2. Mailserver-Konferenz, Mai 2005

amavisd-new advanced configuration and management

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http://www.ijs.si/software/amavisd/



### Agenda

- what it is
- performance / benchmark / tuning
- policy banks
- lookups, SQL, banning rules
- regular maintenance and monitoring
- tips & tricks



### amavisd-new - what it is?

- interfaces between MTA and virus checkers and/or SpamAssassin
- decodes/unpacks mail and checks parts
- quarantines malware
- logging/reporting: to SQL (new with 2.3)



### why is it popular?

- reliable:
  - checks status of every operation, internal asserts
  - in case of failure mail stays with MTA
- adheres to standards (SMTP, MIME, DSN, ...)
- reasonably fast, reasonably feature-rich
- can run chroot-ed
- GPL license
- 800+ downloads of 2.3.0 in the first two days after a release

### AMaViS history

#### shell program:

1997 Mogens Kjaer, Juergen Quade

1998-01-17 AMaViS 0.1 (Christian Bricart) - 300 lines

"AMaViS - A Mail Virus Scanner"

1998-12 AMaViS 0.2.0-pre1

1999-07 AMaViS 0.2.0-pre6 (Rainer Link, Chris Mason)

2000-10 AMaViS 0.2.1 (Christian Bricart)

#### Perl program:

2000-01 Amavis-perl (Chris Mason)

2000-08 Amavis-perl-8

2000-12 Amavis-perl-10

2001-04 Amavis-perl-11 (split> amavisd)

2003-03 Amavis-0.3.12 (Lars Hecking)



### AMaViS history

#### Perl daemon:

- 2001-01 daemonisation (Geoff Winkless)
- 2001-04 amavisd-snapshot-20010407 (Lars Hecking)
- 2001-07 amavisd-snapshot-20010714
- >2002-04 amavisd-snapshot-20020300 (split> amavisd-new)
- 2003-03 amavisd-0.1 2100 lines

#### Perl, modular re-design

- 2002-03 amavis-ng-0.1 (Hilko Bengen)
- 2003-03 amavis-ng-0.1.6.2 (Hilko Bengen)

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## amavisd-new 3+ years of development (7 years of tradition)

#### Perl daemon, pre-forked, Net::Server

- 2002-03 amavisd-new-20020329 (Mark Martinec)
- 2002-04 amavisd-new-20020418
- 2002-04 amavisd-new-20020424
- 2002-05 amavisd-new-20020517
- 2002-06 amavisd-new-20020630
- 2002-11 amavisd-new-20021116
- 2002-12 amavisd-new-20021227
- 2003-03 amavisd-new-20030314
- 2003-06 amavisd-new-20030616
- 2003-11 amavisd-new-20030616-p6 10.000 lines
- 2004-06 amavisd-new-20030616-p10
- 2004-07 2.0
- **2004-08 2.1.0**
- **2004-08 2.1.1**
- **2004-09 2.1.2**
- 2004-11 2.2.0
- **2004-12 2.2.1**
- 2005-04 2.3.0
- 2005-05 2.3.1 15.000 lines



# performance: benchmarking platform

- dual AMD Opteron 246, 2 GHz
- 2 GB memory
- ATA-100 and SCSI-3 disk
- FreeBSD 5.4, 64-bit
- Perl 5.8.6
- SA 3.0.3, SA 3.1(cvs)
- amavisd-new-2.3.1

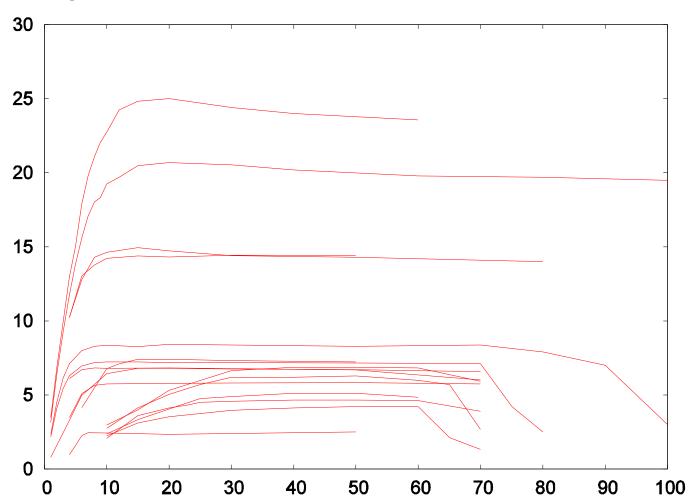


# performance: benchmarking setup

- SMTP source and sink on a separate host
- smtp-sink instrumented with clock, shows transactions/s
- smtp source: dedicated Postfix with spool on md for real mail, smtp-source for raw Postfix baseline measurements
- 1500 mail messages: real mail, random 24h sample, cca 20% quarantined, all delivered (\*\_lovers, tagged)
- MySQL server on the same host

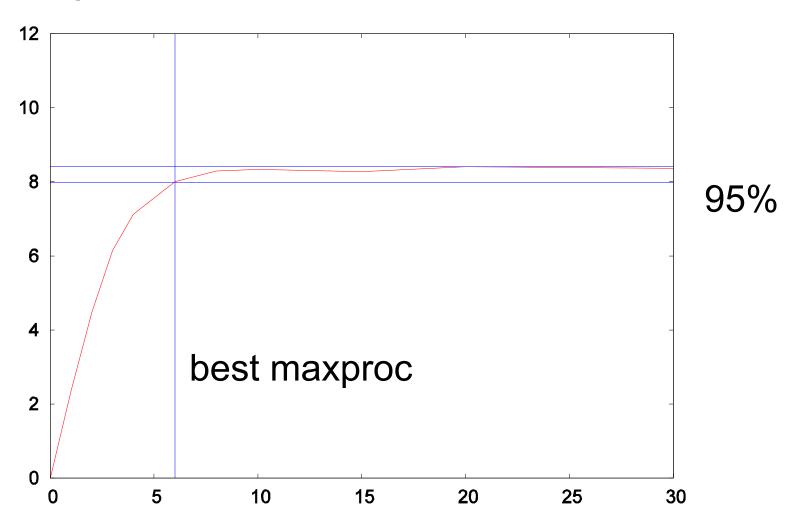


### performance – general idea





### performance – general idea



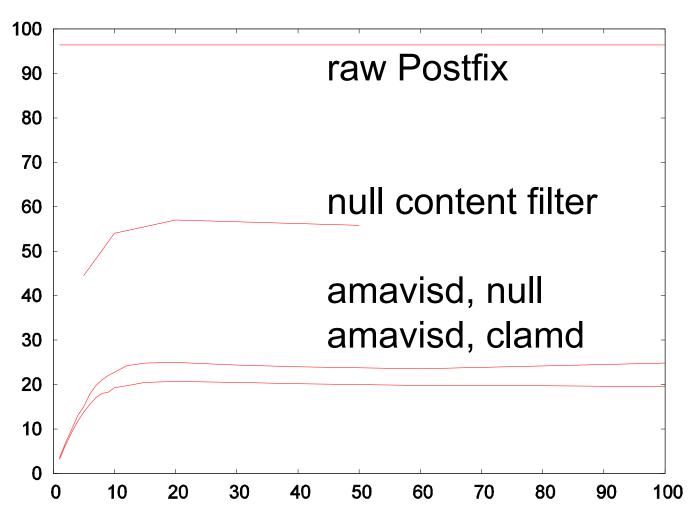


## performance: Postfix baseline

- 96.5 SMTP transactions per second (subject to disk speed)
- just enabling Postfix content filtering
   (null filter) drops mail throughput to 60%
- every mail hits the disk twice



