

# The stdemo Package for starray version 1.9b

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## Abstract

As an example of how a package writer could use the *starray* package, this documents a demo package, *stdemo*, which defines a set of commands aiming to describe a set of activities and students' work associated with them. An example of how to use these commands is presented at the end of this document.

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## 1 Introduction

The purpose of this is to create an example of how to use a *starray* in a complete setup. That for, this demo has a few parts: 1. A companion package *stdemo.sty*, 2. this document which documents not just the user level functions/commands, but also how the the companion package was created, and 3. a document using the demo package.

**Note:** About the version number, since this is “part” of *starray*, and to keep tracking simple, the same version number (from *starray*) will be used.

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\*<https://github.com/alceu-frigeri/starray/tree/main/demo>

## 2 Data Model

As an example, let's define two structures:

1. “Activities” (like a term project, course project, etc.) with associated elements:
  - (a) name, acronym
  - (b) coordinator
  - (c) calendar events (presentation dates, exams...)
  - (d) a check list.
2. Students, with associated data:
  - (a) name, IDs, etc.
  - (b) advisor and (perhaps) co-advisor.
  - (c) reviewer(s).
  - (d) flags, etc.

**Note:** As in any “procedural language”, one is advised to carefully design the data model, since this will shape the functions which will set and use said data.

**Note:** Pay attention to the use of the tildes, ~, since those definitions will be made, most likely, in an `expl3` code régime, one has to remember that spaces are ignored, therefore, if needed, one has to explicitly use a tilde instead of a space.

### 2.1 Activity Set

For the activities one could set an “starray” as follow:

```
\starray_new:n {activity}
\starray_def_from_keyval:nn {activity} {
  name = Activity's~ name ,
  acronym = ACRO ,
  coord . struct = {
    name = Coordinator's~ name,
    title = Coordinator's~ title ,
  } ,
  calendar . struct = {
    date = {-day-} ,
    week = {-week-} ,
    event = {-event-} ,
  } ,
  chkID = ,          %%% 'unique ID' for checklists
  chkmarked = ,      %%% This shall be a prop list of   marked itens
  chkunmarked = ,    %%% This shall be a prop list of unmarked itens
  chkref = ,         %%% This shall be a prop list of ref      itens
}
```

Whereas, the “coord” sub-structure is for the activity’s coordinator, whilst “calendar” shall (for instance) contains a list of calendar events, and, finally, the many “chk\* ” will be used for a “check list”.

**Note:** The “chkID” (and checklists). In many cases it’s handy to have an unique identifier for a given structure. That can be obtained with `\starray_get_unique_ID:nN`, and to avoid calling this function time and time again, one can just store that ID as a field for later use.

**Note:** Could the Coordinator’s name and title be a direct property (avoiding the “coord” sub-structure)? of course, that’s a matter of choice on how to model it.

### 2.2 Student Set

A student’s structure might contain, besides student’s name, work title, some flags, an advisor (and co-advisor, if needed), reviewer’s list (with a provision for reviewer’s grade, if needed).

Of course, one doesn’t need to define a `starray` structure using `\starray_def_from_keyval:nn`, but, as in this, if the set of properties is known, it always makes for a cleaner definition.

