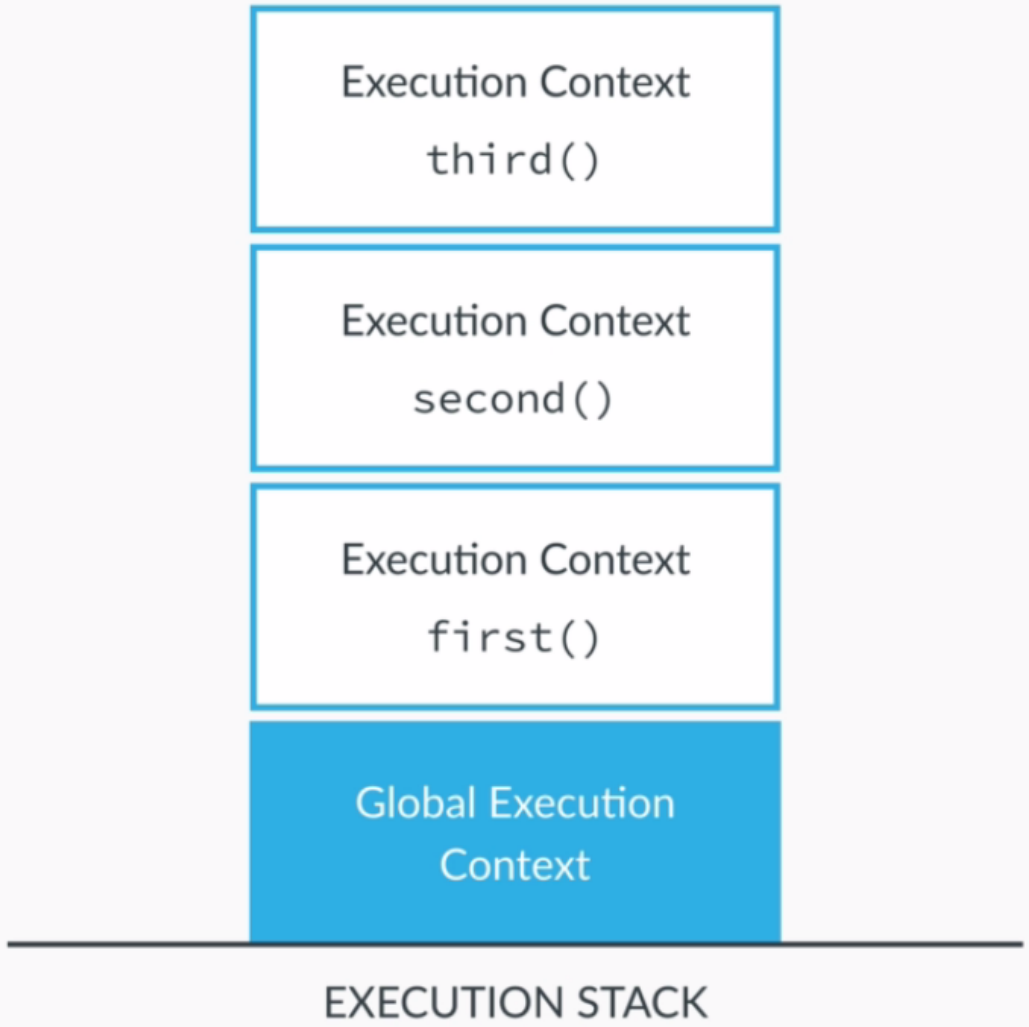
Global Execution Context

- Code that is **not inside any function**
- Associated with the **global object**
- In the browser, that's the `window` object

