Reactions file from Oct 3, 2012 debate

We are looking at the debates reaction data for the Oct 3 2012 presidential debate.

foreign_policy_priority_8
abortion_priority_9

Load and cleanup

```
In [35]: import pandas
                          from pandas.tools.plotting import scatter_matrix
                          import random
Read in the Oct3 2012 debate file.
  In [3]: %time reactions = pandas.read csv('resources symlink/data/reactions oct3 4project.csv')
                          CPU times: user 1.82 s, svs: 0.16 s, total: 1.98 s
                          Wall time: 1.99 s
The columns are hard to read. Rename.
  In [4]: for i,c in enumerate(reactions.columns.tolist()): print c
                          UserID
                          Time
                          Reaction
                          <b>>25.</b> How are you watching the debate? (It is especially important that we know if you are watching online, so please answer
                          accurately.)#
                          <br /><b>10.</b> Economy:#
                          <br /><b>12.</b> Health Care:#
                          <br /><b>13. Foreign Policy:#
                          <br /><b>14.</b> Abortion:#
                          <br /><b>15.</b> Economy:#
                          <br /><b>7.</b> Health Care:#
                          <br /><b>8.</b> Foreign Policy:#
                          <br /><b>9.</b> Abortion:#
                          <hr><b>23.</b> Some people don't pay much attention to political campaigns. How about you? How interested have you been in the political
                          campaigns (so far) this year?#
                          <hr><b>24.</b> What specific sources (newspapers, radio shows, television programs, websites) have you been using to get most of your
                          campaign and election news? Just name a few specific sources you use MOST often.#
                          <hr><br /><b>16.</b> What is your gender?#
                          <hr><br /><b>17.</b> What is your age?#
                          <hr><br /><b>18.</b> What is your family's income?#
                          <hr><br /><b>19.</b> What is your race?#
                          <hr><br /><b>20.</b> What is your religion?#
                          <hr><br /><b>21.</b> If Christian, please be more specific. (Otherwise, skip this question.)#
                          <hr><br /><b>22.</b> In what state do you live? (Use 2-letter abbreviation, e.g., CA)#
                          <hr><br /><b>26.</b> If you are watching on TV, exactly how are you watching?#
                          <hr><br /><b>27.</b> Thinking about the economy, which candidate do you prefer at the moment?#
                          <hr><br /><br /><br
                          <hr><br /><b>29. Which candidate do vou prefer at the moment?#
                          <hr><br /><b>3.</b> If the election was today, which one of the candidates would you pick?#
                          <hr><br /><br /><br
                          president? (Otherwise, skip this question.)#
                          <hr><br /><b>5.</b> How likely are you to vote in the 2012 presidential election?#
                          <hr><br /><i>Some of the following questions allow you to use a slider to register your answer anywhere you want along the scale.</i><br/>fr />
                          <br /><b>2.</b> How would you describe your overall views on politics in general?#
                          <hr><br />Now we're ready to watch the debate! Use the app to respond in real time by selecting a person and then clicking a response
                          button. If you see a question pop up, answer and then click Next. And don't forget to complete the brief follow-up questions that will
                          appear once the debate ends. Ready to begin?#
                          <hr>Please indicate the priority of each of the following issue areas to you personally.<br /><br /><br
                          <hr>Which political party, if any, do you think is better at dealing with each of these issues?<br /><br /><br /><b> 11.</b> Immigration:#
                          <i>Remember, scroll down to answer all questions, then be sure to click Next to move to the next page of questions.</i><br /><br /><
                          </b> Generally speaking, do you think of yourself as being closer to the Democratic Party or the Republican Party?#
                          This app allows you to react to the 2012 debates. We begin with a short pre-debate survey. Then, during the debate, additional questions
                          may appear on your screen; answer these questions and then continue using the app. At the end of the debate, you will see a brief set of
                          follow-up questions. Please complete these questions -- we want to know what you think! Students who have been offered credit for
                          participating MUST complete these follow-up questions (including your name and the Course ID you have been given, but remember all other
                          responses are anonymous). <pr /><pr />Spr />IMPORTANT: On each page, be sure to scroll down and answer all the questions. After completing all
                          the questions on each page (including this one), be sure to click Next. Note that it might take each page several seconds to load; please
                          be patient.#
  In [5]: r2 = reactions.copv()
  In [6]: r2.columns = [c.strip() for c in """
                          Time
                          Reaction
                          how_watching_25
                          economy priority 10
                          health care party 12
                          foreign policy party 13
                          abortion party 14
                          economy party 15
                          health care priority 7
```

```
interested 23
news sources 24
gender_16
age 17
family_income_18
race 19
religion_20
christian_21
state_22
tv_channel_26
economy_candidate_27
foreign_policy_candidate_28
{\tt candidate\_preferred\_29}
candidate_choice_3
{\tt confidence\_in\_choice\_4}
likely_to_vote_5
political_views_2
immigration_priority_6
immigration_party_11
party_1
""".split('\n') if not c.strip()=='']
```