**Note:** The fields/properties defaults can be anything, including usual L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2<sub>ε</sub> commands, like a `\rule` which is handy, for instance, when generating forms, e.g., if the fields are all set, a form can be created with the proper values, otherwise, it will be created with “rules” in place (no need to test if the properties were set).

```
\starray_new:n {student}
\starray_def_from_keyval:nn {student} {
  self = , %% this shall be self hash (if any)
  first = ,
  last = ,
  name = \rule{\l__stdemo_name_rule_dim}{.1pt} ,
  ID    = \rule{\l__stdemo_ID_rule_dim}{.1pt} ,
  email = \rule{\l__stdemo_email_rule_dim}{.1pt} ,
  worktitle = \rule{\l__stdemo_worktitle_rule_dim}{.1pt} ,
  remarks = ,
  board-local = {~local/place~} ,
  board-date  = {~date~} ,
  board-time  = {~time~} ,
  gradeavg = 0,
  grade = ,
  flag-graded = \c_false_bool , %% IF gradeavg AND finalgrade already calculated (or defined)
  flag-approved = \c_false_bool ,
  flag-coadvisor = \c_false_bool ,
  advisor . struct = {
    first = ,
    last = ,
    name = \rule{\l__stdemo_name_rule_dim}{.1pt},
    institution = \rule{\l__stdemo_name_rule_dim}{.1pt},
    title = \rule{\l__stdemo_title_rule_dim}{.1pt} ,
    email = \rule{\l__stdemo_email_rule_dim}{.1pt} ,
  } ,
  coadvisor . struct = {
    first = ,
    last = ,
    name = \rule{\l__stdemo_name_rule_dim}{.1pt},
    institution = \rule{\l__stdemo_name_rule_dim}{.1pt},
    title = \rule{\l__stdemo_title_rule_dim}{.1pt} ,
    email = \rule{\l__stdemo_email_rule_dim}{.1pt} ,
  } ,
  reviewer . struct = {
    first = ,
    last = ,
    name = \rule{\l__stdemo_name_rule_dim}{.1pt},
    institution = \rule{\l__stdemo_name_rule_dim}{.1pt},
    title = \rule{\l__stdemo_title_rule_dim}{.1pt} ,
    email = \rule{\l__stdemo_email_rule_dim}{.1pt} ,
    pointA = ,
    pointB = ,
    pointC = ,
    pointD = ,
    grade = 0 ,
    flag-set = \c_false_bool ,
  } ,
}
```

## 3 Auxiliary Functions

Once the data layout is set (see 2) the next step is to define a set of (document level) functions, so the data can be initialized and used by the end user.

### 3.1 Generic Recovery Functions

<code>\DataField</code>	<code>\DataField {&lt;starray&gt;} {&lt;item&gt;}</code>
<code>\DataGet</code>	<code>\DataGet {&lt;starray&gt;} {&lt;item&gt;} {&lt;store-var&gt;}</code>

`\DataField` will recovery an item from any `starray`, for instance, `<starray>` might be `<activity>`, `<activity.coord>`, `<activity.calendar>`, `<student>` or `<student.advisor>` etc. whilst `<item>` might be any corresponding field. The `\DataGet` will store said value in an auxiliary `<store-var>`.

```
\NewDocumentCommand{\DataField }{mm}{
  \starray_get_prop:nn{#1}{#2}
}
```

```
\NewDocumentCommand{\DataGet}{mmm}{
  \starray_get_prop:nnN{#1}{#2}{#3}
}
```

## 3.2 Activity's Functions

One could define a single function to initialize all fields (using a key=val interface), but, in a more traditional approach one can set two functions to start the initialization process `\NewActivity` and `\ActivitySet`.

### 3.2.1 Creating and Setting an Activity's Data

<code>\NewActivity</code>	<code>\NewActivity {&lt;act-ID&gt;}</code>
<code>\ActivitySet</code>	<code>\ActivitySet [(&lt;act-ID&gt;)] {&lt;name&gt;} {&lt;acronym&gt;}</code>

`\NewActivity` will create a new one, `<act-ID>` will be the identifier of it. `\ActivitySet` will set the `<name>` and `<acronym>` of an activity. If not given, the current `<act-ID>` will be used.

The idea is to (normally) use one right after the other, though, once created with `\NewActivity`, an activity can be initialized/changed at a later point using the optional argument from `\ActivitySet`.

**Note:** Every time a `starray` is instantiated, up to two hashes are created: a numerical one (starting at one) and an “user defined one”. In the `\NewActivity` function above, the given argument is that hash, so the just created instance can be later referenced by it. Of course, it must be an unique ID/hash.

**Note:** One thing to be noticed about `starrays`: every structure has an associated internal index (iterator). When you create a new instance, this iterator always points to the newly created one, therefore, sparing the use of an explicit index.

```
\NewDocumentCommand{\NewActivity}{m} {
  \starray_new_term:nn {activity}{#1}
  \starray_new_term:nn {activity.coord}{}
  \starray_get_unique_id:nNTF {activity} \l__stdemo_tmpID_t1
  {}
  {}
  \starray_gset_prop:nnV {activity}{chkID} \l__stdemo_tmpID_t1
  \prop_new_linked:c {l__stdemo_ \l__stdemo_tmpID_t1 _chkmarked_prop}
  \prop_new_linked:c {l__stdemo_ \l__stdemo_tmpID_t1 _chkunmarked_prop}
  \prop_new_linked:c {l__stdemo_ \l__stdemo_tmpID_t1 _chkref_prop}
}

\NewDocumentCommand{\ActivitySet}{O{}mm} {
  \tl_if_blank:nTF {#1}
  {
    \starray_set_prop:nnn {activity}{name}{#3}
    \starray_set_prop:nnn {activity}{acronym}{#2}
  }
  {
    \starray_set_prop:nnn {activity[#1]}{name}{#3}
    \starray_set_prop:nnn {activity[#1]}{acronym}{#2}
  }
}
```

Similarly, one can define some functions to set the activity's coordinator. Of course, it's up to the package programmer to choose if one, two (or more) functions for this.