### performance: baseline



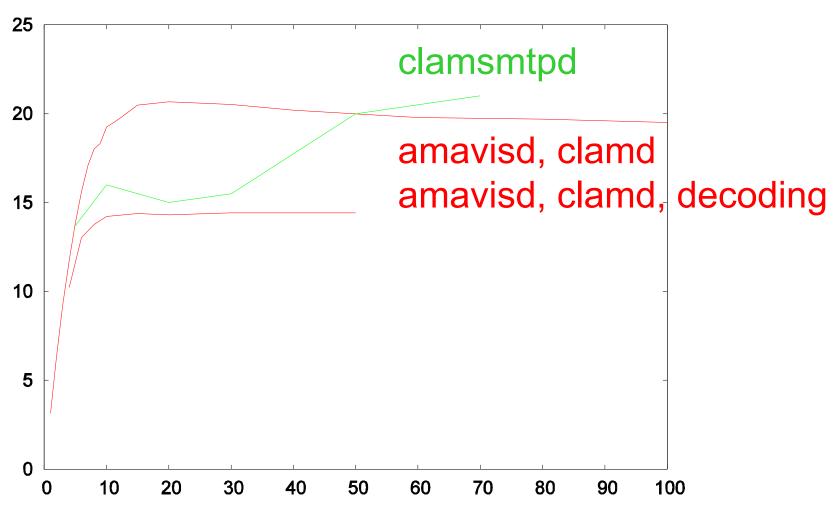


## performance: amavisd baseline

- inserting amavisd with all checks and external decoding disabled drops throughput to 1/4 of raw Postfix throughput (additional 1/2)
- one additional data transfer, MIME decoding
- optimum maxproc is 12 processes (at 95 % max throughput)



### performance: plain virus checking



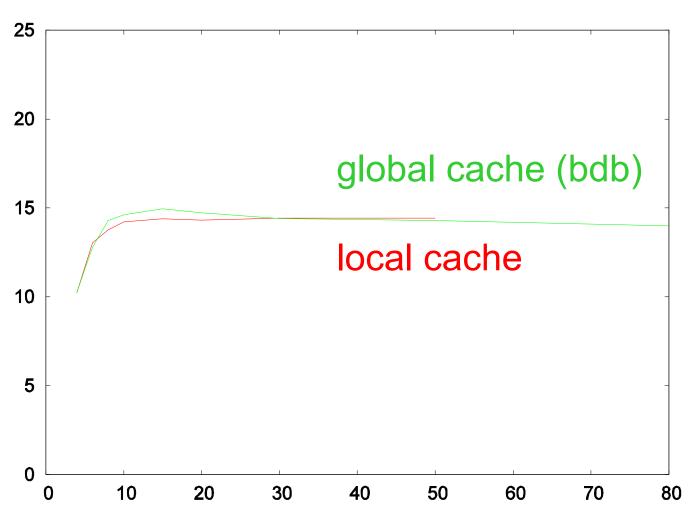


# performance: enabling bdb with a global cache

- global cache (more than) pays for itself and for bdb usage
- benefit: statistics counters, nanny (sanity database)
- no apparent database lock contention



### performance: global cache





### performance: does RAM-disk help?

- writing fs metadata can be expensive
- amavisd reuses work and parts directory, and a temporary file email.txt
- MIME::Parser reuses its temporary file

depends on fs, fs options and disk caching

### performance: does RAM-disk help?

Recent Slashdot article: http://www.livejournal.com/~brad/2116715.html

Most RAID cards **lie** (especially LSI ones), some OSes lie (rare), and most disks lie (doesn't matter how expensive or cheap they are). They lie because their competitors do and they figure it's more important to look competitive because the magazines only print speed numbers, not reliability stats.

#### FreeBSD Handbook: 11.12 Tuning Disks

 Soft Updates guarantees filesystem consistency in the case of a crash but could very easily be several seconds behind updating the physical disk (very appropriate for amavisd work area, instant recovery)

#### man page ATA(4):

hw.ata.wc sysctl variable set to 1 to enable Write Caching,
 0 to disable (default is enabled). Can cause data loss on power failures.

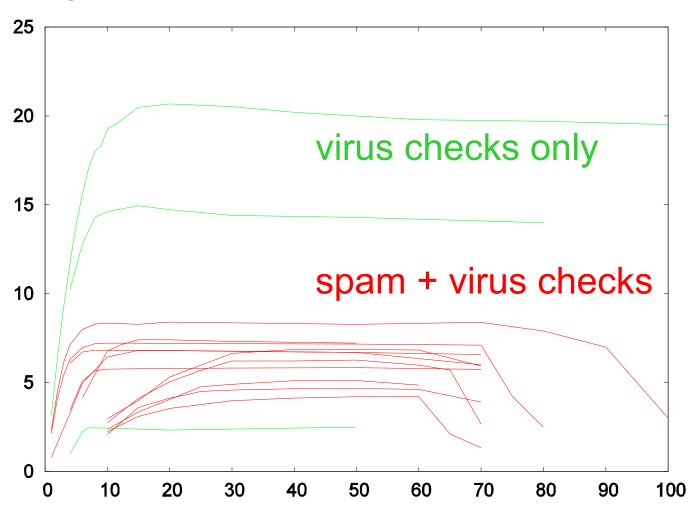


### performance: does RAM-disk help?

- measuring setup: md 0.5 GB (out of 2GB) on FreeBSD: /tmp, /var/tmp, /var/amavis/tmp, clam-tmp
- no change in throughput (below 1%)
   compared to UFS2 file system on a ATA disk with write-cache enabled
- below 5% change on SCSI disk with soft updates and no SA checks, practically no change with SA enabled
- likely benefit with some other file systems



### performance: SpamAssassin



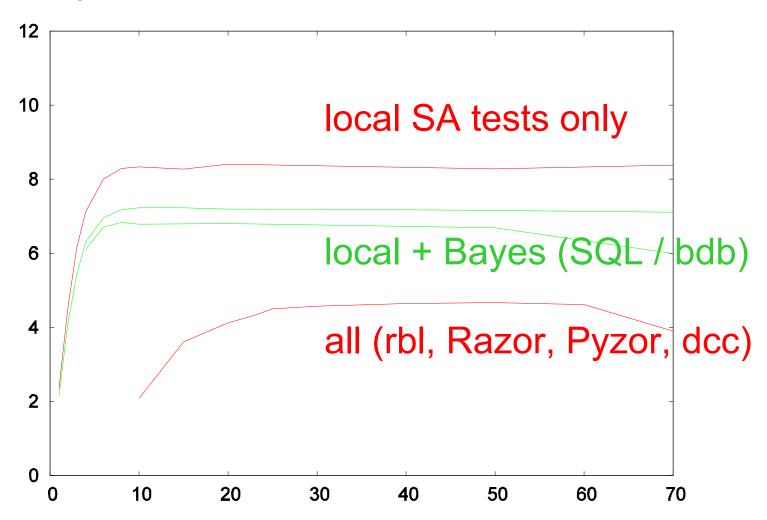


### performance: Bayes & AWL db

- costs 14%
- database choice
  - BerkeleyDB
  - MySQL InnoDB 6% higher throughput than bdb
  - □ MySQL MyISAM faster(?), may need REPAIR TABLE



