

MAT1512 MAT112P

May/June 2010

CALCULUS A

Duration

2 Hours

100 Marks

EXAMINERS:

FIRST SECOND

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This paper consists of 3 pages.

Instructions to candidates:

- The use of a pocket calculator is NOT permissible
- This paper consists of three pages Answer ALL questions
- Show ALL your workings

QUESTION 1

1.1 Determine the following limits (if it exists)

(a)
$$\lim_{x \to -3} \frac{x^2 - x - 12}{x + 3}$$
 (2)

(b)
$$\lim_{t \to 0} \frac{t \sin t}{1 - \cos t} \tag{3}$$

(c)
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\sqrt{2x^2 + 1}}{3x - 5}$$
 (3)

(d)
$$\lim_{x \to 2} \frac{x^2 - 4}{|x - 2|}$$
 (3)

1.2 (a) Use the Squeeze Theorem to determine the limit:
$$\lim_{h \to 0} h \sin\left(\frac{1}{h}\right)$$
 (3)

(b) Now let

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) & \text{if } x \neq 0\\ 0 & \text{if } x = 0 \end{cases}$$

Simplify
$$\frac{f(0+h)-f(0)}{h}$$
 and show from first principles that $f'(0)$ exists (3)

[17]

[TURN OVER]

QUESTION 2

Let

$$g(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 - 1 & \text{if } x < 3 \\ k & \text{if } x = 3 \\ 2x + 1 & \text{if } x > 3 \end{cases}$$

Show that, regardless of the value of $k \in \mathbb{R}$, g cannot be continuous at x = 3

[4]

QUESTION 3

3.1 Find the first derivatives of the following functions

(a)
$$y = \sqrt{x} \left(3x^2 - \frac{2}{x^3} \right)$$

(b)
$$y = 4^x \operatorname{cosec}(x^4). \tag{4}$$

$$(c) x^2 e^y = y^2 \ln x \tag{6}$$

(d)
$$F(x) = \int_{x^2}^{x} \cos 2t \, dt$$
 (5)

(3 2) Use Logarithmic differentiation to find
$$\frac{dy}{dx}$$
 if $y = (\sin x)^{2x}$. (5)

(33) For the function

$$x^2 + y^3 - 2y = 3$$

find the equation of the normal line at the point (2, 1).

(7)

[30]

QUESTION 4

Determine the following integrals

$$(4 \ 1) \int \tan^2 x + \sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{x} \, dx \tag{4}$$

$$(4.2) \int x \, 2^{x^2} \, dx \tag{4}$$

$$(4.3) \int \frac{x^3}{(x^2+1)^2} dx \tag{7}$$

$$(44) \int_{0}^{1} \frac{4x+8}{x^2+4x+5} dx \tag{5}$$

[20]

[TURN OVER]

QUESTION 5

Find the area enclosed by $f(x) = 1 - x^2$ and $g(x) = x^2 - 1$ Sketch the graphs of f and g on the same axes

[5]

QUESTION 6

Make a direct substitution and change the integral limits to evaluate

$$\int_{4}^{9} \frac{dx}{x - \sqrt{x}}$$

[6]

QUESTION 7

Solve the following Initial Value Problem

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{9x^2 - \sin x}{\cos y + 5e^y}, \quad y(0) = \pi.$$

[6]

QUESTION 8

A bacterial culture starts with 1000 bacteria and after 2 hours there are 2500 bacteria. Assuming that the culture grows at a rate proportional to its size, find the population after 6 hours

[6]

QUESTION 9

If $z = \sin(x e^y)$ where

$$x = 3u^2 + uv \qquad \text{and} \qquad y = u^3 - \ln v,$$

use the chain rule for partial differentiation to find $\frac{\partial z}{\partial u}$

[6]

TOTAL: [100]