Reorder.

```
In [7]: r3 = r2.reindex(columns=[c.strip() for c in """
        UserID
        Time
        Reaction
        party_1
        political_views_2
        candidate_choice_3
        confidence_in_choice_4
        likely_to_vote_5
        immigration_priority_6
        health_care_priority_7
        foreign_policy_priority_8
        abortion_priority_9
        economy_priority_10
        immigration_party_11
        health_care_party_12
        foreign_policy_party_13
        abortion_party_14
        economy_party_15
        gender_16
        age_17
        family_income_18
        race_19
        religion_20
        christian_21
        state_22
        interested_23
        news sources 24
        how_watching_25
        tv channel 26
        economy_candidate_27
        foreign_policy_candidate_28
        candidate_preferred_29
        ready
        next
         """.split('\n') if not c.strip()==''])
```

```
In [8]: r3[['UserID','Time','Reaction']].head()
```

Out[8]:

	UserID	Time	Reaction
0	ag1zfnJIYWN0bGFicy00ciwLEgRVc2VyIiJhX2E0Mjc1MD	Moderator:Agree	2012-10-04 01:03:50.179
1	ag1zfnJIYWN0bGFicy00ciwLEgRVc2VyIiJhX2E0Mjc1MD	Obama:Spin	2012-10-04 01:05:17.907
2	ag1zfnJIYWN0bGFicy00ciwLEgRVc2VyIiJhX2E0Mjc1MD	Obama:Dodge	2012-10-04 01:05:50.337
3	ag1zfnJlYWN0bGFicy00ciwLEgRVc2VyliJhX2E0Mjc1MD	Obama:Agree	2012-10-04 01:06:18.192
4	ag1zfnJIYWN0bGFicy00ciwLEgRVc2VyIiJhX2E0Mjc1MD	Romney:Spin	2012-10-04 01:07:08.096

The questionnaire part

Some of the questionaire questions are difficult to interpret. Also, the answers are duplicated for each reaction.

```
In [9]: questionnaire = r3[[c.strip() for c in """
UserID
party_1
political_views_2
candidate_choice_3
confidence_in_choice_4
```

```
likely_to_vote_5
immigration_priority_6
health_care_priority_7
foreign_policy_priority_8
{\tt abortion\_priority\_9}
economy_priority_10
{\tt immigration\_party\_11}
{\tt health\_care\_party\_12}
foreign_policy_party_13
abortion_party_14
economy_party_15
gender_16
age_17
family_income_18
race_19
religion_20
christian_21
state_22
interested_23
news_sources_24
how_watching_25
tv_channel_26
economy_candidate_27
foreign_policy_candidate_28
candidate_preferred_29
ready
next
""".split('\n') if not c.strip()=='']]
```

```
In [10]: len(questionnaire)
Out[10]: 193286
In [11]: %time q2 = questionnaire.drop_duplicates()
```

So, there were ~190k reactions by 3767 users.

Questionnaire: demographics

We look at the demographic parts of the questionnaire.

In [13]: demos.head()

Out[13]:

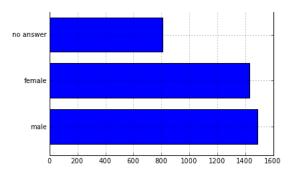
	gender_16 age_17		er_16 age_17 family_income_18 race_19		religion_20	christian_21	state_22
0	female 18-24 \$100,000 or above white/caucasia		white/caucasian	christian (see next question)	catholic	ра	
62	male 18-24 25,00		25,000 -49,999	hispanic	christian (see next question)	catholic	tx
70	male	male 18-24 \$100,000 or above no answer		none (e.g., atheist, agnostic)	no answer	tx	
105	no answer no answer no answer no answer		no answer	no answer	no answer		
121	female	18-24	no answer	white/caucasian	christian (see next question)	catholic	tx

```
In [14]: demos.describe()
```

Out[14]:

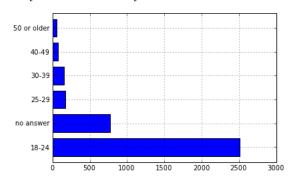
	gender_16	age_17	family_income_18	race_19	religion_20	christian_21	state_22
count	3724 3724		3724	3724	3724	3724	3724
unique	3	6	6	6	6	6	86
top	male	18-24	\$100,000 or above	white/caucasian	christian (see next question)	no answer	no answer
freq	1485	2511	1014	1890	1764	2062	769

```
In [15]: demos.gender_16.value_counts().plot(kind='barh')
Out[15]: <matplotlib.axes.AxesSubplot at 0x9a3d330>
```



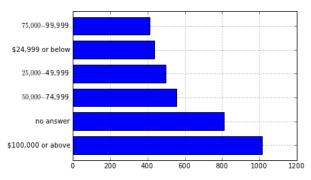
```
In [16]: demos.age_17.value_counts().plot(kind='barh')
```

Out[16]: <matplotlib.axes.AxesSubplot at 0x88299f0>



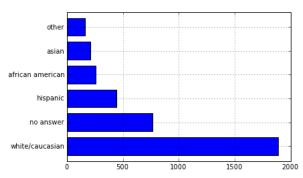
In [17]: demos.family_income_18.value_counts().plot(kind='barh')

Out[17]: <matplotlib.axes.AxesSubplot at 0x7f74b70>



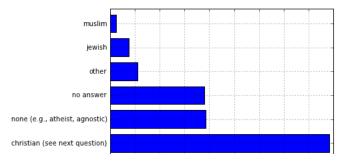
```
In [18]: demos.race_19.value_counts().plot(kind='barh')
```

Out[18]: <matplotlib.axes.AxesSubplot at 0x7d65e10>



```
In [19]: demos.religion_20.value_counts().plot(kind='barh')
```

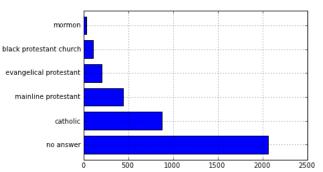
Out[19]: <matplotlib.axes.AxesSubplot at 0x7d322d0>



```
200 400 600 800 1000 1200 1400 1600 1800
```

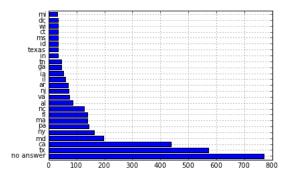
```
In [20]: demos.christian_21.value_counts().plot(kind='barh')
```

Out[20]: <matplotlib.axes.AxesSubplot at 0x4e56090>



```
In [21]: demos.state_22.value_counts()[:25].plot(kind='barh')
```

Out[21]: <matplotlib.axes.AxesSubplot at 0x547ddf0>



Questionnaire: political

Now the part of the questionnaire with political questions.

```
In [22]: pols = questionnaire[[c.strip() for c in """
          party_1
          political_views_2
          candidate_choice_3
          confidence_in_choice_4
          likely_to_vote_5
          immigration_priority_6
          health care priority 7
          foreign_policy_priority_8
          abortion_priority_9
          economy_priority_10
          immigration_party_11
          health_care_party_12
          foreign_policy_party_13
          abortion_party_14
economy_party_15
          interested 23
          news_sources_24
          economy_candidate_27
          foreign_policy_candidate_28
          candidate_preferred_29
""".split('\n') if not c.strip()=='']]
```

```
In [23]: pols.head()
```

Out[23]:

Γ	party_1	political_views_2	candidate_choice_3	confidence_in_choice_4	likely_to_vote_5	immigration_priority_6	health_care_priority_7	foreign_policy_priority_8
•	closest to republican party	73	romney	100	100	72	99	100
	closest to republican party	73	romney	100	100	72	99	100
	closest to republican party	73	romney	100	100	72	99	100
;	closest to republican party	73	romney	100	100	72	99	100
ſ	closest to							

4 republican 73 romney 100 100 72 99 100
--

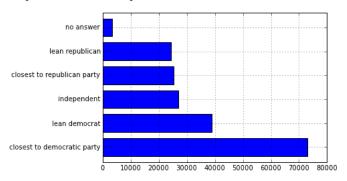
In [24]: pols.describe()

