The words in a MITC Forth

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the Minimal Indirect Thread Code

- Any primitive word contains only a machine code
- 2. All primitive words are performed in a similar way to 'link and jump'
- 3. Any compound word contains only a list of word references
- 4. All compound words have the references 'pushed and pulled' onto the return stack
- 5. Any compound word should only access the return stack using >R R> R@

Notes

The 'jump and link' concept was used by Charles H. Moore in 70's when --IP holds the address to next instruction--.

In the follow examples:

The names NEXT, NEST (aka doCOL), UNNEST (aka SEMIS), are classic names for Forth inner interpreter, LINK and JUMP are traditional.

Using reference ITC from FIG-Forth for PDP-11

Using PDP-11, Instruction Set Architecture (ISA)

By convention, stacks grows downward, (X) indirect access, increment+ (pós), -decrement (pré)

the MITC dictionary

```
compound: a list of references, ends with ENDS
+----+
+I FA---+--+--+--+
primitive: starts with NULL and ends with a jump
+----+--+---+---+
| LINK | 3 | D | U | P | NULL | code | code | code | LINK |
+I FA---+--+--+--+--+--+CFA---+-----+-----+
PS. NULL is 0 \times 00000, LINK is 'jump link:', spc is space (0 \times 20)
```

call or link

from PDP-11 ISA

```
JSR Ri, Src // Jump into subroutine
          -(SP) \leftarrow Ri; Ri \leftarrow +PC; PC \leftarrow Src;
          RTS // Return from subroutine
               PC \leftarrow Ri; Ri \leftarrow (SP)+;
push and pull // same, but do not use Ri
          CALL Src
                -(SP) ← Ri; Ri ← +PC; PC ← Src;
          RETURN
               PC \leftarrow Ri; Ri \leftarrow (SP)+;
link and jump // same, but do not use SP
          JAL Ri, Src
                -(SP) \leftarrow Ri; Ri \leftarrow +PC; PC \leftarrow Src;
          JR Ri
               PC ← Ri; Ri ← (SP)+;
```

the code of MITC

```
unnest: MOV (RP)+, IP
                       // .pull
next:
     MOV (IP)+, W // .cast
       TST W
       BEQ jump
       MOV IP, -(RP)
                       // .push
nest:
                     // .link
link:
       MOV W, IP
       JMP next
       MOV (RP)+, W // .jump
jump:
        JMP (IP)
```

reference version, marked is same code as in FIG-Forth PDP-11 1.3.3.1

W is the next caller IP is the last callee

```
HEADER "ENDS", 'ends'
.word 0x000
unnest: ...
```

the code of MITC

```
unnest: MOV (RP)+, IP
                      // .pull
next: MOV (IP)+, W // .cast
       TST W
       BEQ jump
       MOV IP, -(RP) // .push
nest:
       MOV W, IP // .link
link:
       JMP next
jump:
       MOV (RP)+, W // .jump
       JMP (IP)
```

```
HEADER "ENDS", 'ends'
.word 0x000
unnest: ...
```

ITC and MITC

In ITC

- 1. uses two registers, both are scratch
- 2. CFA is always a reference to a machine code routine
- 3. must jump twice for every word

In MITC

- 1. uses two registers, one must be preserved (link register)
- 2. CFA is always a reference to a word or a NULL
- 3. must test the CFA of each word but only jump when it is NULL
- 4. performs a deep-first search for primitive words

MITC

inside words



FIG-Forth ITC, inside words

```
doVAR: MOV W, -(SP) ; NEXT ;
doCON: MOV (W), -(SP) ; NEXT ;
LIT: MOV (IP)+, -(SP) ; NEXT ;
BRANCH: ADD (IP), IP ; NEXT ;
EXEC: MOV (SP)+, W ; JMP @(W)+ ;
(VALUE): MOV (SP)+, (IP)+ ; NEXT ;
```

