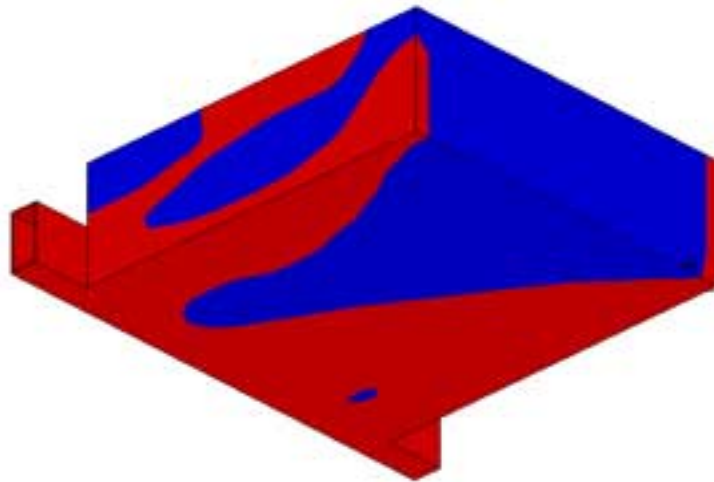


# Topology Optimization in ANSYS



Presented by:

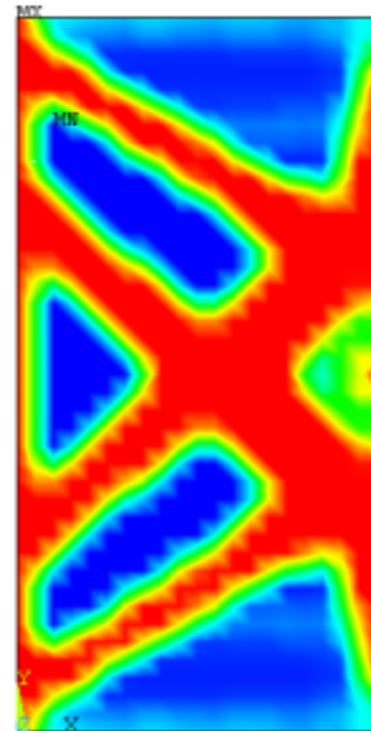
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## About IMPACT...

- ◇ Founded in 1987, IMPACT Engineering Solutions Inc. has grown into a market leader, providing technology based engineering services
- ◇ Focused on solid modeling since 1993
- ◇ Key IMPACT Product Offerings:
  - Design Support
  - Staff Augmentation
  - Product Simulation
  - Professional Services
- ◇ **Analysis Services Division** Initiated October 2002
- ◇ Gurnee, IL Office Opened in November 2003

## Analysis Capabilities and Expertise

- ◇ COSMOSWorks Structure/Motion
- ◇ Pro/MECHANICA Structure/Motion
- ◇ MSC.NASTRAN / NE/Nastran
- ◇ FEMAP Pre & Post-Processing
- ◇ ANSYS
- ◇ CFDesign – CFD Simulation
- ◇ LS-DYNA – Drop and Crash Testing
- ◇ FE-Fatigue (nCode) Durability Analysis

Extensive combined engineering analysis experience in a variety of materials and industries

# What is Topological Optimization?

- ◇ Layout optimization
- ◇ Try to find the best use of material for a body
- ◇ No optimization parameters need to be defined
  - The material distribution function over a body is the optimization parameter
- ◇ The goal (objective function) is to minimize / maximize the energy of structural compliance or maximize the natural frequency while satisfying the constraints specified

# What is Topological Optimization?

- ◇ The design variables are pseudo-densities
  - Assigned to each finite element
  - Values range from 0 to 1
    - 0 = material to be taken away
    - 1 = material to be kept

## Main Steps of Optimization Procedure

- ◇ Define the structural problem
- ◇ Select the element types
- ◇ Specify optimized and non-optimized regions
- ◇ Define and control the load cases or frequency extraction
- ◇ Define and control the optimization process
- ◇ Review the results

## Define the structural problem

- ◇ Define the problem as you would for any linear elastic analysis
  - Single or multiple load case linear structural static analysis
  - Modal frequency analysis
- ◇ Material properties to be defined
  - Young's modulus
  - Poisson's ratio
    - Must be between 0.1 and 0.4
  - Material density if necessary

## Element Types

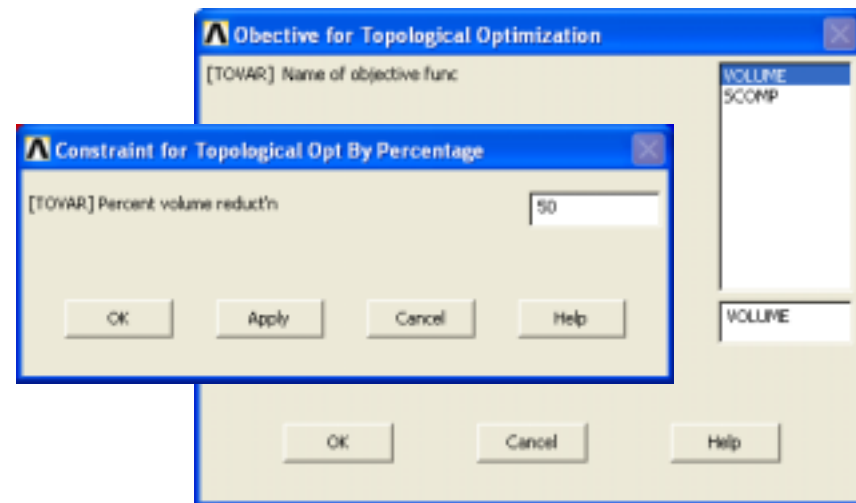
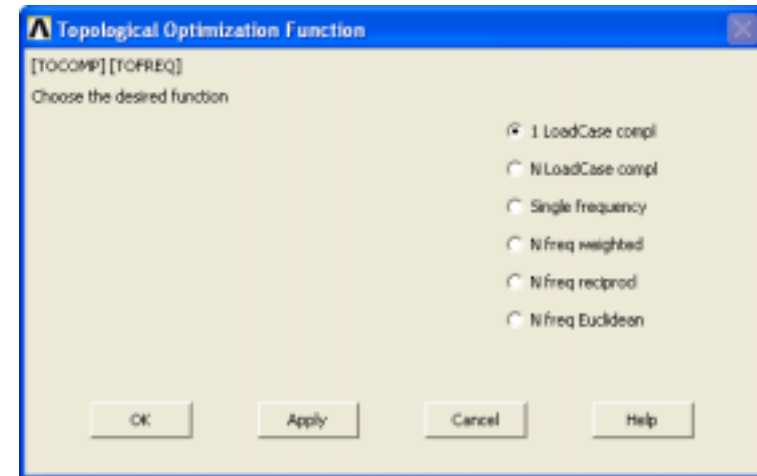
- ◇ 2D Planar, 3D Solid, and shell elements are supported
  - 2D Solids: PLANE2, PLANE82
  - 3D Solids: SOLID92, SOLID95
  - Shells: SHELL93
- ◇ Only Type 1 elements optimized
  - Used to control which regions of the model to optimize





