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function [Ui] = inputcontrol Algorithm1(num nodes, nodes, Nei agent, n, epsilon
   , r, d, p_nodes)
   %{
   This function is to find alpha and beta neighbors
   Created by Anthony Bugatto
   Inputs: positions of nodes (nodes),
          indices of alpha neighbors (Nei_agent)
          (n)
          (epsilon)
          active range for alpha agents (r)
          (k scale)
          (p_nodes)
   Outputs: controlled acceleration (Ui)
   %}
   c_a1 = 30;
   c a2 = 2*sqrt(c a1);
   a = 5;
   b = 5;
   c = abs(a - b) / sqrt(4*a*b);
   r sig = sigma norm(r);
   d_sig = sigma_norm(d);
   n_ij = zeros(num_nodes,num_nodes,n); %gradient matrix 1x2
   for i = 1:num_nodes
       for j = 1:num_nodes
          q = norm(nodes(j,:) - nodes(i,:));
          sig_grad = (nodes(j,:) - nodes(i,:)) / (1 + epsilon * sigma_norm)
              (nodes(j,:) - nodes(i,:)));
          if q < r && q ~= 0 %is zero otherwise
              n_{ij}(i,j,:) = sig_grad;
          end
       end
   end
   U = zeros(num nodes, n); %100x3 matrix for accelerations
   gradient = 0;
   conscensus = 0;
   a_ij = zeros(num_nodes,num_nodes);
   for i = 1:num nodes %loop through all i in Ui matrix
       for j = 1:size(Nei agent{i}) % loop through all neighbors in neighbor
          matrix for each i
          Nei_val = Nei_agent{i}(j);
          if(i ~= Nei val)
             %phi is the time differential of the smooth pairwise
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attractive/repulsive potential
                z = sigma_norm(nodes(Nei_val,:) - nodes(i,:)); %parameter for
                    phi alpha
                z_phi = z - d_sig; %parameter for phi
                rho_h = bump(z / r_sig);
                sigmoid = (z_phi + c) / sqrt(1 + (z_phi + c)^2);
                phi = .5 * ((a + b) * sigmoid + (a - b));
                phi_alpha = rho_h * phi;
                a_{ij}(i,Nei_val) = rho_h;
                %implement the algorithm for the fragmenting control law:
                % Ui = c_a1*SUM[phi_alpha * nij) + c_a2*SUM[aij * (pj - pi)]
                gradient = phi_alpha * [n_ij(i,Nei_val,1) n_ij(i,Nei_val,2)];
                conscensus = a_ij(i,Nei_val) * (p_nodes(Nei_val,:) - p_nodes(i
                    ,:));
            end
        end
        U(i,:) = (c_a1 * gradient) + (c_a2 * conscensus);
    end
    Ui = U;
end
```