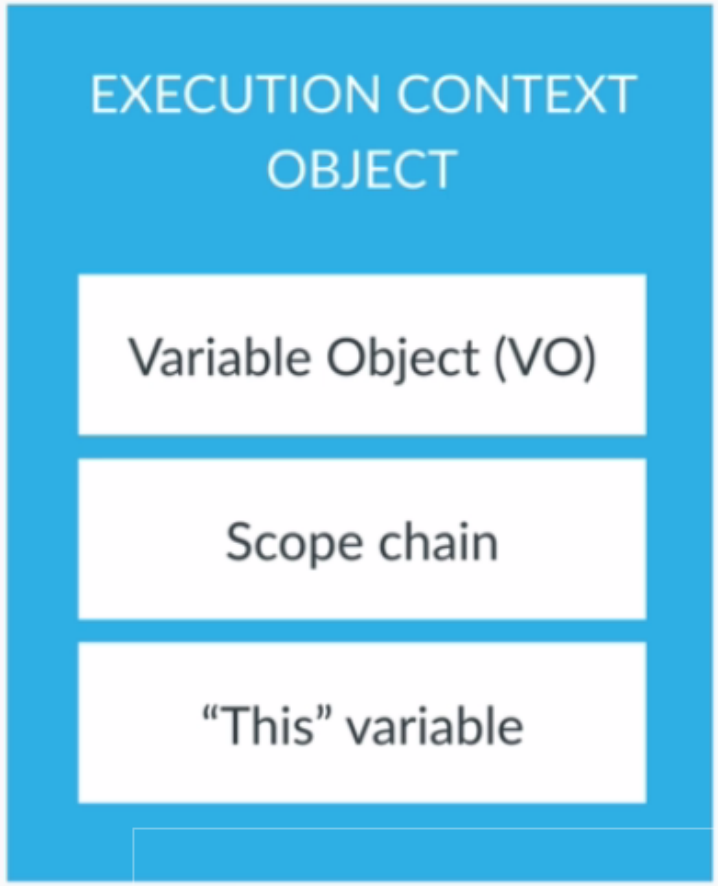
```
lastName === window.lastName
// true
```

# How Our Code Is Executed

```
var name = 'John';

function first() {
    var a = 'Hello!';
    second();
    var x = a + name;
}

function second() {
    var b = 'Hi!';
    third();
    var z = b + name;
}

function third() {
    var c = 'Hey!';
    var z = c + name;
}

first();
```



# How Our Code Is Executed




1. Creation phase

   A) Creation of the Variable Object (VO)

   B) Creation of the scope chain

   C) Determine value of the ‘this’ variable

2. Execution phase

   The code of the function that generated the current execution context is ran line by line

