# VA-FuncionNoLineal

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#### Función de variable aleatoria

El caso  $Y = Y(X) = X^2$ 

- Sea la variable aleatoria  $X \sim N(\mu_X, \sigma_X)$
- Sea  $Y = Y(X) = X^2$
- ¿Cómo será la función de distribución de  $Y, f_Y(y)$ ?

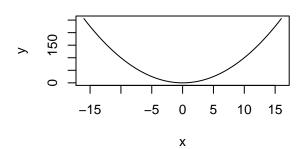
De acuerdo con el teorema:

$$f_Y(y) = f_X(x(y)) \left| \frac{dx}{dy}(y) \right|$$

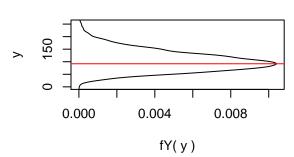
Comprobaremos el teorema de la forma habitual: generando al azar un número grande de valores de la variable normal X y transformándolos de acuerdo con la función Y = Y(X). A continuación haremos el histograma de los valores de Y.

Queremos ver como se modifica  $f_Y(y)$  al variar el parámetro  $\mu_X$ 

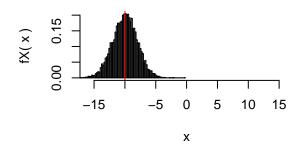
$$y = y(x) = x^2$$



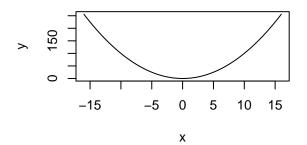
Ymp = 91.95



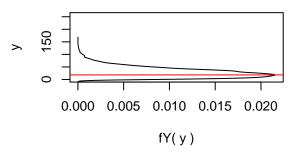
$$< X > = -10$$
,  $deX = 2$ 



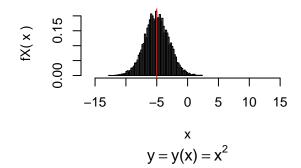
 $y = y(x) = x^2$ 



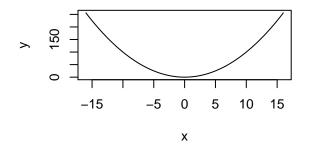
## Ymp = 18.24

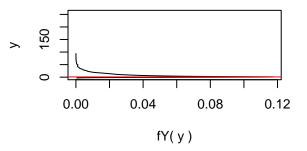


$$<$$
X $> = -5$ , deX = 2

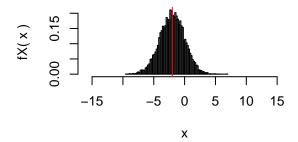


$$Ymp = 0.87$$

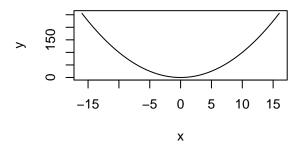




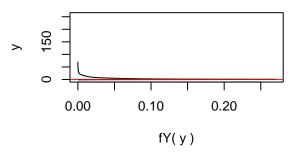
$$< X > = -2$$
,  $deX = 2$ 



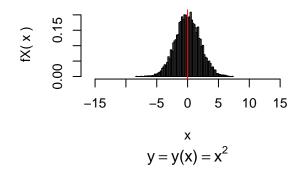
 $y = y(x) = x^2$ 



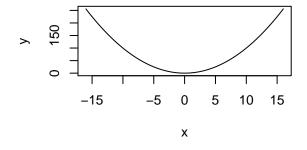
$$Ymp = 0.42$$

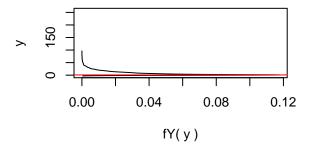


$$=0$$
,  $deX=2$ 

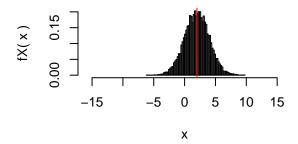


#### Ymp = 0.82

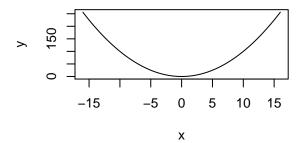




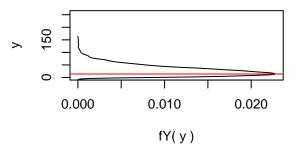
$$< X > = 2$$
,  $deX = 2$ 



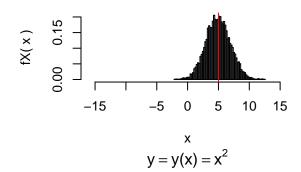
 $y = y(x) = x^2$ 



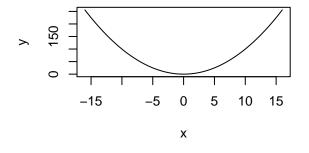
## Ymp = 13.85

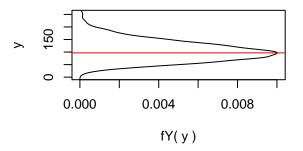


$$<$$
X $>$  = 5, deX = 2



## Ymp = 96.79





$$< X > = 10, deX = 2$$