### performance: SpamAssassin



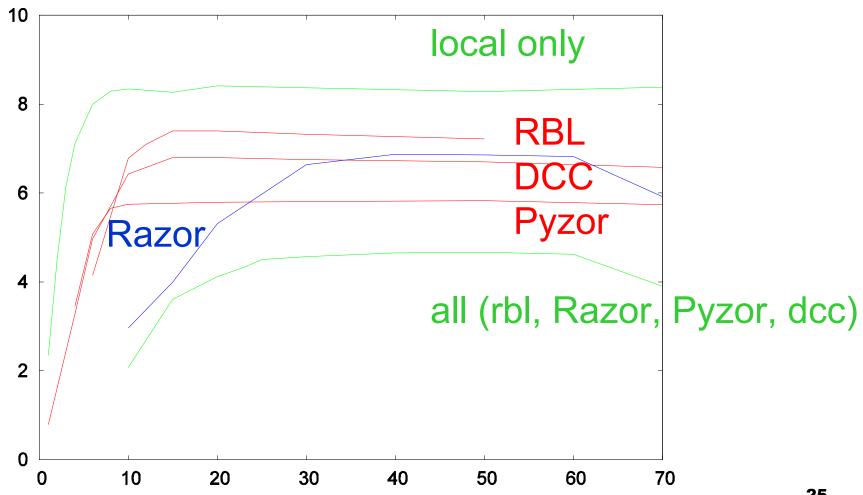
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### performance: Razor2, Pyzor, DCC

- Razor2 has high latency and requires more parallel processes
- Pyzor is more resource-hungry
- DCC is low latency like Pyzor and uses low resources like Razor2
- Pyzor maxproc95 = 8
- DCC maxproc95 = 11
- Razor2 maxproc95 = 30

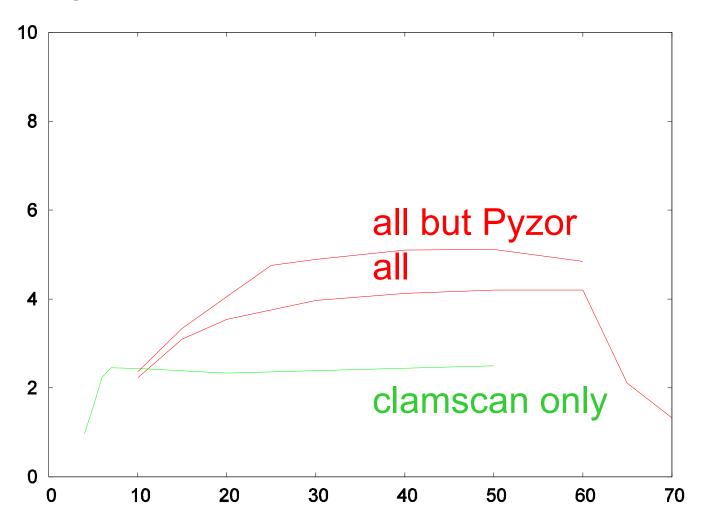


### performance: SpamAssassin





### performance: can it get worse?





### performance: experience

#### Julian Rendon reports:

I'm using amavisd-new in 2 Sparc servers processing each one more than 1.3 Millions mails a day, serving as a mailhub gateway without local users.

I found a 39 max\_server concurrency to be good for my hardware. We currently process more than 32 GB of mail a day. Servers are 2 SF280R, each one with 2 1.2 GHz processors, 2 MB RAM and fiber-channel disks.

### tuning

optimal number of processes at > 95% of max throughput

- 12 no decoding, no checking
- 12 no decoding, clamd
- 8 decoding, clamd
- 6 decoding, clamd, SA (local)
- 6 decoding, clamd, SA (local, bayes)
- 12 decoding, clamd, SA (rbl; no bayes)
- 23 decoding, clamd, SA (rbl,razor,pyzor,dccproc; no bayes)
- 30 decoding, clamd, SA (razor only)
- 32 everything, 4 msgs per second, 1 GB of memory would suffice
- (20 everything, 3.55 messages per second)

Need 5 msgs/s instead of 4? Drop Pyzor.



### tuning

- memory
  - □ memory: RSS/VSZ = 60% is memory-resident
  - □ cca 60% of a process' RSS is shared
  - cca 30 MB real memory for a 100 MB virtual memory process
- 1 GB: 25 processes just manages to reach optimum with all checks enabled
- 2 GB: 60 processes plenty of headroom



### tuning: general

- separate disks for MTA spool and amavisd-new work area
- avoid slow command-line virus scanners
- Linux syslogd: disable sync for MTA and amavisd logs
- some RulesEmporium (SARE) rulesets expensive
- turn on \$quarantine\_subdir\_levels (2.3.0)
- separate MTA and amavisd hosts
- split load through multiple MX records

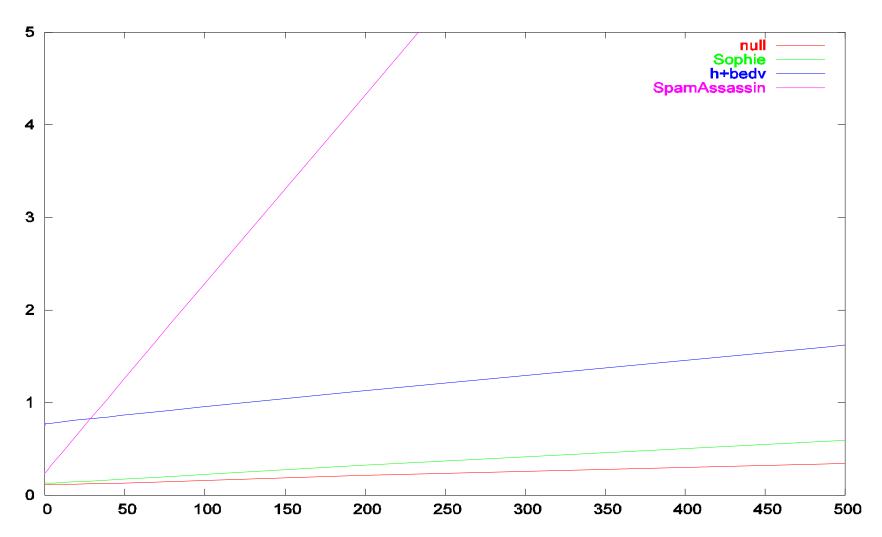
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### tuning: timing report

```
TIMING [total 1725 ms] -
 lookup sql: 6(0\%)0,
 SMTP pre-DATA-flush: 1 (0%)0, SMTP DATA: 88 (5%)6,
 body hash: 1 (0%)6, sql-enter: 4 (0%)6,
 mime decode: 6 (0%)6, get-file-type1: 23 (1%)7,
 parts_decode: 0 (0%)8,
AV-scan-1: 7 (0%)8, AV-scan-2: 4 (0%)8, AV-scan-3: 5 (0%)8,
AV-scan-4: 1 (0%)9, AV-scan-5: 1 (0%)9, AV-scan-6: 0 (0%)9,
 lookup sql: 4 (0%)9, spam-wb-list: 3 (0%)9,
 SA msg read: 0 (0%)9, SA parse: 2 (0%)9,
 SA check: 1536 (89%)98,
 update cache: 2 (0%)98, post-do spam: 6 (0%)99,
 deal with mail size: 0 (0%)99,
 main log entry: 18 (1%)100,
 sql-update: 4 (0%)100, update snmp: 1 (0%)100,
 unlink-1-files: 1 (0%)100, rundown: 0 (0%)100
```

