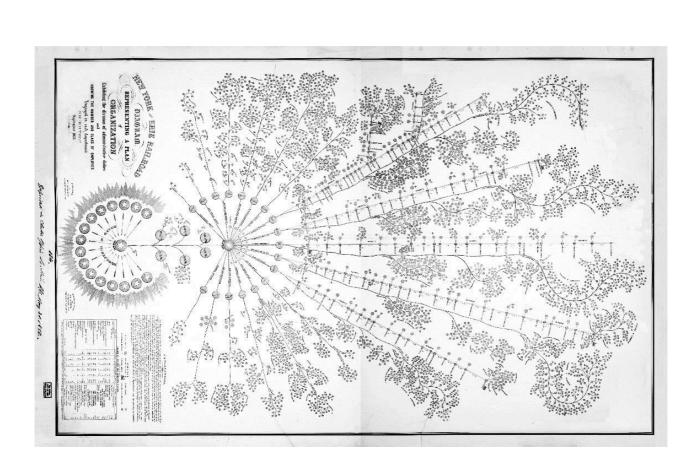


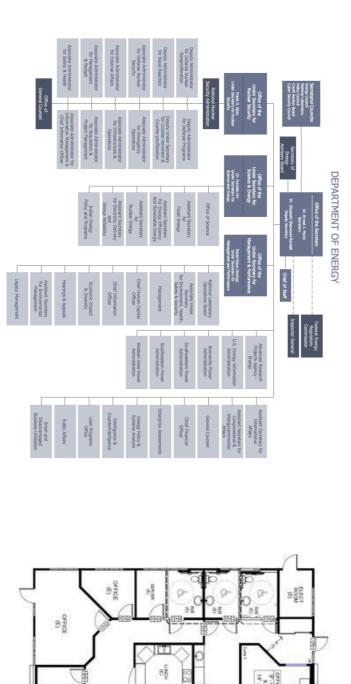
First modern org chart:

New York and Erie Railroad

c. 1854



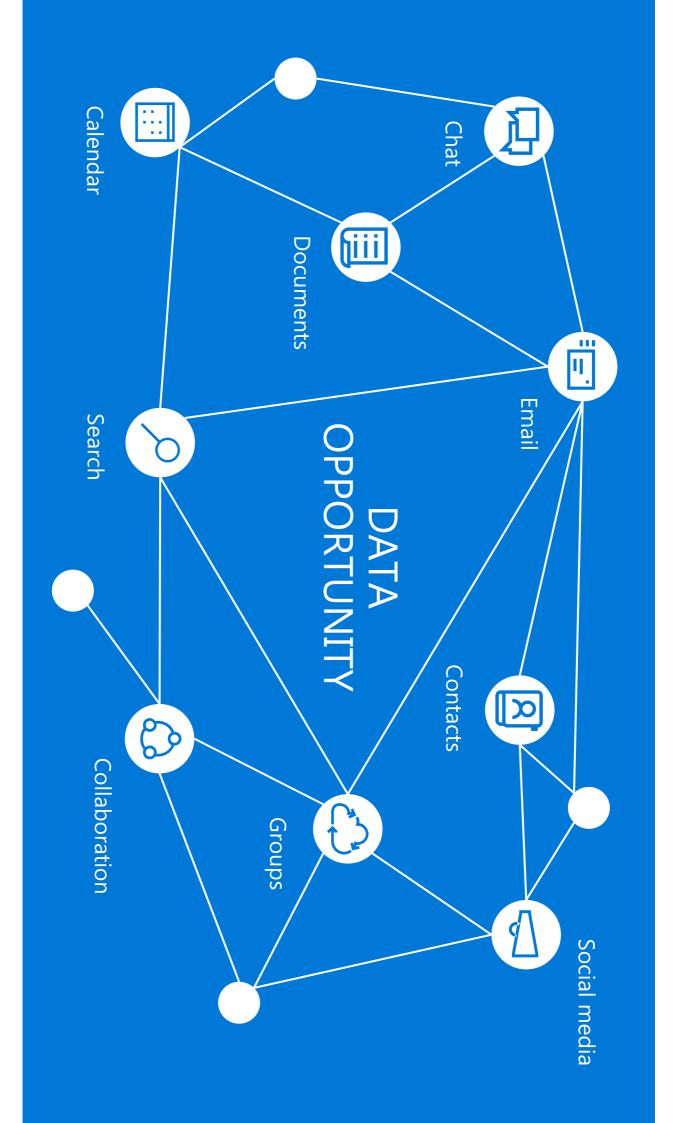
How does your business work?





Autodesk Research

http://www.autodesk.com/research

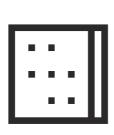


How does it work?