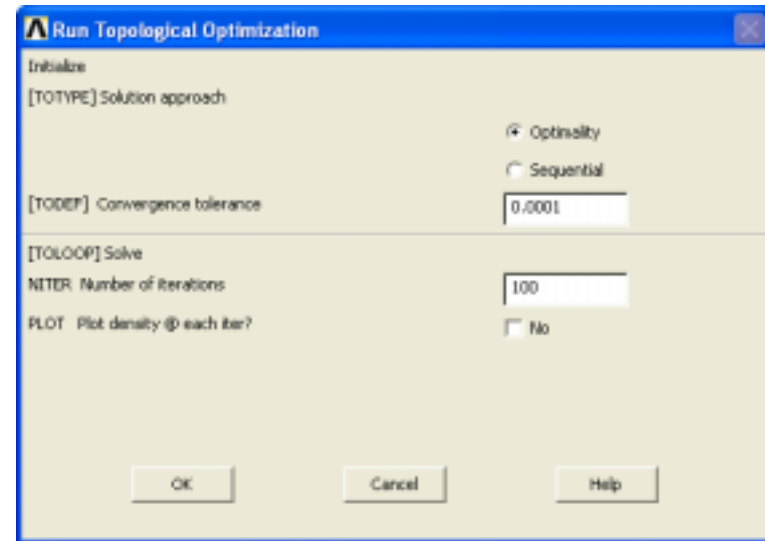
# Primary Commands Used

- ◇ TOCOMP
  - Defines single or multiple load cases as topological optimization function for linear static problem
- ◇ TOFREQ
  - Defines single or mean frequency formulation as the topological optimization function for modal analysis
- ◇ TOVAR
  - Specifies objective and constraints



# Primary Commands Used

- ◇ TOTYPE
  - Specifies solution method for topological optimization
- ◇ TODEF
  - defines the accuracy for the solution
- ◇ TOLOOP
  - Invokes a macro to solve, postprocess, and plot each iteration
  - Process terminates once convergence is attained or the maximum iteration number is reached
  - Up to 100 iterations allowed



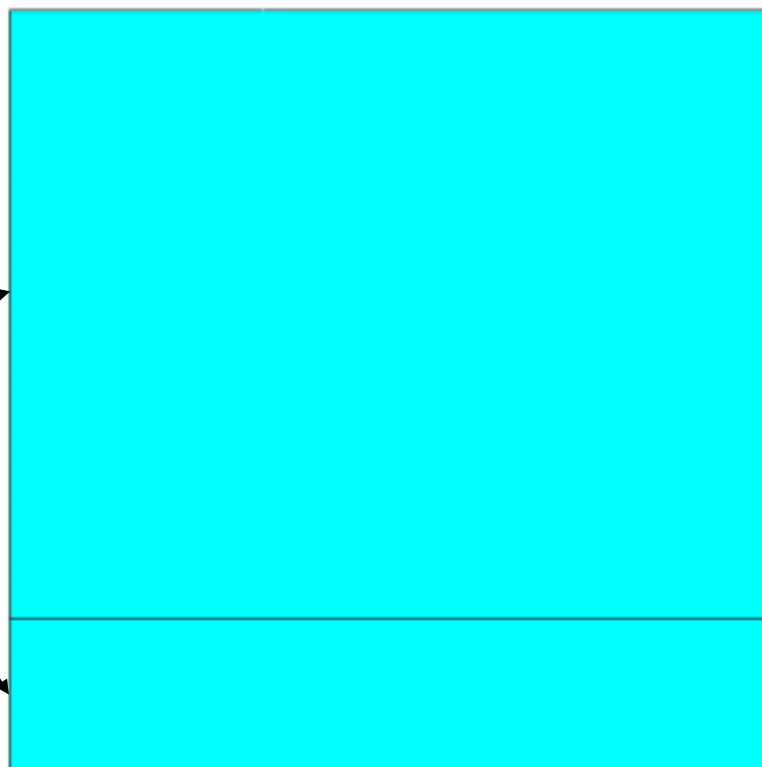
## Workbench vs. ANSYS Optimization

- ◇ Solid parts only in Workbench Topology Opt.
- ◇ Type 1 and Type 2 elements driven by boundary conditions in Workbench
  - Preprocessing commands can change defaults
- ◇ Only Basic Opt from ANSYS is available
  - Single load case
  - Maximize stiffness, reduce volume
  - Preprocessing commands for Advanced Top. Opt.