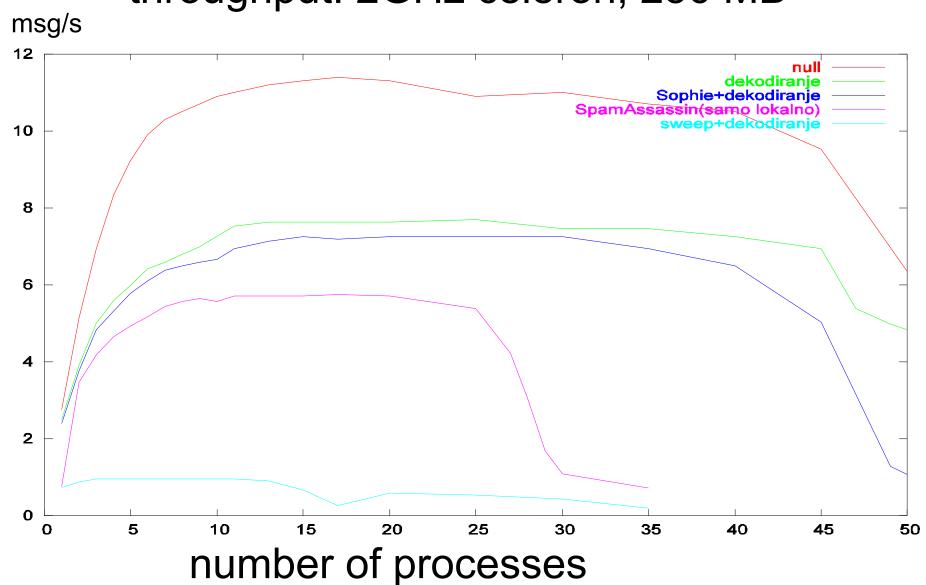


### processing time [s] / size [kB]



### 

### throughput: 2GHz celeron, 256 MB





# making MTA and amavisd-new talk to each other - input

- SMTP or LMTP or AM.PDP on input
- \$inet\_socket\_port = 10024;
- \$inet\_socket\_port = [10024,10026,10027];
- @inet\_acl = qw( 127.0.0.0/8 [::1] 192.168.1.1 ); # access control
- \$inet socket bind = '127.0.0.1'; # restrict to one interface
- \$unix\_socketname = '/var/amavis/amavisd.sock'; # e.g. quarantine release

# making MTA and amavisd-new talk to each other - output

- SMTP or pipe on output
- \$forward method = 'smtp:[127.0.0.1]:10025';
- \$notify\_method = 'smtp:[127.0.0.1]:10025';
- \$forward\_method = 'smtp:\*:\*';
- \$notify\_method = 'smtp:\*:10587';
  1st asterisk SMTP client peer address
  2nd asterisk incoming SMTP/LMTP session port number plus one
- \$virus\_quarantine\_method, \$spam quarantine method, ...



## making MTA and amavisd-new talk to each other

- one MTA, one amavisd (same or separte hosts)
- multiple MTAs sharing one amavisd
- external MTA > amavisd > internal MTA
- receiving MTA > amavisd > transmitting MTA
- TCP port-based policy bank override of \$forward\_method and \$notify\_method
- allows each input channel its own forwarding route

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#### policy banks

- sets of configuration parameters that apply to processing a mail message as a whole (not per-recipient)
- fast switchover from one set to another
- selected by:
   TCP port number, SMTP client IP address, sender domain
- similar to Postfix FILTER option (applies to the whole message)
- TCP port number or socket to policy name mapping:

```
$interface_policy{'10026'} = 'INTERNAL';
$interface_policy{'10028'} = 'NET4';
$interface_policy{'10030'} = 'OFFICE';
$interface_policy{'3330'} = 'PfTCP';
$interface_policy{'9998'} = 'AM.PDP';
$interface_policy{'SOCK'} = 'AM.PDP';
```

two policy names are hard-wired: MYNETS: client IP address matches @mynetworks (XFORWARD) MYUSERS: sender matches @local\_domains\_maps

#### policy banks

```
$policy_bank{'NET4'} = {
 log level => 3,
 smtpd_greeting_banner =>
   '${helo-name} ${protocol} ${product} NET4 service ready',
 notify_spam_sender_templ => read_text
   ("$MYHOME/notify_spam_sender.txt"),
$policy_bank{'MYNETS'} = { # mail originating from @mynetworks
 virus_admin_maps => ["virusalert\@$mydomain"],
 spam admin maps => ["virusalert\@$mydomain"],
 spam dsn cutoff level maps => [15],
 final_spam_destiny => D_DISCARD,
 banned filename maps => [new RE(
  [qr'\.[^./]*\.(exe|vbs|pif|scr|bat|cmd|com|cpl|dll)\.?$'i => 1],
  [qr'^\.(Z|gz|bz2|rpm|cpio|tar|zip|rar|arc|arj|zoo)$' => 0],
  [qr'^{.(exe-ms)}' => 1])],
$policy_bank{'AM.PDP'} = {
 protocol => 'AM.PDP'.
 inet acl \Rightarrow ['127.0.0.0/8', '192.0.2.11'],
```

#### policy banks

poor-man's SPF (sender policy framework)

```
@score_sender_maps = ('.' => [
                                       # site-wide table
 \{ \text{'nobody@cert.org'} => -3.0, 
                                       # (soft)whitelist
  'owner-alert@iss.net' => -3.0,
  sed@sed-si.com' => 5.0,
                                       # blacklist
  '.sed-si.com' \Rightarrow 2.0,
                => 1.3,
  $mydomain
                                       # poor-man's SPF
$policy bank{'MYNETS'} = {
 score sender maps =>
  [@score_sender_maps,
   ] <= '.' }
    \{ \text{ $mydomain => -1.3 } \}
                                       # compensate
```



#### policy banks

```
$policy bank{'ALT'} = {
 forward method => 'smtp:*:*',
 local client bind address => '193.2.4.6',
 localhost name => 'extra.example.com',
 defang spam => 1,
 final spam destiny => D PASS,
 spam_tag2_level_maps => 6.32,
 spam_kill_level maps => 6.72,
 av scanners => [
  ['Sophos SAVI', \&sophos_savi, "*", [0], [1], qr/\(.*) FOUND\($/\)],
  ['Mail::ClamAV', \&ask_clamav, "*", [0], [1], qr/^INFECTED: (.+)/],
```

#### policy banks - Postfix side

```
# incoming mail MX
192.0.2.1:smtp inet n - n - - smtpd
 -o content filter=smtp-amavis:[127.0.0.1]:10040
# tcp port 587 to be used by internal hosts for mail submission
submission inet n - n - - smtpd
 -o content_filter=smtp-amavis:[127.0.0.1]:10042
 -o smtpd client restrictions=permit mynetworks,reject
# incoming mail from fetchmail
127.0.0.1:2345 inet n - n - - smtpd
 -o content filter=smtp-amavis:[127.0.0.1]:10041
 -o smtpd client restrictions=permit mynetworks,reject
 -o mynetworks=127.0.0.0/8
# locally originating mail submitted on this host through a sendmail msp
pickup fifo n - n 60 1 pickup
 -o content filter=smtp-amavis:[127.0.0.1]:10043
```

#### policy banks - Postfix side

```
content filter = smtp-amavis:[127.0.0.1]:10044
smtpd_recipient_restrictions =
 reject ...
 check client access cidr:/etc/postfix/filter.cidr
 permit sasl authenticated
 reject_unauth_destination
 check sender access static:FILTER:smtp-amavis:[127.0.0.1]:10040
instead of permit mynetworks, overrides global content filter setting:
/etc/postfix/filter.cidr:
 127.0.0.0/8
                FILTER smtp-amavis:[127.0.0.1]:10042
 10.0.0.0/8
                FILTER smtp-amavis:[127.0.0.1]:10042
 172.16.0.0/12 FILTER smtp-amavis:[127.0.0.1]:10042
 192.168.0.0/16 FILTER smtp-amavis:[127.0.0.1]:10042
Represents additional information as TCP port numbers.
Until some better mechanism becomes available for passing
```

additional information to a content filter, perhaps over XFORWARD



#### policy banks - Postfix side

How to bypasss content filtering for mail from particular subnets.