Leveraging data from Office 365

We use calendar and email data, which typically provides 20+ hours of time use data per week for every knowledge worker in the organization

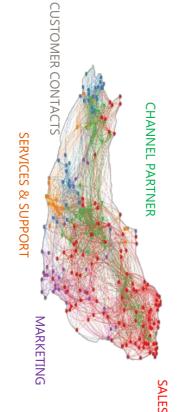




Visibility into 20+ hours per week

Combine with organizational data to map collaboration

Organizational data lets us analyze **every meeting and message** between all internal or external domains: teams, customers, vendors, and partners

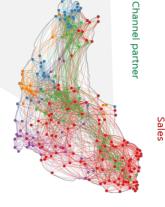


Explore network strength, silos, and patterns

Metrics unavailable anywhere else

We transform email and calendar data into metrics that can be used to identify organizationa expensive processes, and predict engagement, attrition, performance, NPS and revenue. inefficiencies, understand how much employees are collaborating and with whom, cost out





Marketing

New solutions for big problems

Address Collaboration Overload



Break Down Organizational Silos



Up-level Manager Practices



Accelerate Acquisitions



Drive Sales Productivity



Process Inefficiencies

Root Out



Transform the Employee Experience



Workspace **Planning**



New solutions for big problems

Address Collaboration Overload



Break Down Organizational Silos



Up-level Manager Practices



Accelerate Acquisitions



Drive Sales Productivity

Process Inefficiencies

Root Out



X

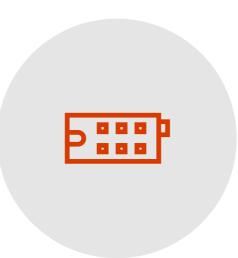
Transform the Employee Experience



Workspace Planning



Workspace planning use cases



- environment influences employee behaviors Measure the success of space allocation and understand how the
- Proactively plan for future allocation at the site and floor levels to drive positive outcomes
- ω to employees' behaviors Proactively design for buildings to match the environment

Workspace planning use cases



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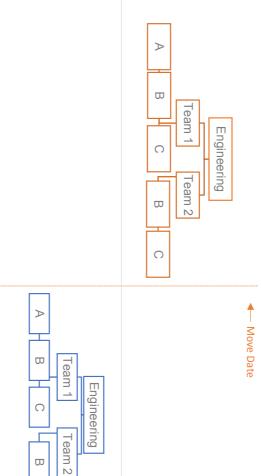


Team consolidation

How do you evaluate the success of an office move?



- Two groups moved to new environments in 2015
- Intended to study behavior changes to see if move brings collaboration improvement in the work environment





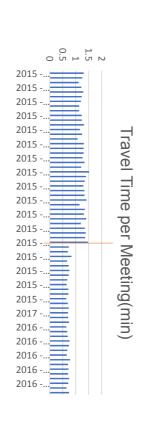
Data at a Glance

- Move occurred on 9/18/2015
- Number of employees moved 1266



Goal

- Both moves were "migration activity," (no change in business structure during the move)
- Allows for **before-after** comparison