# Textbook Problem

*Vertical Edge  
Constrained  
 $T_x, T_y, T_z = 0$   
 $R_x, R_y, R_z = 0$*

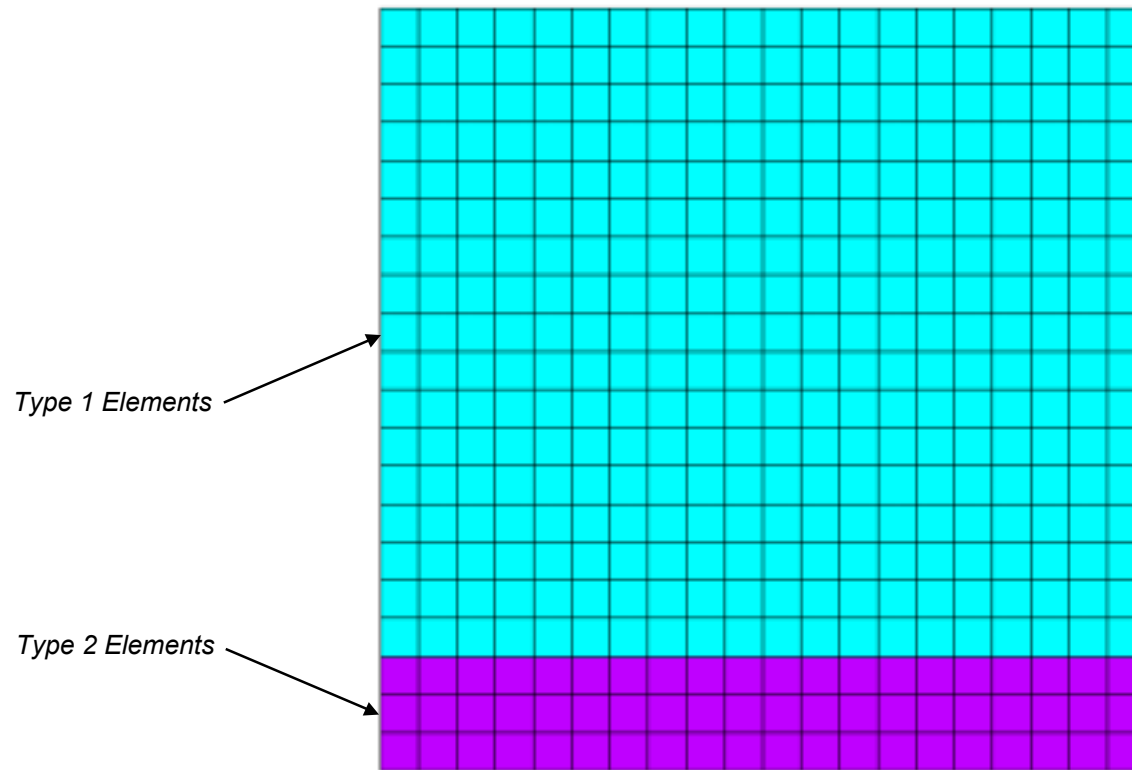


*Constraint - 60%  
Volume Reduction*

*Load Applied to  
Keypoint at 10°  
Angle from Vertical*



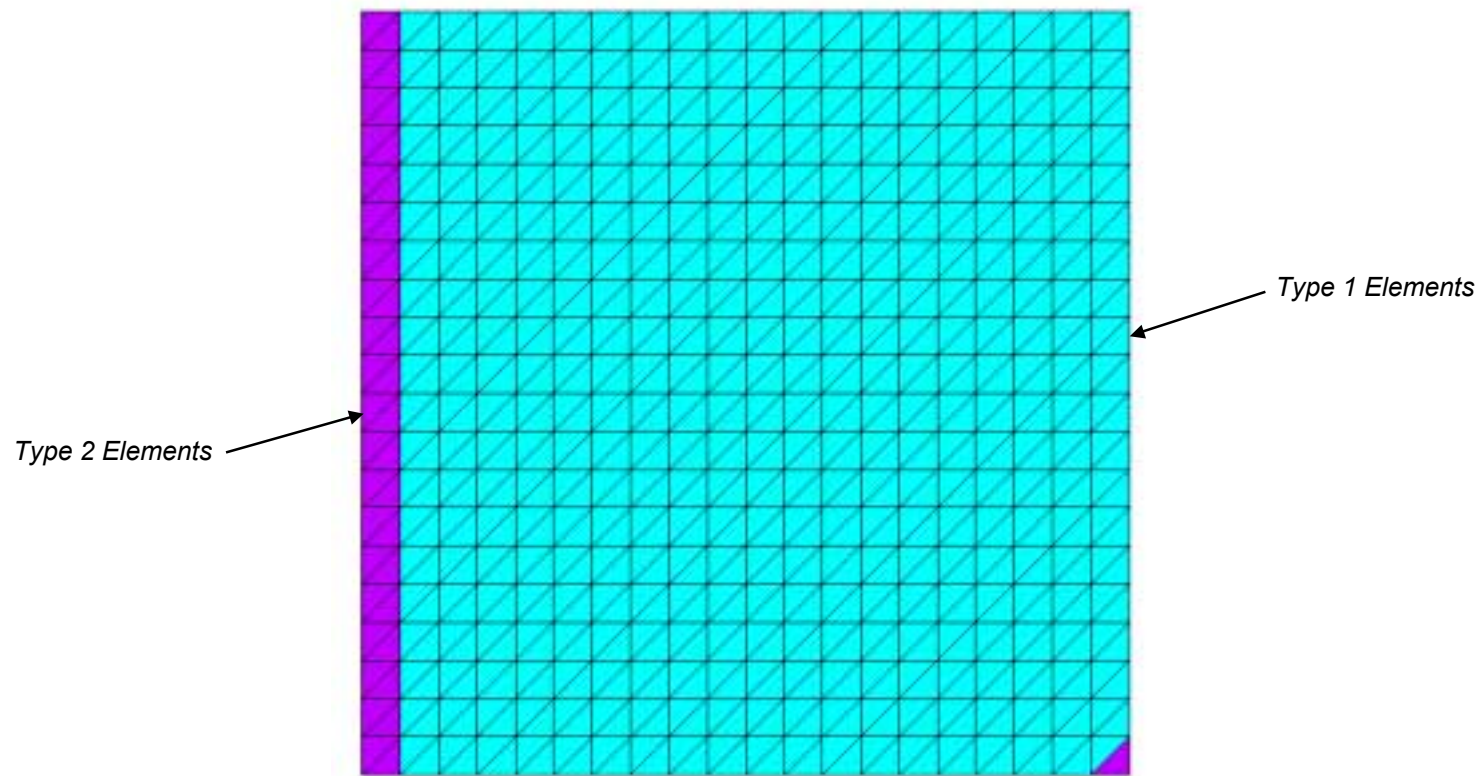
# Textbook Problem



ANSYS Mesh

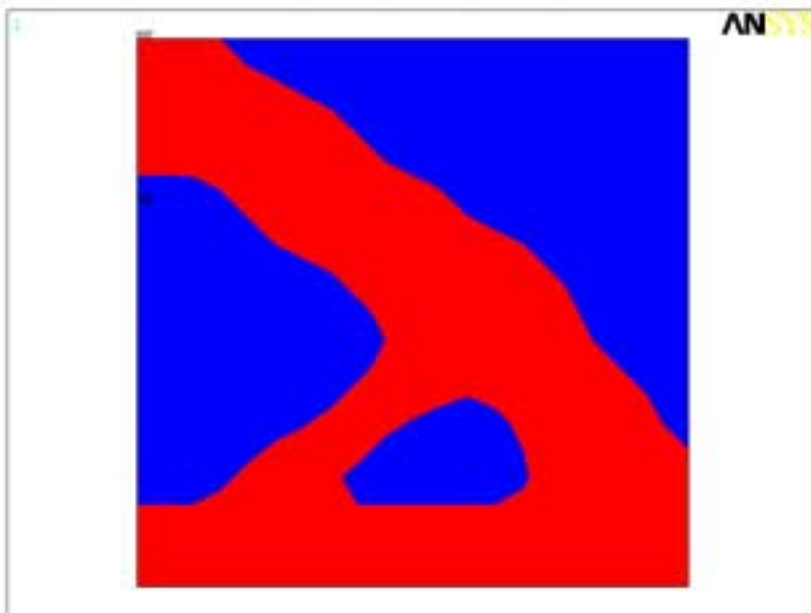


# Textbook Problem

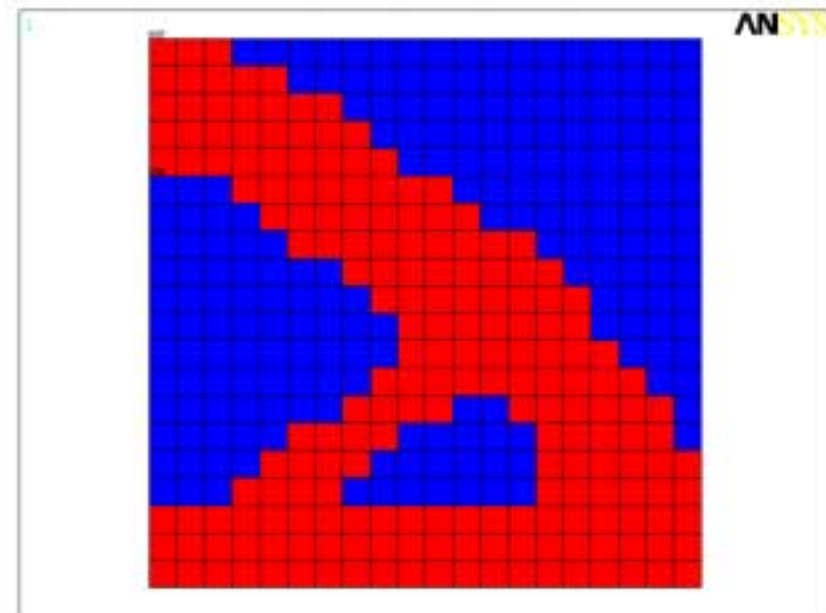


