

ANSYS 6.0 Variable Viewer

New Variable Viewer to Review Time-History Data

New Time-History Commands

New XY-Plotting Graphing Options

Overview of 6.0 Enhancements

- A number of enhancements for time-history postprocessing have been included at ANSYS 6.0:
 - At 5.7, the *Results Viewer* was introduced to simplify General Postprocessor operations with context-sensitive pop-up menus and a simplified interface.
 - At 6.0, the *Variable Viewer* was developed to simplify the Time-History Postprocessor procedure. This calculator-like interface provides most of the time-history functionality in a convenient GUI.
 - Time-History variables can now be stored for the current ANSYS session when the user leaves /POST26. In prior releases, the user-defined time-history variables would be erased if the user left the Time-History Postprocessor.
 - **Command: KEEP**
 - **Menu: Main Menu > TimeHist Postpro > Settings > Data**

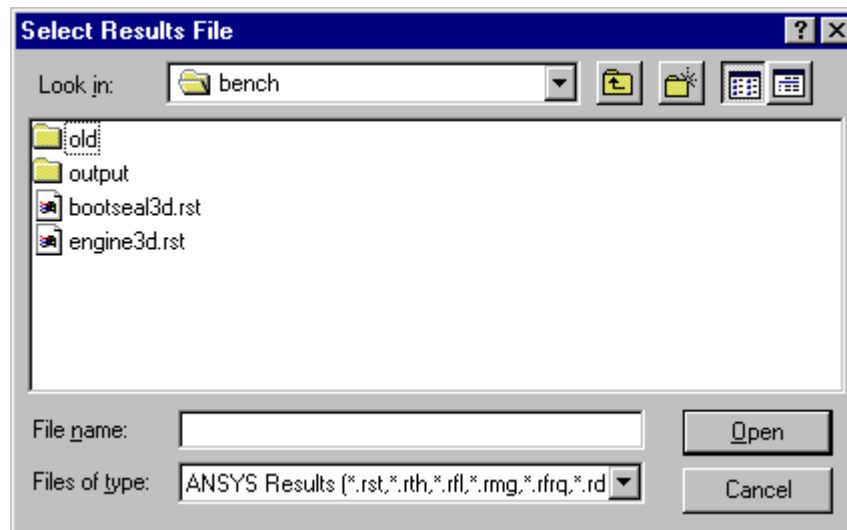
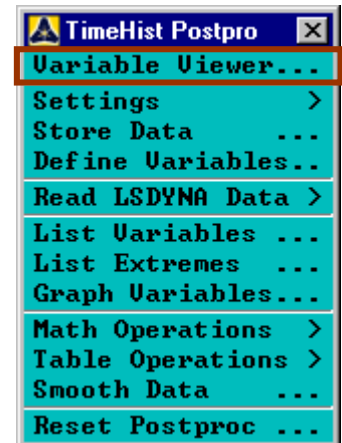
Overview of 6.0 Enhancements (cont'd)

- A new command allows users to retrieve *averaged* element data at a given node. Prior to this, users could only retrieve *unaveraged* element solution data at a given node belonging to a specific element (ESOL command).
 - Command: **ANSOL**
 - Menu: **Main Menu > TimeHist Postpro > Variable Viewer**
- Names for time-history variables can now be up to 32 characters long for more descriptive names. In previous releases, an 8 character limit was imposed.
- The XY Plotting graphics options /GMARKER, /GTHK, and /GROPT have been enhanced to provide the user more control over time-history plots.