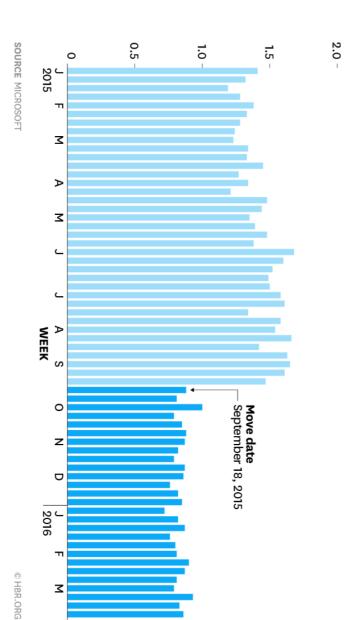
Before & after the move

AVG TIME SPENT TRAVELING/MEETING/EMPLOYEE

46% less travel time per meeting

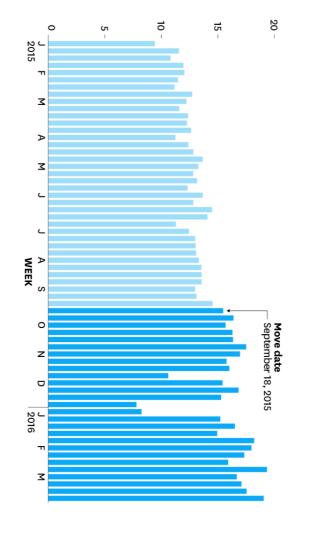
100 hours saved per week

\$520,000 saved per year in employee time



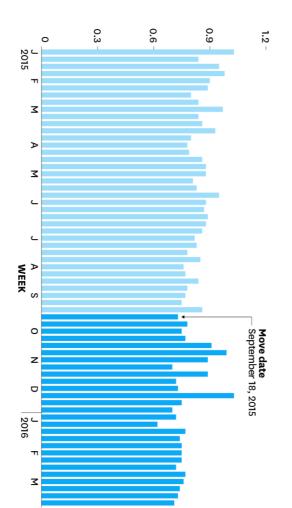
Before & after the move

AVG NUMBER OF MEETINGS/EMPLOYEE



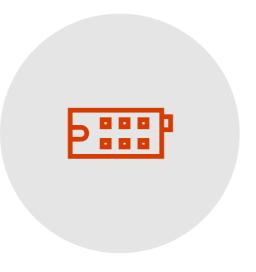
29% more meetings

AVG MEETING DURATION/EMPLOYEE

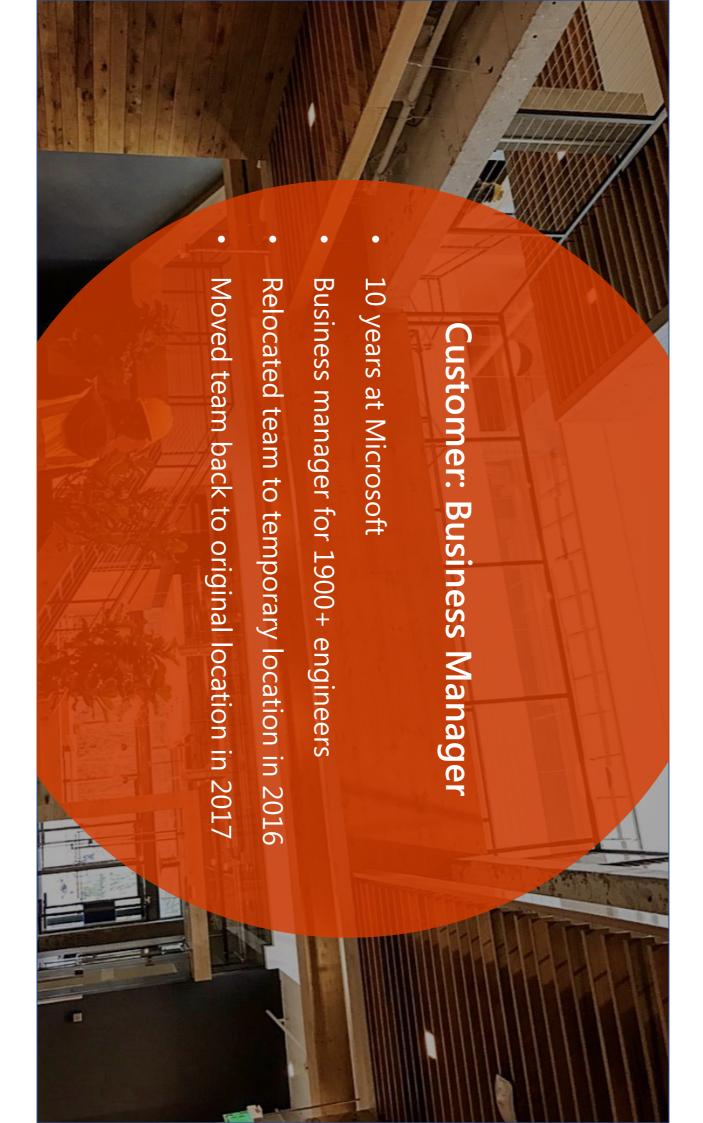


13% shorter meetings

Workspace planning use cases



- Proactively plan for future allocation at the site and floor levels to drive positive outcomes



Floor level planning

HOW IT USED TO WORK



- Hours to design seating plan variations
- Iterate 3 weeks with leadership team
- Very political process

NEW APPROACH



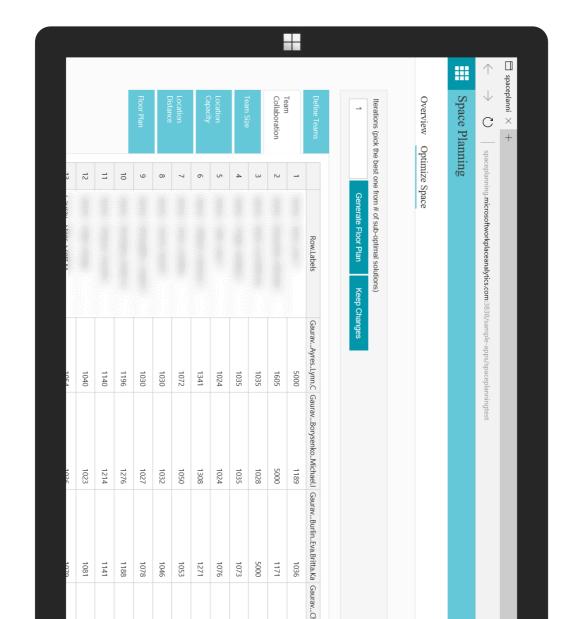
COLLABORATION TIME

15 hr	3 hr	5 hr	Team 3
4 hr	6 hr	10 hr	Team 2
8 hr	8 hr	10 hr	Team 1
Team 3	Team 2	Team 1	

