

MAT1503

October/November 2013

LINEAR ALGEBRA

Duration 2 Hours

100 Marks

EXAMINERS. FIRST EXTERNAL

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This paper consists of 3 pages

ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS

QUESTION 1

(a) (i) Find the solution set of the following linear equation

$$7x - 5y = 3\tag{2}$$

(ii) Reduce the following matrix to row-echelon form

$$\left[\begin{array}{cc} 1 & 3 \\ 2 & 7 \end{array}\right] \tag{3}$$

- (b) Show that if A is an $m \times n$ matrix and A(BA) is defined, then B is an $n \times m$ matrix (5)
- (c) Show that the following matrices are inverses of each other

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 5 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -5 \\ -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (5)

(d) Let

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 \\ 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

(i) Check as to whether or not AB and BA are defined (explain fully)

(ii) If defined, what will their sizes be? (2)

(iii) Compute AB and BA if defined (4)

[25]

(4)

QUESTION 2

(a) (1) Compute det(A), where A is given by

$$A = \left[\begin{array}{cc} a+1 & a \\ a & a-1 \end{array} \right] \tag{3}$$

- (ii) Let A, B, C be $n \times n$ matrices such that det(A) = -1, det(B) = 2 and det(C) = 3 Then evaluate $det(B^2C^{-1}AB^{-1}C^T)$ (5)
- (b) Given that

$$A = \left[\begin{array}{rrr} 1 & a & b \\ -a & 1 & c \\ -b & -c & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

then find det(A) (5)

- (c) (i) If B is a square matrix such that $B^n = 0$ where 0 is a zero matrix, then show that B is not invertible (2)
 - (ii) Find det(C) if $C^2 = I$, where I is an identity matrix
- (d) Solve by Cramer's rule

$$\begin{cases} 3x + 4y &= 9 \\ 2x - y &= -1 \end{cases} \tag{8}$$

[25]

(2)

QUESTION 3

- (a) Consider the vectors $\underline{u} = (1,0,2)$ and $\underline{v} = (1,1,0)$
 - (i) Determine the orthogonal projection $proj_{\underline{u}}\underline{v}$ (4)
 - (ii) Calculate the area of the parallelogram bounded by \underline{v} and \underline{u} (6)
 - (iii) Determine the perimeter of the parallelogram bounded by \underline{v} and \underline{u} (5)
- (b) Find an equation of the plane containing the point (1, 1, 1) and perpendicular to the line passing through the points (2, 1, 1) and (1, 1, 0) (6)
- (c) Determine whether the point (0, -4, 6) lies on the plane whose parametric equations are x = 2 t, y = 2 3t, z = 4 + t (4)

QUESTION 4

- (a) Use De Moivre's theorem to express $\sin 3\theta$ in terms of powers of $\sin \theta$ and $\cos \theta$ (10)
- (b) Determine the cube roots of 8 in polar form (10)

[TURN OVER]

(c) Let a and b be real numbers such that $(a - ib)^2 = 4i$

(1) Prove that $a^2 - b^2 = 0$ (2)

(ii) Verify that ab = 2 (3) [25]

TOTAL MARKS: [100]

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