# How Our Code Is Executed

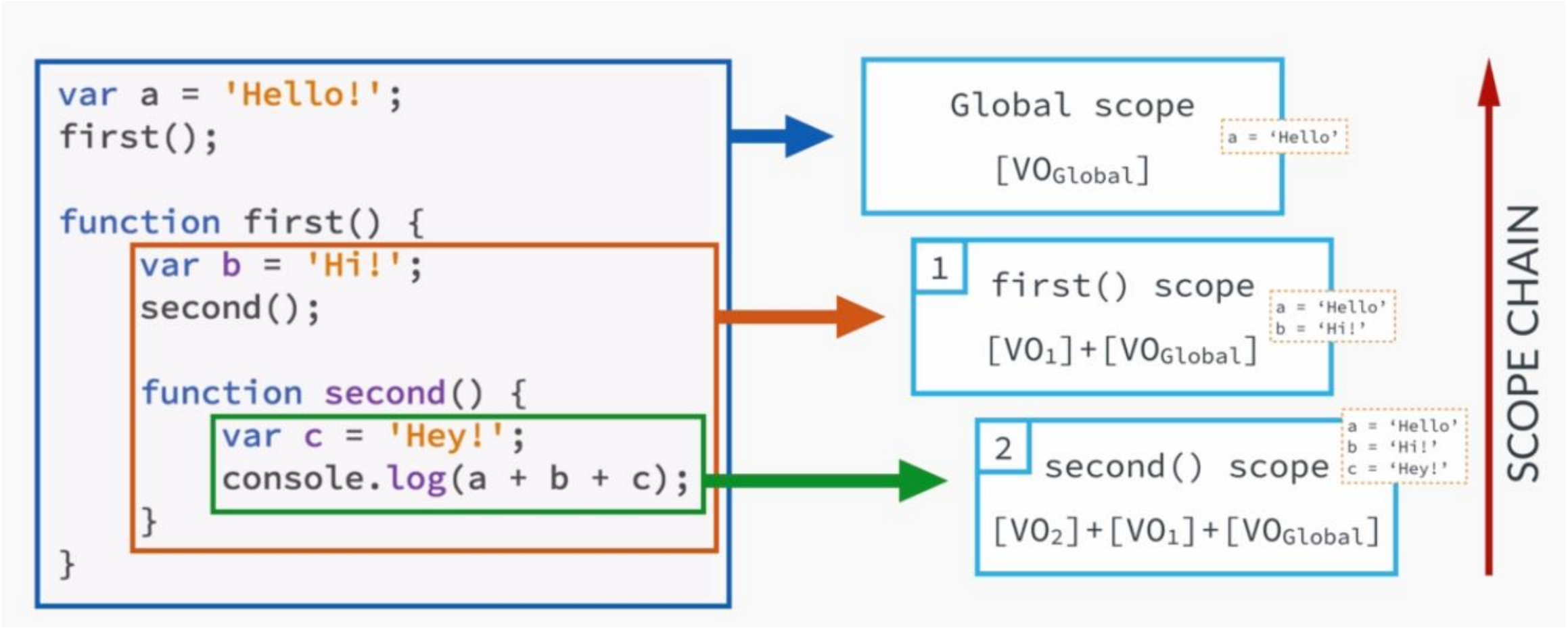

- The `argument` object is created, containing all the arguments that were passed into the function.
- Code is scanned for **function declarations**: for each function, a property is created in the Variable Object, **pointing to the function**.
- Code is scanned for **variable declarations**: for each variable, a property is created in the Variable Object, and set to `undefined`.

HOISTING

# How Our Code Is Executed


- Scoping answers the question "where can we access a certain variable?"
- **Each new function creates a scope**: the space/environment, in which the variables it defines are accessible.
- **Lexical scoping**: a function that is lexically within another function gets access to the scope of the outer function.