The Variable Viewer

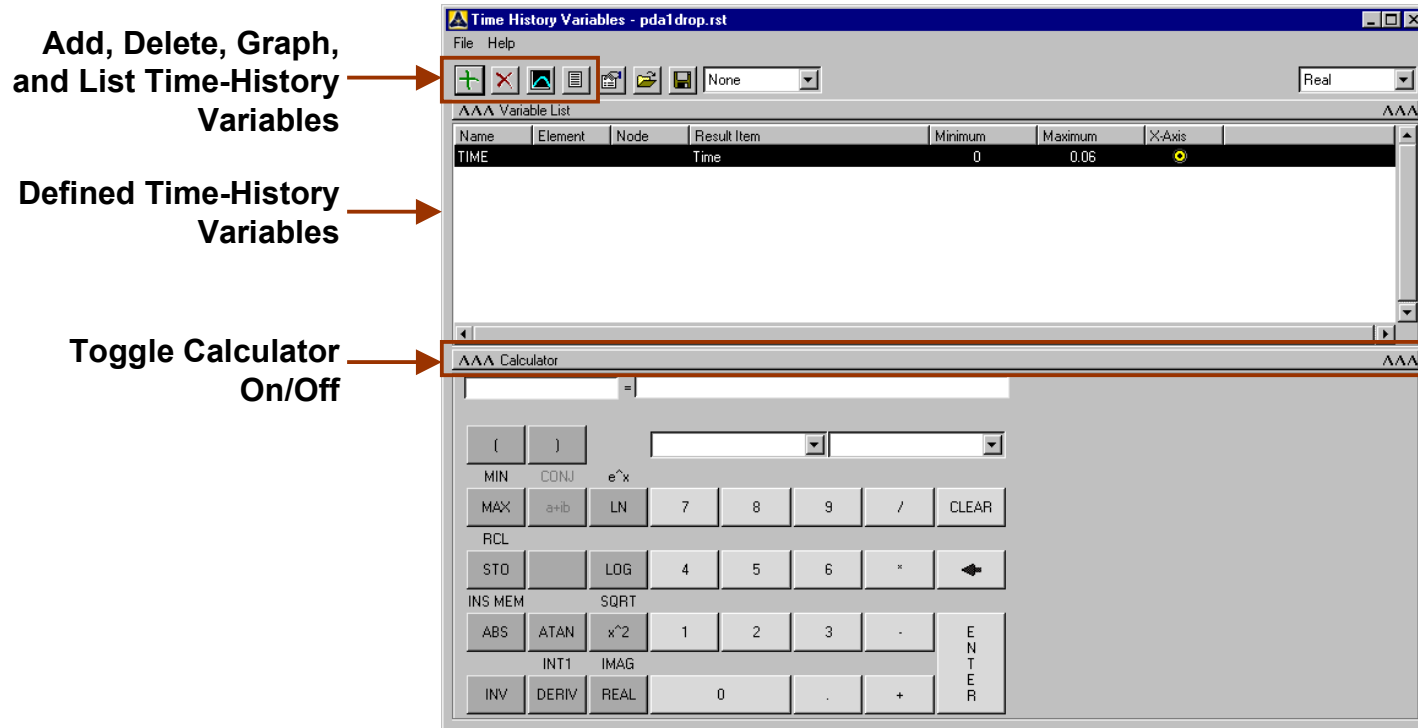
Introduction

- The Variable Viewer is invoked via
 - Main Menu > TimeHist Postpro > Variable Viewer...
- When first running the Variable Viewer, the user will be prompted to select a results file to review.



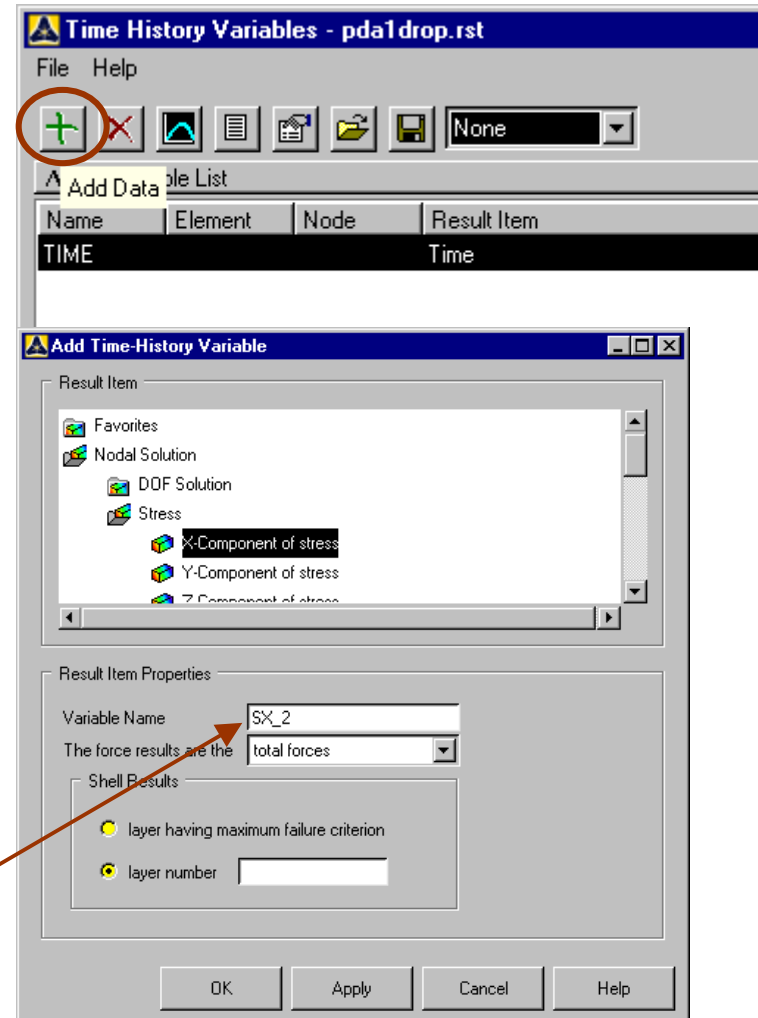
Overview of Interface

- The Variable Viewer interface is quite simple, as shown below.
 - Additional details can be found in the ANSYS 6.0 Online Help, *Basic Analysis Guide*, Ch. 6.1 “The Time-History Variable Viewer”



