Números de Stirling

Números de Stirling de primera clase

Números de Stirling de segunda clase

$$\begin{bmatrix} k+1 \\ \ell \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} k \\ \ell-1 \end{bmatrix} + k \begin{bmatrix} k \\ \ell \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} k \\ \ell \end{bmatrix} = 0 \quad \text{para } \ell > k$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} k \\ k \end{bmatrix} = 1$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} k \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = (k-1)!$$

$$\sum_{1 \le \ell \le k} \begin{bmatrix} k \\ \ell \end{bmatrix} = k!$$

$$\sum_{1 \le \ell \le k} \begin{bmatrix} k \\ \ell \end{bmatrix} = k!$$

$$\sum_{1 \le \ell \le k} \begin{bmatrix} k \\ \ell \end{bmatrix} = (-1)^{\ell} \sum_{k \ge \ell} (-1)^{k} \begin{bmatrix} k \\ \ell \end{bmatrix} \frac{t^{k}}{k!}$$

$$\begin{cases} k \\ \ell \end{cases} = \frac{(-1)^{\ell}}{\ell!} \sum_{0 \le i \le \ell} (-1)^{i} {\ell \choose i} i^{k}$$

$$B_{k} = (-1)^{k} \sum_{0 \le \ell \le k} \frac{(-1)^{\ell} \ell! {k \choose \ell}}{\ell+1} = (-1)^{k} \sum_{0 \le \ell \le k} \frac{1}{\ell+1} \sum_{0 \le i \le \ell} (-1)^{i} {\ell \choose i} i^{k}$$

k	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	1									
1	0	1								
2	0	1	1							
3	0	2	3	1						
4	0	6	11	6	1					
5	0	24	50	35	10	1				
6	0	120	274	225	85	15	1			
7	0	720	1764	1624	735	175	21	1		
8	0	5040	13068	13132	6769	1960	322	28	1	
9	0	40320	109584	118124	67284	22449	4536	546	36	1

Valores de $\left[egin{smallmatrix} k \\ \ell \end{array} \right]$

k	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	1									
1	0	1								
2	0	1	1							
3	0	1	3	1						
4	0	1	7	6	1					
5	0	1	15	25	10	1				
6	0	1	31	90	65	15	1			
7	0	1	63	301	350	140	21	1		
8	0	1	127	966	1701	1050	266	28	1	
9	0	1	255	3025	7770	6951	2646	462	36	1

Valores de $\binom{k}{\ell}$