# How Our Code Is Executed



# How Our Code Is Executed

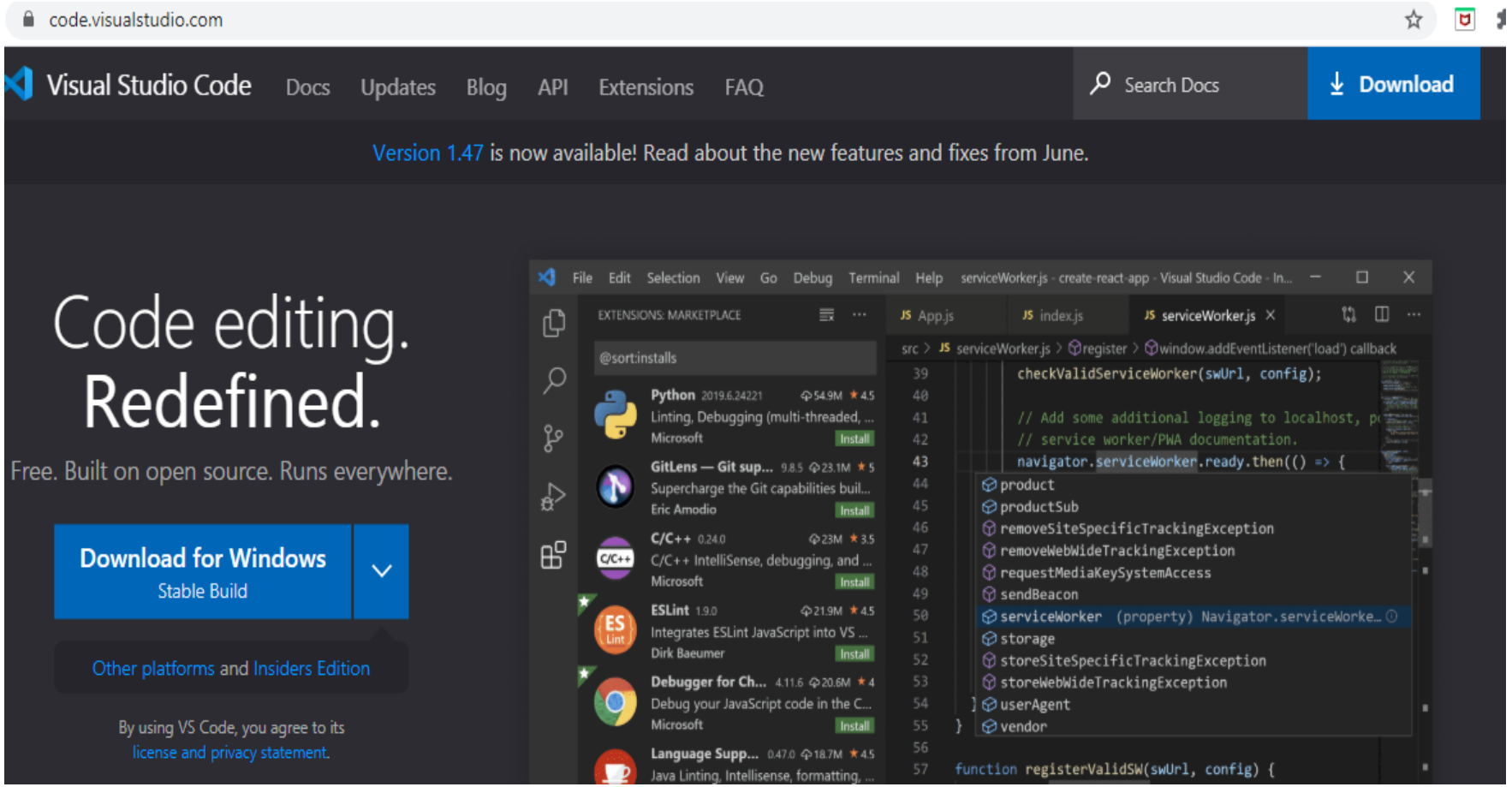

- **Regular function call**: the `this` keyword points at the global object, (the `window` object, in the browser).
- **Method call**: the `this` variable points to the object that is calling the method.

- *The `this` keyword is not assigned a value until a function where it is defined is actually called.*

