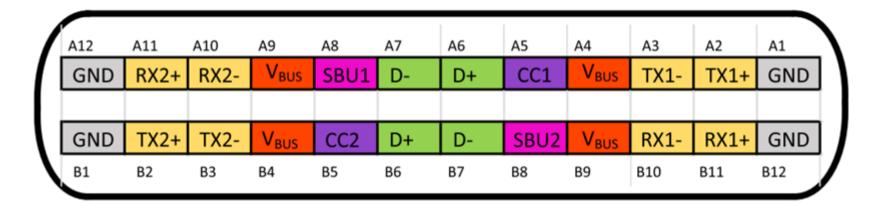




- Reversible slim cable and connector
- Contain high speed USB2.0 signals and two SuperSpeed lanes
- Extended power and USB Power Delivery(PD) protocol
  - Native power up to 15 W (3A @ 5V) without PD
  - Up to 100 W (5A @ 20V) with PD

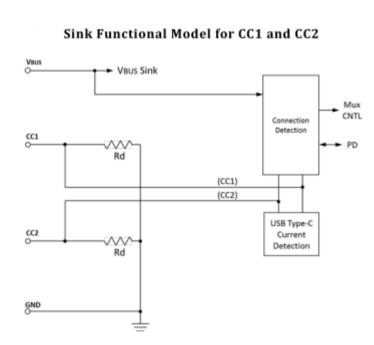
USB Type-C<sup>™</sup> receptacle pinout

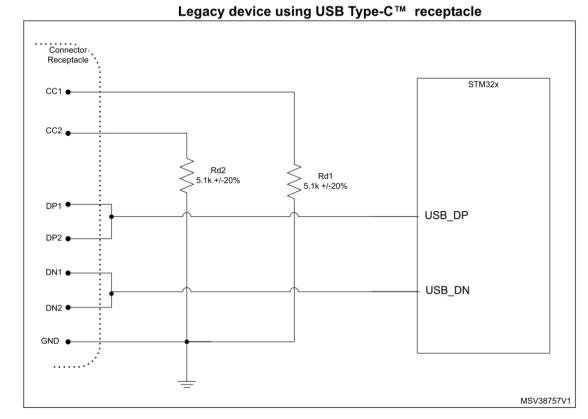




- USB Power Delivery power negotiation protocol on top of USB type-C
  - USB-C cable may be used without PD, but for USB PD is mandatory to have USB-C connector
- Half duplex communication over CC lines (VBUS modulation) to negotiate used power profile and roles
  - Power swap option
- No need for USB data lines usage for PD communication
- Basic information can be found in <u>AN4775</u>, complete description in USB specification (divided documents for USB type-C and USB Power Delivery)

- Without CC lines handling only default power option may be used (0.5A) @ 5V for USB2.0)
  - Basic configuration with PD option demands only 3 channels of ADC for cable orientation detection and two GPIO pins







### STM32 solutions for USB power delivery

- P-NUCLEO-USB001
  - USB Type-C and Power Delivery Nucleo Pack with NUCLEO-F072RB
  - Analog front-end
- P-NUCLEO-USB002
  - STUSB1602 USB Type-C and Power Delivery Nucleo Pack with NUCLEO-F072RB
- ON-FUSB3-STM
  - Combination with type-C port manager from 3th party
- X-CUBE-USB-PD
  - Certified FW stack for USB PD capable to handle source, sink and dual role power functionality
  - Contain also application examples
- STUSB47x0 and STUSB4500
  - Standalone USB PD controller, either provider only or consumer only