Define collaboration patterns between teams

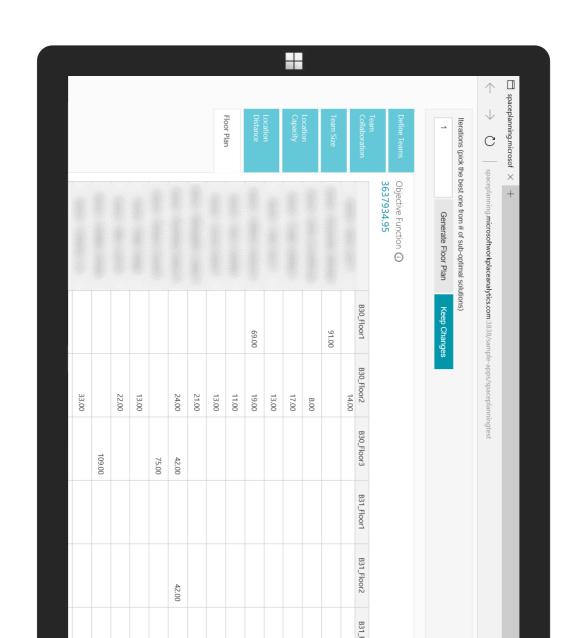
Quantify team size & location capacity

Input distances & unique floorplan requirements

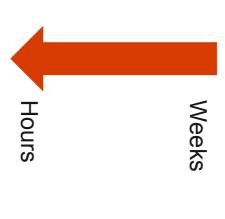


Generate space plan for optimized collaboration

Incorporate custom org requirements



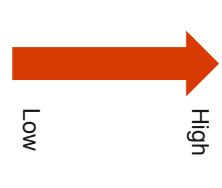




Faster with evidence-based plan



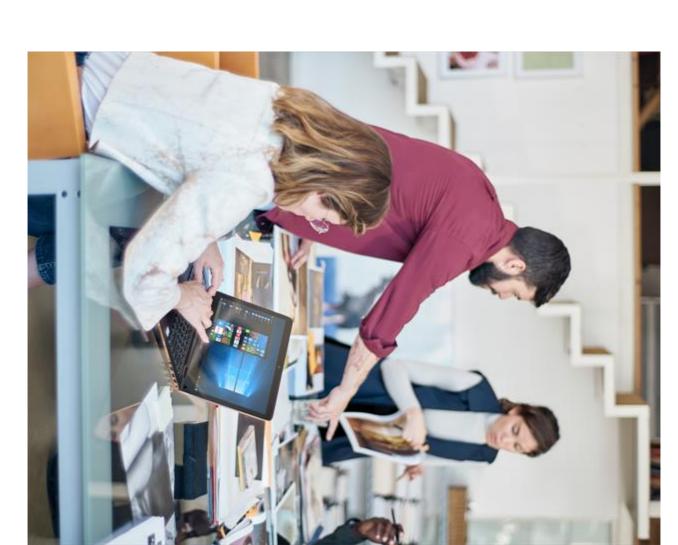




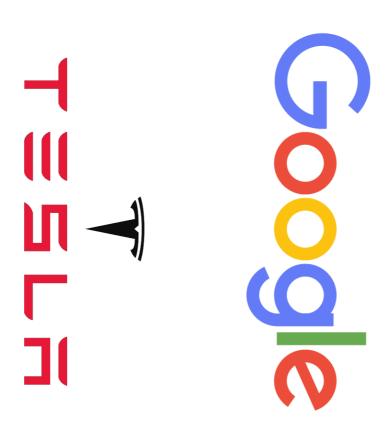
Higher engagement & satisfaction among teams

What we know today

- People are a company's most important asset
- The way people spend their time is very predictive of positive & negative business outcomes
- Orgs have a limited ability to instrument or influence these activities today
- New data is required to enable levers, like space planning, that lead to improved collaboration



What happens when you use the data at your fingertips?



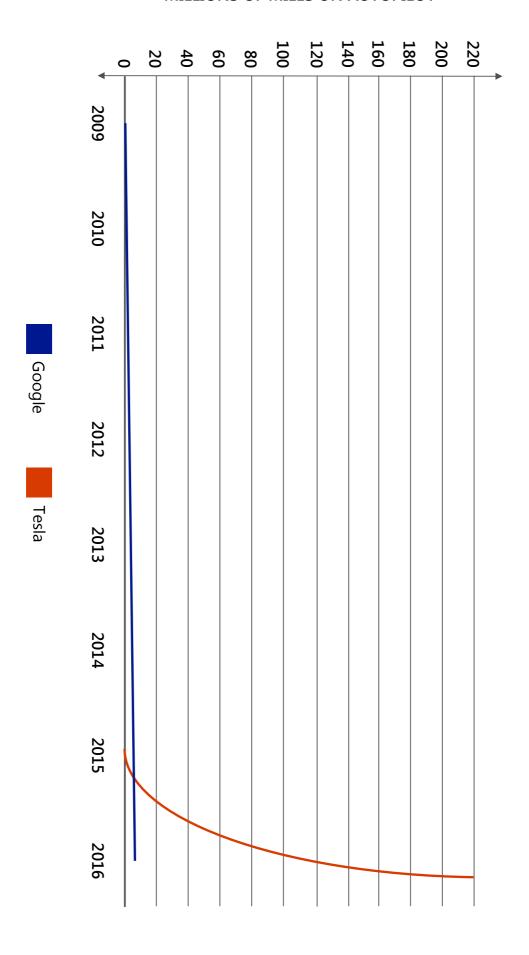
What happens when you use the data at your fingertips?