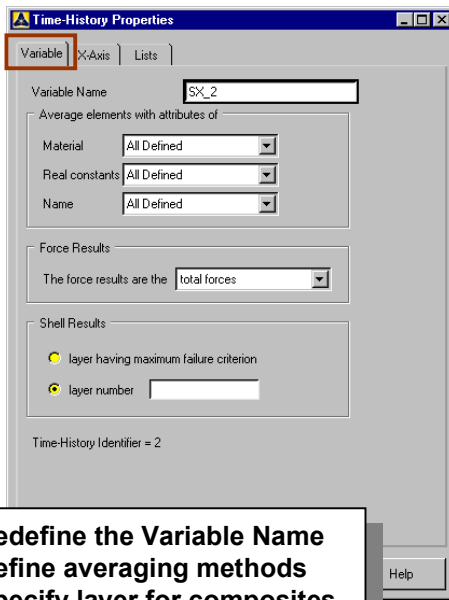
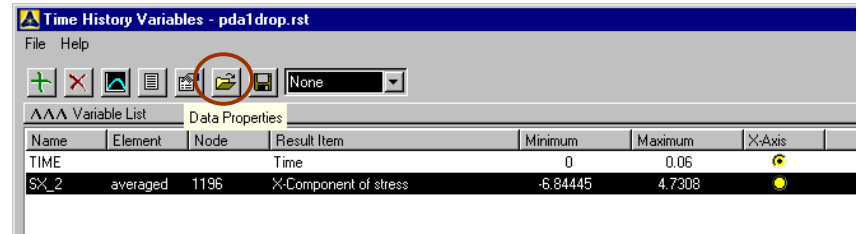
Defining Variables

- By clicking on the “Add Data” icon, as shown on the right, the user can define a variable.
- After doing so, a separate dialog box appears, asking what results a user wants.
 - Everything is categorized under general headings, such as “Nodal Solution > Stress > X-Component of Stress”, as shown on the right.
 - Users can change the variable name or include other data, as needed.

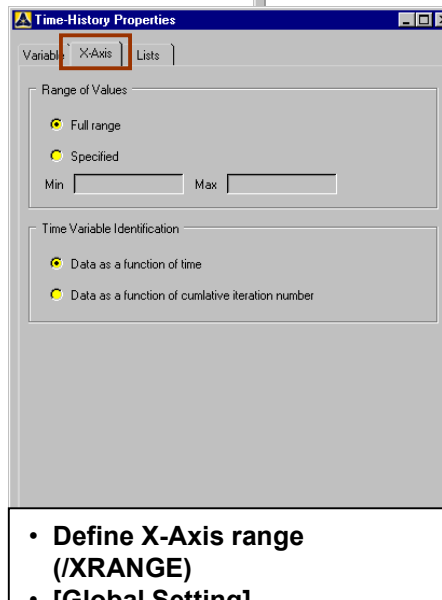


Setting Plotting/Listing Options

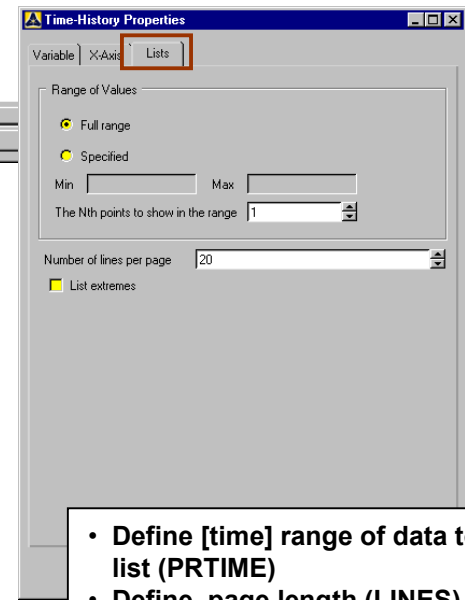
- After selecting the elements/nodes of interest, the variable is now defined in the Time-History Variable Viewer.
 - Highlight your new variable and click on the “Data Properties” icon.



- Redefine the Variable Name
- Define averaging methods
- Specify layer for composites
- [Variable Setting]