<code>\ActivitySetCoord</code>	<code>\ActivitySetCoord [(&lt;act-ID&gt;)] {&lt;name&gt;}</code>
<code>\ActivitySetCoordTitle</code>	<code>\ActivitySetCoordTitle [(&lt;act-ID&gt;)] {&lt;title&gt;}</code>

For both, `\ActivitySetCoord` and `\ActivitySetCoordTitle`, the optional argument `<act-ID>` refers to an already create activity, and, if not given, will use the current one.

```
\NewDocumentCommand{\ActivitySetCoord}{O{}mO{}m}{
  \tl_if_blank:nTF {#1}
  {
    \starray_gset_prop:nnn {activity.coord}{name}{#2}
  }
  {
    \starray_gset_prop:nnn {activity[#1].coord}{name}{#2}
  }
}
```

```

\NewDocumentCommand{\ActivitySetCoordTitle}{0}{m}{
  \tl_if_blank:nTF {#1}{
    { \starray_set_prop:nnn {activity.coord}{title}{#2} }
    { \starray_set_prop:nnn {activity[#1].coord}{title}{#2} }
  }
}

```

And the associated “Calendar Events”, assuming there will be a fixed set of events (each semester/year), leaving the date to be set later on.

---

```

\ActivitySetNewEvent \ActivitySetNewEvent [<act-ID>] {<event-ID>} {<description>}
\ActivitySetEventDay \ActivitySetEventDay [<act-ID>] {<event-ID>} {<date>} {<week>}

```

---

The optional argument `<act-ID>` refers to an already create activity, and, if not given, will use the current one. `<event-ID>` can be any identifier. That way, the user can first define a set of events, and only later on, set the associated dates.

```

\NewDocumentCommand{\ActivitySetNewEvent}{0}{mm}{
  \tl_if_blank:nTF {#1}{
    {
      \starray_new_term:nn {activity.calendar}{#2}
      \starray_gset_prop:nnn {activity.calendar}{event}{#3}
    }
    {
      \starray_new_term:nn {activity[#1].calendar}{#2}
      \starray_gset_prop:nnn {activity[#1].calendar}{event}{#3}
    }
  }
}

```

```

\NewDocumentCommand{\ActivitySetEventDay}{0}{mmm}{
  \tl_if_blank:nTF {#1}{
    {
      \starray_gset_from_keyval:nn {activity.calendar[#2]}
      {
        date = {#3} ,
        week = {#4} ,
      }
    }
    {
      \starray_gset_from_keyval:nn {activity[#1].calendar[#2]}
      {
        date = {#3} ,
        week = {#4} ,
      }
    }
  }
}

```

In many cases, it’s desirable to have a “check list”. What such list could entice is always up to debate, the idea behind the few next functions is to allow the end user to define which items such a list (as a matrix) might have.

### 3.2.2 Check Lists

---

```

\checkdef \checkdef {<chkID>} {<chkPos>} {<chktext>}
\checklist \checklist [<act-ID>] {<chkID-list>}

```

---

`<chkID>` is just an ID to reference the check list item. `<chkPos>` will relate the item to a position in a matrix (tabular environment, see `\StudentCheckListTable`) and `<chktext>` is the (assumed) short text. The command `\checkdef` defines/create a new item, whilst `\checklist` sets a list of `<chkID>`s (note that `<chkID-list>` is a csv list).