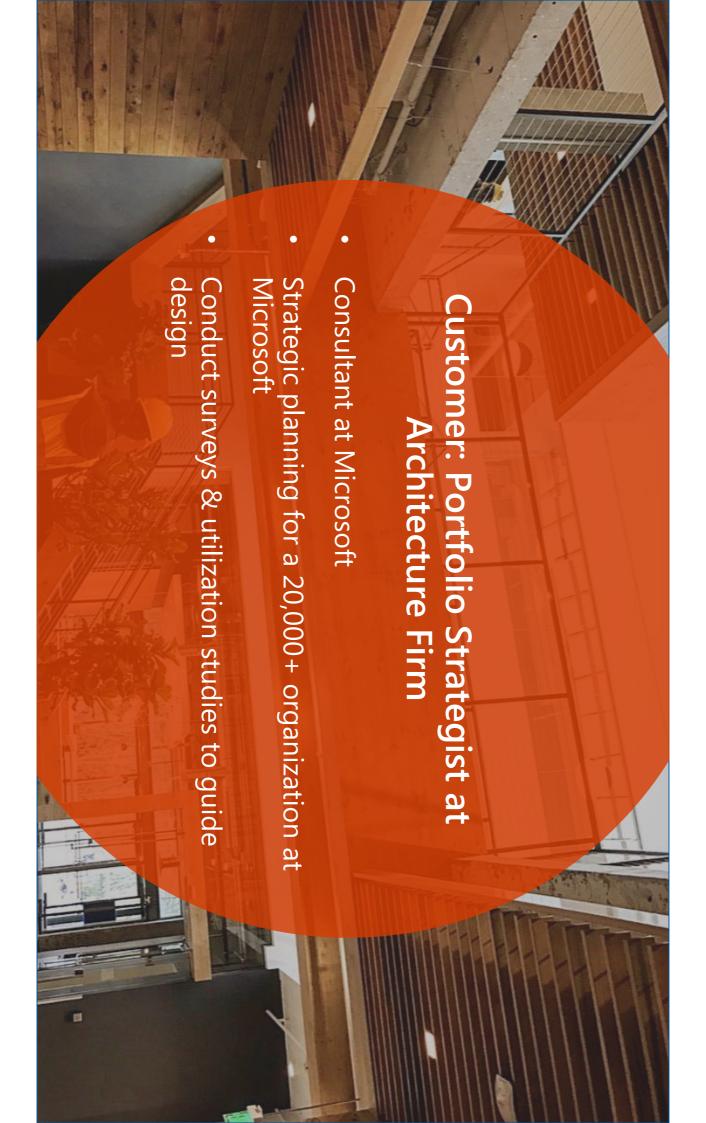


1 × 70,000

MILLIONS OF MILES ON AUTOPILOT

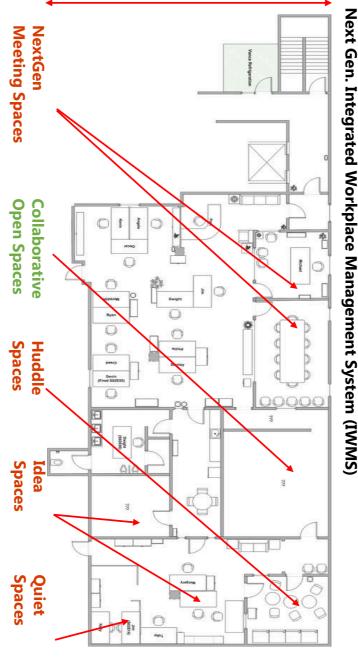






Workspace conference room planning

- Examine pattern of how each meeting size, peak time, etc. team hosts meeting previously:
- Meeting size suggests type of conference room required
- Peak time gives concept of the conference room maximum demand of



Internal Space Types

- Town Square
- Library
- Workbench

Next Generation Endpoints

- Virtual / Augmented Reality
- **Next Generation Digital Displays**
- Conversational Interfaces