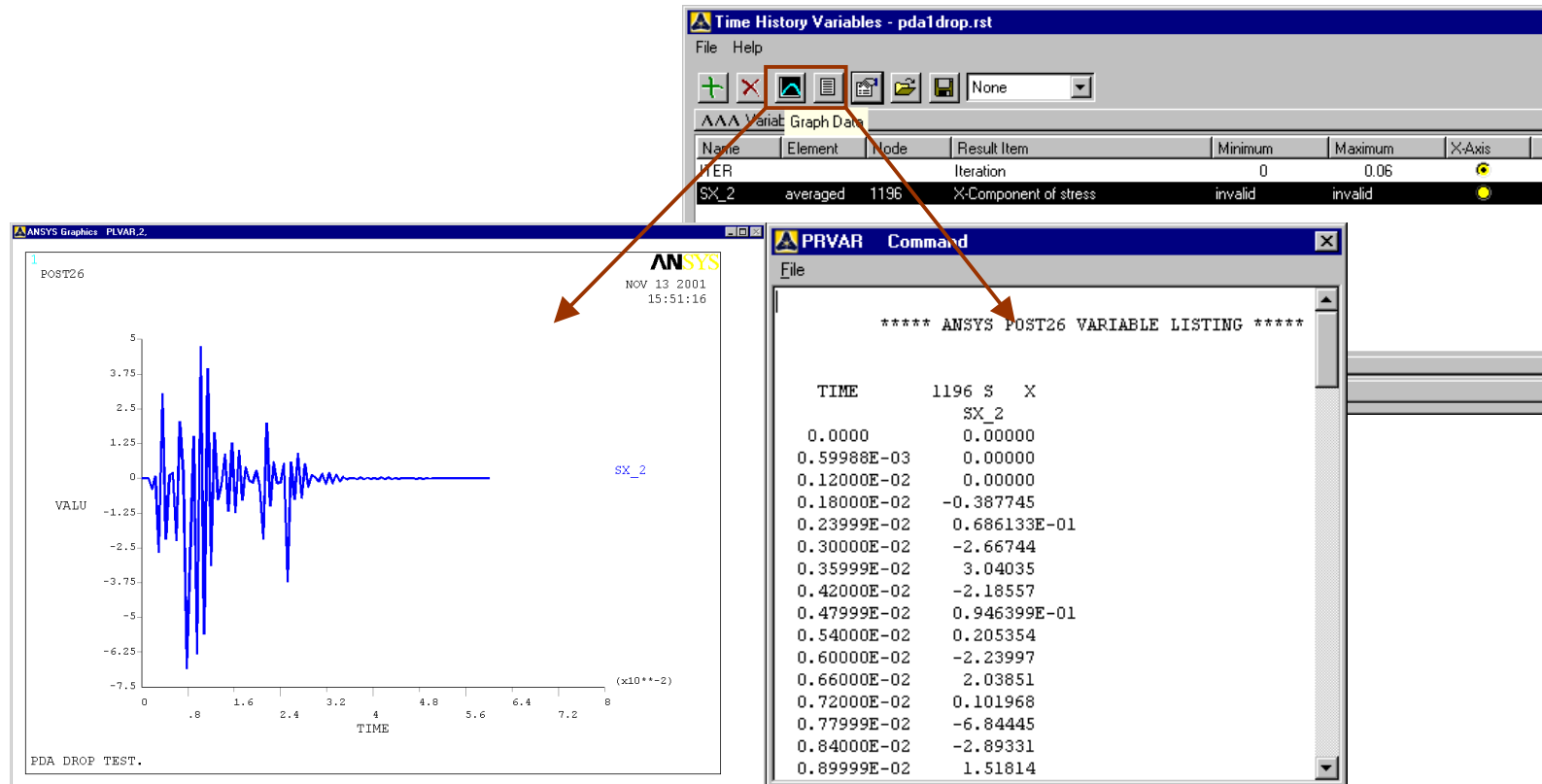
- Define X-Axis range (/XRANGE)
- [Global Setting]



- Define [time] range of data to list (PRTIME)
- Define page length (LINES)
- [Global Settings]