**Note:** In the implementation below, note that the check list items are associated with an activity, but the final list itself is a student by student one. Better said, each student will have a property list (constructed based on a student’s unique ID) of the “checked items” (see `\StudentCheckListTable`).

```
\NewDocumentCommand{\checkdef}{mmm}{
  \starray_get_prop:nnN {activity}{chkID}\l__stdemo_chkID_tl
  \prop_gput:cnn {l__stdemo_ \l__stdemo_chkID_tl _chkmarked_prop} {#1}{\__stdemo_checkedbox:~\ #3}
  \prop_gput:cnn {l__stdemo_ \l__stdemo_chkID_tl _chkunmarked_prop} {#1}{\__stdemo_uncheckedbox:~
    \ #3}
  \prop_gput:cnn {l__stdemo_ \l__stdemo_chkID_tl _chkref_prop} {#2}{#1}
}
```

```
\NewDocumentCommand{\checklist}{0{}m}{
  \tl_if_blank:nF {#1}
  { \starray_set_iter_from_hash:nn {activity}{#1} }

  \starray_get_prop:nnN {student} {chkID} \l__stdemo_chkIDa_tl
  \starray_get_prop:nnN {activity} {chkID} \l__stdemo_chkIDb_tl

  \clist_map_inline:nn {#2}
  {
    \prop_get:cnNT {l__stdemo_ \l__stdemo_chkIDb_tl _chkref_prop} {##1} \l__stdemo_checkref_tl
    {
      \prop_get:ceN {l__stdemo_ \l__stdemo_chkIDb_tl _chkmarked_prop} {\l__stdemo_checkref_tl}
      \l__stdemo_checkB_tl
      \prop_gput:cee {l__stdemo_ \l__stdemo_chkIDa_tl _checklist_prop} {\l__stdemo_checkref_tl}
    } {\l__stdemo_checkB_tl}
  }
}
```

### 3.2.3 Selecting an Activity

\ActivitySelect    \ActivitySelect {<act-ID>}

This will just select an activity, identified by <act-ID> as the current one. So that, in the following commands, one can avoid the first, optional, argument.

```
\NewDocumentCommand{\ActivitySelect}{m}{
  {
    \starray_set_iter_from_hash:nn {activity}{#1}
  }
}
```

### 3.2.4 Iterating over Calendar Data

\ActivityCalendarIterate    \ActivityCalendarIterate {<code>}

This is a helper function, so that the end user is free to construct an “Event Calendar” with the (activity’s) stored data. The suggested pattern is: 1. Select an activity with \ActivitySelect, then 2. execute the code for each item stored in the activity’s calendar list.. The user is supposed to use (in <code>) \DataField or \DataGet to retrieve and use the calendar’s data.

```
\NewDocumentCommand{\ActivityCalendarIterate}{m}{
  \starray_iterate_over:nn{activity.calendar}{#1}
}
```

## 3.3 Student’s Functions

### 3.3.1 Creating and Setting Student’s Data

\student            \student [(<student-hash>)] {<last>} {<first>} {<ID>} {<email>}  
\studentremark    \studentremark {<remark>}  
\worktitle        \worktitle {<work-title>}

some text

```

\NewDocumentCommand{\student}{0}{mmm}{%
  \tl_if_blank:nTF {#1}
  {
    \starray_new_term:nn {student}{}
    {\starray_new_term:nn {student}{#1}}
    \starray_gset_from_keyval:nn {student}
    {
      self = {#1} ,
      first = {#3} ,
      last = {#2} ,
      name = {#3~ #2} ,
      ID = {#4} ,
      email = {\tl_to_str:n{#5}}
    }

    \starray_get_unique_id:nNTF {student}\l__stdemo_tmpID_tl
    {}
    {}
    \starray_gset_prop:nnV {student}{chkID} \l__stdemo_tmpID_tl
    \prop_new:c {l__stdemo_ \l__stdemo_tmpID_tl _checklist_prop}
  }%

\NewDocumentCommand{\studentremark}{m}{
  \starray_gset_prop:nnn {student}{remarks}{#1}
}

\NewDocumentCommand{\worktitle}{m}{%%
  \starray_gset_prop:nnn {student}{worktitle}{#1}
}

```

<u>\advisor</u>	\advisor [⟨pre-nom⟩] {⟨last⟩} {⟨first⟩}
<u>\coadvisor</u>	\coadvisor [⟨pre-nom⟩] {⟨last⟩} {⟨first⟩}
<u>\examiner</u>	\examiner [⟨pre-nom⟩] {⟨last⟩} {⟨first⟩}