Workbench Default Mesh

# Textbook Problem



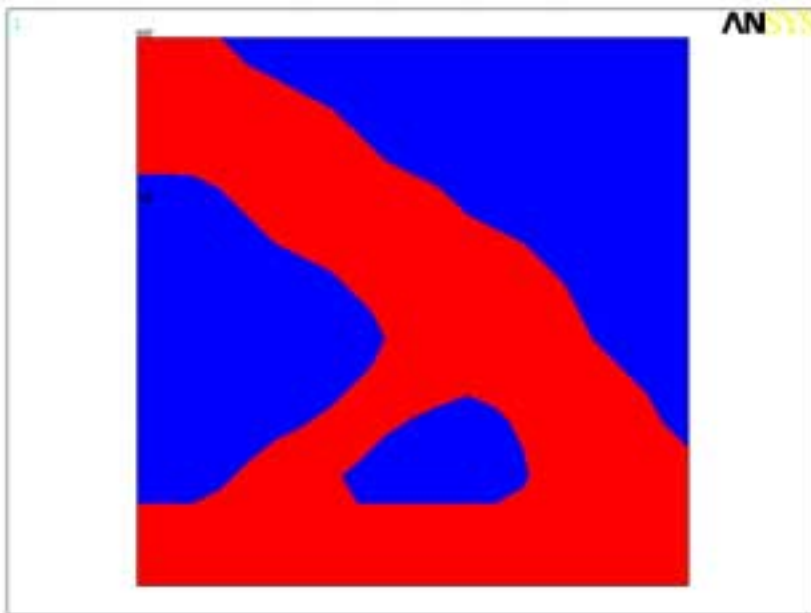
Density Plot - Averaged



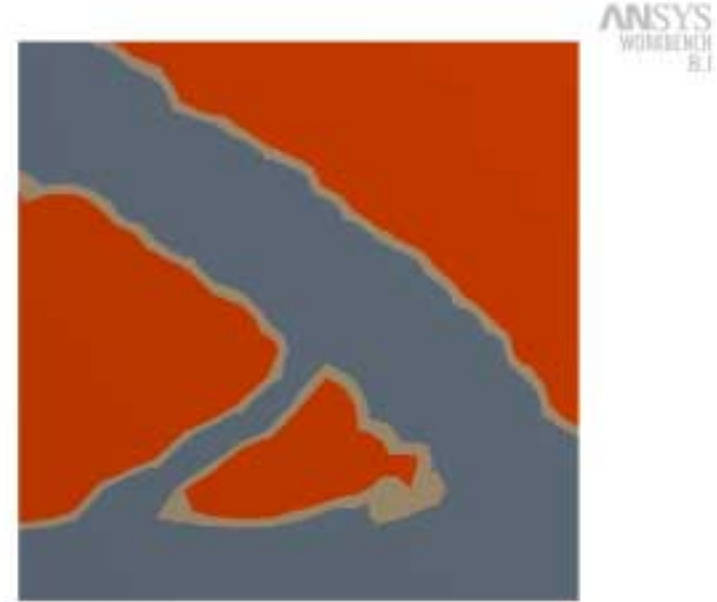
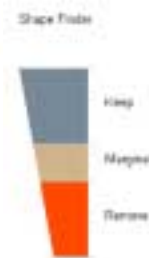
Density Plot - Unaveraged

Blue = pseudo-density  $0 < 0.5$   
Red = pseudo-density  $0.5 \geq 1.0$

# Textbook Problem



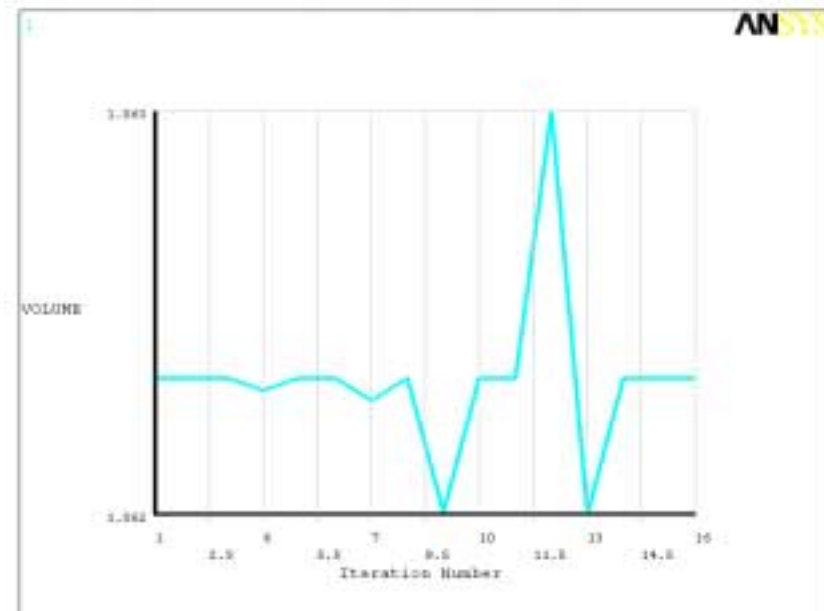
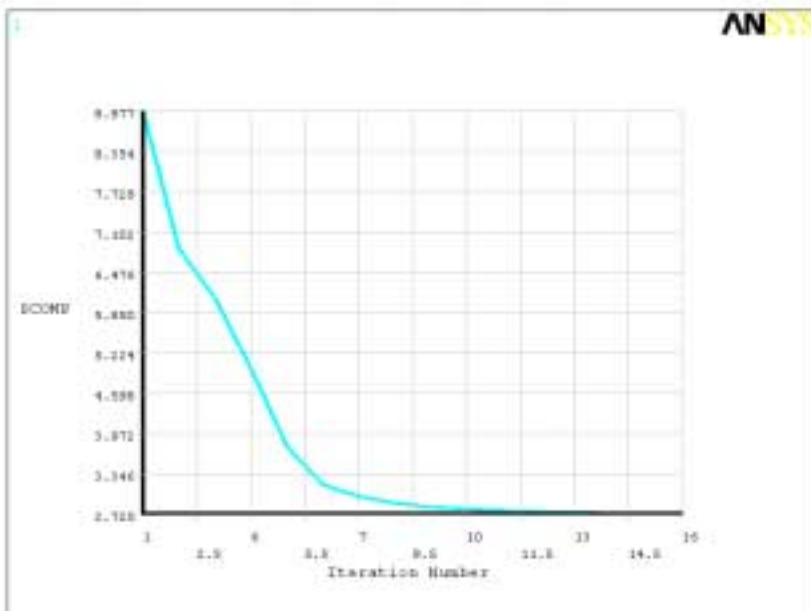
ANSYS Density Plot