Postfix-only solution: restriction classes / access maps, e.g.:

```
smtpd_recipient_restrictions =
  check_client_access cidr:/etc/postfix/filter.cidr, ...
  reject..., permit_mynetworks, reject_unauth_destination, ...
```

#### /etc/postfix/filter.cidr:

```
10.11.0.0/16 DUNNO
172.16.0.0/12 DUNNO
0.0.0.0/0 FILTER smtp-amavis:[127.0.0.1]:10024
::/0 FILTER smtp-amavis:[127.0.0.1]:10024
```



#### static lookup tables

- associative array lookups (Perl hash): ('me.ac.uk' => 1, '.ac.uk' => 0, '.uk' => 1) or: read\_hash('/etc/mydomains-hash')
- list lookups (acl): ('me.ac.uk', '!.ac.uk', '.uk') or: qw(me.ac.uk !.ac.uk .uk) or: read array('/etc/mydomains-list')
- regular expressions list:
  new\_RE( qr'[@.]example\.com\$'i, qr'[@.]example\.net\$'i ) )
- constant 1, or: 'string'

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#### static lookup tables

@\* maps are lists of references to lookup tables:

@local\_domains\_maps = (); # empty list
@local\_domains\_maps = (1); # one element list of const
@local\_domains\_maps = ([".\$mydomain"]); # one element list, acl
@local\_domains\_maps = ([qw(.example.com !host.sub.example.net .sub.example.net )]);
@local\_domains\_maps = (new\_RE( qr'[@.]example\.com\$'i));
@local\_domains\_maps = (read\_hash ("\$MYHOME/local\_domains"));



#### SQL lookups:

```
CREATE TABLE users (
 id
                             SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
 priority
                                                -- 0 is low priority
                             integer,
 policy id
                            integer unsigned,
 email
                            varchar(255),
                             char(1)
 local
CREATE TABLE policy (
                             SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
 id
 virus lover
                            char(1),
 spam lover
                            char(1),
 virus quarantine to
                            varchar(64),
 spam quarantine to
                            varchar(64),
 spam kill level float,
 addr extension spam
                            varchar(64),
 banned rulenames
                            varchar(64)
                                                -- comma-separated list
SELECT *, users.id
 FROM users LEFT JOIN policy ON users.policy_id=policy.id
 WHERE users.email IN (?,?,?,...)
 ORDER BY users.priority DESC
```

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#### SQL lookups

Postfix SQL lookup table search order is:

- user+foo@example.com
- user@example.com
- user+foo
- user
- @example.com

subdomain lookups controlled by parent domain matches subdomains

amavisd-new SQL search order is sorted by field priority:

- user+foo@example.com
- user@example.com
- user+foo (only if domain part is local)
- user (only if domain part is local)
- @example.com
- @.example.com
- @.com
- **a**.



### SQL lookups - per-recipient w/blacklist

static equivalents:

@whitelist\_sender\_maps, @blacklist\_sender\_maps, @score\_sender\_maps puts sender and recipient in relation wb (white- or blacklisted sender)

```
CREATE TABLE wblist (
        integer unsigned,
 rid
                                 -- recipient: users.id
 sid
        integer unsigned,
                                 -- sender: mailaddr.id
        varchar(10)
                                 -- W or Y / B or N / space=neutral / score
 wb
CREATE TABLE mailaddr (
        SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
 id
 priority integer,
 email varchar(255) NOT NULL
SELECT wb
 FROM wblist LEFT JOIN mailaddr ON wblist.sid=mailaddr.id
 WHERE (wblist.rid=?) AND (mailaddr.email IN (?,?,?...))
 ORDER BY mailaddr.priority DESC
```

#### SQL logging and reporting:

```
CREATE TABLE msgs (
 mail_id
                 varchar(12),
                                   -- long-term unique mail id
 secret id
                 varchar(12),
                                   -- secret counterpart of mail_id for releasing
 am id
                 varchar(20),
                                   -- amavisd log id
 time num
                 integer unsigned, -- rx_time: second since Unix epoch
 time_iso
                 char(16),
                                   -- rx_time: ISO8601 UTC ascii time
                 integer unsigned, -- sender: maddr.id
 sid
                 varchar(255),
 policy
                                   -- policy bank path (like macro %p)
 client addr
                 varchar(255),
                                   -- SMTP client IP address (IPv4 or v6)
                 integer unsigned, -- message size in bytes
 size
                                   -- content type: V/B/S/H/O/C, NULL
 content
                 char(1),
                                   -- quarantined as: ' '/F/Z/B/Q/M
                 char(1),
 quar type
 dsn_sent
                 char(1),
                                   -- was DSN sent? Y/N/q (q=quenched)
                                   -- base message spam level (no boosts)
 spam_level
                 float,
                                   -- mail Message-ID header field
 message id
                 varchar(255),
                 varchar(255),
 from_addr
                                   -- mail From header field, UTF8
 subject
                 varchar(255),
                                   -- mail Subject header field, UTF8
                 varchar(255)
 host
                                   -- hostname where amavisd is running
```

## SQL logging and reporting:

```
CREATE TABLE maddr (
               SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
 id
               varchar(255) NOT NULL, -- full mail address
 email
               varchar(255) NOT NULL -- reverse: com.example.host
 domain
CREATE TABLE msgrcpt (
 mail id
               varchar(12), -- (must allow duplicates)
               integer unsigned, -- recipient: maddr.id
 rid
                               -- delivery status: P/R/B/D/T
               char(1),
 ds
                                  (pass/reject/bounce/discard/tempfail)
               char(1),
                               -- release status: initialized to ' '
 rs
 bl
               char(1),
                               -- sender blacklisted by this recip
                               -- sender whitelisted by this recip
               char(1),
 wl
                               -- spam level + per-recip boost
 bspam level float,
 smtp_resp varchar(255)
                               -- SMTP response
                                                                    50
```



#### SQL quarantine:

enabled by: \$\*\_quarantine\_method = 'sql:'

```
CREATE TABLE quarantine (
mail_id varchar(12), -- long-term unique mail id
chunk_ind integer unsigned, -- chunk number (1...)
mail_text text -- store mail as chunks up to 16 kB
);
```

- amavisd-release utility
- secret id

#### SQL reports - an example

```
SELECT

UNIX_TIMESTAMP()-time_num AS age, SUBSTRING(policy,1,2) as pb, content AS c, dsn_sent as dsn, ds, bspam_level AS level, size, SUBSTRING(sender.email,1,18) AS s, SUBSTRING(recip.email,1,18) AS r, SUBSTRING(msgs.subject,1,10) AS subj
FROM msgs LEFT JOIN msgrcpt ON msgs.mail_id=msgrcpt.mail_id

LEFT JOIN maddr AS sender ON msgs.sid=sender.id

LEFT JOIN maddr AS recip ON msgrcpt.rid=recip.id
WHERE content IS NOT NULL AND UNIX_TIMESTAMP()-time_num < 100
ORDER BY msgs.time_num DESC LIMIT 10;
```

		-											subj	
+	+		-+	+	+		+-	+		+-		+		+
	5		C	N		P		5.103	44032		boj	maj	RE: PREDRA	
	6		S	q		В		51.105	17974		sup	tom	Important	
	6		C	N		P		-1.329	1476		sim	spe	RE:	
	10	MY	C	N		P		-2.267	5356		Z	mar	RE: cevlji	
	14	MY	C	N		P		NULL	534357		m	sil	FW: DRAGE	
	15	MY	C	N		P		-5.755	4012		r	pre	Re: Levany	
	18	MY	C	N		P		-5.51	2209		1	tat	Financno p	
	22		S	q		В		18.072	1430		8m1	mar	Mortgage N	
	23		S	q		В		24.61	1635		caw	sas	Hook up wi	
	23	MY	C	N		P		NULL	379281		f	sab		



### address extensions - "plus addressing"

```
jim@example.com =>
    jim+spam@example.com
    jim+cooking@example.com
    jim+health@example.com
    jim+postfix@example.com

$recipient_delimiter = '+';
@addr_extension_spam_maps = ('spam');
$sa_tag2_level_deflt = 6.7;  # spam extension is added
$sa_kill_level_deflt = 15;  # block higher score entirely
$final_spam_destiny = D_DISCARD;  # junk all above kill level
```



### address extensions - "plus addressing"

For the Postfix *virtual(8)* LDA, a virtual mailbox maps may look like:

user1 mbxfile1

user1+spam mbxspamfile1

user2 mbxfile2

user2+spam mbxspamfile2

For the Postfix *local(8)* LDA, a presence of file \$HOME/.forward+spam can redirect mail for *user+spam* to some dedicated file.