some text

```

\NewDocumentCommand{\advisor}{0}{mm}{%%
  \starray_new_term:nn {student.advisor}{}
  \__stdemo_set_prof:nnnn {advisor}{#1}{#2}{#3}
}

\NewDocumentCommand{\coadvisor}{0}{mm}{%%
  \starray_new_term:nn {student.coadvisor}{}
  \starray_gset_prop:nnn {student}{flag-coadvisor}{\c_true_bool}
  \__stdemo_set_prof:nnnn {coadvisor}{#1}{#2}{#3}
}

\NewDocumentCommand{\examiner}{0}{mm}{%%
  \starray_new_term:nn {student.reviewer}{}
  \starray_gset_prop:nnn {student.reviewer}{flag-set}{\c_true_bool}
  \__stdemo_set_prof:nnnn {reviewer}{#1}{#2}{#3}
}%

\cs_new_protected:Npn \__stdemo_set_prof:nnnn #1#2#3#4
{
  \tl_if_blank:nTF {#2}
  {
    {
      \starray_gset_from_keyval:nn {student.#1}
      {
        last = {#3} ,
        first = {#4} ,
        name = {#4~ #3} ,
      }
    }
  }
  {
    \starray_gset_from_keyval:nn {student.#1}
    {
      last = {#3} ,
      first = {#4} ,
      name = {#2~ #4~ #3} ,
    }
  }
}

```

<u>\advisorinfo</u>	\advisorinfo {<institute>} {<title>} {<email>}
<u>\coadvisorinfo</u>	\coadvisorinfo {<institute>} {<title>} {<email>}
<u>\examinerinfo</u>	\examinerinfo {<institute>} {<title>} {<email>}

some text

```
\NewDocumentCommand{\advisorinfo}{mmm}{%%
  \__stdemo_set_prof_info:nnnn {advisor}{#1}{#2}{#3}
}%

\NewDocumentCommand{\coadvisorinfo}{mmm}{%%
  \__stdemo_set_prof_info:nnnn {coadvisor}{#1}{#2}{#3}
}%

\NewDocumentCommand{\examinerinfo}{mmm}{%%
  \__stdemo_set_prof_info:nnnn {reviewer}{#1}{#2}{#3}
}%

\cs_new_protected:Npn \__stdemo_set_prof_info:nnnn #1#2#3#4
{
  \starray_gset_from_keyval:nn {student.#1}
  {
    institution = {#2} ,
    title = {#3} ,
    email = {\tl_to_str:n{#4}} ,
  }
}
```

<u>\examinergrades</u>	\examinergrades [<case>] {<gradeA>} {<gradeB>} {<gradeC>} {<gradeD>}
------------------------	--

some text

```
\NewDocumentCommand{\examinergrades}{O{A}mmm} {
  \tl_if_blank:nTF {#2}
  { \starray_gset_prop:nnn {student.reviewer}{grade}{0} }
  {
    \starray_gset_from_keyval:nn {student.reviewer}
    {
      pointA = #2 ,
      pointB = #3 ,
      pointC = #4 ,
      pointD = #5 ,
    }
    \str_case:nnF {#1}
    {
      {A}
      {
        \starray_gset_prop:nne {student.reviewer}{grade}
        { \fp_eval:n{round((#2 + #3 + #4 + #5) / 4 , 2 , 1) } }
      }
      {B}
      {
        \starray_gset_prop:nne {student.reviewer}{grade}
        { \fp_eval:n{round((#2 + #3 + #4) / 3 , 2 , 1) } }
      }
    }
    {
      \starray_gset_prop:nne {student.reviewer}{grade}
      { \fp_eval:n{round((#2 + #3 + #4 + #5) / 4 , 2 , 1) } }
    }
  }
}
```

<u>\studentgrade</u>	\studentgrade [<case>]
----------------------	------------------------

some text



```

\NewDocumentCommand{\studentgrade}{0{A}}
{
  %assuming there are 3 of them...
  \starray_get_prop:nnN {student.reviewer[1]}{grade} \l__stdemo_A_tl
  \starray_get_prop:nnN {student.reviewer[2]}{grade} \l__stdemo_B_tl
  \starray_get_prop:nnN {student.reviewer[3]}{grade} \l__stdemo_C_tl
  \str_case:nnF {#1}
  {
    {A}
    {
      \starray_gset_prop:nne {student.reviewer}{grade}
      { \fp_eval:n{round((\l__stdemo_A_tl + \l__stdemo_B_tl + \l__stdemo_C_tl) / 3 , 2 , 1) } }
    }
    {B}
    {
      \starray_gset_prop:nne {student.reviewer}{grade}
      { \fp_eval:n{round((\l__stdemo_A_tl + \l__stdemo_B_tl) / 2 , 2 , 1) } }
    }
    {C}
    {
      \starray_gset_prop:nne {student.reviewer}{grade}
      { \fp_eval:n{round(3 / (1/\l__stdemo_A_tl + 1/\l__stdemo_B_tl + 1/\l__stdemo_C_tl) , 2 , 1) } }
    }
  }
  {
    \starray_gset_prop:nne {student.reviewer}{grade}
    { \fp_eval:n{round((\l__stdemo_A_tl + \l__stdemo_B_tl + \l__stdemo_C_tl) / 3 , 2 , 1) } }
  }
}