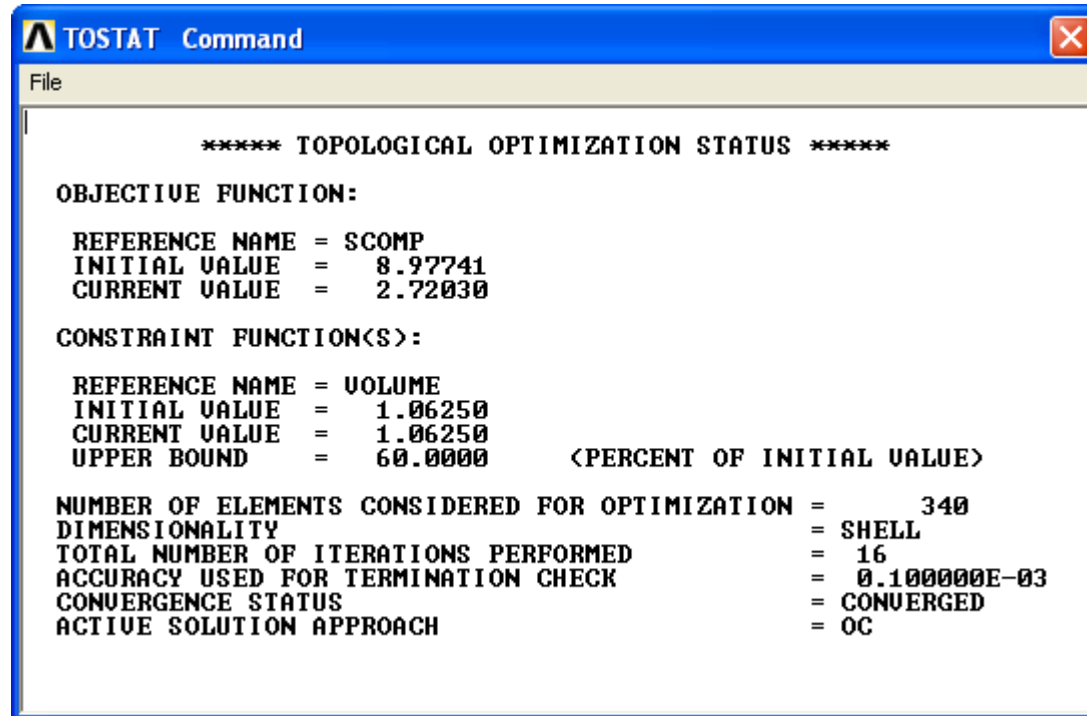
Workbench Density Plot



# Textbook Problem



# Textbook Problem



```
TOSTAT Command
File
***** TOPOLOGICAL OPTIMIZATION STATUS *****

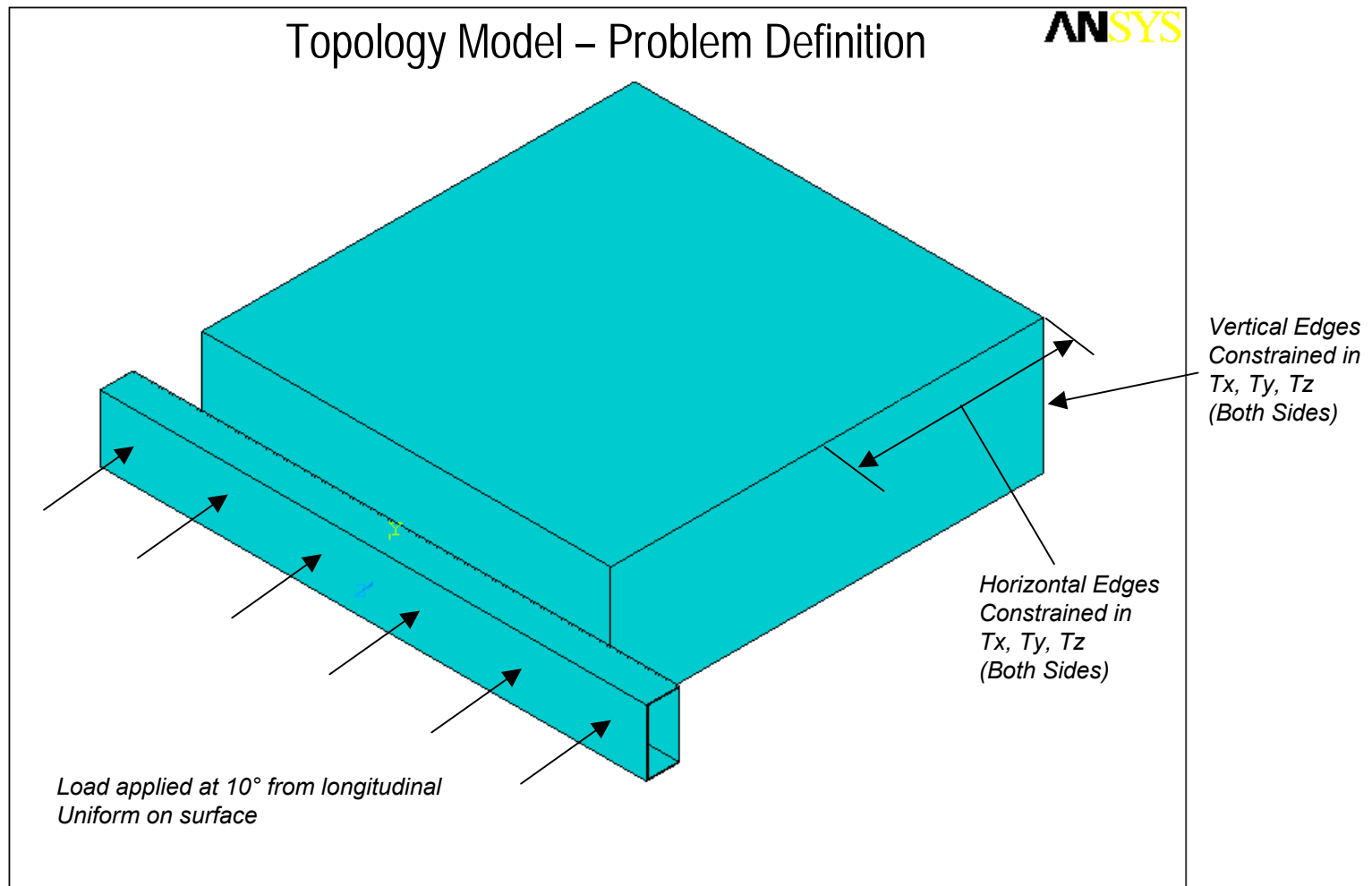
OBJECTIVE FUNCTION:
REFERENCE NAME = SCOMP
INITIAL VALUE  = 8.97741
CURRENT VALUE  = 2.72030

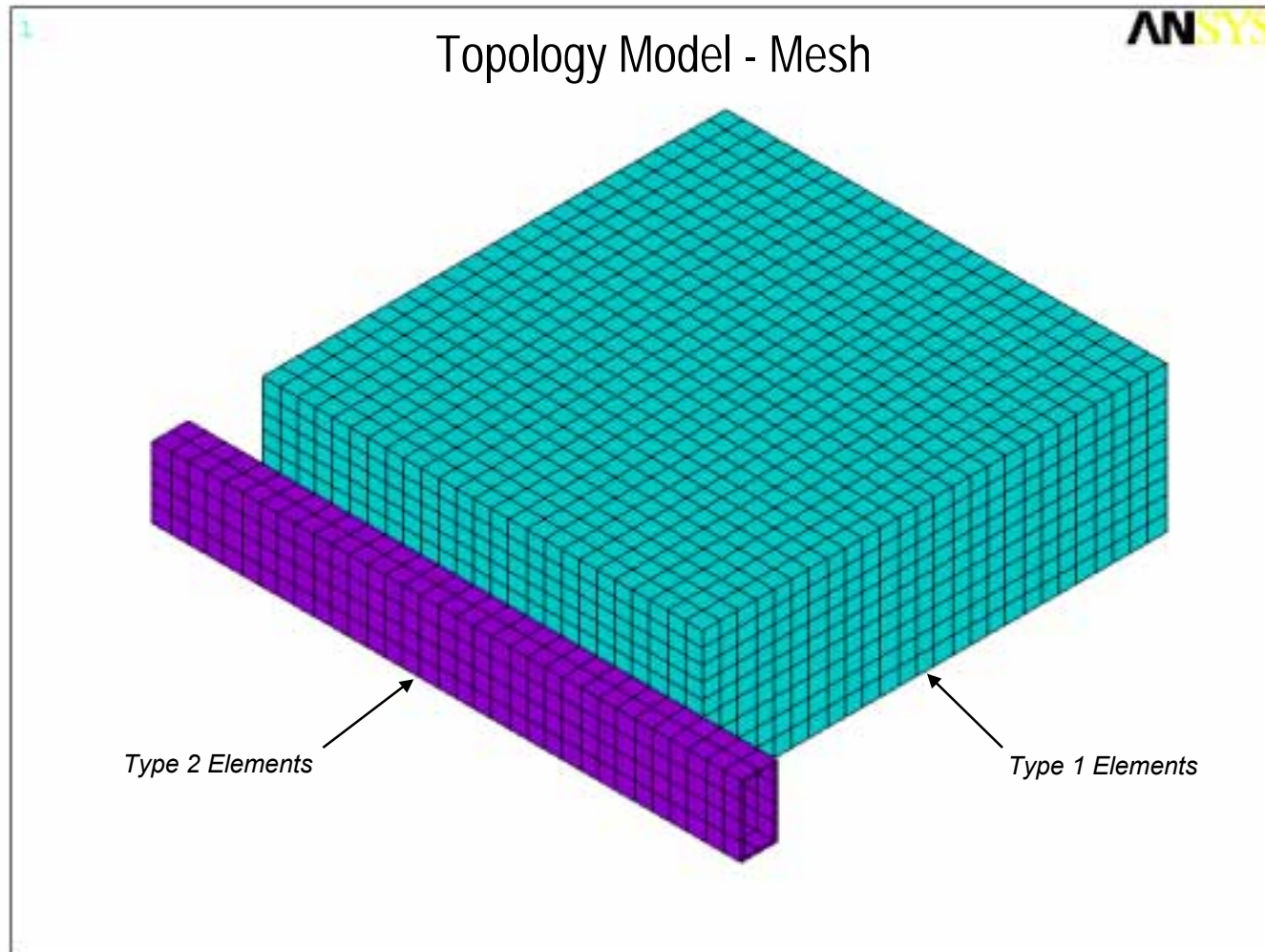
CONSTRAINT FUNCTION(S):
REFERENCE NAME = VOLUME
INITIAL VALUE  = 1.06250
CURRENT VALUE  = 1.06250
UPPER BOUND    = 60.0000    <PERCENT OF INITIAL VALUE>

NUMBER OF ELEMENTS CONSIDERED FOR OPTIMIZATION = 340
DIMENSIONALITY                               = SHELL
TOTAL NUMBER OF ITERATIONS PERFORMED          = 16
ACCURACY USED FOR TERMINATION CHECK            = 0.100000E-03
CONVERGENCE STATUS                           = CONVERGED
ACTIVE SOLUTION APPROACH                      = OC
```