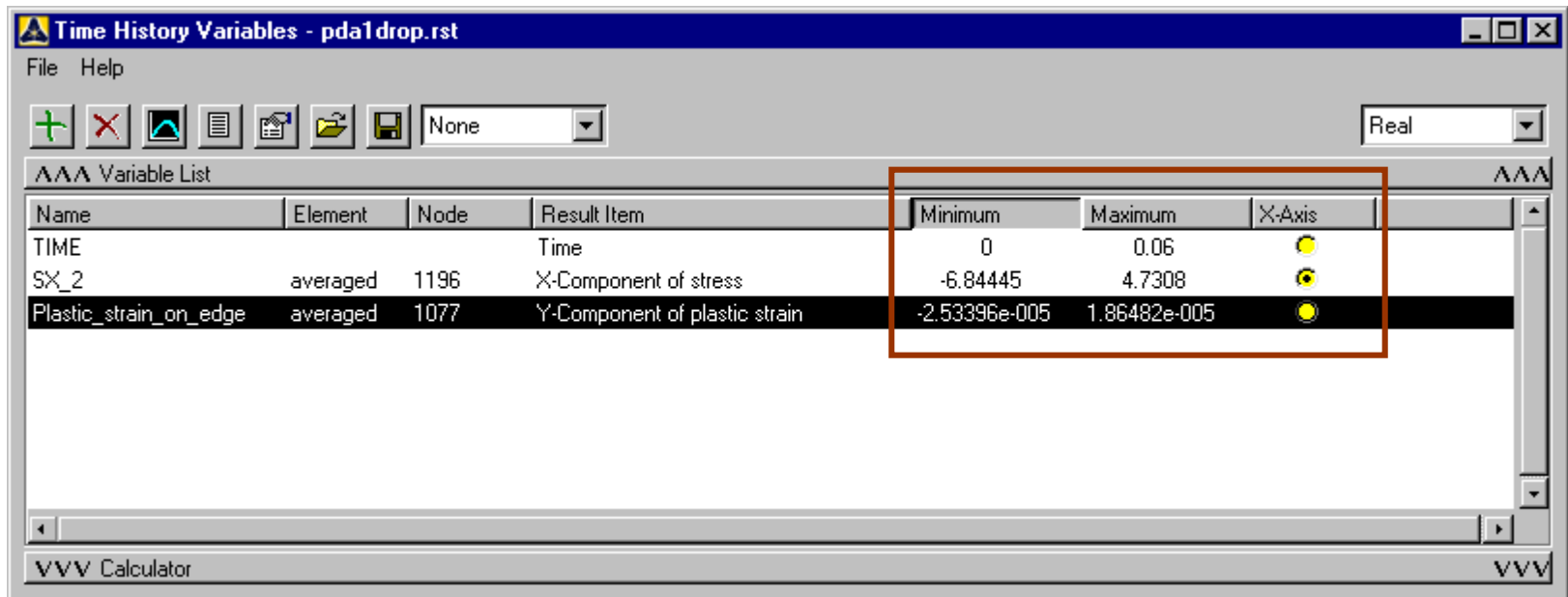
Graphing or Listing Variables

- Once the user defines the variables (and any optional graph/list settings, as shown on the previous slide), the user can plot or list this data.



Variables

- Note also that other information is listed in the Time-History Variable Viewer window:
 - Minimum and maximum values are shown in the columns
 - It is easy to change the X-Axis from “Time” to any variable
 - Variables can be sorted on any column (name, min, node, etc.)

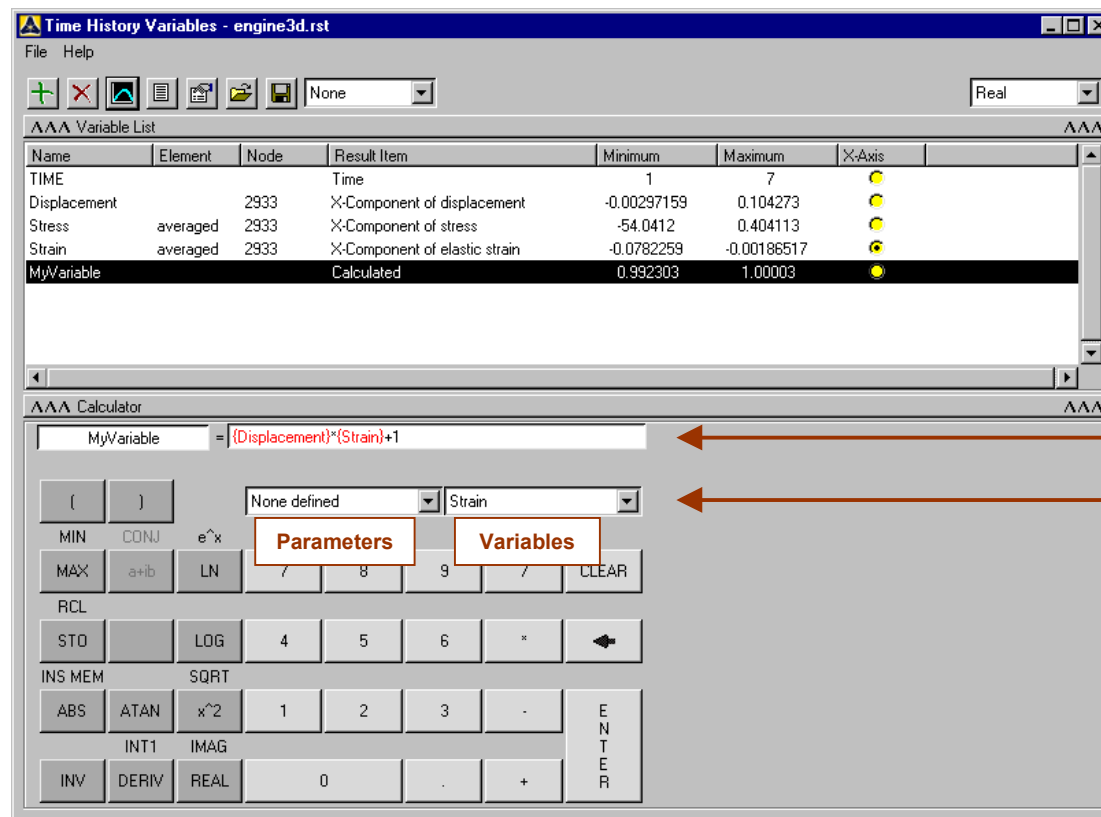


Other Variable Viewer Options

- Other options are available within the Variable Viewer:
 - For complex values, user can select real, imaginary, phase, or amplitude from right-side pop-up menu.
 - Data can easily be exported to ASCII text files or arrays/tables.
 - Likewise, data can be imported from text files and used in *overlay* plots, useful to plot calculated vs. theoretical data.
 - Details can be found in the ANSYS 6.0 Online Help, *Basic Analysis Guide*, Ch. 6.5 “Importing DATA”
 - Multiple variables can be plotted at once, simply by holding down the Shift or Ctrl keys when selecting variables.
- Most /POST26 operations are supported in the Variable Viewer
 - RESP, RPSD, and CVAR are not currently supported, however. (Response Spectrum postprocessing)

Calculator Interface

- The Time-History Calculator lets the user easily manipulate the variable data.