```

### 3.3.2 Recovering/Selecting a Student's Data

<u>\studentselect</u>	\studentselect {<student-hash>}
<u>\studentreviewerselect</u>	\studentreviewerselect {<rev-index>}

some text

```

\NewDocumentCommand{\studentselect}{m} {
  \starray_set_iter_from_hash:nn {student}{#1}
}

```

```

\NewDocumentCommand{\studentReviewerSelect}{m} {
  \starray_set_iter:nn {student.reviewer}{#1}
}

```

<u>\studentcase</u>	\studentcase {{if-approved}} {{if-not}}
<u>\studentadvcase</u>	\studentadvcase {{if-one}} {{if-many}}
<u>\studentcoadvcase</u>	\studentcoadvcase {{if-set}} {{if-not}}
<u>\studentreviewersetcase</u>	\studentreviewersetcase {{if-set}} {{if-not}}

some text

```

\NewDocumentCommand{\studentAdvCase}{mm} {
  \starray_term_syntax:n{student.advisor}
  \int_compare:nNnTF {\starray_parsed_get_cnt:} > {1}
  {#1}
  {#2}
}

```

```

\NewDocumentCommand{\studentCoadvCase}{+m+m} {
  \starray_term_syntax:n{student}
  \bool_if:nTF {\starray_parsed_get_prop:n{flag-coadvisor}}
  {#1}
  {#2}
}

```

```

\NewDocumentCommand{\studentReviewerSetCase}{mmm} {
  \starray_term_syntax:n{student.reviewer[#1]}
  \bool_if:nTF {\starray_parsed_get_prop:n{flag-set}}
  {#2}
  {#3}
}

```

```

\NewDocumentCommand{\studentCase}{mm} {
  \starray_term_syntax:n{student}
  \bool_if:nTF{\starray_parsed_get_prop:n{flag-approved}}
    {#1}
    {#2}
}

```

### 3.3.3 Iterating over Students

<u>\studentiterate</u>	\studentiterate {<code>}
<u>\studentadvisoriterate</u>	\studentadvisoriterate {<code>}

some text

```

\NewDocumentCommand{\studentiterate}{m} {
  \starray_iterate_over:nn{student}{#1}
}

```

```

\NewDocumentCommand{\studentadvisoriterate}{m} {
  \starray_iterate_over:nn{student.advisor}{#1}
}

```

### 3.3.4 Auxiliary Commands

<u>\emptytermifnone</u>	\emptytermifnone [<count>] {<struct>} [<code>]
<u>\emptyfields</u>	\emptyfields

some text

```

\NewDocumentCommand{\emptytermifnone}{O{1}mO{}}
{
  \__stdemo_emptyterm_if_none:nnn {#1}{#2}{#3}
}

```

```

\cs_new_protected:Npn \__stdemo_emptyterm_if_none:nnn #1#2#3
{
  \starray_get_cnt:nN {#2} \l_tmpa_int
  \int_while_do:nNnn {\l_tmpa_int} < {#1}
  {
    \starray_new_term:nn {#2}{}
    #3
    \starray_get_cnt:nN {#2} \l_tmpa_int
  }
}

```

```

\cs_new_protected:Npn \__stdemo_student_emptyfields_if_none:
{
  \__stdemo_emptyterm_if_none:nnn {1}{student}{}
  \__stdemo_emptyterm_if_none:nnn {1}{student.advisor}{}
  \__stdemo_emptyterm_if_none:nnn {3}{student.reviewer}{}
}

```

```

\NewDocumentCommand{\emptyfields}{} {
  \__stdemo_emptyfields:
}

```

```

\cs_new_protected:Npn \__stdemo_emptyfields:
{
  \starray_new_term:nn {student}{empty}
  \starray_new_term:nn {student.advisor}{}
  \starray_new_term:nn {student.coadvisor}{}
  \starray_new_term:nn {student.reviewer}{}
  \starray_new_term:nn {student.reviewer}{}
  \starray_new_term:nn {student.reviewer}{}
}

