

LO21 project report: Calculator from the future

Alexandre Ballet, Anton Ippolitov (GI02)

P16

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Abstract

In this report, we will present our application developed for the L021 course. A revolutionary and innovative calculator which will simplify your everyday life.

Part 1: Architecture

1.1 QComputer

Our *QComputer* class is the interface of our application, our *MainWindow*. It sends the content of the *QLineEdit* widget to the *Controleur* instance each time the user presses the *Enter* key or clicks on an operator button. Every instruction is sent to the *parse()* method of the *Controleur* instance by the *QLineEdit* widget. The *QComputer* object refreshes the *QTableWidget* displaying our *Pile* instance each time it is modified. It also saves/restores the context when the application terminates/launches : the content of the *Pile* instance, the *Variable* and *Programme* objects, and the global settings (keyboard, error sound and number of *Litteral* objects displayed in the *QTableWidget*).

1.2 Controleur

Our *Controleur* class is a singleton and manages every interaction with the user. It parses and processes each user input : creates the corresponding *Litteral* objects, pushes them into the *Pile* instance, applies the operators, parses and evaluates the *Expression* objects. It also manages the *Memento* class : adds *Memento* states to the *mementoList* stored in the *Pile* instance.

We chose to centralise each user input processing into the *parse()* method in order to simplify the use of the *Controleur* class. If the input is not a *Programme* or an *Expression*, which both contain *spaces*, the *parse()* method manually splits the input into separate words to be processed by the *process()* method. The *Litteral* objects are pushed into the *Pile* instance and the operators are applied.

1.3 Pile

As there can only be one *Pile* object, our *Pile* class is a singleton. It has a *QStack* attribute (called *stack*) of pointers to *Litteral* objects.

C++ code sample:

```
void QComputer::refresh(){
    Pile* pile = Pile::getInstance();

    // the message
    ui->message->setText(pile->getMessage());

    unsigned int nb = 0;
    // delete everything
    for(unsigned int i=0; i<pile->getMaxAffiche(); i++){
        ui->vuePile->item(i,0)->setText("");
    }
    // update
    QStack<Litteral*>::const_iterator it;
    for(it=pile->getIteratorEnd()-1 ; it!=pile->getIteratorBegin()-1 && nb
        <pile->getMaxAffiche(); nb++, --it){
        ui->vuePile->item(pile->getMaxAffiche()-nb-1,0)->setText((*it)->
            toString());
    }
}
```

Part 2: LEL