New variables are defined with a simple equation. Users can include both *APDL parameters* and existing *Time-History variables* to build the definition of the new calculated variable

New /POST26 Commands

Enhancements to Variable Names

- Variable names defined with NSOL, ESOL, ANSOL, and math operations can be up to 32-characters long to provide more description to the user.
 - No spaces are allowed, so use underscores (“_”) instead.
- Plotting and listing (PLVAR, PRVAR) can reference the variable *either by number or by the 32-character name*
 - In the past, the user had to reference variables by number
 - PLVAR,2
 - Now, the user can reference the variable by its name as well
 - NSOL,2,430,u,x,My_Displacement
 - PLVAR,My_Displacement

Addition of ANSOL Command

- The new ANSOL command provides a way to obtain averaged element solution data
 - This is similar to PLNSOL (nodal data) in /POST1
 - User does not have to select element and node, as with ESOL. Instead, user defines node of interest only.
 - Averaging based on *material, real constant, or element type* can be defined. By default, ANSOL averages all adjacent elements.
 - *Please refer to the ANSYS 6.0 Commands Manual, “ANSOL” for details on use of this command.*
 - Note: ANSOL is accessible either via commands or the Variable Viewer only. The *traditional interface* does not currently support ANSOL:
 - [Main Menu > TimeHist Postpro > Define Variables](#)

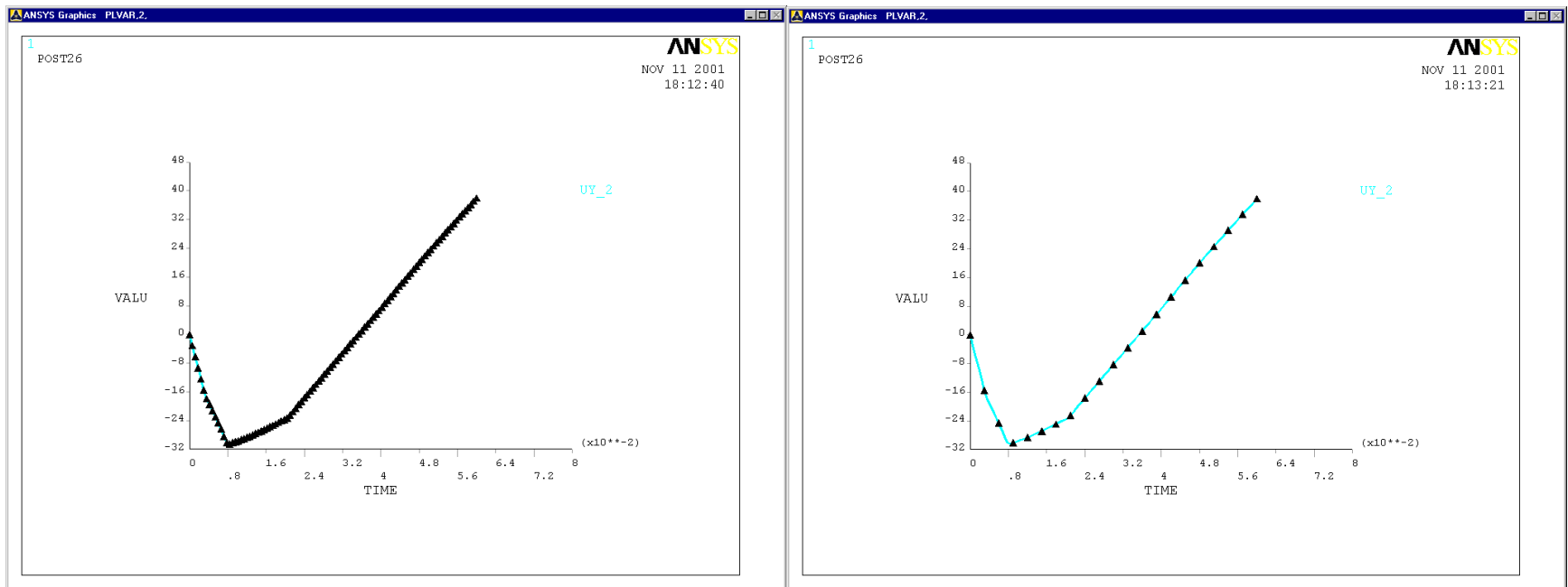
Keeping /POST26 Data in a Session

- Users can now store Time-History variable definitions within the same ANSYS session. By default, the KEEP command is set to ON, so if the user leaves /POST26 to go to /POST1, time-history variables are still saved.
 - In the past, the time-history variables were deleted when user left /POST26. Now, they are kept by default.
 - Variable definitions are deleted when the user exits ANSYS. For longer-term use, the user is advised to copy the applicable commands from the jobname.log file to reuse in later sessions.
 - *Please refer to the ANSYS 6.0 Commands Manual, “KEEP” for details on use of this command.*