Out[24]:

	political_views_2	confidence_in_choice_4	likely_to_vote_5	immigration_priority_6	health_care_priority_7	foreign_policy_priority_8	abortion_priority_9	econoi
count	191841.000000	191841.000000	191841.000000	191841.000000	191841.000000	191841.000000	191841.000000	191841
mean	40.546567	75.755011	87.692302	63.013485	77.507128	75.696139	60.767985	86.688
std	25.575280	22.215299	26.482706	23.840604	20.024258	19.675739	31.344281	15.996
min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.0000
25%	21.000000	59.000000	95.000000	50.000000	66.000000	64.000000	42.000000	78.000
50%	39.000000	79.000000	100.000000	65.000000	79.000000	77.000000	64.000000	93.000
75%	55.000000	99.000000	100.000000	79.000000	97.000000	94.000000	88.000000	100.00
max	100.000000	100.000000	100.000000	100.000000	100.00000	100.000000	100.000000	100.00

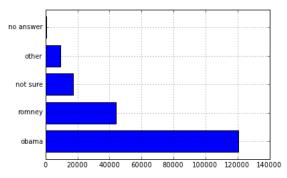
```
In [25]: pols.party_1.value_counts().plot(kind='barh')
```

Out[25]: <matplotlib.axes.AxesSubplot at 0x5639bb0>



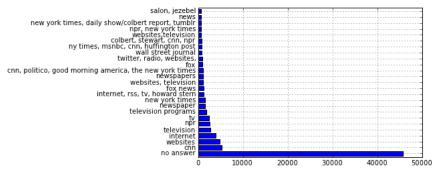
```
In [26]: pols.candidate_choice_3.value_counts().plot(kind='barh')
```

Out[26]: <matplotlib.axes.AxesSubplot at 0x581c070>



```
In [27]: pols.news_sources_24.value_counts()[:25].plot(kind='barh')
```

Out[27]: <matplotlib.axes.AxesSubplot at 0x5693870>

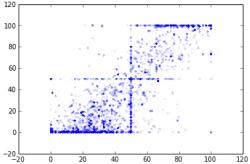


Interpreting questionnaire answers that are given with a slider

What does a high or low value in the party-specific slider questions mean?

```
In [52]: %time scatter(pols.political_views_2, pols.candidate_preferred_29, alpha=1.0/400)
```

```
CPU times: user 1.24 s, sys: 0.01 s, total: 1.25 s
Wall time: 1.25 s
Out[52]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x1df82f50>
```



Clearly the political views slider correlates with the candidate slider, which suggests that the conservative choice is always on one side and the liberal on the other, for example.

```
In [61]: p2 = pols[[c.strip() for c in """
    party_1
    political_views_2
    foreign_policy_party_13
    abortion_party_14
    economy_party_15
    economy_candidate_27
    foreign_policy_candidate_28
    candidate_preferred_29
    """.split('\n') if not c.strip()=='']].groupby('party_1')
```

In [62]: p2.head(2)

Out[62]:

			T		T			
		party_1	political_views_2	foreign_policy_party_13	abortion_party_14	economy_party_15	economy_candidate_27	foreign_policy_candidate_28
party_1								
closest to	62	closest to democratic party	20	23	50	27	NaN	28
party	63	closest to democratic party	20	23	50	27	NaN	28
closest to	0	closest to republican party	73	100	56	100	NaN	100
party	1	closest to republican party	73	100	56	100	NaN	100
independent	581	independent	23	5	5	4	NaN	50
independent	582	independent	23	5	5	4	NaN	50
lean	105	lean democrat	34	31	10	21	NaN	0
democrat	106	lean democrat	34	31	10	21	NaN	0
lean	168	lean republican	63	78	46	90	NaN	81
republican	169	lean republican	63	78	46	90	NaN	81
no answer	121	no answer	58	79	0	27	NaN	50
no answer	122	no answer	58	79	0	27	NaN	50

In [63]: p2.aggregate(np.average)

Out[63]:

	political_views_2	foreign_policy_party_13	abortion_party_14	economy_party_15	economy_candidate_27	foreign_policy_candidate_28	candidate_preferi
party_1							
closest to democratic party	20.332649	24.421116	14.377450	21.843162	NaN	NaN	NaN
closest to republican party	79.671523	80.305494	68.528184	87.919181	NaN	NaN	NaN
independent	46.119535	48.697849	40.619739	52.364417	NaN	NaN	NaN
lean democrat	35.226116	36.128599	24.834810	36.727172	NaN	NaN	NaN
lean republican	62.788921	64.867993	47.917152	74.031268	NaN	NaN	NaN

 no answer
 42.362053
 43.073551
 32.219754
 42.798259
 NaN
 NaN
 NaN

Clearly, the slider was set such that the high number (close to 100) was the republican choice and the low number (close to 0) was the democratic choice.