# Programs Needed for Course

- **Visual Studio Code (Editor which I will use)**

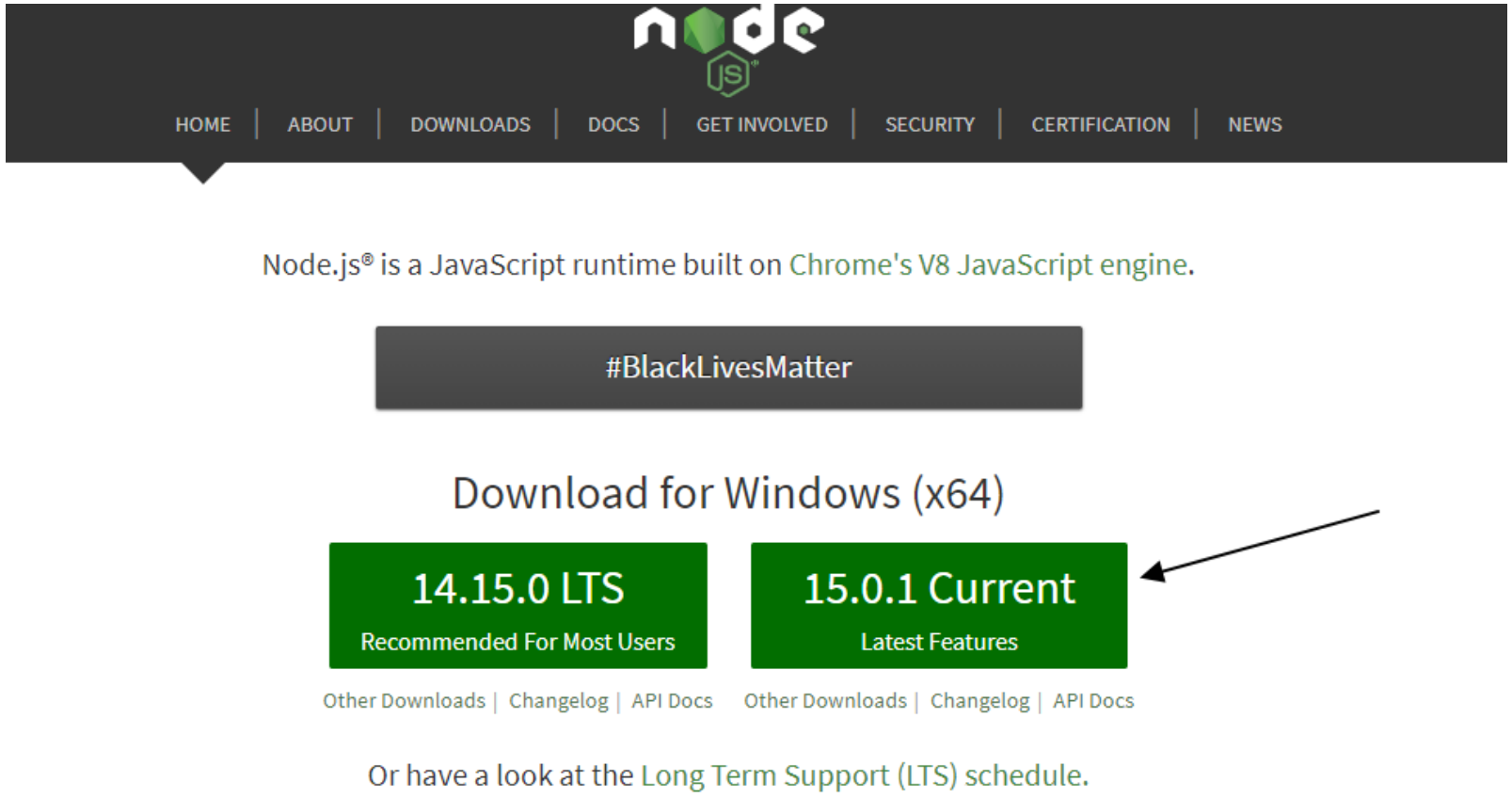
**https://code.visualstudio.com/**



# Programs Needed for Course

- **Node Js** (JavaScript runtime – server side)

https://nodejs.org/en/



# Programs Needed for Course

- **Angular (CLI)**

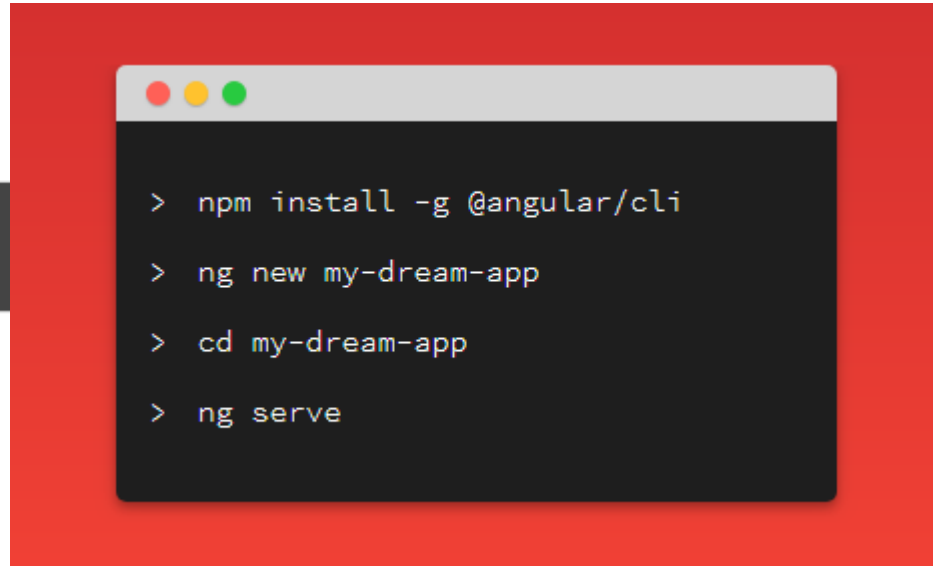
https://angular.io/cli

## Install the Angular CLI

You use the Angular CLI to create projects, generate application and library code, and perform a variety of ongoing development tasks such as testing, bundling, and deployment.

To install the Angular CLI, open a terminal window and run the following command:

```
npm install -g @angular/cli
```




Thank You