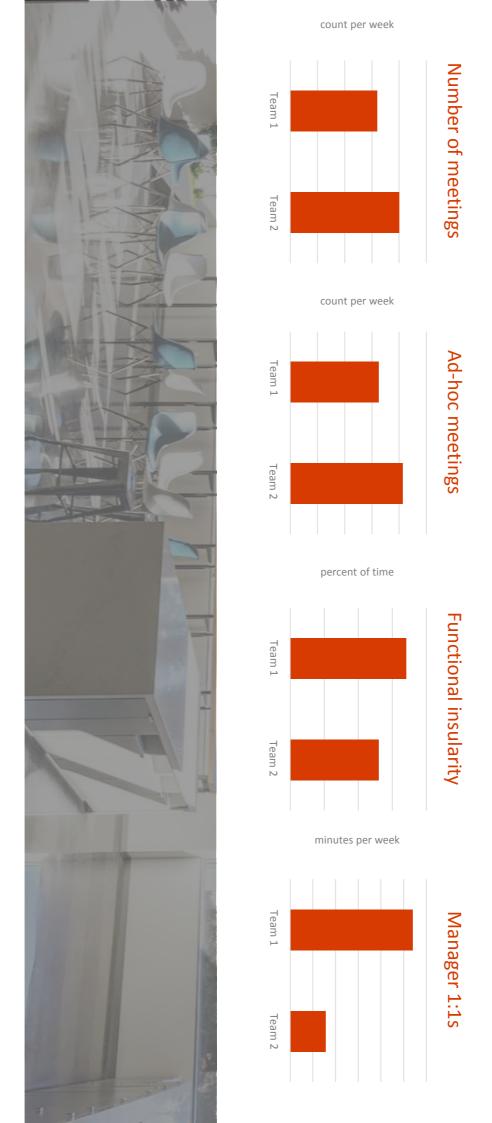
External Space Types

Well-Being Settings

Activity Paths

Information Source: Gartner

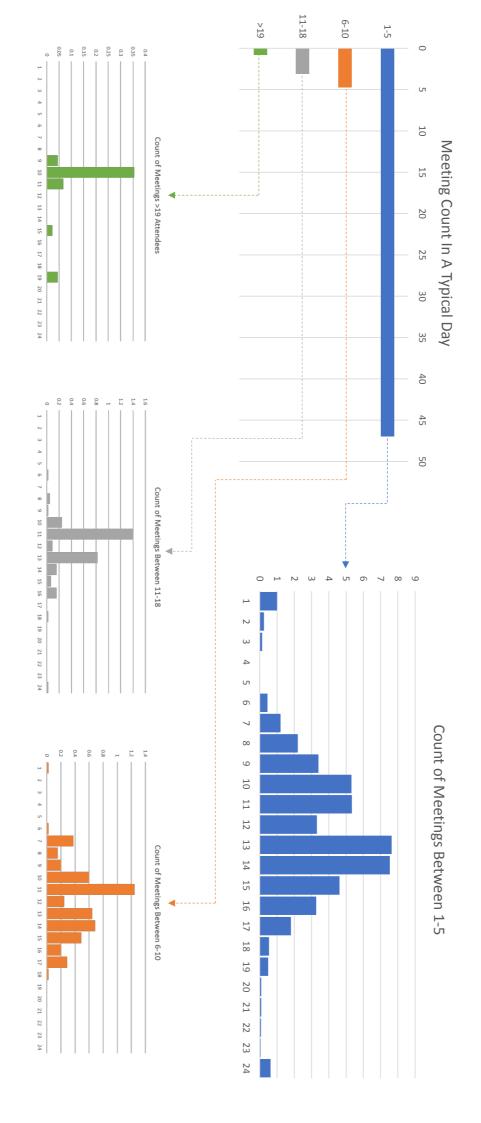
Different teams work in different ways



Functional Insularity is % of measured time spent collaborating with other people in the same L3 manager group Data is collected from 85 Team 2 and 35 Team 1 employees at Microsoft non-Puget Sound Location, over 14 months time period