```

### 3.3.5 Student's Lists

\studentaddtolist    \studentaddtolist {<list>}  
\studentlistsort    \studentlistsort [<field>] {<list>}

some text

```
\NewDocumentCommand{\studentaddtolist}{m}
{
  \seq_if_exist:cF {l__stdemo_#1_list_seq}
  {
    \seq_new:c {l__stdemo_#1_list_seq}

    \bool_new:c {l__stdemo_#1_classified_bool}
  }
  \bool_set_false:c {l__stdemo_#1_classified_bool}
  \starray_term_syntax:n {student}
  \seq_gput_right:ce {l__stdemo_#1_list_seq} {\starray_parsed_get_prop:n {self}}
}

\NewDocumentCommand{\studentlistsort}{O{name}m}
{
  \bool_set_true:c {l__stdemo_#1_classified_bool}
  \__stdemo_seq_sort:nn {#2}{#1}
}

\cs_new_protected:Npn \__stdemo_seq_sort:nn #1#2
{
  \seq_gsort:cn {l__stdemo_#1_list_seq }
  {
    \starray_set_iter_from_hash:nn {student}{##1}
    \starray_get_prop:nnN {student}{#2} \l__stdemo_sortA_tl
    \starray_set_iter_from_hash:nn {student}{##2}
    \starray_get_prop:nnN {student}{#2} \l__stdemo_sortB_tl
    \str_compare:eNeTF { \l__stdemo_sortA_tl } > { \l__stdemo_sortB_tl }
    { \sort_return_swapped: }
    { \sort_return_same: }
  }
}
```

\listemptytermsifnone    \listemptytermsifnone {<list>}

some text.

```
\NewDocumentCommand{\listemptytermsifnone}{m}
{
  \seq_map_inline:cn {l__stdemo_#1_list_seq}
  {
    \starray_set_iter_from_hash:nn {student}{##1}

    \emptytermifnone{student.advisor}
    \emptytermifnone[3]{student.reviewer}[\starray_gset_prop:nnn {student}{flag-null}{
\c_true_bool}]
%      % those could be, instead
%      \__stdemo_emptyterm_if_none:nnn
%      {}
%      { student.advisor }
%      {}
%      \__stdemo_emptyterm_if_none:nnn
%      {3}
%      { student.reviewer }
%      { \starray_gset_prop:nnn {student}{flag-null}{\c_true_bool} }
  }
}
```

\studentlistiterate    \studentlistiterate {<list>}

some text.

```

\NewDocumentCommand{\studentlistiterate}{m+m}
{
  \bool_if:cF {l__stdemo_#1_classified_bool}
  { \studentlistsort{#1} }
  \listemptytermsifnone{#1}
  \seq_map_inline:cn {l__stdemo_#1_list_seq}
  {
    \starray_set_iter_from_hash:nn {student}{##1}
    #2
  }
}

```

## 4 Example of Use

### 4.1 Setting Things up

```

\NewActivity{FW I}
\ActivitySet{Final Work I}{fw0501}
\ActivitySetCoord{Prof. Willian S.}
\ActivitySetCoordTitle{Final Work Coordinator}

\NewActivity{FW II}
\ActivitySetCoord[FW II]{Prof. Karen S.}
\ActivitySetCoordTitle[FW II]{Final Work Coordinator}
\ActivitySet{Final Work II}{fw0502}

\NewActivity{TN A}
\ActivitySetCoord{Prof. Samantha S.}
\ActivitySetCoordTitle{Trainee Program Coordinator}
\ActivitySet{Trainee}{tn0101}