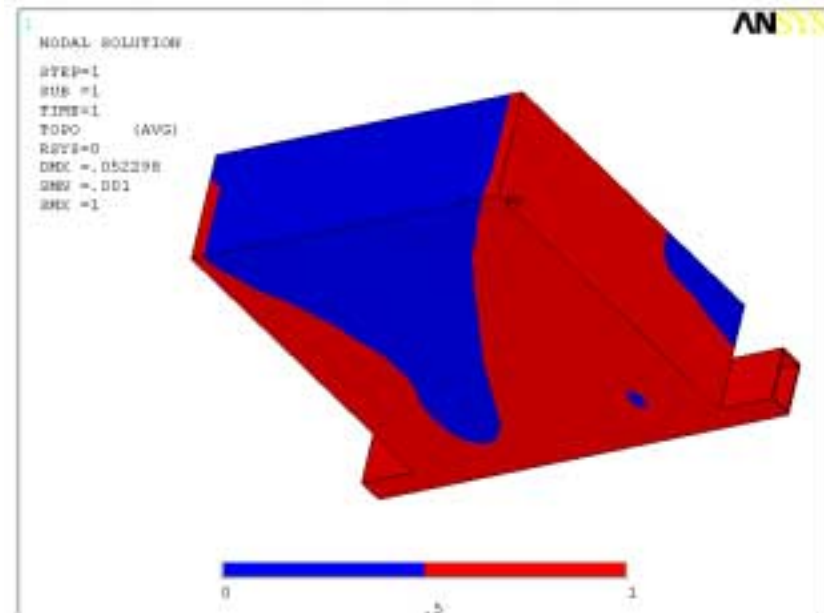
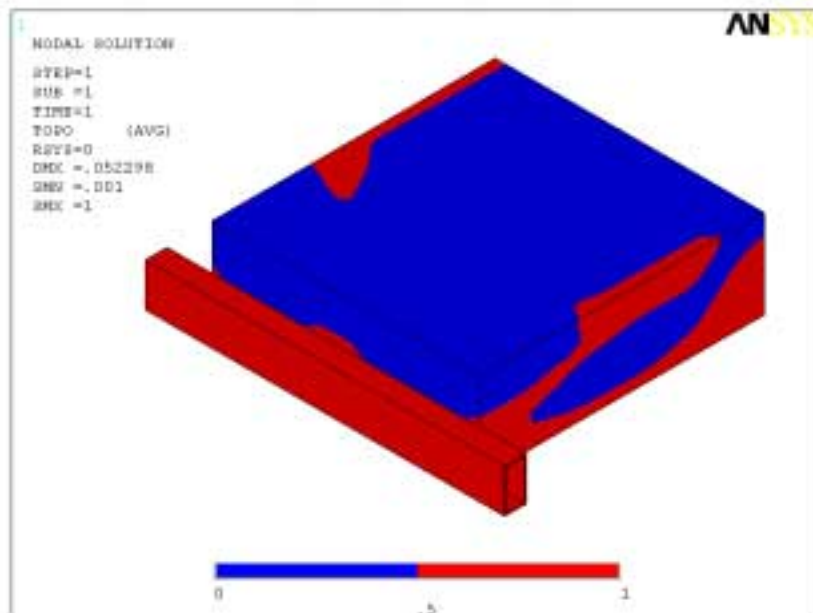