To reroute extension-tagged mail to a mailbox away from the usual LDA, use Postfix virtual alias mapping:

/^(.\*)\+spam@([^@]\*)\.example\.com\$/ spam-\$2-box@example.com

# H

#### IPv6 is supported

- amavisd: header parsing, access control (IP lookups)
- Perl modules: SMTP client (almost), Net::Server (not yet)
- Postfix: mynetworks, access restrictions, XFORWARD, ...
- mynetworks = [::1]/128, [fe80::]/10, [2001:1470:ff80::]/48, 127.0.0.0/8, ...
- smtpd\_client\_event\_limit\_exceptions = 127.0.0.0/8, [::1], 192.0.2.1 ...
- 10025 inet n n - smtpd
   -o content\_filter=
   -o mynetworks=127.0.0.0/8,[::1]

#### banning rules

- P=p003,L=1,M=multipart/alternative | P=p001,L=1/1,M=text/plain,T=asc
- P=p003,L=1,M=multipart/alternative | P=p002,L=1/2,M=text/html,T=asc
- P=p003,L=1,M=multipart/related | P=p001,L=1/1,M=text/html,T=html
- P=p003,L=1,M=multipart/related | P=p002,L=1/2,M=image/gif,T=image,T=gif,N=kilohm.GIF
- P=p003,L=1,M=multipart/mixed | P=p001,L=1/1,M=text/html,T=html
- P=p003,L=1,M=multipart/mixed | P=p002,L=1/2,M=application/octetstream,
  - T=exe,T=exe-ms,N=foto1.com | P=p004,L=1/2/1,T=empty,N=1979
- P=p003,L=1,M=multipart/mixed | P=p002,L=1/2,M=application/octetstream,
  - T=zip,N=test.zip | P=p004,L=1/2/1,T=exe,T=exe-ms,N=test.scr
- P=p004,L=1,M=multipart/report | P=p001,L=1/1,M=text/plain,T=asc
- P=p004,L=1,M=multipart/report |
   P=p002,L=1/2,M=message/delivery-status,T=asc
- P=p004,L=1,M=multipart/report |P=p003,L=1/3,M=text/rfc822-headers,T=txt



#### banning rules

@banned\_filename\_maps vs. \$banned\_namepath\_re:

- @banned\_filename\_maps matches each component in turn, root to leaves
- all its attributes in one go: P, L, M, T, N, A
   (Part, Location, Mime type, file(1) short Type, Name, Attributes(C,U))
- \$banned\_namepath\_re matches as a single string:
  - □ |=> \n
  - □ . => \t
- P=p003\tL=1\tM=multipart/related\n P=p002\tL=1/2\tM=image/gif\tT=image\tT=gif\tN=kilohm.GIF



#### regular maintenance tasks

- run amavisd-nanny, note any 'process went away' reports, investigate and fix the problem if any
- check mailq or qshape for stalled mail messages
- check for preserved directories in /var/amavis/tmp, search log for explanation, fix the problem and delete;
- remove old quarantine messages
   (2.3.0 quarantine directory adds one level of directories)

# regular tasks: purging log/reporting SQL database

- DELETE FROM msgs WHERE UNIX\_TIMESTAMP()-time\_num > 7\*24\*60\*60;
- DELETE FROM msgs
   WHERE UNIX\_TIMESTAMP()-time\_num > 60\*60 AND content IS NULL;
- DELETE quarantine FROM quarantine LEFT JOIN msgs USING(mail\_id)
   WHERE msgs.mail\_id IS NULL;
- DELETE msgrcpt FROM msgrcpt LEFT JOIN msgs USING(mail\_id)
   WHERE msgs.mail\_id IS NULL;
- DELETE FROM maddr
   WHERE NOT EXISTS (SELECT sid FROM msgs WHERE sid=id)
   AND NOT EXISTS (SELECT rid FROM msgrcpt WHERE rid=id);
- OPTIMIZE TABLE msgs, msgrcpt, maddr, quarantine;



### SpamAssassin - care and feeding

- su vscan -c 'sa-learn --showdots --force-expire --sync'
- su vscan -c 'pyzor discover'
- rules du jour
- su vscan -c 'spamassassin --lint -D'
- OPTIMIZE TABLE bayes\_expire, bayes\_seen, bayes\_token, awl;

## Н

#### monitoring health: amavisd-agent

```
entropy
                STR plynSOVCq0TQ
sysContact
                STR
sysDescr
                STR amavisd-new-2.3.1 (20050509)
sysLocation
                ST
sysName
                STR patsy.ijs.si
sysObjectID
                OID 1.3.6.1.4.1.15312.2.1
sysServices
                INT 64
sysUpTime
                Timeticks 5062346 (0 days, 14:03:43.46)
InMsqs
                          14490
                                  1030/h 100.0 % (InMsgs)
                                  1932/h 187.5 % (InMsqs)
InMsqsRecips
                          27169
InMsqsNullRPath
                           1084
                                    77/h
                                             7.5 % (InMsqs)
  ==> 1.9 recipients per message, 7.5 % bounces
                           6020
                                   428/h
                                            41.5 % (InMsqs)
ContentCleanMsqs
                           7807
                                    555/h
                                            53.9 % (InMsqs)
ContentSpamMsqs
                                    40/h
ContentVirusMsqs
                            567
                                             3.9 % (InMsqs)
                                     6/h
                                             0.6 % (InMsqs)
ContentBadHdrMsqs
                             91
                                      0/h
                                             0.0 % (InMsqs)
ContentBannedMsqs
```

# v

```
1030/h 100.0 %
CacheAttempts
                    14490
                                          (CacheAttempts)
CacheHits
                     1663
                           118/h
                                  11.5 %
                                          (CacheAttempts)
CacheMisses
                    12827
                           912/h
                                  88.5 %
                                          (CacheAttempts)
CacheHitsSpamCheck
                     1199
                            85/h
                                   8.3 %
                                          (CacheAttempts)
CacheHitsSpamMsgs
                      798
                            57/h
                                  10.2
                                          (ContentSpamMsqs)
CacheHitsVirusCheck 1259
                            90/h
                                   8.7 %
                                          (CacheAttempts)
                                          (ContentVirusMsgs)
CacheHitsVirusMsqs
                       14
                             1/h
                                   2.5 %
```

# ۲

OpsDec OpsDecByMimeParser	14490 14490	1030/h 1030/h	100.0	d (InMsgs) (InMsgs)
OpsDecByUUlibAttempt OpsDecByUUlib	11475 91	816/h 6/h	79.2	d (InMsgs) (InMsgs)
OpsDecByArZipAttempt	775	55/h	5.3 9	d (InMsgs) (InMsgs)
OpsDecByArZip	266	19/h	1.8 9	
OpsDecByLhaAttempt	508	36/h	3.5 9	d (InMsgs)
OpsDecByLha	355	25/h	2.4 9	
OpsDecByUnrarAttempt OpsDecByUnrar	510 2	36/h 0/h	3.5 9	l (InMsgs) (InMsgs)
OpsDecByPax	4	0/h	0.0 9	(InMsgs)
OpsDecByTnef	17	1/h	0.1 9	
OpsDecByZlib	4	0/h	0.0 9	



OpsSpamCheck	12719	904/h	87.8	00	(InMsgs)
OpsVirusCheck	13231	941/h	91.3		(InMsgs)
OpsSqlSelect	50680	3604/h	186.5		(InMsgsRecips)
OutMsgs OutMsgsDelivers	6248 6248	444/h 444/h	100.0		(OutMsgs) (OutMsgs)
OutForwMsgs	6155	438/h	98.5	0/0	(OutMsgs)
OutDsnMsgs	35	2/h	0.6	앙	(OutMsgs)
OutDsnBannedMsgs	3	0/h	0.0		(OutMsgs)
OutDsnSpamMsgs	32	2/h	0.5		(OutMsgs)