Conference room demand in a typical day

A guide to types of conference rooms needed for unique teams



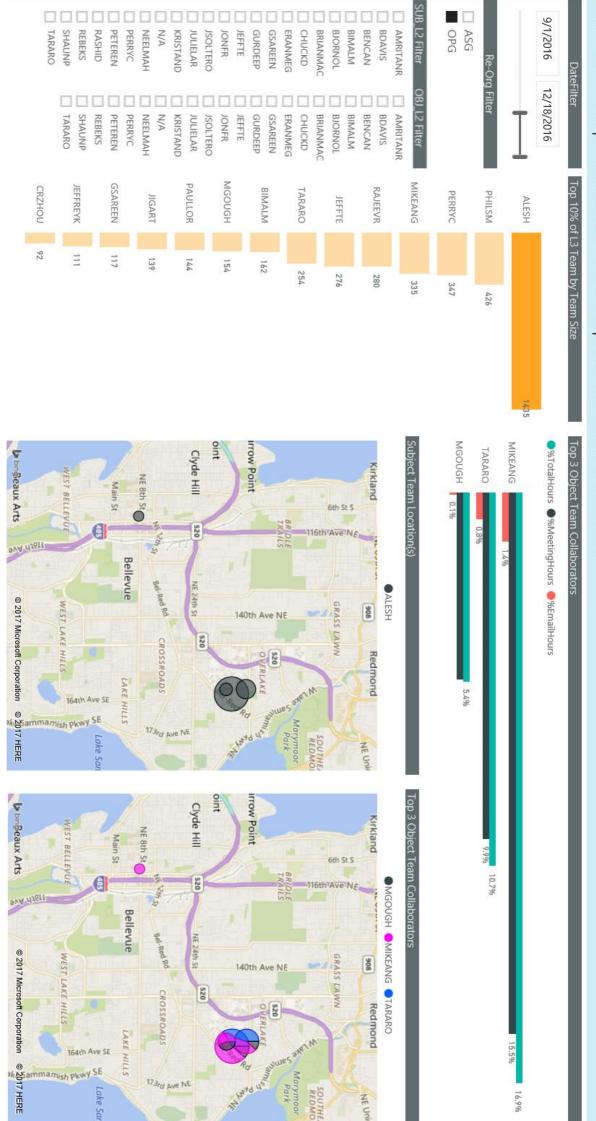
Workspace Planning Use Cases



- environment influences employee behaviors Measure the success of space allocation and understand how the
- floor levels to drive positive outcomes Proactively plan for future allocation at the site and
- Proactively design for buildings to match the environment to employees' behaviors

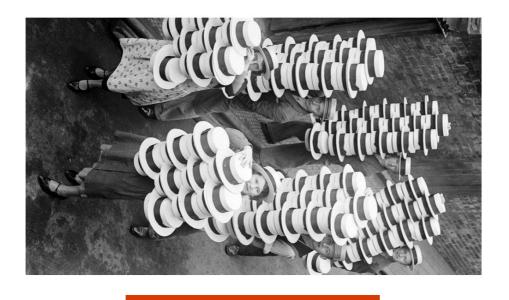






CASE: Model behaviors of top salespeople





when interacting with customers & internal colleagues Top performers behave very differently from their peers

Contacts/Account: Others Number of Active Top Performers Hours/week with Top Performers Size of Internal Top Performers Customers: Others Number of Top Performers Accounts: Others Network: Others 11 42 68 6 19 contacts/acct accounts +26 people hrs/wk +4 ∞

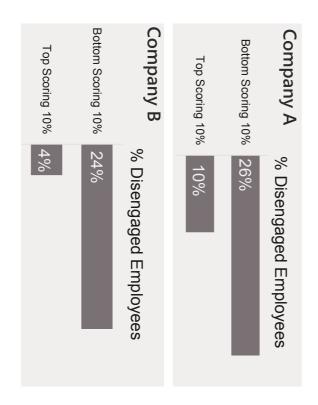


OPTION #1

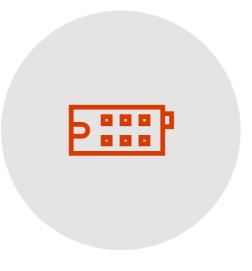
"...we wanted to understand what made managers of highly engaged employees different than the rest on a day-to-day basis."

- Managers lead by example when it comes to working hours
- Managers need to ensure even allocation of work
- across their company Effective managers maintain large internal networks
- One-on-ones remain vital
- Managers are also engaged at work

Research: 2 Fortune 100 companies Key Finding: Engagement score using WpA KPIs predicts employee disengagement



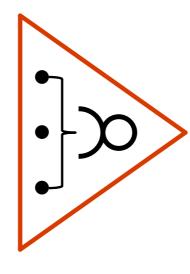
Workspace Planning Use Cases



- environment influences employee behaviors Measure the success of space allocation and understand how the
- **Proactively plan for future allocation at the site and floor levels** to drive positive outcomes
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OPTION #2

LEAD BY EXAMPLE
WITH THEIR
WORKING HOURS

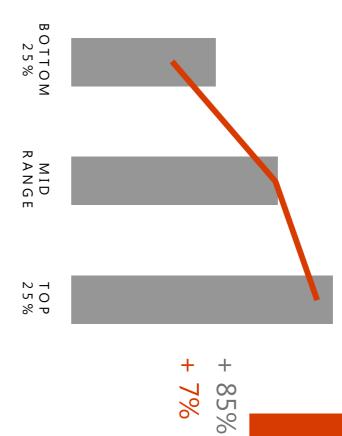


WHAT DO MY MOST EFFECTIVE

MANAGERS DO?