Enhanced XY Plotting Options

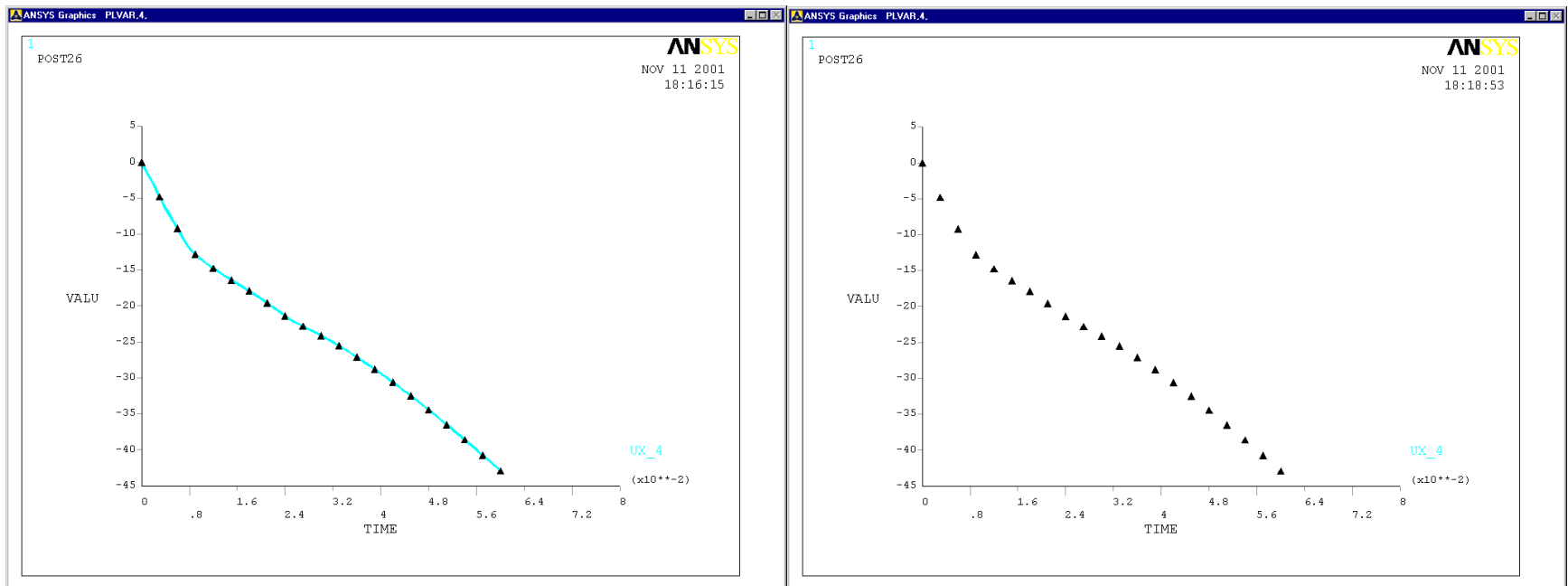
/GMARKER

- An additional third argument for /GMARKER allows the user to specify the frequency at which markers will be plotted on the curves.
 - Command: /GMARKER
 - Menu: Utility Menu > PlotCtrls > Style > Graphs > Modify Curve