QuarMsgs	2704	192/h	100.0	응	(QuarMsgs)
QuarSpamMsgs	2100	149/h	77.7	00	(QuarMsgs)
QuarVirusMsgs	567	40/h	21.0	%	(QuarMsgs)
QuarBannedMsgs	5	0/h	0.2	%	(QuarMsgs)
QuarOther	32	2/h	1.2	%	(QuarMsgs)

OpsDecType-asc	11475	816/h	79.2 %	(InMsgs)
OpsDecType-html	4927	350/h	34.0 %	(InMsgs)
OpsDecType-txt	3384	241/h	23.4 %	(InMsgs)
OpsDecType-doc	1308	93/h	9.0 %	(InMsgs)
OpsDecType-dat	531	38/h	3.7 %	(InMsgs)
OpsDecType-pdf	215	15/h	1.5 %	(InMsgs)
OpsDecType-ps	135	10/h	0.9 %	(InMsgs)
OpsDecType-sgml	112	8/h	0.8 %	(InMsgs)
OpsDecType-rtf	36	3/h	0.2 %	(InMsgs)
OpsDecType-xml	28	2/h	0.2 %	(InMsgs)
OpsDecType-lat	17	1/h	0.1 %	(InMsgs)
OpsDecType-dvi	4	0/h	0.0 %	(InMsgs)
OpsDecType-pgp.pgp.asc	8	1/h	0.1 %	(InMsgs)
0 5 5	F 0 0	26/1	2 5 0	(T. 15.
OpsDecType-exe.exe-ms	508	36/h	3.5 %	. ,
OpsDecType-dll	4	0/h	0.0 %	
OpsDecType-zip	267	19/h	1.8 %	. 2 .
OpsDecType-tnef	17	1/h	0.1 %	
OpsDecType-tar	4	0/h	0.0 %	`
OpsDecType-gz	4	0/h	0.0 %	`
OpsDecType-rar	2	0/h	0.0 %	
OpsDecType-image.jpg	2066	147/h	14.3 %	(InMsgs)
OpsDecType-image.gif	1080	77/h	7.5 %	(InMsgs)
OpsDecType-image.bmp	14	1/h	0.1 %	(InMsgs)
OpsDecType-image.tif	13	1/h	0.1 %	(InMsgs)
OpsDecType-image.png	12	1/h	0.1 %	(InMsgs)
OpsDecType-image.pcx	2	0/h	0.0 %	(InMsgs)
OpsDecType-movie.wmv	167	12/h	1.2 %	(InMsgs)
OpsDecType-movie.mpg	41	3/h	0.3 %	(InMsgs)
OpsDecType-movie.mpv	3	0/h	0.0 %	(InMsgs)
OpsDecType-audio.mpa.mp3	14	1/h	0.1 %	(InMsgs)

W32/Netsky-P	191	14/h	33.7 %	(ContentVirusMsgs)
W32/Mytob-CA	59	4/h	10.4 %	(ContentVirusMsgs)
W32/Netsky-D	25	2/h	4.4 %	(ContentVirusMsgs)
W32/Lovgate-V	21	1/h	3.7 %	(ContentVirusMsgs)
W32/Netsky-Q	21	1/h	3.7 %	(ContentVirusMsgs)
W32/Bagle-AG	17	1/h	3.0 %	(ContentVirusMsgs)
HTML.Phishing.Pay-1	18	1/h	3.2 %	(ContentVirusMsgs)
HTML.Phishing.Bank-1	12	1/h	2.1 %	(ContentVirusMsgs)
W32/Mytob-Z	11	1/h	1.9 %	(ContentVirusMsgs)
W32/Wurmark-J	11	1/h	1.9 %	(ContentVirusMsgs)
W32/Lovgate-X	11	1/h	1.9 %	(ContentVirusMsgs)



#### monitoring health: amavisd-nanny

```
PID 28039: 28039-02 0:00:05 =====
PID 28048: 0:00:05 ....
PID 28174: 28174-01-10 0:00:02 ==
PID 28309: A 0:00:00
```

- db key: PID
- db data: timestamp of last event, status
- status:
  - empty idle child process
  - A just accepted a connection (post\_accept\_hook)
  - am\_id processing am\_id task
  - content checking done



# monitoring health: amavisd-nanny normal

```
PID 27948: 27948-02-4 0:00:02 ==
                       0:00:05 ....
PTD 27987:
PID 28039: 28039-02
                       0:00:05 =====
PID 28048: .
                       0:00:05 ....
   28101: 28101-01-9
                       0:00:01 =
                       0:00:02 ==
   28174: 28174-01-10
PID 28187: 28187-01-5
                       0:00:12 =========
PID 28245: 28245-01-4
                       0:00:07 =====
PID 28309: A
                       0:00:00
```



# monitoring health: amavisd-nanny mostly idle

```
28187: 28187-02-8
                  0:00:02 ==
                  0:01:16 ......
  28245:
PTD
PID 28309:
                  0:01:16 .....
  28543: 28543-01-7
                  0:00:03 ===
  28584: 28584-01-7
                  0:00:01 =
  28672:
                  PTD
                  0:01:06 ......
PID 28677:
                  0:01:06 ......
PID 28678:
                  0:00:56 ......
PID 28729:
```



# monitoring health: amavisd-nanny touble - crashed programs

- process no longer exists, but is still registered in db
- mail is still in MTA queue (temporary failure)
- common symptom: Lock table is out of available locker entries
- usual reason: bug in a library routine such as uulib



# Monitoring health: amavisd-nanny touble - looping or forgotten proc.

```
PID 25733: 25733-01 terminated 2:10:56 ==========
```

- amavisd-nanny sends SIGTERM first
- amavisd-nanny sends SIGKILL 30 seconds later if necessary
- active ttl = 10 minutes stuck active children
- idle ttl = 1 hour

stuck active children unused idle processs (may be normal)



#### troubleshooting

- amavisd-nanny
- amavisd log and MTA log
- increase log level if necessary
- selective debug: @debug\_sender\_maps
- selective debug: dedicated policy bank with elevated log
- search log for am\_id of a trouble message
- compare 'amavisd debug-sa'to 'su vscan -c spamassassin -tD'
- strace -f amavisd foreground



#### SpamAssassin tips - general

- use\_auto\_whitelist 1
  # since SA 3.0.0 (2.x: \$sa\_auto\_whitelist)
- choose locking method if needed
- envelope\_sender\_header Return-Path
- clear\_trusted\_networks
- clear\_internal\_networks
- internal networks 10.0.0.0/8 172.16.0.0/12
- internal\_networks 192.168.0.0/16 192.0.2.0/24

### SpamAssassin tips: Bayes & AWL on SQL

- sql/README, sql/README.bayes, sql/README.awl
- # su vscan -c 'sa-learn --backup >backup.txt'
- local.cf:

```
bayes_store_module Mail::SpamAssassin::BayesStore::SQL bayes_sql_dsn DBI:mysql:sa:127.0.0.1:3306 bayes_sql_override_username vscan bayes_sql_username vscan bayes_sql_password ...
```

user\_awl\_sql\_password ...