## Case Study – Bumper Project



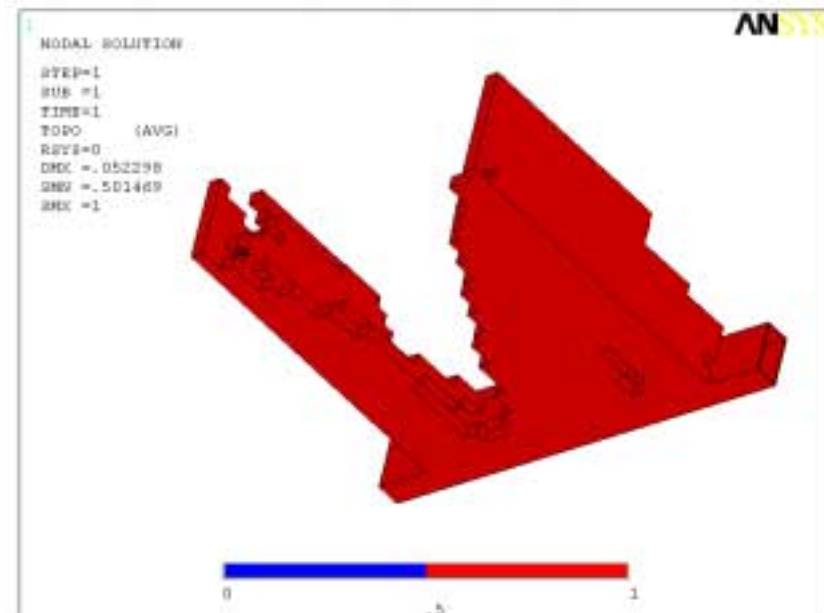
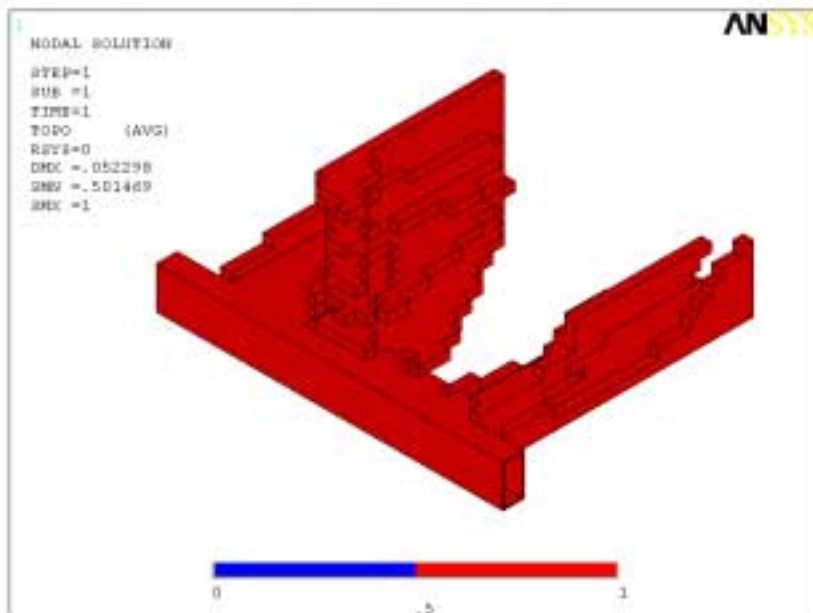


## Density Plots



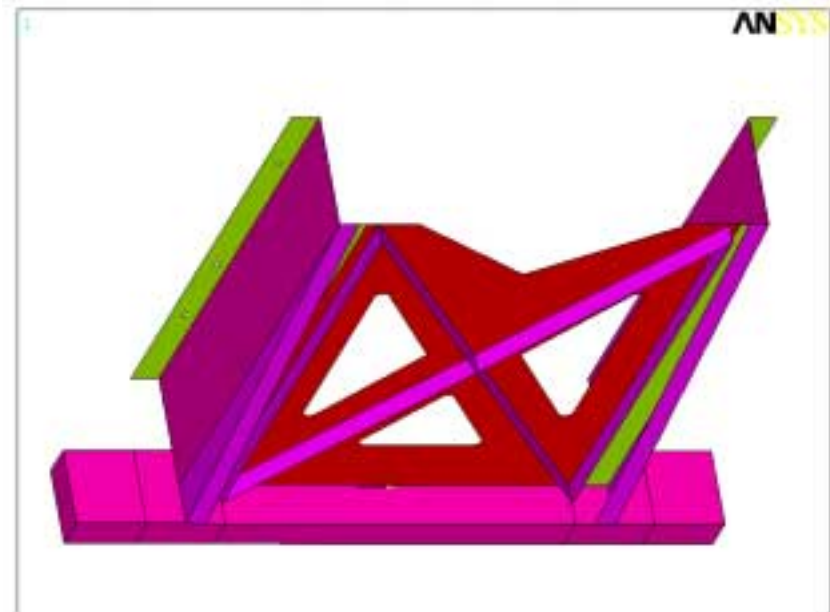
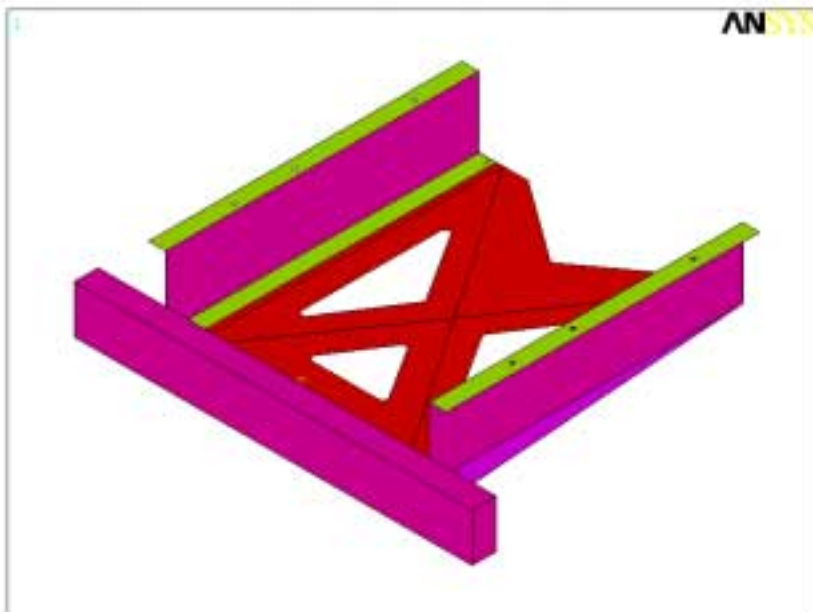
Blue = pseudo-density  $0 < 0.5$   
Red = pseudo-density  $0.5 \geq 1.0$