MITC, inside words

```
doVAR: MOV W+, -(SP); LINK;

doCON: MOV (W)+, -(SP); LINK;

LIT: MOV (W)+, -(SP); LINK; // same as doCON

BRANCH: ADD (W), W; LINK;

EXEC: MOV W, -(RP); MOV (SP)+, W; LINK;

(VALUE): MOV (SP)+, (W)+; LINK;
```



```
HEADER, 'ENDS', ends,
.word 0x0000
unnest: PULL wp, rp
next: MOVE ip, (wp)
        ADD wp, #cell
        BEQ ip, zero, jump
nest: PUSH wp, rp
link: MOVE wp, ip
        JUMP next
jump:
      PULL ip, rp
        JUMP (wp)
```

MITC as macros

syntax to, from

wp, work pointer, scratch ip, link pointer, reserved rp, return stack pointer, reserved

#cell is the cell size of Forth

do not use any default link register

primitive code starts with 0x0000 primitive code ends with JUMP link:

```
unnest: lw W, RP
        addi RP, RP, 1 * #CELL
       add IP, W, zero
next:
        addi W, W, 1 * #CELL
        BEQ IP, zero, jump
        addi RP, RP, -1 * CELL
nest:
        sw RP, W
link:
        add W, IP, zero
        jal zero, next
        lw IP, RP
jump:
        addi RP, RP, 1 * #CELL
        jalr zero, O(W)
```

MITC, Risc-V

```
pull, push, move, cast, jump syntax to, from not use default link register let assembler decide offsets for
```

```
// ends is unnest
HEADER"ENDS", ends,
.word 0x000
unnest: ...
```

(jalr zero, zero, link)

```
MOV (RP)+, WP
                         // .pull
unnest:
        MOV (WP)+, IP
                         // .cast
next:
        TST IP
        BEQ jump
        MOV WP, -(RP)
                         // .push
nest:
        MOV IP, WP
                         // .link
link:
        JMP next
        MOV (RP)+, IP
jump:
                         // .jump
        JMP (WP)
```

MITC, PDP-11

```
pull, push, move, cast, jump

syntax from, to

wp, work pointer, scratch
ip, link pointer, reserved
rp, return stack pointer, reserved

(use of IP and WP has been swapped)
```

```
// ends is unnest
HEADER"ENDS", ends,
.word 0x000
unnest:
```

Notes

1. need tweak

:NONAME DOES> DEFER TO IS EXIT

VALUE ASSIGN

2. need a ; CODE for primitive words

conclusion

When reinvent the wheel ?

```
MITC is a faster inner interpreter;
MITC is more effective than ITC;
MITC needs little changes at few primitive words;
MITC uses less memory and less jumps;
```

references

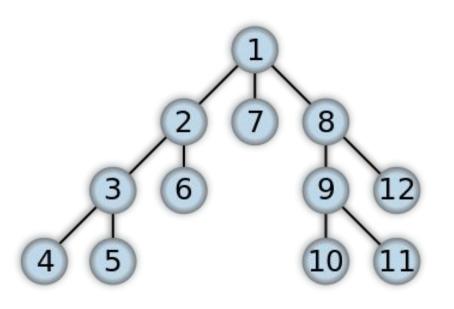
```
https://library.nrao.edu/public/memos/comp/CDIR 17.pdf
https://pdos.csail.mit.edu/6.828/2005/readings/pdp11-40.pdf
http://www.stackosaurus.com/figforth-1.3.3.1/FORTH.MAC
http://www.complang.tuwien.ac.at/forth/threaded-code.html
http://www.bradrodriguez.com/papers/moving1.htm
https://muforth.nimblemachines.com/threaded-code/
http://git.annexia.org/?p=jonesforth.git;a=tree
https://home.hccnet.nl/a.w.m.van.der.horst/lina.html
https://github.com/simh/simh
```



Why PDP-11 ?

the PiDP-11 is a replica of the PDP-11/70, with a Raspberry Pi running the simh simulator for PDP-11/70, in a Linux Debian.

deep-first search



Compound words (aka twig)

1, 2, 3, 8, 9

Primitive words (aka leaf)

4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki
/Depth-first_search