# su vscan -c 'sa-learn --restore backup.txt'

# SpamAssassin tips: Bayes & AWL on SQL

- MySQL storage engines: MyISAM, InnoDB, ...
- configuration file: /etc/my.cnf
- Transaction-safe tables: InnoDB available since MySQL 3.23.34a.
- Since MySQL 4.0 the InnoDB storage engine is enabled by default.
- SA 3.1 provides new module Mail::SpamAssassin::BayesStore::MySQL
  - < bayes\_store\_module Mail::SpamAssassin::BayesStore::SQL
  - > bayes\_store\_module Mail::SpamAssassin::BayesStore::MySQL
- REQUIRES MySQL version 4.1 or above to work properly!
  - provides rollback on error if bayes db table uses ENGINE=InnoDB
  - provides small boost in performance

```
ALTER TABLE bayes_expire ENGINE=InnoDB;
ALTER TABLE bayes_token ENGINE=InnoDB;
ALTER TABLE bayes_seen ENGINE=InnoDB;
```

Btw, SA 3.1 has Razor2 as a plugin, disabled in init.pre

# SpamAssassin tips: Bayes & AWL on SQL

- MylSAM may need repairing
- /var/db/mysql/patsy.ijs.si.err: 050324 19:27:02 [ERROR] Got error 126 when reading table './sa/bayes\_token' 050324 19:27:02 [ERROR] Got error 126 when reading table './sa/bayes\_token' 050324 19:27:02 [ERROR] Got error 126 when reading table './sa/bayes\_token' 050324 19:27:19 [ERROR] Got error 126 when reading table './sa/bayes\_token' 050324 19:27:21 [ERROR] Got error 126 when reading table './sa/bayes\_token'
- 050324 19:27:21 [ERROR] Got error 126 when reading table './sa/bayes\_token'
- \$ mysql sa
   REPAIR TABLE bayes expire, bayes seen, bayes token, awl;

#### Tips & Tricks: syslog.conf

- syslog priorities are derived from message log level:
  - level 0: LOG NOTICE
  - □ level 2: LOG\_INFO
  - lower: LOG\_DEBUG
- \$\log\_level = 2; # verbosity 0..5
- \$SYSLOG\_LEVEL = 'user.debug';
- /etc/syslog.conf :

mail.crit;user.err /var/log/messages

user.notice /var/log/amavisd.log

user.info /var/log/amavisd-info.log

user.debug /var/log/amavisd-debug.log

mail.info /var/log/mail.log

mail.info;user.info /var/db/mailgraph/mail.log

Prepend '-' to a filename on Linux to disable sync!



#### Tips & Tricks - using env. variables

\$max\_servers = \$ENV{MAXPROC} || 3;



#### Tips & Tricks: config DIRECTORY

# Ŋ

#### Tips & Tricks

- \$spam\_quarantine\_method = 'sql:';\$spam\_quarantine\_method = 'bsmtp:spam/spam-%m';
- \$spam\_quarantine\_method =
  - 'smtp:[127.0.0.1]:10025:quarantine@q.example.com';
- \$spam\_quarantine\_method =
  'pipe:argv=/usr/local/sbin/0.sh spam-%b \${sender}';

# Tips & Tricks

# Perl 'tie' to bind hash to a database

```
my($filename) = "$MYHOME/banned.cdb";
# use existing CDB
my($per_recip_baned) = {};
tie(%$per_recip_baned,'CDB_File',$filename)
 or die "Tie to $filename failed: $!";
@banned_filename_maps = ($per_recip_baned);
# creates an example CDB
use CDB_File;
my(\text{shashref}) = \{
 'user1@example.com' => 'NO-MS-DOWNLOADS,PASSALL,BLA',
 'user2@example.com' => 'PASSALL,NO-MS-DOWNLOADS',
 '.' => 'DEFAULT',
CDB File::create(%$hashref, $filename, "$filename.tmp$$")
 or die "Can't create cdb $filename: $!";
```



# Tips & Tricks: @mynetworks\_maps tie with /etc/postfix/mynetworks.db

\$ postmap -n /etc/postfix/mynetworks

```
use BerkeleyDB;
my($myPostfixNetworks) = {}; # a ref to an anonymous assoc. array
tie(%$myPostfixNetworks, 'BerkeleyDB::Hash',
   -Filename=>' /etc/postfix/mynetworks.db ', -Flags=>DB_RDONLY)
   or die "Can't open file mynetworks db: $! $BerkeleyDB::Error";

@mynetworks_maps = ( $myPostfixNetworks, \@mynetworks );
```

# Tips & Tricks: load %local\_domains from Postfix bdb databases

```
use BerkeleyDB;
for my $fname (qw(
 /etc/postfix/mydestination.db
 /etc/postfix/virtual alias domains.db
 /etc/postfix/virtual_mailbox_domains.db
 /etc/postfix/relay domains.db
)) {
 my($db) = BerkeleyDB::Hash->new(-Filename=>$fname, -Flags=>DB RDONLY);
 defined $db or die "BerkeleyDB opening $fname failed: $BerkeleyDB::Error $!";
 my($cursor) = $db->db cursor;
 defined $cursor or die "BerkeleyDB db cursor error: $BerkeleyDB::Error";
 my($key,$val,$stat); $key = ";
 while (($stat=$cursor->c get($key,$val,DB NEXT))==0) {
  for (key,val) { chop if 000\z/};
  key = ".\key" unless \key = ~/\@|^\./; # include its subdomains
  $local domains{lc($key)} = 1; # consider this domain local
 $stat==DB NOTFOUND or die "BerkeleyDB c get: $BerkeleyDB::Error $!";
 $cursor->c close==0 or die "BerkeleyDB c close error: $BerkeleyDB::Error";
 $db->db close==0 or die "BerkeleyDB db close error: $BerkeleyDB::Error $!";
```



#### Tips & Tricks: other topics

- SMTP vs. LMTP for feeding amavisd
- what is 'clean but inconclusive' av scanner result (JPEG checker)

```
['test-jpeg',
sub { use JpegTester();
        Amavis::AV::ask_av(\&JpegTester::test_jpeg, @_) },
["{}/*"], undef, [1], qr/^(bad jpeg: .*)$/ ],
```

avoid non-C locale

```
%banned rules = (
 'NO-MS-EXEC'=> new RE( qr'^\.(exe-ms)$'),
 'PASSALL' \Rightarrow new RE([qr'^' \Rightarrow 0]),
 'ALLOW EXE' => # pass executables except if name ends in .vbs .pif .scr .bat
  new_RE(qr'.\.(vbs|pif|scr|bat)$'i, [qr'^\.exe$' => 0]),
 'ALLOW VBS' => # allow names ending in .vbs
  new RE([qr'.\vbs$' => 0]),
 'DEFAULT' => $banned filename re.
@banned filename maps = (
 { 'mark.martinec@iis.si' => 'NO-MS-EXEC.PASSALL',
  'usenet@ijs.si' => 'ALLOW EXE',
  'user2@ijs.si' => 'ALLOW VBS',
  'user3@ijs.si' => 'ALLOW VBS,ALLOW EXE'.
  '.' => 'DEFAULT'.
 },
@banned filename maps = (
 { 'mark.martinec@ijs.si' => 'NO-MS-EXEC,PASSALL',
  'usenet@ijs.si' =>
   [ new RE( gr'.\.(vbs|pif|scr|bat)$'i, [gr'^\.exe$' => 0] ) ],
  'user2@ijs.si' =>
   [ new RE( [qr'...vbs$' => 0] ) ],
  '.' => [ $banned filename_re ],
```

#### security

http://www.ijs.si/software/amavisd/#sec-host http://www.ijs.si/software/amavisd/#sec-mua

- A segmentation violation in uulib kills the Perl process.
   Perl (and amavisd) has no chance of regaining control.
- uulib integer overflow, leading to buffer overflow
- ascii file is mistakenly considered a BinHex file and decoding attempted
- numbytes is -16777216
- fread(buffer, 1, (numbytes > 1024 ? 1024 : numbytes), ...)
- Convert-UUlib-1.05 brings fixed (unofficial) uulib, thanks to Robert Lewis and Marc Lehmann



### Questions?

- mailing list
- hang around and ask
- **...**