## Density Plots

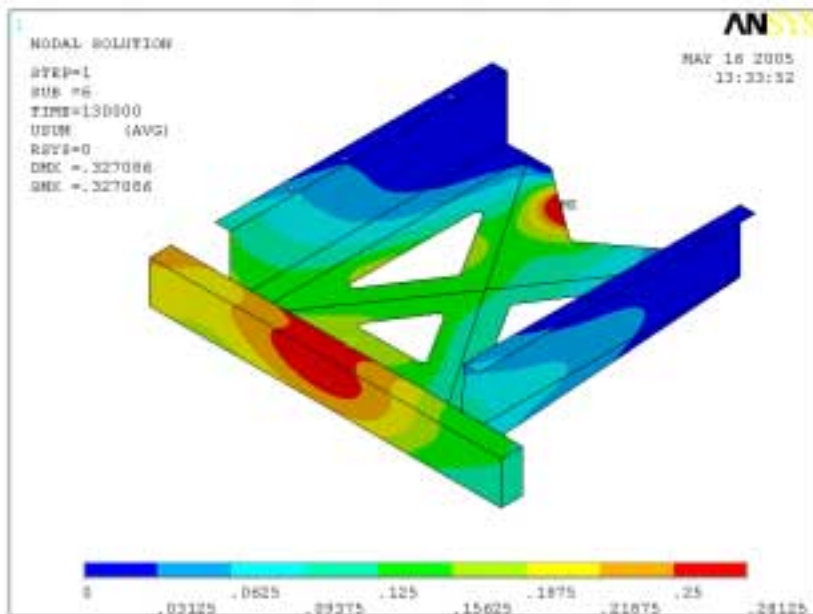


Elements with density 0.5 or greater only

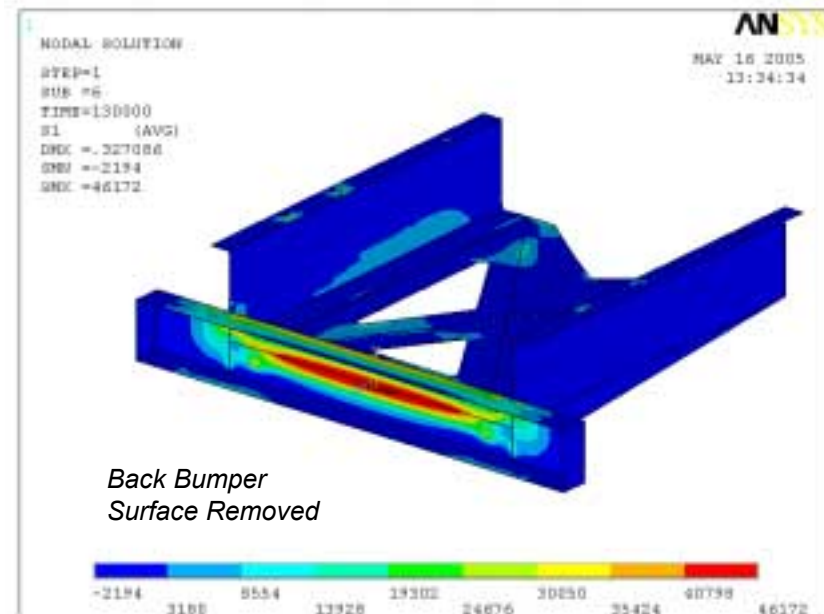
## Model Created Based on Topology Results



## Analysis Results



Displacement (in)



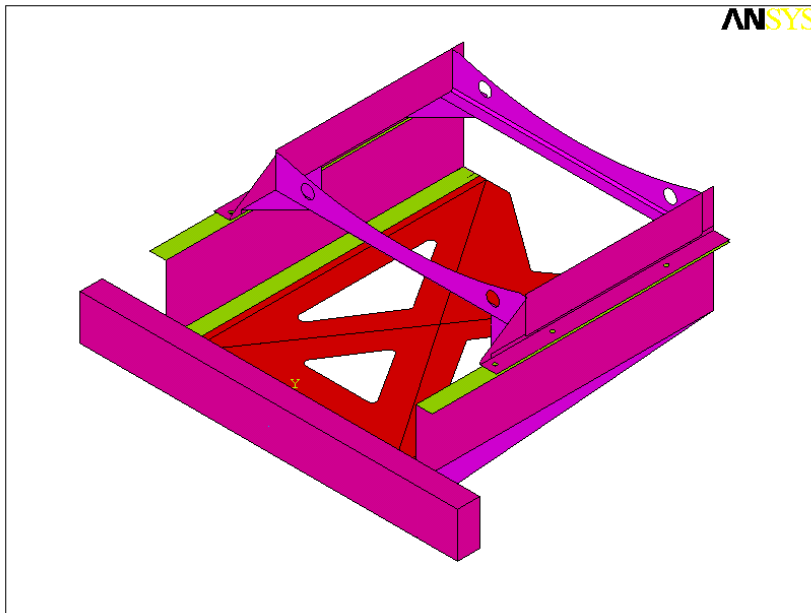
Maximum Principal Stress (psi)





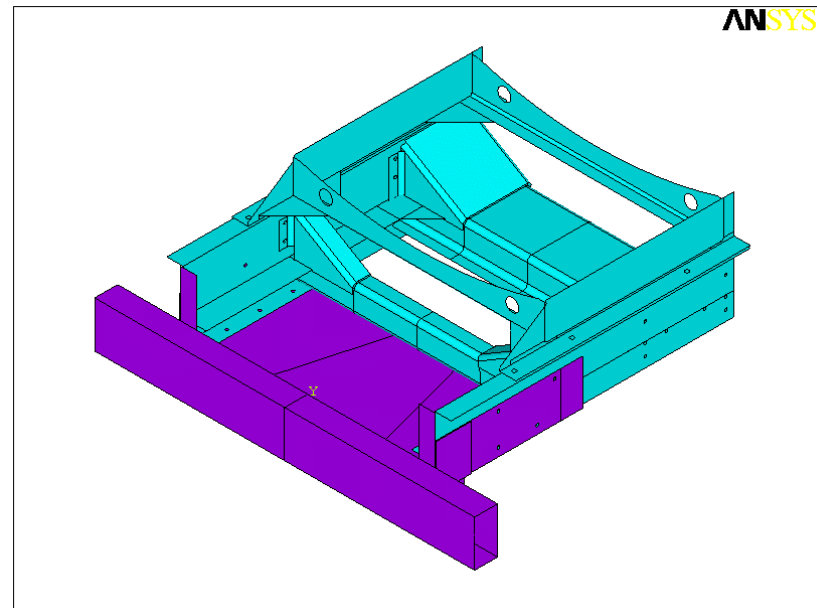
## Comparison to Current Design

New Prototype



204.5 lbs

Current Design



363.5 lbs

159 lb Difference!

## Hints and Comments

- ◇ Results are sensitive to the load configuration
- ◇ Results are sensitive to the density of the mesh
- ◇ When a large (80% or greater) volume reduction is requested and a very fine mesh is used a truss-like solution may occur
- ◇ A linear structural static analysis or a modal analysis must be performed during optimization looping
- ◇ Inputs and commands are not saved in the ANSYS database

# Questions?

## Contact Information:

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