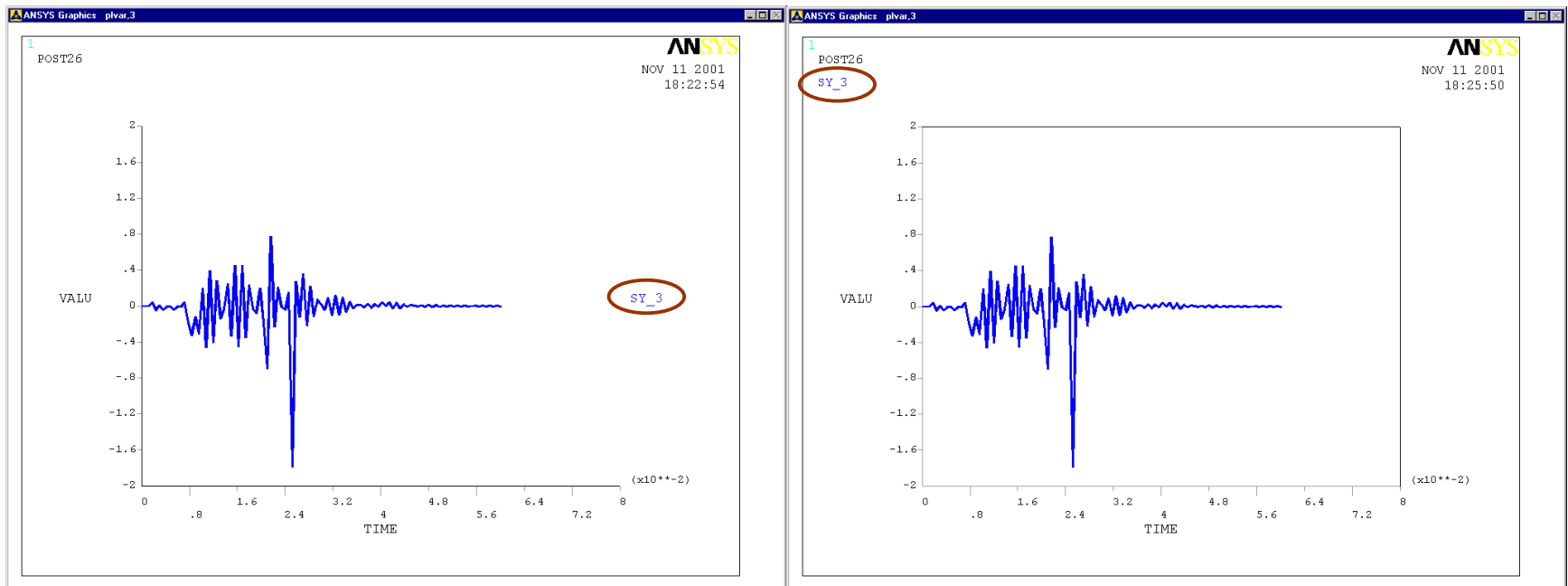
/GTHK

- The second argument of /GTHK has been modified to allow hiding the curve line altogether, useful in the cases where the user wants to display markers only.
 - Command: /GTHK
 - Menu: Utility Menu > PlotCtrls > Style > Graphs > Modify Curve



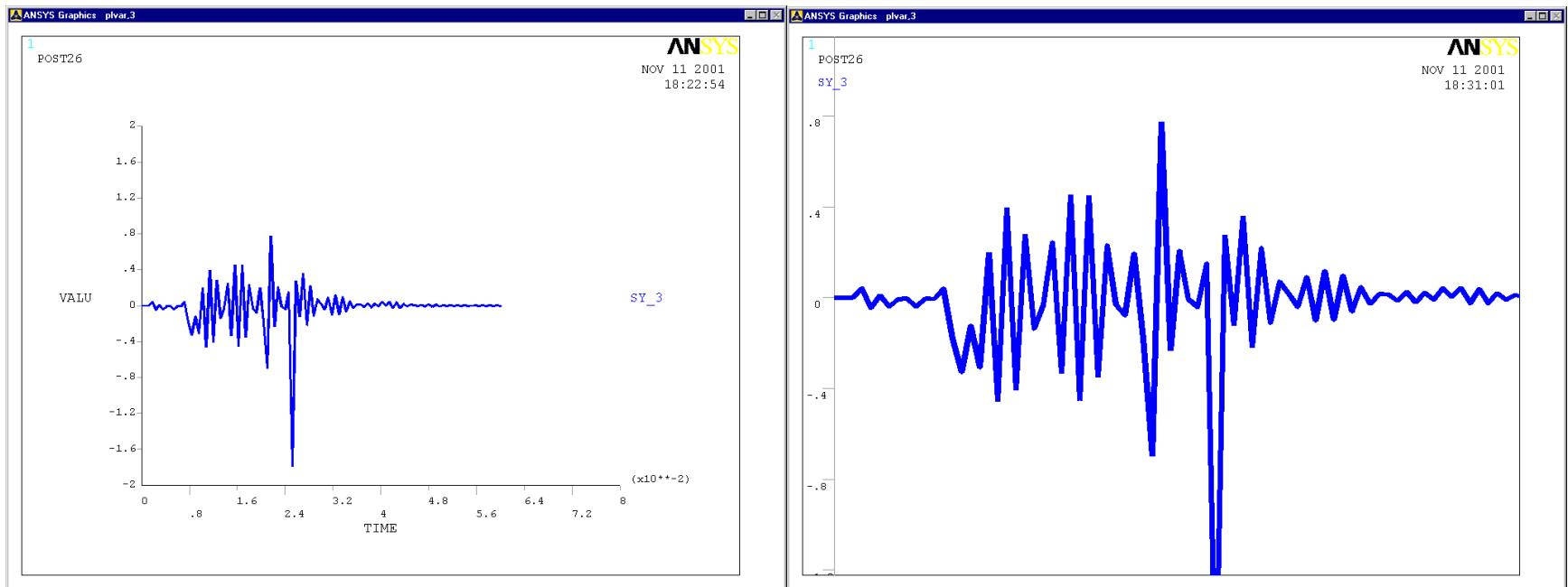
/GROPT

- A couple of additional arguments have been added to /GROPT to allow the curve label to be specified in the legend and to plot axes in a given location.
 - Command: /GROPT
 - Menu: Utility Menu > PlotCtrls > Style > Graphs > Modify Axes/Curve



/GROPT - Viewing Controls

- Although not new at 6.0, it may be worth mentioning that **/GROPT,VIEW** allows the user to use regular Pan-Zoom-Rotate commands to zoom in and manipulate the view.
 - Command: **/GROPT**
 - Menu: **Utility Menu > PlotCtrls > Style > Graphs > Viewing Controls**



Summary

- In ANSYS 6.0, significant usability improvements have been added to provide easier time-history postprocessing.
 - The Variable Viewer enable users to define, edit, and manipulate time-history data in a simple GUI
 - New commands provide additional functionality, such as obtaining averaged element solution (e.g., stress, strain) easily
 - Graphing improvements give the user more control on how the plots look.