```

### 4.2 Defining a Check List

```

\ActivitySelect{FW I}

\checkdef{L1C1}{docs}{Documentation OK}
\checkdef{L2C1}{prop}{Proposal OK}
\checkdef{L3C1}{advisor}{Advisor assig.}

\checkdef{L1C2}{middle}{middle term}
\checkdef{L2C2}{examiners}{Examiners assig.}

\checkdef{L1C3}{final}{Final Text}
\checkdef{L2C3}{tutorok}{Tutor approval}

\checkdef{L1C4}{text}{text approved}
\checkdef{L2C4}{graded}{examiners grade}

\checkdef{L3C5}{library}{Text Catalogued}

\ActivitySelect{FW II}

\checkdef{L1C1}{docs}{Documentation OK}
\checkdef{L2C1}{prop}{Proposal OK}
\checkdef{L3C1}{advisor}{Advisor assig.}

\checkdef{L1C2}{middle}{middle term}
\checkdef{L2C2}{examiners}{Examiners assig.}

\checkdef{L1C3}{final}{Final Text}
\checkdef{L2C3}{tutorok}{Tutor approval}

\checkdef{L1C4}{text}{text approved}
\checkdef{L2C4}{graded}{examiners grade}

\checkdef{L3C5}{library}{Text Catalogued}

```

```

\ActivitySelect{TN A}
\checkdef{L1C1}{docs}{Documentation OK}

\checkdef{L2C1}{tutor}{tutor assigned}

\checkdef{L1C2}{middle}{middle term report}

\checkdef{L1C3}{final}{Final Report}
\checkdef{L2C3}{tutorok}{tutor approval}

\checkdef{L1C4}{text}{text approved}

\checkdef{L3C5}{library}{Report Catalogued}

```

### 4.3 Students

and others likely defined.

```

\student{James S.}{Smith}{James}{ID001}{smith.james@uni.gov}
\studentremark{2nd time}
\worktitle{Some Useful System}

\advisor{T.}{Jonathan}
\advisorinfo{University of Z}{Prof.}{jon.t@uni.gov}

\examiner{T.}{William}
\examinergrades{10}{9}{8}{7}
\examinerinfo{University of Z}{Prof.}{william.t@uni.gov}

\examiner{T.}{Jame}
\examinerinfo{University of Z}{Prof.}{jame@uni.gov}
\examinergrades{10}{9}{8}{7}

\examiner{T.}{Thomaz}
\examinerinfo{University of Z}{Prof.}{thomaz.t@uni.gov}
\examinergrades{10}{9}{8}{7}

\ActivitySelect{FW I}
\checklist{docs,prop,advisor,middle,examiners,text,graded}
\studentaddtolist{FW-I}

```

```

\student{Sarah S.}{Barnes}{James}{ID003}{sarah.james@uni.gov}
\worktitle{Some Useful System}

\advisor{T.}{Jonathan}
\advisorinfo{University of Z}{Prof.}{jon.t@uni.gov}

\examiner{T.}{William}
\examinergrades{10}{9}{8}{7}
\examinerinfo{University of Z}{Prof.}{william.t@uni.gov}

\examiner{T.}{Jame}
\examinerinfo{University of Z}{Prof.}{jame@uni.gov}
\examinergrades{10}{9}{8}{7}

\examiner{T.}{Thomaz}
\examinerinfo{University of Z}{Prof.}{thomaz.t@uni.gov}
\examinergrades{10}{9}{8}{7}

\ActivitySelect{FW II}
\checklist{docs,prop,advisor,middle,examiners,text,graded,library}
\studentaddtolist{FW-II}

```

✓ Documentation OK	✓ middle term	<input type="checkbox"/> Final Text	✓ text approved	
✓ Proposal OK	✓ Examiners assig.	<input type="checkbox"/> Tutor approval	✓ examiners grade	
✓ Advisor assig.				<input type="checkbox"/> Text Catalogued
student: James Barnes				
Advisor: Jonathan T.				
✓ Documentation OK	✓ middle term	<input type="checkbox"/> Final Text	✓ text approved	
✓ Proposal OK	✓ Examiners assig.	<input type="checkbox"/> Tutor approval	✓ examiners grade	
✓ Advisor assig.				✓ Text Catalogued
student: Barney Smith				
Advisor: J.J. T.				
✓ Documentation OK	<input type="checkbox"/> middle term	<input type="checkbox"/> Final Text	<input type="checkbox"/> text approved	
✓ Proposal OK	<input type="checkbox"/> Examiners assig.	<input type="checkbox"/> Tutor approval	<input type="checkbox"/> examiners grade	
<input type="checkbox"/> Advisor assig.				<input type="checkbox"/> Text Catalogued

student: Kate Smithson

Advisors: Jonathan T., William T.,

☒ Documentation OK

☐ middle term

☐ Final Text

☐ text approved

☒ Proposal OK

☐ Examiners assig.

☐ Tutor approval

☐ examiners grade

☐ Advisor assig.

☐ Text Catalogued