ASSING MENT

E+ 92 b+ 93 a Sol eg of 9, 2 eg of 92 2 9, a 9, b eg of 9/3 = eg of 94 = 92 a+ 93 b + 94 a+ 94 b taking equation 1 9, = E+ 2, b+ 2, a and substitutions values from eg 2) and 3) qız Erqabrq, ba

 $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}$

La Required Expression.

St.

Sol.

29 of 9, 2 E + 9, 0

29 of 92 2 9, 1 + 92 1

29 of 93 2 92 0 + 93 0 + 93 1 3

Equation of final state 2. 9, z E + 9,0 Eure Kanswe R = g+RP ... R = gP* by A rden's Theorem { g, z E. 0* PayER=R3 2, 2 0 * -4 Equation of final state 9 2 gr 2 g, 1 + gr 1 9220×17921 fron eg (9) In 2 0*1 (1)* - (5) using Arden's Theorem Taking Union of 9, and 92 (9) (9)

$$= 0 + (E + 11 +)$$
 { we know
$$E(RR^{+} = R^{+})$$

$$RE = 0 + 1 +$$

NS.

of is treated as an OR x is treated as ran. AND

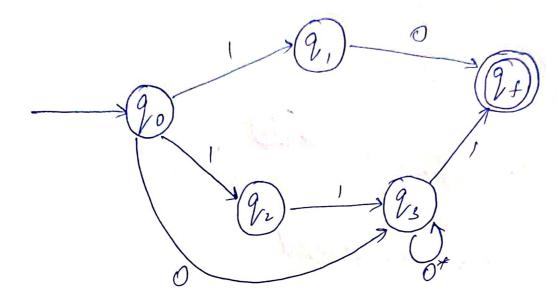
Solving and of separating each one step by step:

STEPL

$$\frac{1}{20} \left(0 + 11\right) 0 \times 1$$

STEP-2 -> separating 0 and 1 (0+11)0*1 Solving the Bracket STEP-3 Separating Values of bracket STEP-4 ->

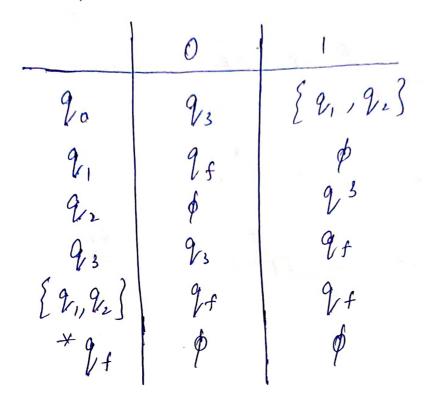
STEP-5 > Separating 0 + and 1

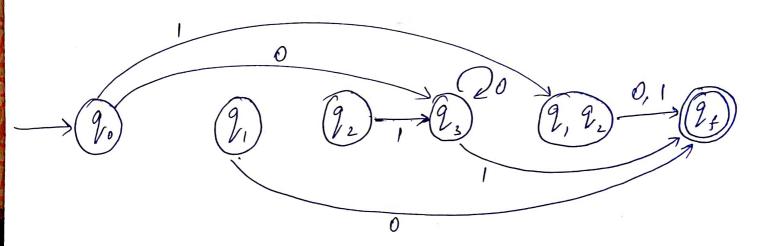


NFA Table for Enprusion

	0	
20	P3	[22, 2,]
9,	25	Ø
92	Ø	V3
9/s	9/3	9 f
9+	ø	d

Converting NFA to DFA





94 W.

a) for some string of 0 and 1

ORE = $1(0-1)^*0$

b) RE= (0+1)*1(0+1)*1(0+1)*

C) RE= (0+1)(0+1)0(0+1)*

d) RE = O((0+1)(0+1))*+1(0+1)((0+1)(0+1))*