MAINTAIN LARGE INTERNAL NETWORKS ACROSS THEIR COMPANY

INVEST IN ON-BOARDING, COACHING, & EQUITABLE EMPLOYEE WORK ALLOCATION



OPTION #2 CONT'D

MOST EFFECTIVE WHAT DO MY

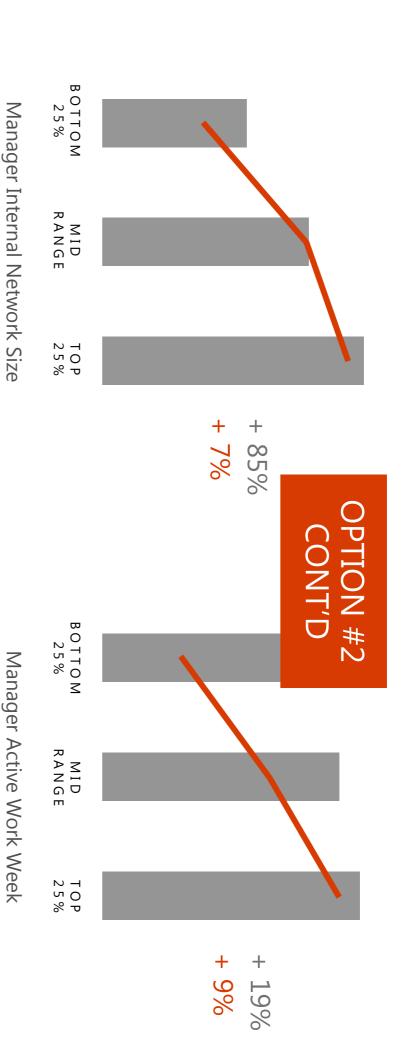
MANAGERS DO?

NETWORK SIZE

Manager Internal Network Size

ENGAGEMENT SCORE

* Employees with networks 110%+ larger than managers are 50% more likely to be disengaged



* Employees with networks 110%+ larger than managers are 50% more likely to be disengaged

ENGAGEMENT SCORE

NETWORK SIZE

* Extreme manager after hours (9+ hours/week) leads to 1.6X higher management disengagement rate

ENGAGEMENT SCORE

ACTIVE WORK WEEK

Pros of large manager networks

Employees reporting to managers with large networks are more engaged and have networks up to 85% larger

OPTION #2 CONT'D

onger working hours

s reporting to managers who work to 19% more hours

Cons of small manager networks

Employees with networks 110%+ larger than their managers are 50% more likely to be disengaged

Cons of too long a work week

Extreme manager after hours (a consistent 9+ hours/week outside working hours) leads to a 1.6X higher management disengagement rate

ONBOARDING

New employees with no training or manager 1:1s are 4 times as likely to become disengaged

EVEN WORK ALLOCATION

Employees that work consistently longer hours than their peers are 33% more likely to be disengaged

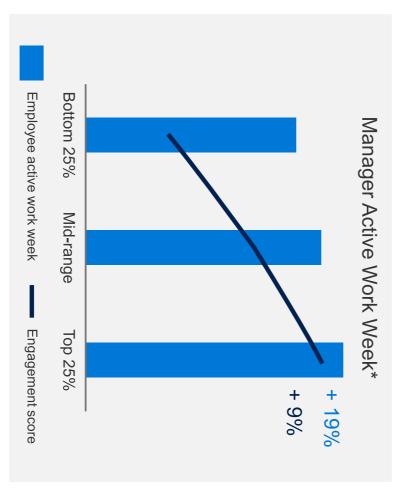
COACHING

Employees with twice the manager 1:1 hours of their peers are 67% less likely to be disengaged

FINDING 1

to their working hours





Pros of longer working hours

longer hours are 9% more engaged and work up to 19% more hours Employees reporting to managers who work

Cons of too long a work week

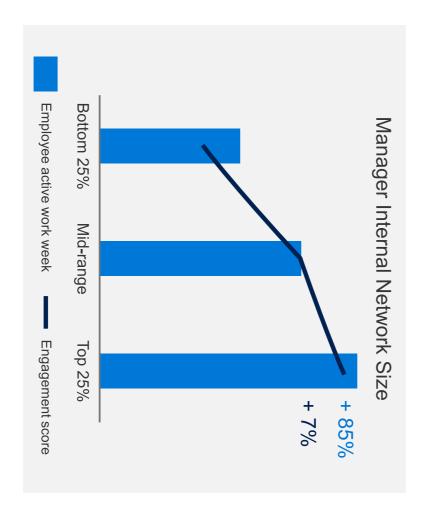
to a 1.6X higher management disengagement 9+ hours/week outside working hours) leads Extreme manager after hours (a consistent

^{*} Active work week is the average amount of time between your first and last email or meeting of the day across the work week

FINDING 2 Effective managers main



cont'd internal networks



Pros of large manager networks

networks up to 85% larger networks are 7% more engaged and have Employees reporting to managers with large

Cons of small manager networks

to be disengaged Employees with networks 110%+ larger than their managers are 50% more likely

engagement A Manager has impagorion #3 t report CONT/D

WORKLOAD BALANCING

Great managers ensure even allocation of work

disengaged and view leadership 2x more unfavorably Highly utilized direct reports that work 120% longer hours than peers are 33% more likely to be

disengaged hours of their peers are 67% less likely to be

CAREER DEVELOPMENT

Managers grow employees

to be disengaged Individual contributors early in their careers with no manager 1:1s and no training activity are 4X as likely

COACHING

Manager facetime matters

Individual contributors with twice the manager 1:1

MANAGER ENGAGEMENT

Employees mimic manager engagement

those reporting to engaged managers disengaged managers is up to 2x higher than for Disengagement rate of employees reporting to